Lecture 01:

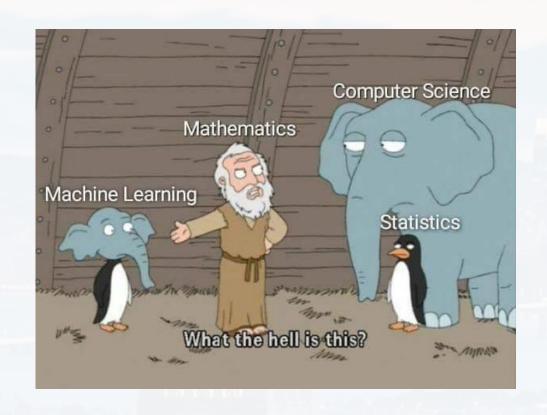
Introduction



Markus Hohle
University California, Berkeley

Machine Learning Algorithms
MSSE 277B, 3 Units
Spring 2025

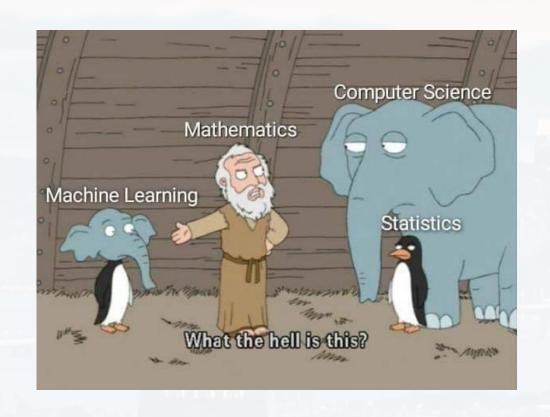




<u>Outline</u>

- Motivation
- What is Machine Learning?
- The Lecture
- Course Map





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Why Machine Learning?

- automating workflows
 - → face recognition, identification/authentication tools
 - → manufacturing processes, quality control
 - → repetitive, standardized workflows



- handling large data sets
 - → epigenetic data for drug development
 - → traffic management
 - → disease control
 - → stock market dynamics
- generating new data
 - → new materials (semiconductor, superconductor)
 - → AI generated images/videos

Why Machine Learning?

LinkedIn: 1st three Job Postings, Jan 10th 2025



Why Machine Learning?

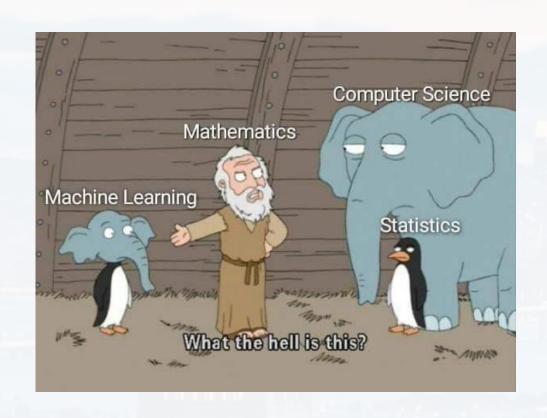
Listen up son, there are three languages you need to learn in order to become successful: - English

- Math

- Python *)







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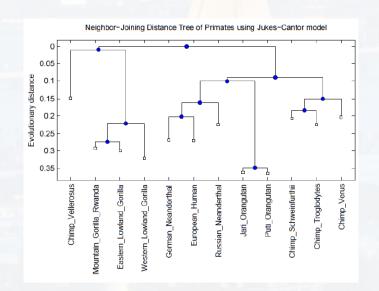
Wiki says:

