```
import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from scipy.spatial import distance
         from skimage import feature, filters, io, morphology, measure, color, draw, transform, util
In [4]:
         def get_peas(img,fig_name = None):
             img = cv2.imread(img)
             img = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
             io.imshow(img)
             gray = cv2.cvtColor(img, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
             eroded = morphology.erosion(gray, morphology.disk(2))
             #recomended threshold
             high_thresh, thresh_im = cv2.threshold(eroded, 0, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY + cv2.THRESH_OTSU)
             low_thresh = 0.5*high_thresh
             print("High threshold -> {}, Low threshold -> {}".format(high_thresh, low_thresh))
             canny_detector = feature.canny(eroded, sigma=5, low_threshold=10, high_threshold=40)
             edges = canny_detector
             diameter_x = 35
             diameter_y = 40
             num_peaks = 150
             # Detect two radii
             hough_radii = np.arange(diameter_x, diameter_y, 1)
             hough_res = transform.hough_circle(edges, hough_radii)
             points_x, points_y, radius_c = [],[],[]
             # Select the most prominent 3 circles
             accums, cx, cy, radii = transform.hough_circle_peaks(hough_res, hough_radii,total_num_peaks = num_peaks)
             # Draw them
             fig, ax = plt.subplots(ncols=1, nrows=1, figsize=(10, 4))
             image = color.gray2rgb(gray)
             for center_y, center_x, radius in zip(cy, cx, radii):
                 circy, circx = draw.circle_perimeter(center_y, center_x, radius, shape=image.shape)
                 image[circy, circx] = (255, 0, 0)
                 points_x.append(center_x)
                 points_y.append(center_y)
                 radius_c.append(radius)
             ax.imshow(image, cmap=plt.cm.gray)
             plt.show()
             #Information about data
             print("Center_x > {}, Center_y > {}, radius > {}".format(center_x,center_y,radius))
             x_{start} = 0 if (center_x - radius) < 0 else center_x - radius
             x_{end} = center_x + radius
             y_start = 0 if (center_y - radius) < 0 else center_y - radius</pre>
             y_{end} = center_y + radius
             #num of peas
             df = pd.DataFrame(list(zip(points_x, points_y, radius_c)), columns=['x', 'y', 'radius'])
             df = df.drop_duplicates(subset = ["x"], keep='last')
             try:
                 df.sort_values(by = ["x"])
                 value = 1
                 for i in range(0, 1):
                     df = df.reset_index(drop=True)
                      indexNames = df[ (df['x'] > df['x'][i] ) & (df['x'] > df['x'][i] + df['radius'][i]) ].index
                      df.drop(indexNames , inplace=True)
                     df.reindex()
                      value = len(df)
                      df.sort_values(by = ["x"])
             except:
                 print("Out of bound")
             print("Peas = {}".format(len(df)))
             df = df.reset_index(drop=True)
             return df['x'], df['y'], df['radius']
In [5]:
         peas = get_peas("1.jpg")
        High threshold -> 136.0, Low threshold -> 68.0
         200
          400
          600
          800
         1000
                                                 1200
           0
         200
          400
          600
         800
         1000
        Center_x > 893, Center_y > 334, radius > 39
        Peas = 50
In [ ]:
```

Loading [MathJax]/jax/output/CommonHTML/fonts/TeX/fontdata.js

In [1]:

import cv2