# Package 'RFlux'

November 14, 2019

Type Package

Title Eddy Covariance Flux Data Processing				
Version 1.0.2				
<b>Date</b> 2019-09-19				
Author Domenico Vitale [aut, cre], Dario Papale [com, ctb]				
Maintainer Domenico Vitale <domvit@unitus.it></domvit@unitus.it>				
<b>Description</b> An R graphical user interface for processing eddy covariance raw data and release high quality fluxes of the main GHGs exchanged by ecosystems and agricultural fields. Fluxes are estimated through a call to the open source EddyPro software (registered trademark, LI-COR, Biosciences, 2019). 'RFlux' provides tools for the metadata management as well as for the implementation of the robust data cleaning procedure described by Vitale et al (2019) <doi:10.5194 bg-2019-270="">.</doi:10.5194>				
License GPL(>=2)				
Imports stats, utils, bit64, data.table, imputeTS, robustbase, zoo, xts, stringr, stlplus, egcm, alphaOutlier, timeDate, car				
<b>Depends</b> R (>= $3.5.0$ )				
NeedsCompilation no				
R topics documented:				
ecmd_table ecworkset eddypro_run get_md inst_prob_test mahrt	10 11 13 14 13 18			
Index	2			

2 RFlux-package

RFlux-package

Eddy Covariance Flux Data Processing

## **Description**

An R graphical user interface for processing eddy covariance raw data and release high quality fluxes of the main GHGs exchanged by ecosystems and agricultural fields. Fluxes are estimated through a call to the open source EddyPro software (registered trademark, LI-COR, Biosciences, 2019). 'RFlux' provides tools for the metadata management as well as for the implementation of the robust data cleaning procedure described by Vitale et al (2019) <doi:10.5194/bg-2019-270>.

#### **Details**

RFlux package ingests eddy covariance rawdata sampled by either open- or closed-path system and implement the processing pipeline adopted by the ICOS-ETC (Integrated Carbon Observation System European Research Infrastructure - Ecosystem Thematic Center, http://www.icos-etc.eu/icos/). All metadata information have to be reported in the *filename\_ecmd.csv* table. Such information are then processed by the get\_md function.

The processing of rawdata aims at

i estimating fluxes and other micrometeorolgical parameters.

ii performing data quality control.

Flux estimation involves the following options/methods:

- Planar fit for tilt correction (Wilczak et al, 2001).
- Maximum cross-covariance method for time lag determination (see Rebmann et al, 2012).
- Block average (see Moncrieff et al, 2004).
- WPL correction, only for open path systems (Webb et al, 1980).
- In-situ spectral corrections (Fratini et al, 2012).

The open source EddyPro software (registered trademark, LI-COR Biosciences, 2019) is used to this aim employing also the estimation of micrometeorological parameters useful in subsequent analyses. It is required the EddyPro software is installed on your system (for download see www.licor.com/EddyPro).

Quality control involves the data cleaning procedure described in Vitale et al (2019). Its implementation involves a three-step procedure

- **Step 1:** Estimation of the test statistics via the qcStat function.
- Step 2: Generating the workset via the ecworkset function.
- **Step 3:** Application of data cleaning procedure (including despiking) via the cleanFlux function.

Acknowledgements. Rflux has been developed in the context of the ICOS Ecosystem Thematic Centre. DV thanks the ENVRIPLUS H2020 European project (Grant Agreement 654182) for the support. DP thanks the ENVRIFAIR H2020 European project (Grant Agreement 824068) for the support.

#### Author(s)

Domenico Vitale [aut, cre], Dario Papale [com, ctb] Maintainer: Domenico Vitale <domvit@unitus.it>

#### References

Fratini, G., Mauder, M. (2014). Towards a consistent eddy-covariance processing: an intercomparison of EddyPro and TK3. Atmospheric Measurement Techniques, 7(7), 2273-2281, doi: https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-7-2273-2014.

Fratini, G., Ibrom, A., Arriga, N., Burba, G., Papale, D. (2012). Relative humidity effects on water vapour fluxes measured with closed-path eddy-covariance systems with short sampling lines. Agricultural and forest meteorology, 165, pp 53-63, doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.agrformet. 2012.05.018.

LI-COR Biosciences: EddyPro 7.0.4: Help and User's Guide, LI-COR Biosciences, Lincoln, Nebraska USA, www.licor.com/EddyPro, 2019.

Moncrieff, J., Clement, R., Finnigan, J., Meyers, T. (2004). Averaging, detrending, and filtering of eddy covariance time series. In Handbook of micrometeorology, pp. 7-31, Springer, Dordrecht, doi: https://doi.org/10.1007/1-4020-2265-4\_2.

Rebmann, C., Kolle, O., Heinesch, B., Queck, R., Ibrom, A., Aubinet, M. (2012). Data acquisition and flux calculations. In Eddy covariance, pp. 59-83, Springer, Dordrecht.

Vitale, D. Fratini, G. Bilancia, M. Nicolini, G. Sabbatini, S. Papale, D. (2019). A robust data cleaning procedure for eddy covariance flux measurements, Biogeosciences Discussions, pp 1-36, doi: https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-2019-270.

Webb, E.K., Pearman, G.I., Leuning, R. (1980). Correction of flux measurements for density effects due to heat and water vapour transfer. Quarterly Journal of the Royal Meteorological Society, 106(447), pp 85-100, doi: https://doi.org/10.1002/qj.49710644707.