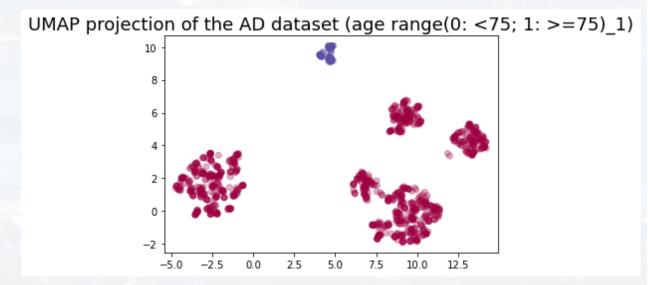
"Machine learning (ML) is a field of study in artificial intelligence concerned with the development and study of statistical algorithms that can learn from data and generalize to unseen data, and thus perform tasks without explicit instructions"

→ more flexible than standard programs

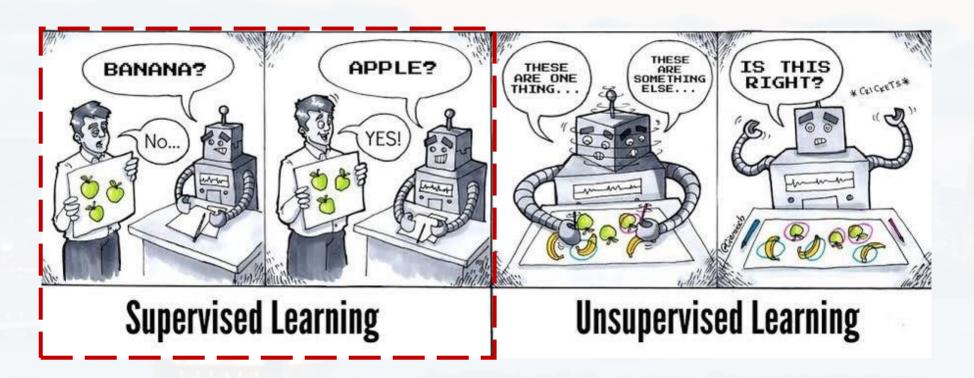
- artificial intelligence
- statistics

cluster and/or categorize data and understand relations/interactions, find pattern





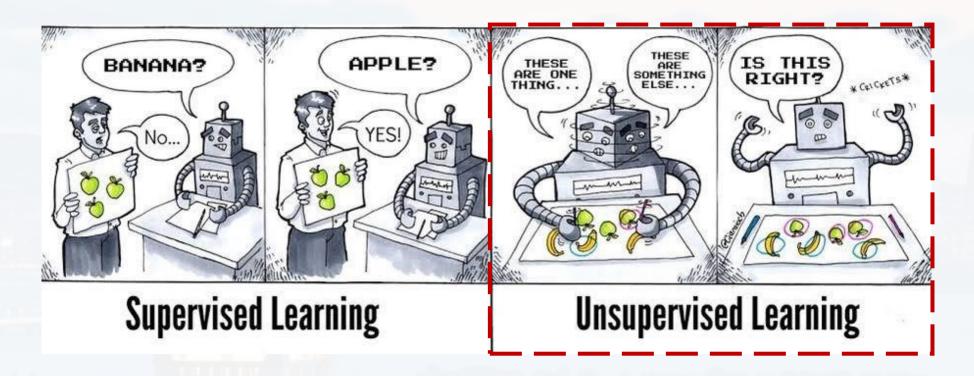
curve fitting, linear/logistic models: **training** data set and a **test** data set...



- Support Vector Machine
- K-nearest
- ANNs

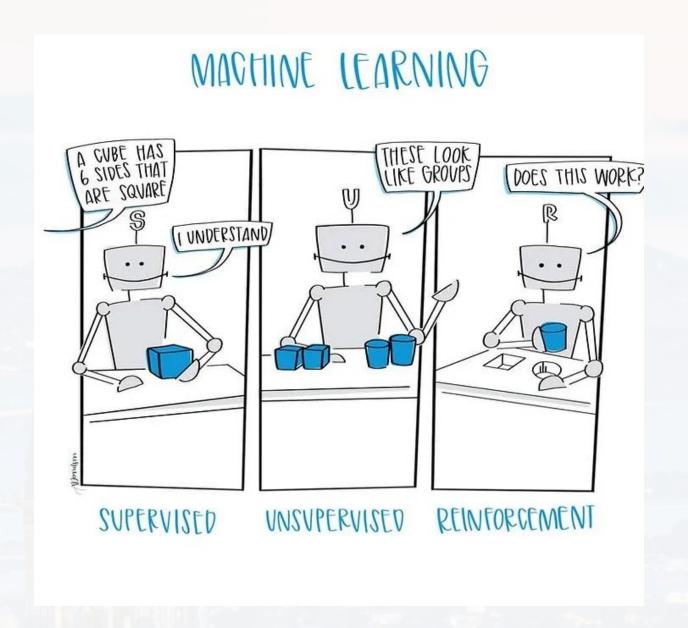
curve fitting, linear/logistic models: **training** data set and a **test** data set...

