# **Requirements and Design**

## 1. Change History

Change Date	Modified Sections	Rationale
01.10.2025	3.3, 4.2, 4.3	Removed all speech-to-text references. Made the Vector DB non-optional.  This is because the documentation has to be consistent and optional features are not a valid basis for requirements
14.10.2025	3.3, 4.2, 4.3	Vector Database has been removed, we will maintain only one database. This is because an entire database dedicated to vectors is unnecessary and overly complicated for the scope and scale of our project
14.10.2025	3.3, 4.2, 4.3	Templates will work by created a template note and copying the note over to other workspaces. This was done to simplify implementation and for clarity
20.10.2025	3.3, 4.2, 4.3	Adding a user to a workspace will now send a push notification. Chat messages will no longer send a push notification
24.10.2025	4.1	Removed Template as a backend component since it's no longer a component. Added component interfaces
25.10.2025	4.4	Add more frameworks and libraries used during implementation
25.10.2025	All	Cleaned up doc and implemented feedback from M2
26.10.2025	4.6	Added sequence diagrams for components

## 2. Project Description

In short, we are aiming to create an application that would allow users to store all their (non-sensitive) information in one place and in a way that is easy to update, access and search. The app itself would not incorporate dedicated features such as notes, todo-lists etc. Instead one would be able to store information in a general note, which would be composed of numerous input fields: text, datetime etc. Users will be able to create templates for their own formats of notes and join workspaces where they can share their notes with other users. The target audience is the general public. If one has a large amount of different kinds of notes, todos or saved locations, they can use this app as a "general memory system" providing them one place to retrieve and update their entire collection of notes. However, we are especially aiming for groups of people who want to collaborate on their goal and manage this collaboration in one place and in a very customised manner. Existing apps do not fully provide such functionality (Notion: missing todos/notifications/chat, WhatsApp: files stored on everyone's machines, not able to see history prior to joining the communities, Discord: file sharing limit, Facebook: membership limits)

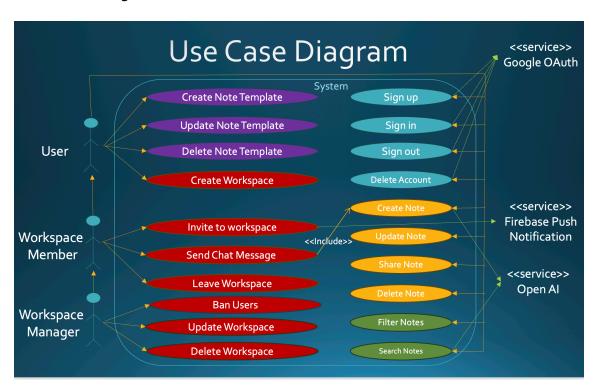
## 3. Requirements Specification

### 3.1. List of Features

- 1. **[Manage Notes]**: A user can create, update, read and delete their own notes as well as share it with other users and workspaces they are in.
- 2. **[Retrieve Notes]**: A user can search through their notes and filter through the notes they see by their tags and creation/last edit dates. The searching will be synonymic, which means cases when the user does not

- type exactly the content of the note would be handled and the note will still be displayed.
- 3. **[Collaborate]**: A User can create workspaces in which case they become their managers. Inside a workspace, notes can be posted regularly or with a "chat" option. The owner is able to invite people to the workspace by an email address, and a push notification will be sent to those invited notifying them. Notes in the workspace are visible to all Users who accepted the invitation. Naturally, the manager can update their workspace, or even delete it, as well as ban certain users.
- 4. **[Customize Format]**: Users would be able create and manage their own formats of notes, known as templates. These can include any combination of text, location and date fields, with the condition of at least one field. They are then able to copy these templates into workspaces to be used as a normal note.