Wilczak, J.M., Oncley, S.P., Stage, S.A. (2001). Sonic anemometer tilt correction algorithms. Boundary-Layer Meteorology, 99(1), pp 127-150, doi: https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1018966204465.

cleanFlux

Cleaning eddy covariane flux measurements

## Description

This is the main function of the RFlux library. It performs the data cleaning procedure described by Vitale et al (2019).

#### Usage

storage term. Default is FALSE.

## **Arguments**

path_workset	path where the workset file generated from function ecworkset is stored.
path_ecmd	path where the eddy covariance metadata file (CC-xxx_ecmd.csv) is stored.
path_output	path where the output file will be stored. Default is NULL.
FileName	file name for the output file. Deafult is NULL.
plotQC	Logical. Should the details of data cleaning procedure be saved. If TRUE two .jpeg files (Details and Synthesis) for each flux variables will be stored in the path specified by path_output. Default is FALSE.
storage	Logical. Should the Net Ecosystem Exchange flux take into account the CO2

#### **Details**

Comparing statistics estimated by qcStat with two threshold values, each test returns one of 3 possible statements:

**SevEr:** if the test provides strong evidence about the presence of a specific source of systematic error.

**ModEr:** if the test provides only weak evidence about the presence of a specific source of systematic error.

**NoEr:** if the test does not provide evidence about the presence of a specific source of systematic error.

The data cleaning is based on a two-step procedure. In the first stage, fluxes that inherited at least one SevEr statement are rejected, while fluxes that inherited no SevEr statements and any number of ModEr statements are retained. In the second stage, flux data that inherited no SevEr statement are subject to an outlier detection procedure and only flux data that are both detected as outlier and inherited at least a ModEr statement are conclusively rejected. This implies that data points that inherited any number of ModEr statements but were not detected to be outliers, as well as outliers which showed no evidence of systematic errors, are retained in the dataset and can be used for any analysis or modeling purposes.

#### Value

Returns a dataframe containing:

TIMESTAMP\_START

ISO timestamp start of averaging period (format: yyyymmddHHMM).

TIMESTAMP\_END ISO timestamp end of averaging period (format: yyyymmddHHMM).

H\_UNCLEANED Sensible heat turbulent flux (no storage correction, uncleaned).

H Sensible heat turbulent flux (no storage correction, cleaned).

H\_DATA\_FLAG Flag for H (0: observed flux for which any quality control (QC) tests provided

negligible evidences of error; 1: outlying flux rejected because at least one of the QC tests provided a moderate evidence of error; 2: flux removed because at

least one of the QC test provided a severe evidence of error).

LE\_UNCLEANED Latent heat turbulent flux (no storage correction, uncleaned).

LE Latent heat turbulent flux (no storage correction, cleaned).

LE\_DATA\_FLAG Flag for LE (0: observed flux for which any quality control (QC) tests provided

negligible evidences of error; 1: outlying flux rejected because at least one of the QC tests provided a moderate evidence of error; 2: flux removed because at

least one of the QC test provided a severe evidence of error).

FC Carbon Dioxide (CO2) turbulent flux (no storage correction).

SC Carbon Dioxide (CO2) storage flux.

NEE\_UNCLEANED Net Ecosystem Exchange (uncleaned).

NEE Net Ecosystem Exchange (cleaned).

NEE\_DATA\_FLAG Flag for NEE (i.e., 0: observed flux for which any quality control (QC) tests

provided negligible evidences of error; 1: outlying flux rejected because at least one of the QC tests provided a moderate evidence of error; 2: flux removed

because at least one of the QC test provided a severe evidence of error).

H\_OUTLYING\_FLAG

Flag for H denoting outliers (0: no outlying flux; 1: outlying flux).

alifiux	J
LE_OUTLYING_FL	LAG
	Flag for LE denoting outliers (0: no outlying flux; 1: outlying flux).
NEE_OUTLYING_F	FLAG  Flag for NEE denoting outliers (0: no outlying flux; 1: outlying flux).
H_FMR_STAT	Fraction of Missing Records in raw, high-frequency, data used for H flux estimation.
H_FMR_FLAG	Flag for the FMR test for H (0: negligible evidences of error, IF FMR<5; 1: moderate evidences of error, 1 IF $5 \le FMR \le 15$ ; 2: severe evidences of error, 2 IF FMR>15).
H_LGD_STAT	Longest Gap Duration in raw, high-frequency, data used for H flux estimation.
H_LGD_FLAG	Flag for the LGD test for H (0: negligible evidences of error, IF LGD<90; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 90≤LGD≤180; 2: severe evidences of error, IF LGD>180).
LE_FMR_STAT	Fraction of Missing Records in raw, high-frequency, data used for LE flux estimation.
LE_FMR_FLAG	Flag for the FMR test for LE (0: negligible evidences of error, IF FMR<5; 1, moderate evidences of error, IF 5≤FMR≤15; 2, severe evidences of error, IF FMR>15).
LE_LGD_STAT	Longest Gap Duration in raw, high-frequency, data used for LE flux estimation.
LE_LGD_FLAG	Flag for the LGD test for LE (0: negligible evidences of error, IF LGD<90; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF $90 \le LGD \le 180$ ; 2: severe evidences of error, IF LGD>180).
FC_FMR_STAT	Fraction of Missing Records in raw, high-frequency, data used for FC flux estimation.
FC_FMR_FLAG	Flag for the FMR test for FC (0: negligible evidences of error, IF FMR<5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF $5 \le FMR \le 15$ ; 2: severe evidences of error, IF FMR>15).
FC_LGD_STAT	Longest Gap Duration in raw, high-frequency, data used for FC flux estimation.
FC_LGD_FLAG	Flag for the LGD test for FC (0: negligible evidences of error, IF LGD<90; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 90≤LGD≤180; 2: severe evidences of error, IF LGD>180).
SA_DIAG_FLAG	Flag for Sonic Anemometer (SA) instrumental diagnostics (0: negligible evidences of error; 2: severe evidences of error).
GA_DIAG_FLAG	Flag for gas analyzer (GA) instrumental diagnostics (0: negligible evidences of error; 2: severe evidences of error).
WD	Wind direction.
WSECT_FLAG	Footprint quality flag indicating periods when wind was blowing from directions known to significantly affect the turbulent flow (0: negligible evidences of error; 2: severe evidences of error).
H_LSR_STAT	Statistic of the Low Signal Resolution test for H.
H_LSR_FLAG	Flag for the LSR test for H (0: negligible evidences of error, IF LSR_STAT>0.995; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.99\leq LSR_STAT\leq 0.995; 2: severe evidences of error, IE LSP_STAT<0.00)