no training data set required – we can start right away!



- **S**upport **V**ector **M**achine
- K-nearest
- ANNs

- K means
- GMM
- trees

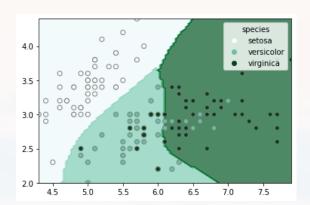


tasks:

- classification

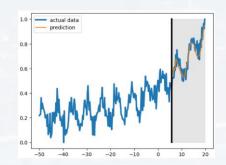


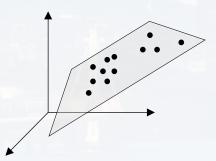




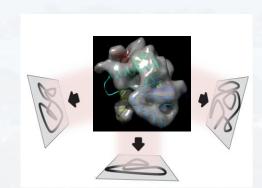
optimizing an objective function

- regression





- generation



tasks:

- classification

Index	molecular_weight	electronegativity	bond_lengths	num_hydrogen_bonds	logP	label
0	341.704	2.65585	3.09407	2	9.11147	Toxic
1	335.951	3.22262	2.89039	7	8.92848	Toxic
2	235.203	2.44115	2.48203	1	6.49731	Non-Toxic
3	246.505	2.76656	2.71547	7	7.45089	Non-Toxic
4	437.939	3.4801	3.59569	3	10.9156	Non-Toxic

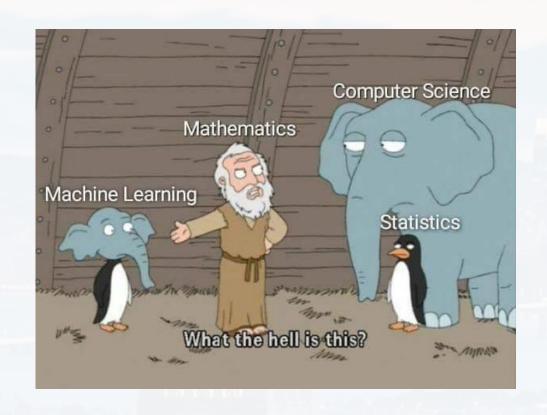
- regression

	Index	molecular_weight	electronegativity	bond_lengths	num_hydrogen_bonds	logP	toxicity_score			
	0	341.704	2.65585	3.09407	2	9.11147	80.9281			
	1	335.951	3.22262	2.89039	7	8.92848	83.4911			
	2	235.203	2.44115	2.48203	1	6.49731	61.8406			
	3	246.505	2.76656	2.71547	7	7.45089	57.0538			
	4	437.939	3.4801	3.59569	3	10.9156	131.326			

- generation

"create a molecule with the properties XYZ, such that it is non-toxic"





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GSI: Vineeth Parashivamurthy