#### 3.2. Use Case Diagram



### 3.3. Actors Description

- 1. **[User]**: The general user of the application. Can fully manage (CRUD + search + template creation)their own notes. Can join and create workspaces.
- 2. **[Workspace Member]** can contribute to workspaces they are in by sending notes and chat messages, as well as inviting new members.
- 3. **[Workspace Manager]**: Inherits from User. Has additional options to update and delete the workspaces they own. Can also ban users from their workspace(s).
- 4. [Google OAuth API]: External service used for authentication.
- 5. **[Open Al API]**: The role of the API would be to create vector embeddings for notes and search queries so that vector-based search algorithms, such as KNN, can be used. This is to enhance the search quality so that the user does not have to exactly match the text of the note in their prompt.
- 6. [Firebase Push Notification Service]: Firebase handles the logic for sending push notifications.

#### 3.4. Use Case Description

• Use cases for feature 1: Manage Notes

- 1. **Create Note**: The user can create notes by filling in a chosen note template, adding or removing fields if necessary. They can then store this note in a chosen workspace.
- 2. **Update Note**: Users can update their notes and change the title, description, and other data.
- 3. **Share Note**: Users can share their note to a selected workspace.
- 4. **Delete Note**: Users can delete their selected note.
- Use cases for feature 2: Retrieve Notes
- 5. Search Notes: A user can search for notes matching a given prompt, and is provided with a list of notes.
- 6. **Filter Notes**: After retrieving search results, a user can filter the results by certain tags and creation/last edit dates.
- Use cases for feature 3: Collaborate
- 7. Create Workspace: A user can create a workspace and become the manager of it.
- 8. Join Workspace: A user can join the workspace they are invited to or reject the invitation
- 9. **Invite to Workspace**: Any user that is part of a workspace can invite other users to the workspace. The invited user will be sent a push notification.
- 10. **Send a Chat Message**: A user can send chat messages to other users or the workspaces that they are part of. A chat message is a new note that is sent to the users involved.
- 11. Update Workspace: The workspace manager can update workspace metadata, like title, descriptions, etc.
- 12. Leave Workspace: A user can leave any workspace that they are part of.
- 13. Delete Workspace: The workspace manager can delete the workspace and all associated data
- 14. **Ban users**: The workspace owner can ban a user, kicking them out and preventing them from joining in the future.
- Use cases for feature 4: Customize Format
- 15. **Create Template**: A user can create a note template, consisting of components like title, tags, description(s), and custom fields like "Due date" for a note template. A note template can be created from an existing note or directly.
- 16. Update Template: A user can update their templates, editing the components.
- 17. **Delete Template**: A user can delete their templates, and will not be able to use it for future notes.

## 3.5. Formal Use Case Specifications (5 Most Major Use Cases)

#### 1. [Feature Accessibility]

- **[Description]**: Any workspace of conversation the user is a member of has to be accessible to the user within two clicks from the main screen.
- Justification: Several messaging/file sharing applications, such as Discord, have every conversation reachable with maximum of 2 clicks (Discord server - specific channel, or discord dms - particular chat; WhatsApp community - particular chat). The app will be feature-rich, however it should still be competitive wrt. usability.

### 2. [Searching Speed]

- **Description**: Producing a page of synonymic search result should last no longer than 5 seconds
- Justification: Synonymic searching includes calling an API to check for synonyms. While this
  process can take time and fitting below a second of response time is unlikely (at least not
  guaranteeable before actual tests with the API), we should not get close to the 10 seconds
  response limit mentioned in <a href="https://www.nngroup.com/articles/response-times-3-important-limits/">https://www.nngroup.com/articles/response-times-3-important-limits/</a>
   The 10 seconds is the user attention limit, i.e. the time the user is said to be willing to wait without
  attempting to focus on other tasks. As we envision synonymic search being used frequently,

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getting close to this limit on regular basis would mean straining the user attention, hence we impose a safety factor of 2. One might point out that while the note database gets larger, there is more notes to search and more matches, hence the response time shall increase. This is why the requirement only concerns itself with one page of search results. While the note base increases, we would get more direct matches, and the first page could get populated with those ones while the app is looking for less direct matches in the background.