dences of error, IF LSR\_STAT<0.99).

LE\_LSR\_STAT

Statistic of the Low Signal Resolution test for LE.

LE\_LSR\_FLAG

Flag for the LSR test for LE (0: negligible evidences of error, IF LSR\_STAT>0.995;

1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.99≤LSR\_STAT≤0.995; 2: severe evidences of error, IF LSR\_STAT<0.99).

FC_LSR_STAT	Statistic of the Low Signal Resolution test for FC.
FC_LSR_FLAG	Flag for the LSR test for FC (0: negligible evidences of error, IF LSR_STAT>0.995; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.99 ≤LSR_STAT≤0.995; 2: severe evidences of error, IF LSR_STAT<0.99).
W_HF5_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on vertical wind velocity fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-5\sigma$ ).
W_HF5_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on vertical wind velocity fluctuations (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HF5_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤HF5_STAT<4; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HF5_STAT>4).
W_HF10_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on vertical wind velocity fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-10\sigma$ ).
W_HF10_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on vertical wind velocity fluctuations (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HF10_STAT<0.5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.5≤HF10_STAT≤1; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HF10_STAT>1).
W_HD5_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced vertical wind velocity (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-5\sigma$ ).
W_HD5_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on differenced vertical wind velocity (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HD5_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤HD5_STAT<4; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HD5_STAT>4).
W_HD10_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced vertical wind velocity (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-10\sigma$ ).
W_HD10_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on differenced vertical wind velocity (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HD10_STAT<0.5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.5≤HD10_STAT≤1; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HD10_STAT>1).
T CONTO HEE CT	AT

## T\_SONIC\_HF5\_STAT

Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on sonic temperature fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding  $\mu + / - 5\sigma$ ).

## T\_SONIC\_HF5\_FLAG

Flag for the homogeneity test applied on sonic temperature fluctuations (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HF5\_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤HF5\_STAT<4; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HF5\_STAT>4).

## T\_SONIC\_HF10\_STAT

Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on sonic temperature fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding  $\mu+/-10\sigma$ ).

## T\_SONIC\_HF10\_FLAG

Flag for the homogeneity test applied on sonic temperature fluctuations (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HF10\_STAT<0.5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF  $0.5 \le HF10_STAT \le 1$ ; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HF10\_STAT>1).

## T\_SONIC\_HD5\_STAT

Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced sonic temperature (percentage of data exceeding  $\mu + / - 5\sigma$ ).

## T\_SONIC\_HD5\_FLAG

Flag for the homogeneity test applied on differenced sonic temperature (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HD5\_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤HD5\_STAT<4; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HD5\_STAT>4).

#### T\_SONIC\_HD10\_STAT

Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced sonic temperature (percentage of data exceeding  $\mu + / -10\sigma$ ).

T_SONIC_HD10_FL	_AG
	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on differenced sonic temperature (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HD10_STAT<0.5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.5≤HD10_STAT≤1; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HD10_STAT>1).
H2O_HF5_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on water vapor fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-5\sigma$ ).
H20_HF5_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on water vapor fluctuations (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HF5_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤HF5_STAT≤4; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HF5_STAT>4).
H20_HF10_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on water vapor fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-10\sigma$ ).
H20_HF10_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on water vapor fluctuations (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HF10_STAT<0.5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.5\(\text{HF10_STAT}\(\text{\left}\)1; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HF10_STAT>1).
H2O_HD5_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced water vapor (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-5\sigma$ ).
H2O_HD5_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on differenced water vapor (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HD5_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤HD5_STAT<4; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HD5_STAT>4).
H2O_HD10_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced water vapor (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-10\sigma$ ).
H2O_HD10_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on differenced water vapor (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HD10_STAT<0.5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.5\(\text{HD10_STAT}\(\text{\leq1}\); 2: severe evidences of error, IF HD10_STAT>1).
CO2_HF5_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on carbon dioxide fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-5\sigma$ ).
CO2_HF5_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on carbon dioxide fluctuations (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HF5_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤HF5_STAT≤4; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HF5_STAT>4).
CO2_HF10_STAT	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on carbon dioxide fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding $\mu+/-10\sigma$ ).
CO2_HF10_FLAG	Flag for the homogeneity test applied on carbon dioxide fluctuations (0: negli-