Pursuing Master of Engineering in

Mechanical Engineering at UC

Berkeley



<u>Lecturer:</u> Markus Hohle

Lecturer at UC Berkeley &

Data Analysis Consultant

PhD Physics



Introduction

Lecture: Mon, 5 – 7pm PT

Discussion (Vineeth): Thursday, 5 – 7pm PT

Office Hours (Markus): Friday 1- 3pm PT

- you can pick a ML/AI project

- work in teams of 4/5

- start planning after 1/3 of the course

- more detailed intro after ½ of the course

- submit proposal

checkpoint

presentation

Material: Recorded Lectures: → bcourses

codes/slides → bcourses & GitHub

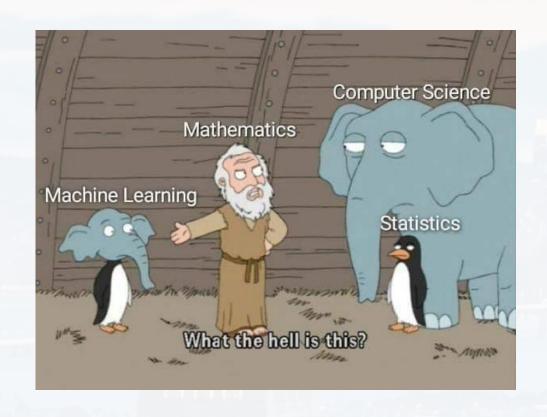
HW assignments → bcourses

Grades: HW assignments: \rightarrow 40%

Capstone Project → 40%

Course Attendance → 10%





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Lecture 1: Course Overview and Introduction to Machine Learning

Lecture 2: Bayesian Methods in Machine Learning

classic ML tools & algorithms

Lecture 3: Dimensionality Reduction: Principal Component Analysis

Lecture 4: Linear and Non-linear Regression and Classification

Lecture 5: Unsupervised Learning: Clustering and Gaussian Mixture Models

Lecture 6: Adaptive Learning and Gradient Descent Optimization Algorithms

Lecture 7: Introduction to Artificial Neural Networks - The Perceptron

ANNs/AI/Deep Learning

Lecture 8: Introduction to Artificial Neural Networks - Building Multiple Dense Layers

Lecture 9: Convolutional Neural Networks (CNNs) - Part I

Lecture 10: CNNs - Part II

Lecture 11: Recurrent Neural Networks (RNNs) and Long Short-Term Memory (LSTMs)

Lecture 12: Combining LSTMs and CNNs

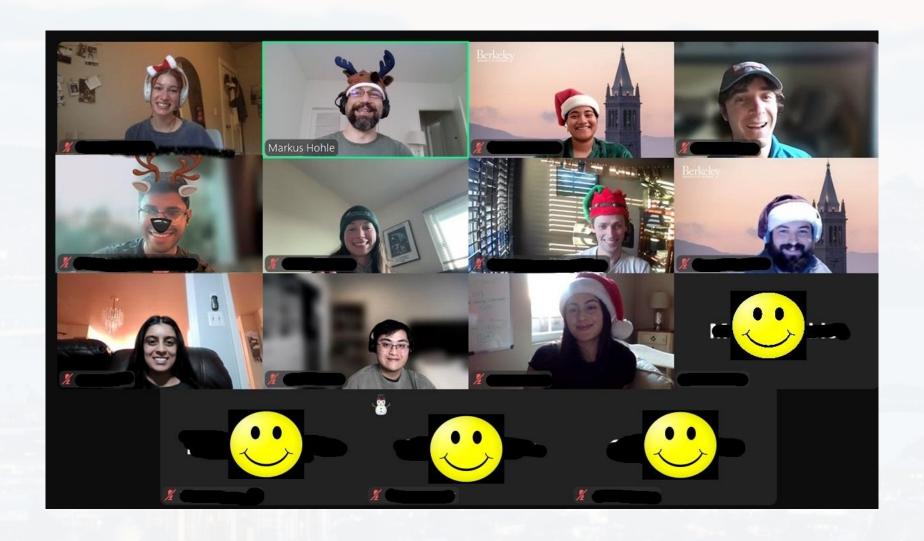
Lecture 13: Running Models on GPUs and Parallel Processing

Lecture 14: Capstone Presentations

Lecture 15: Transformer

Lecture 16: GNN

Dec 2024



Thank you very much for your attention!

?Questions?