### 3. [Filtering Speed]

- **Description**: Updating the display with a page of filtering (by tag or creation/last edit) results should take no longer than 1 second.
- Justification: This is so that the user is not significantly disturbed by waiting for the response, as mentioned in <a href="https://www.nngroup.com/articles/response-times-3-important-limits/">https://www.nngroup.com/articles/response-times-3-important-limits/</a> Again, while with increasing number of notes, the response time shall increase as well, filtering done by this app is an O(n) operation, and does not disturb the sorting of the data. More importantly, only a part of results that fit the filter have to be created. This is again, because the requirement only concerns itself with one page of results at a time, which is what the user will see.

## 4. Designs Specification

### 4.1. Main Components

- 1. Users
  - Purpose: Manages all functionality relating to users, including creation, tracking metadata, etc.
     Users are a good component as each user must store some of their own data.
  - Interfaces:
    - 1. signIn POST /auth/signin (idToken: String): Result<AuthData>
      - Purpose: Authenticates an existing user with Google OAuth and returns authentication data including JWT token and user information. This interface is used to log in users who already have an account in the system.
    - 2. signUp POST /auth/signup (idToken: String): Result<AuthData>
      - Purpose: Creates a new user account using Google OAuth credentials and returns authentication data with JWT token and user information. Also automatically creates a personal workspace for the new user. This interface handles the initial registration flow for new users.
    - 3. getProfile GET /user/profile: Result<User>
      - Purpose: Retrieves the authenticated user's profile information including name, bio, profile picture, and metadata. This interface allows users to access their own profile data.
    - 4. updateProfile PUT /user/profile (name: String, bio: String?):
       Result<User>
      - Purpose: Updates the authenticated user's profile information such as name and bio. This interface allows users to modify their personal information.
    - 5. deleteProfile DELETE /user/profile: Result<Unit>
      - Purpose: Permanently deletes the authenticated user's account and all
        associated data, including user images. This interface handles account deletion

requests and cleanup.

- 6. updateFcmToken POST /user/fcm-token (fcmToken: String): Result<User>
  - Purpose: Updates the user's Firebase Cloud Messaging token for push notification delivery. This interface is called when the app receives a new FCM token.

#### 7. UserModel.findByld(userld: ObjectId): User

 Purpose: Exposes user retrieval by ID. Called by WorkspaceService.inviteMember() and getWorkspaceMembers() to retrieve user information for displaying members and sending notifications.

#### 8. UserModel.findBylds(userlds: List): List

 Purpose: Exposes user retrieval for multiple IDs. Called by WorkspaceService.getWorkspaceMembers() to fetch all member users for a workspace.

#### 9. UserModel.find(filter): List

 Purpose: Exposes user search functionality. Called by NoteService.getAuthors() to retrieve user information for notes, mapping note IDs to their author user objects.

#### 2. Notes

- **Purpose**: The notes component manages all note items. This includes creation, processing, and search retrieval. This functionality can be effectively bucketed together, and other components can interact with these notes, maintaining a separation of concerns.
- o Interfaces:

```
1. getNote - GET /notes/{id}: Result<Note>
```

- Purpose: Retrieves a specific note by its ID, including all fields, tags, and metadata. This interface is used to fetch individual note details for display or editing.
- 2. createNote POST /notes (workspaceId: String, fields: List<Field>,
   noteType: NoteType, tags: List<String>): Result<Unit>
  - Purpose: Creates a new note in the specified workspace with the provided content, type, and tags. This interface handles note creation and generates embeddings for semantic search.
- 3. updateNote PUT /notes/{id} (tags: List<String>, fields: List<Field>):
   Result<Unit>
  - **Purpose**: Updates an existing note's content and tags. This interface allows users to modify notes they own.
- 4. deleteNote DELETE /notes/{id}: Result<Unit>
  - Purpose: Permanently deletes a note. Only the note owner can delete their notes.