- C02\_HF10\_FLAG Flag for the homogeneity test applied on carbon dioxide fluctuations (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HF10\_STAT<0.5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 0.5 < HF10\_STAT < 1; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HF10\_STAT > 1).
- CO2\_HD5\_STAT Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced carbon dioxide (percentage of data exceeding  $\mu+/-5\sigma$ ).
- CO2\_HD5\_FLAG Flag for the homogeneity test applied on differenced carbon dioxide (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HD5\_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤HD5\_STAT≤4; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HD5\_STAT>4).
- CO2\_HD10\_STAT Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced carbon dioxide (percentage of data exceeding  $\mu+/-10\sigma$ ).
- C02\_HD10\_FLAG Flag for the homogeneity test applied on differenced carbon dioxide (0: negligible evidences of error, IF HD10\_STAT<0.5; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF  $0.5 \le \text{HD10\_STAT} \le 1$ ; 2: severe evidences of error, IF HD10\_STAT>1).
- W\_KID\_STAT Kurtosis Index of Differenced vertical wind velocity.
- W\_KID\_FLAG Flag for the W\_KID\_STAT (0: negligible evidences of error, IF KID\_STAT<30; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 30≤KID\_STAT≤50; 2: severe evidences of error, IF KID\_STAT>50).

T\_SONIC\_KID\_STAT

Kurtosis Index of Differenced sonic temperature.

T\_SONIC\_KID\_FLAG

Flag for the T\_SONIC\_KID\_STAT (0: negligible evidences of error, IF KID\_STAT<30; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 30 \le KID\_STAT \le 50; 2: severe evidences of error, IF KID\_STAT>50).

H20\_KID\_STAT Kurtosis Index of Differenced water vapor.

H2O\_KID\_FLAG Flag for the H2O\_KID\_STAT (0: negligible evidences of error, IF KID\_STAT<30; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 30 \le KID\_STAT \le 50; 2: severe evidences of error, IF KID\_STAT>50).

CO2\_KID\_STAT Kurtosis Index of Differenced carbon dioxide.

CO2\_KID\_FLAG Flag for the CO2\_KID\_STAT (0: negligible evidences of error, IF KID\_STAT<30; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 30 \le KID\_STAT \le 50; 2: severe evidences of error, IF KID\_STAT>50).

Statistic of the Integral Turbulence Characteristics test (Foken and Wichura, 1996).

Flag for the ITC test (0: negligible evidences of error, IF ITC\_STAT<30; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 30≤ITC\_STAT≤50; 2: severe evidences of error, IF ITC\_STAT>50).

H\_SCF\_STAT Spectral correction factor for H.

LE\_SCF\_STAT Spectral correction factor for LE.

FC\_SCF\_STAT Spectral correction factor for FC.

H\_M98\_STAT Statistic of the nonstationarity ratio test by Mahrt (1998) for H.

H\_M98\_FLAG Flag of the H\_M98\_STAT (0: negligible evidences of error, IF M\_98\_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤M98\_STAT≤3; 2: severe evidences of error, IF M98\_STAT>3).

LE\_M98\_STAT Statistic of the nonstationarity ratio test by Mahrt (1998) for LE.

LE\_M98\_FLAG Flag of the LE\_M98\_STAT (0: negligible evidences of error, IF M\_98\_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF 2≤M98\_STAT≤3; 2: severe evidences of error, IF M98\_STAT>3).

FC\_M98\_STAT Statistic of the nonstationarity ratio test by Mahrt (1998) for FC.

FC\_M98\_FLAG Flag of the FC\_M98\_STAT (0: negligible evidences of error, IF M\_98\_STAT<2; 1: moderate evidences of error, IF  $2 \le M98\_STAT \le 3$ ; 2: severe evidences of

Carbon Dioxide (CO2) in mole fraction of wet air.

CO2\_SIGMA Standard deviation of carbon dioxide in mole fraction of wet air.

H20 Water (H2O) vapor mole fraction.

H20\_SIGMA Standard deviation of water vapor mole fraction.

error, IF M98\_STAT>3).

T\_SONIC Sonic temperature.

C02

T\_SONIC\_SIGMA Standard deviation of sonic temperature.

WS Wind speed.
USTAR Friction velocity.

W\_SIGMA Standard deviation of vertical velocity fluctuations.

U\_SIGMA Standard deviation of lateral velocity fluctuations (towards main-wind direction

after coordinates rotation).

V\_SIGMA Standard deviation of lateral velocity fluctuations (cross main-wind direction

after coordinates rotation).

ZL Monin-Obukhov stability parameter.

MO\_LENGTH Monin-Obukhov length.

AT Air temperature.

AP Air pressure.

RHO Air density.

CP Air heat capacity.

CANOPY\_HEIGHT Canopy height.

SA\_HEIGHT Sonic anemometer height.

SA\_NORTH\_OFFSET

Sonic anemometer north offset.

INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_c1

Center of the first invalid wind sector, if any.

INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_w1

Width of the first invalid wind sector, if any.

INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_c2

Center of the second invalid wind sector, if any.

INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_w2

Width of the second invalid wind sector, if any.

INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_c3

Center of the third invalid wind sector, if any.

INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_w3

Width of the third invalid wind sector, if any.

#### Author(s)

Domenico Vitale

## References

Vitale, D. Fratini, G. Bilancia, M. Nicolini, G. Sabbatini, S. Papale, D. A robust data cleaning procedure for eddy covariance flux measurements, Biogeosciences Discussions, 2019, pp 1-36, doi: https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-2019-270.

