

# 進階C語言實務

(20230523) Homework 4 - BVH



## Reference

#### Fast-BVH:

- Author:
  - Acknowledge: Brandon Pelfrey
- Purpose:
  - BVH structure construction
  - Object-Orientation Class design
  - Simple ray-tracing test
- Link:
  - <a href="https://github.com/brandonpelfrey/Fast-BVH">https://github.com/brandonpelfrey/Fast-BVH</a>
- Modified Fast-BVH:
  - Download from <u>iStudy at NTUT</u>.

## **Extension of Fast-BVH**

- Download the package source code from iStudy
- Homework items:
  - Giving a rendered sample image from the sample code (debug is necessary)
  - Add some additional object (e.g. Cube, Start, Pyramid, Pikachu...)
  - Comparisons for different types:
    - Scene sizes
    - Number of objects
  - Documents:
    - Address the comments for each/important code section
    - Address the critical section for computing loading

# Same code

Main program:

```
int main(int argc, char **argv) {
// Create a million spheres packed in the space of a cube
const unsigned int N = 1000;
vector<Object*> objects;
printf("Constructing %d spheres...\n", N);
for(size_t i=0; i<N; ++i) {</pre>
    objects.push_back(new Sphere(randVector3(), 0.05f));
// Compute a BVH for this object set
BVH bvh(&objects);
// Allocate space for some image pixels
const unsigned int width=1024, height=1024;
float* pixels = new float[width*height*3];
// Create a camera from position and focus point
Vector3 camera_position(1.6, 1.3, 1.6);
Vector3 camera_focus(0,0,0);
Vector3 camera_up(0,1,0);
// Camera tangent space
Vector3 camera_dir = normalize(camera_focus - camera_position);
Vector3 camera_u = normalize(camera_dir ^ camera_up);
Vector3 camera_v = normalize(camera_u ^ camera_dir);
```

- The submitted folder needs include the C/C++ program file (only \*.h & \*.c/\*.cpp).
- To present the results in word or pdf format, it includes snapshot of console display results and program descriptions, etc.