- Purpose: Searches for notes within a workspace using filters (type, tags) and performs semantic similarity search using embeddings if the query string is nonempty. Returns a ranked list of notes sorted by relevance. Requires the user to be a workspace member.
- 6. shareNoteToWorkspace POST /notes/{id}/share (workspaceId: String):
   Result<Unit>
  - **Purpose**: Moves an existing note to a different workspace. Only the note owner can share their notes, and they must be a member of the target workspace.
- 7. copyNoteToWorkspace POST /notes/{id}/copy (workspaceId: String):
   Result<Unit>
  - Purpose: Creates a copy of a note in a different workspace. This is for creating notes from templates.

#### 3. Workspaces

- Purpose: The workspace contains its own general information, as well as a reference to member
  users and included notes. This component would be responsible for forwarding push notifications
  to member users on invite, and the banning functionality.
- o Interfaces:
  - 1. createWorkspace POST /workspace (name: String, profilePicture: String?,
     description: String?): Result<String>
    - Purpose: Creates a new workspace with the specified name, description, and profile picture. The creator automatically becomes the owner and a member.
  - 2. getWorkspace GET /workspace/{id}: Result<Workspace>
    - **Purpose**: Retrieves workspace details including name, description, members, and metadata. Requires the user to be a workspace member.
  - 3. getWorkspacesForUser GET /workspace/user: Result<List<Workspace>>
    - Purpose: Returns all workspaces that the authenticated user is a member of, sorted by most recently updated.
  - 4. **getWorkspaceMembers** GET /workspace/{id}/members: Result<List<User>>
    - Purpose: Retrieves the list of all users who are members of the specified workspace.
  - 5. inviteMember POST /workspace/{id}/members (userId: String):
     Result<Unit>
    - Purpose: Adds a user to the workspace as a member. Any existing workspace member can invite users. Sends a push notification to the invited user.
  - 6. **leaveWorkspace** POST /workspace/{id}/leave: Result<Unit>
    - Purpose: Removes the authenticated user from the workspace. Cannot be used by the workspace owner, who must delete the workspace instead.
  - 7. banMember DELETE /workspace/{id}/members/{userId}: Result<Unit>

- **Purpose**: Bans a user from the workspace. Only the workspace owner can ban members. Removes the user from the member list and adds them to the banned list, preventing future invitations. Cannot ban the workspace owner.
- 8. updateWorkspaceProfile PUT /workspace/{id} (name: String, description:
   String?): Result<Unit>
  - **Purpose**: Updates the workspace name and description.
- 9. updateWorkspacePicture PUT /workspace/{id}/picture (profilePicture:
   String): Result<Unit>
  - **Purpose**: Updates the workspace profile picture.
- 10. deleteWorkspace DELETE /workspace/{id}: Result<Unit>
  - Purpose: Permanently deletes a workspace and all associated notes. Only the workspace owner can delete a workspace.
- 11. getAllTags GET /workspace/{id}/tags: Result<List<String>>
  - **Purpose**: Retrieves all tags used within notes in the workspace. These are displayed to allow filtering for search.
- 12. **pollForNewMessages** GET /workspace/{id}/poll: Result<Boolean>
  - Purpose: Polls for new chat messages in the workspace by checking if messages were created within the last polling interval. Returns true if new messages exist, false otherwise.
- 13. getMembershipStatus GET /workspace/{id}/membership/{userId}:
   Result<WsMembershipStatus>
  - **Purpose**: Returns the membership status of a user in a workspace (OWNER, MEMBER, BANNED, or NOT\_MEMBER).
- 14. WorkspaceModel.find(filter): List
  - Purpose: Exposes workspace search functionality. Called by UserController.deleteProfile() to find all workspaces owned by a user before deleting them.
- 15. WorkspaceModel.updateMany(filter, update): void
  - Purpose: Exposes batch workspace update functionality. Called by UserController.deleteProfile() to remove the user from all workspaces where they are a member but not the owner.
- 16. WorkspaceModel.findByld(workspaceld: String): Workspace
  - Purpose: Exposes workspace retrieval by ID. Called by NoteService methods to verify workspace existence and membership before allowing note operations.
     Used in getNotes(), shareNoteToWorkspace(), and copyNoteToWorkspace().