10 closed\_path\_rawdata

closed\_path\_rawdata

Raw, high-frequency, data for closed path systems

## **Description**

An example of raw, high-frequency, eddy covariance data for a closed path systems.

#### **Usage**

```
data("closed_path_rawdata")
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with 36000 observations of

- U Horizontal wind component along the Gill HS-50 sonic anemometer x axis (m/s).
- V Horizontal wind component along the Gill HS-50 sonic anemometer y axis (m/s).
- W Vertical wind component along the Gill HS-50 sonic anemometer z axis (m/s).
- T\_SONIC Temperature measured by the Gill HS-50 sonic anemometer (kelvin).
- CO2 Carbon dioxide atmospheric concentrations (mixing ratio) measured by the LI-7200 gas analyzer (ppm).
- H20 Water vapor atmospheric concentrations (mixing ratio) measured by the LI-7200 gas analyzer (ppt).
- SA\_DIAG Diagnostic flag output by the Gill HS-50 sonic anemometer (dimensionless).
- GA\_DIAG Diagnostic flag output by the LI-7200 gas analyzer (dimensionless).
- T\_CELL Average cell temperature of the LI-7200 gas analyzer (celsius).
- T\_CELL\_IN Temperature at the inlet of the LI-7200 gas analyzer cell (celsius).
- T\_CELL\_OUT Temperature at the outlet of the LI-7200 gas analyzer cell (celsius).
- PRESS\_CELL Cell pressure of the LI-7200 gas analyzer (Kpa).

## **Source**

Data are from the Integrated Carbon Observation System (ICOS) European Research Infrastructure and accessible through the ICOS Carbon Portal <a href="http://www.icos-cp.eu">http://www.icos-cp.eu</a>.

```
data(closed_path_rawdata)
str(closed_path_rawdata)
```

ecmd\_table 11

ecmd\_table

Eddy covariance metadata table

#### **Description**

A collection of metadata useful for the proper settings of eddy covariance data processing options.

#### **Usage**

```
data("ecmd_table")
```

#### **Format**

A data frame with the following variables:

DATE\_OF\_VARIATION\_DB Optional. ISO timestamp of the variation in central database. Required format: yyyymmddHHMM.

DATE\_OF\_VARIATION\_EF ISO timestamp of effective date of variation. Required format: yyyymmdd or yyyymmddHHMM.

SITEID Character string indicative of the EC Site's ID (CC-Xxx).

LATITUDE Latitude in decimal degree

LONGITUDE Longitude in decimal degree

ALTITUDE Altitude in meters

CANOPY\_HEIGHT Canopy height in meters

SA\_MANUFACTURER Sonic anemometer manufacturer (see EddyPro manual.)

SA\_MODEL Sonic anemometer model (see EddyPro manual.)

SA\_SW\_VERSION Sonic anemometer software version.

SA\_WIND\_DATA\_FORMAT Format of the wind components (see EddyPro manual.)

SA\_NORTH\_ALIGNEMENT Sonic anemometer north alignment (see EddyPro manual.)

SA\_HEIGHT Sonic anemometer height (see EddyPro manual.)

SA\_NORTH\_OFFSET Sonic anemometer north offset (see EddyPro manual.)

SA\_NORTH\_MAGDEC Sonic anemometer magnetic declination (see EddyPro manual.)

SA\_INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_c1 Center of the first invalid wind sector.

SA\_INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_w1 Width of the first invalid wind sector.

SA\_INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_c2 Center of the second invalid wind sector.

SA\_INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_w2 Width of the second invalid wind sector.

SA\_INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_c3 Center of the third invalid wind sector.

SA\_INVALID\_WIND\_SECTOR\_w3 Width of the third invalid wind sector.

GA\_PATH Specify the eddy covariance path system: closed or open.

GA\_MANUFACTURER Gas analyzer manufacturer (see EddyPro manual).

GA\_MODEL Gas analyzer model (see EddyPro manual).

GA\_SW\_VERSION Gas analyzer software version (see EddyPro manual).

12 ecmd\_table

GA\_NORTHWARD\_SEPARATION The distance between the center of the sample volume (or the inlet of the intake tube) of the current gas analyzer and the sonic anemometer, as measured horizontally along the north-south axis (see EddyPro manual).)

- GA\_EASTWARD\_SEPARATION The distance between the center of the sample volume (or the inlet of the intake tube) of the current gas analyzer and the sonic anemometer, as measured horizontallu along the east-west axis (see EddyPro manual).)
- GA\_VERTICAL\_SEPARATION The distance between the center of the sample volume (or the inlet of the intake tube) of the current gas analyzer and the sonic anemometer, as measured vertically (see EddyPro manual).
- GA\_TUBE\_DIAMETER The inside diameter of the intake tube in centimeters. Mandatory for closed path system.

GA\_FLOWRATE The flow rate in the intake tube. Mandatory for closed path system.

GA\_TUBE\_LENGTH The length of the intake tube in centimeters.

FILE\_DURATION File lenght duration in minutes

ACQUISITION\_FREQUENCY Number of sample records per second.

FILE\_FORMAT ASCII (fixed)

FILE\_EXTENSION csv (fixed)

LN 99 (fixed)

FN 1 (fixed)

EXTERNAL\_TIMESTAMP END (fixed)

EOL crlf (fixed)

SEPARATOR comma (fixed)

MISSING\_DATA\_STRING -9999 (fixed)

NROW\_HEADER 1 (fixed)

UVW\_UNITS Units of wind speed components (see EddyPro manual).

T\_SONIC\_UNITS Units of sonic temperature (see EddyPro manual).

T\_CELL\_UNITS Units of closed path gas analyzer cell temperature (see EddyPro manual).

P\_CELL\_UNITS Units of closed path gas analyzer cell pressure (see EddyPro manual).

C02\_measure\_type Carbon dioxide concentration measurement type (e.g. mixing\_ratio, see EddyPro manual).

CO2\_UNITS Units of carbon dioxide concentration (e.g. ppm, see EddyPro manual).

H20\_measure\_type Water vapor concentration measurement type (e.g. mixing\_ratio, see EddyPro manual).

H20\_UNITS Units of water vapor concentration (e.g. ppt, see EddyPro manual).

SA\_DIAG Units of the sonic anemometer diagnostics (dimensionless, fixed)

GA\_DIAG Units of the gas analyzer diagnostics (dimensionless (fixed).

#### **Source**

Metadata elaborated by ICOS-ETC team (Integrated Carbon Observation System (ICOS-ETC) European Research Infrastructure - Ecosystem Thematic Center, http://www.icos-etc.eu/icos/).

#### References

LI-COR Biosciences: EddyPro 7.0.4: Help and User's Guide, LI-COR Biosciences, Lincoln, Nebraska USA, www.licor.com/EddyPro, 2019.

ecworkset 13

#### **Examples**

```
data(ecmd_table)
str(ecmd_table)
```

ecworkset Merge time series and returns the workset dataframe

## **Description**

Merge time series with common indexes (times) and returns the *workset* data frame to be used as input for the data cleaning procedure via cleanFlux function.

#### Usage

```
ecworkset(path_EPout, path_EPqc, path_EPmd, path_QCstat, path_output=NULL, FileName=NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

path_EPout	path where the fulloutput file generated by EddyPro software is stored.
path_EPqc	path where the qcdetails file generated by EddyPro software is stored.
path_EPmd	path where the metadata file generated by EddyPro software is stored.
path_QCstat	path where the QC statistics file generated by qcStat is stored.
path_output	path where the results will be stored. Default is NULL.
FileName	a character string naming a file for writing. Default is NULL.

#### **Details**

Returns a dataframe ordered by common indexes (times) containing a set of variables selected from the fulloutput, metadata, qcdetails files generated by EddyPro via eddypro\_run and the statistics of the quality control routines (Vitale et al, 2019) generated by qcStat.

## Value

A dataframe object to be used as input of the cleanFlux. For the meaning of variables and units see the EddyPro manual and the qcStat function description.

#### Author(s)

Domenico Vitale, Dario Papale

## References

LI-COR Biosciences: EddyPro 7.0.4: Help and User's Guide, LI-COR Biosciences, Lincoln, Nebraska USA, www.licor.com/EddyPro, 2019.

Vitale, D. Fratini, G. Bilancia, M. Nicolini, G. Sabbatini, S. Papale, D. A robust data cleaning procedure for eddy covariance flux measurements, Biogeosciences Discussions, 2019, pp 1-36, doi: https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-2019-270.

14 eddypro\_run

#### **Examples**

eddypro\_run

Fluxes estimation

## **Description**

Estimates flux values and other micrometeorological parameters through a call to LI-COR EddyPro software.

#### Usage

```
eddypro_run(siteID, path_eddypro_bin, path_eddypro_projfiles, showLOG = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

```
siteID Character string indicative of the site's ID (i.e. CC-Xxx)

path_eddypro_bin

path where eddypro_rp and eddypro_fcc executables (i.e. the bin folder) are stored.

path_eddypro_projfiles

path where the EddyPro project files (i.e. the filename.eddypro file) is stored.

showLOG logical. If TRUE (default), the EddyPro Output Console Page is shown on R console.
```

## Value

A set of .csv files (e.g. fulloutput, qcdetails and metadata) generated by EddyPro software will be stored in the path specified by get\_md.

#### Warning

It is required LI-COR EddyPro software is currently installed on your system (see www.licor.com/EddyPro).

## Author(s)

Domenico Vitale, Dario Papale

get\_md 15

#### References

LI-COR Biosciences: EddyPro 7.0.4: Help and User's Guide, LI-COR Biosciences, Lincoln, Nebraska USA, www.licor.com/EddyPro, 2019.

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
workdir <- getwd()</pre>
siteID <- "DE-HoH"
PATH_ECMD <- system.file("extdata", "DE-HoH_ecmd.csv", package = "RFlux")
PATH_RAWDATA <- system.file("extdata", package = "RFlux")
PATH_OUTPUT <- paste0(workdir, "/eddypro/processing")
PATH_SA_FILE <- system.file("extdata", "spectral_assessment.txt", package = "RFlux")
PATH_PF_FILE <- system.file("extdata", "planar_fit.txt", package = "RFlux")
MD <- get_md(path_ecmd=PATH_ECMD,</pre>
              path_rawdata=PATH_RAWDATA,
              path_output=PATH_OUTPUT,
              online=TRUE,
              path_sa_file=PATH_SA_FILE,
              path_pf_file=PATH_PF_FILE,
               tlag_meth=2,
               despike_meth="VM97",
               detrend_meth="BA",
               tilt_correction_meth="PF")
PATH_EDDYPRO_BIN <- "/Applications/eddypro.app/Contents/MacOS/bin" ## put your path!
PATH_EDDYPRO_PROJ <- PATH_OUTPUT
eddypro_run(siteID="DE-HoH",
             path_eddypro_bin=PATH_EDDYPRO_BIN.
             path_eddypro_projfiles=PATH_EDDYPRO_PROJ,
             showLOG=TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

get\_md

Metadata file management

## **Description**

Returns the input files required by EddyPro software (LI-COR registered trademark; Fratini and Mauder, 2014).

## Usage