#### **External Interfaces Used:**

1. OpenAlClient.embeddings.create(model: String, input: String): EmbeddingResponse

 Purpose: Called by NoteService.createNote() and getNotes() to generate vector embeddings for note/query content using OpenAl's text-embedding-3-large model. The embeddings are stored with each note for semantic search functionality.

#### 2. FirebaseAdmin.messaging().send(message: Message): Promise

Purpose: Called by sendNotification() to deliver push notifications to mobile devices. Used when
users are invited to workspaces, sending notification data including workspace information and
inviter details.

#### 4.2. Databases

### 1. [MongoDB]

Purpose: Storing user data, their notes and the workspaces they are in. Since some of the note
data can be customised, it does not have to follow exactly the same format. As such, a more
flexible non-relational database like MongoDB is preferred over relational ones like MySQL.

#### 4.3. External Modules

#### 1. [Google OAuth]

• **Purpose**: Google OAuth will be used to handle authentication for the app.

#### 2. [OpenAl]

• **Purpose**: We will be using the OpenAI client to create vector embeddings of our notes. These embeddings will be used for KNN or similar for matching queries.

#### 4.4. Frameworks and Libraries

### 1. [Firebase Cloud Messaging]

- **Purpose**: Push notification support
- Reason: Provides routing, middleware, request handling, and all relevant backend API logic

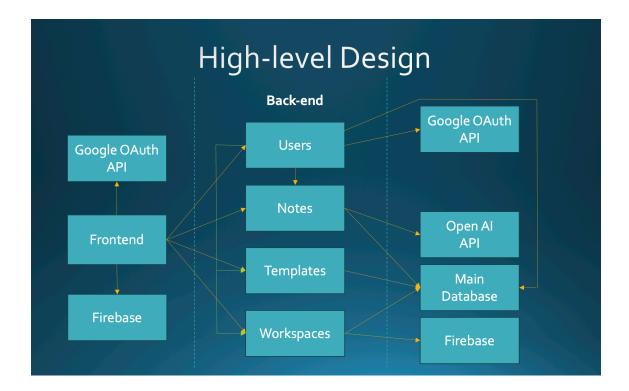
#### 2. [Express.js]

- Purpose: Web framework for building REST apis
- Reason: Very useful for web dev in Node.js. Makes it simpler to build REST apis.

### 3. [Retrofit]

- Purpose: Managing API calls and frontend-backend connection
- Reason: Streamlines dependency management and improves testability in Android apps.