```
get_md(path_ecmd = NULL,
    path_rawdata = NULL,
    path_output = NULL,
    online,
    path_sa_file = NULL,
    path_pf_file = NULL,
    tlag_meth,
    despike_meth=c("None", "VM97", "M13"),
```

16 get\_md

```
detrend_meth=c("BA", "LD"),
tilt_correction_meth=c("DR", "PF"))
```

## Arguments

path_ecmd	path where the CC-Xxx_ecmd.csv file containing metadata information is stored.	
path_rawdata	path where eddy covariance rawdata files are stored.	
path_output	path where the results of eddypro_run will be stored (it will be created, if any).	
online	logical. Indicating whether the parameters of the planar fit method and the spectral correction factors are taken from results of previous processing (online=TRUE) or estimated by using the current set of EC rawdata (online=FALSE).	
path_sa_file	path where the spectral assessment file generated by EddyPro software is stored.	
path_pf_file	path where the planar fit file generated by EddyPro software is stored.	
tlag_meth	time lag detection method: 0 None; 1 Constant time lag, 2 Maximum covariance with default; 3 Maximum covariance; 4 Automatic optimization.	
despike_meth	despiking method: "None", not apply; "VM97", algorithm by Vickers and Mahrt (1997); "M13", algorithm by Mauder et al (2013).	
detrend_meth	trend removal method: "BA" Block Average; "LD" Linear Detrending (Rannik and Vesala, 2001).	
tilt_correction_meth		
	axis rotation method for tilt correction: "DR" Double Rotation; "PF" Planar Fit (Wilczak et al, 2001).	

## **Details**

This function builds the input files required by EddyPro software to process eddy covariance raw-data files.

## Value

```
Returns the following files

CC-Xxx.eddypro

CC-Xxx.metadata

CC-Xxx_dynamic_metadata.txt

where CC-Xxx denoting the site's ID.
```

## Warning

If online=FALSE, the number of rawdata needs to be large enough to allow robust estimates of the planar fit parameters (Wilczak et al 2001) and of the spectral correction factors (Fratini et al, 2012). In case of few rawdata, the double rotation method for sonic anemometer tilt correction and the analytical method by Moncrieff et al (1997) for spectral correction will be performed.

## Note

Rawdata must be provided as .csv file with the following name: *CC-Xxx????yyyymmddHHMM????.csv*, where *CC-Xxx* is the site's ID, *yyyymmddHHMM* is the ISO timestamp, and ?s denoting free characters. For example: DE-HoH\_EC\_201901010030\_v01.csv.

get\_md 17

#### Author(s)

Domenico Vitale, Dario Papale

#### References

Fratini, G., Mauder, M. (2014). Towards a consistent eddy-covariance processing: an intercomparison of EddyPro and TK3. Atmospheric Measurement Techniques, 7(7), 2273-2281, doi: https://doi.org/10.5194/amt-7-2273-2014.

Fratini, G., Ibrom, A., Arriga, N., Burba, G., Papale, D. (2012). Relative humidity effects on water vapour fluxes measured with closed-path eddy-covariance systems with short sampling lines. Agricultural and forest meteorology, 165, pp 53-63, doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.agrformet. 2012.05.018.

LI-COR Biosciences: EddyPro 7.0.4: Help and User's Guide, LI-COR Biosciences, Lincoln, Nebraska USA, www.licor.com/EddyPro, 2019.

Mauder, M., Cuntz, M., Drue, C., Graf, A., Rebmann, C., Schmid, H. P., ..., Steinbrecher, R. (2013). A strategy for quality and uncertainty assessment of long-term eddy-covariance measurements. Agricultural and Forest Meteorology, 169, 122-135, doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/j.agrformet.2012.09.006.

Moncrieff, J. B., Massheder, J. M., De Bruin, H., Elbers, J., Friborg, T., Heusinkveld, B., ..., Verhoef, A. (1997). A system to measure surface fluxes of momentum, sensible heat, water vapour and carbon dioxide. Journal of Hydrology, 188, 589-611, doi: https://doi.org/10.1016/S0022-1694(96)03194-0.

Rannik, U., Vesala, T. (1999). Autoregressive filtering versus linear detrending in estimation of fluxes by the eddy covariance method. Boundary-Layer Meteorology, 91(2), 259-280, doi: https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1001840416858.

Vickers, D., Mahrt, L. (1997). Quality control and flux sampling problems for tower and aircraft data. Journal of atmospheric and oceanic technology, 14(3), 512-526, doi: https://doi.org/10.1175/1520-0426(1997)014<0512:QCAFSP>2.0.C0;2.

Wilczak, J.M., Oncley, S.P., Stage, S.A. (2001). Sonic anemometer tilt correction algorithms. Boundary-Layer Meteorology, 99(1), 127-150, doi: https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1018966204465.

#### See Also

```
closed_path_rawdata
```

18 inst\_prob\_test

```
tlag_meth=2,
    despike_meth="VM97",
    detrend_meth="BA",
    tilt_correction_meth="PF")
## End(Not run)
```

inst\_prob\_test

Instrumental problem detection

## Description

A set of tests aims at detecting instrumental malfunctions affecting eddy covariance systems.

## Usage

```
inst_prob_test(x)
```

## **Arguments**

raw high frequency eddy covariance time series.

## Value

Skew	Skewness.
Kurt	Kurtosis index on original data.
KID0	Kurtosis index on difference data.
KID1	Kurtosis index on difference data excluding low resolution problems.
HFx	Homogeneity test statistic based on fluctuation.
HDx	Homogeneity test statistic based on difference data.

#### Author(s)

Domenico Vitale

## References

Vitale, D. Fratini, G. Bilancia, M. Nicolini, G. Sabbatini, S. Papale, D. A robust data cleaning procedure for eddy covariance flux measurements, Biogeosciences Discussions, 2019, pp 1-36, doi: https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-2019-270.

```
data(closed_path_rawdata)
inst_prob_test(closed_path_rawdata$W)
```

mahrt 19

mahrt	Stationary test for eddy covariance fluxes
manrt	Stationary test for eady covariance fluxes

## **Description**

Performs the non-stationary ratio test described by Mahrt (1998)

#### Usage

mahrt(x)

#### **Arguments**

Х

two-column dataframe containing raw high-frequency time series of vertical wind component (i.e. W) and scalar atmospheric variable (e.g. CO2).

#### Value

Returns the non-stationary ratio test statistic.

#### Author(s)

Domenico Vitale

#### References

```
Mahrt L (1998) Flux sampling errors for aircraft and towers, J. Atmos. Ocean. Tech., 15, 416-429, https://doi.org/10.1175/1520-0426(1998)015<0416:fsefaa>2.0.co; 2.
```

## **Examples**

```
PATH_RAWDATA <- system.file("extdata", "DE-HoH_EC_201907301200_v01.csv", package = "RFlux") data(closed_path_rawdata) mahrt(data.frame("W"=closed_path_rawdata$W,"CO2"=closed_path_rawdata$CO2))
```

qcStat

Quality control tests for eddy covariance fluxes

## Description

Returns the test statistics of the quality control routines described by Vitale et al (2019).

## Usage

```
qcStat(path_rawdata, path_output=NULL, FileName=NULL)
```

## **Arguments**

path\_rawdata path where raw high-frequency eddy covariance data are stored.

path\_output path where the results will be stored. Default is NULL.

FileName a character string naming a file for writing. Default is NULL.

20 qcStat

#### Value

	1 .	c		•	•	
Δ	data	frame	conta	1 m	1n	$\alpha$ .
7	uata	manne	COnta	ш	ш	∠.

TSTAMP	ISO timestamp start of averaging period (format: yyyymmddHHMM).
SADiag	Diagnostic for the sonic anemometer.
FMR_X	Fraction of Missing Records in raw, high-frequency, data used for X flux variable estimation.
LGD_X	Longest Gap Duration in raw, high-frequency, data used for X flux variable estimation.
Skew_X	Skewness of X variable.
Kurt_X	Kurtosis of X variable.
KID0_X	Kurtosis Index of Differenced X variable.
KID1_X	Kurtosis Index of Differenced X variable excluding the effect of possible low resolution problems.
HF5_X	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on X variable fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding $+/-5\sigma$ ).
HF10_X	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on X variable fluctuations (percentage of data exceeding $+/-10\sigma$ ).
HD5_X	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced X variable (percentage of data exceeding $+/-5\sigma$ ).
HD10_X	Statistic of the homogeneity test applied on differenced X variable (percentage of data exceeding $+/-10\sigma$ ).
COV_XY	Covariance between X and Y variables.
NØ_X	Number of repeated consecutive values affecting X flux variable.
LSR_X	Statistic of the Low Signal Resolution test for X flux variable.
M98_X	Statistic of the non-stationary ratio test by Mahrt (1988) for X flux variable.

## Note

The output of qcStat constitues one of input files required by the ecworkset function.

## Author(s)

Domenico Vitale

#### References

Mahrt L (1998) Flux sampling errors for aircraft and towers, J. Atmos. Ocean. Tech., 15, 416-429, https://doi.org/10.1175/1520-0426(1998)015<0416:fsefaa>2.0.co;2.

Vitale, D. Fratini, G. Bilancia, M. Nicolini, G. Sabbatini, S. Papale, D. A robust data cleaning procedure for eddy covariance flux measurements, Biogeosciences Discussions, 2019, pp 1-36, doi: https://doi.org/10.5194/bg-2019-270.

```
PATH_RAWDATA <- system.file("extdata", "DE-HoH_EC_201907301200_v01.csv", package = "RFlux")
QC_STAT <- qcStat(path_rawdata=PATH_RAWDATA, path_output=NULL, FileName=NULL)
QC_STAT
```

## **Index**

```
*Topic datagen
    cleanFlux, 3
    ecworkset, 13
    qcStat, 19
*Topic datasets
    {\tt closed\_path\_rawdata}, 10
    ecmd_table, 11
*Topic file
    get_md, 15
*Topic interface
    eddypro_run, 14
*Topic package
    RFlux-package, 2
*Topic univar
    inst_prob_test, 18
    mahrt, 19
cleanFlux, 2, 3, 13
closed_path_rawdata, 10, 17
ecmd_table, 11
ecworkset, 2, 13, 20
eddypro_run, 13, 14, 16
get_md, 2, 14, 15
inst_prob_test, 18
mahrt, 19
qcStat, 2, 4, 13, 19, 20
RFlux (RFlux-package), 2
RFlux-package, 2
```