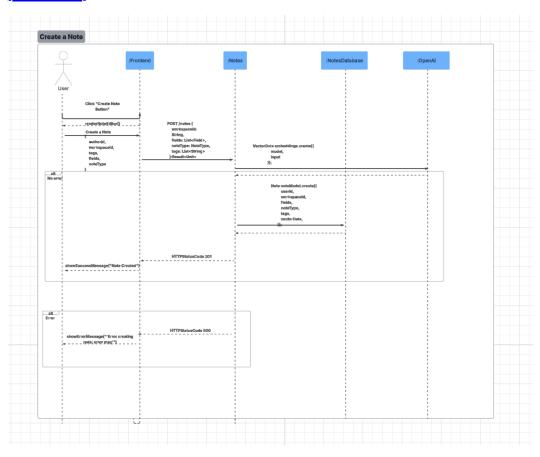
### 4.5. Dependencies Diagram



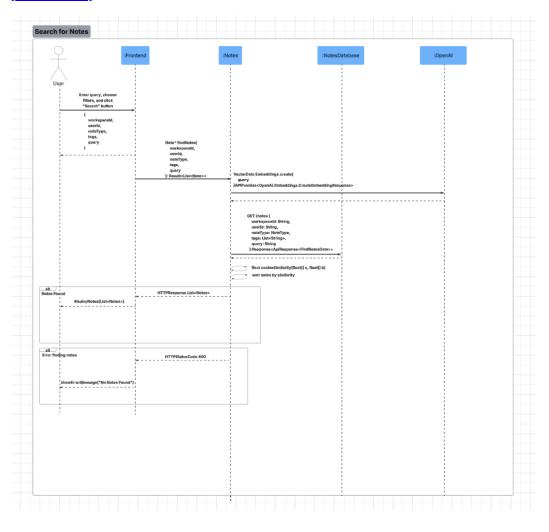
The dependency of Users on interfaces from other components is because user deletion. When a user gets deleted, Users have to notify all other modules to remove all notes, templates and workspaces associated only with the user being deleted and make the user no longer an active member of any workspace they were in.

## 4.6. Use Case Sequence Diagram (5 Most Major Use Cases)

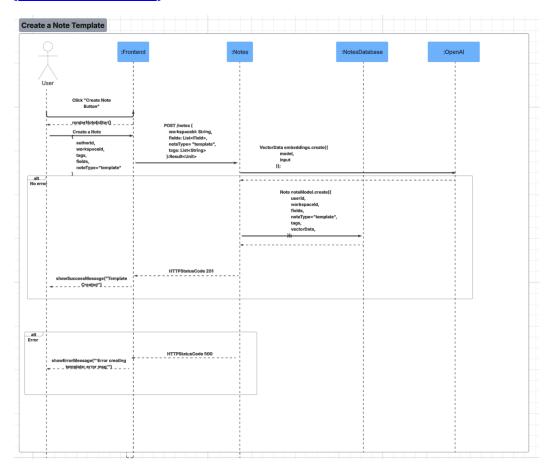
## 1. [CREATE NOTE]



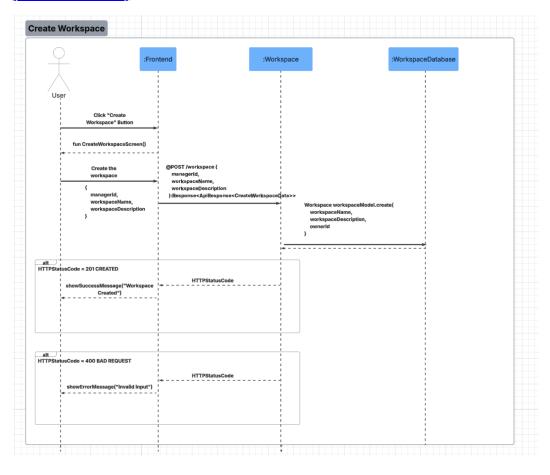
## 2. [SEARCH NOTE]



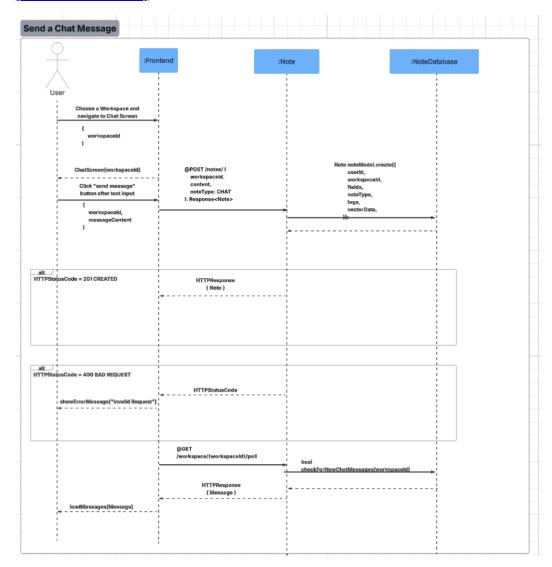
## 3. [CREATE A NOTE TEMPLATE]



### 4. [CREATE WORKSPACE]



### 5. [SEND A CHAT MESSAGE]



### 4.7. Design and Ways to Test Non-Functional Requirements

### 1. [Feature Accessibility]

Validation: If you are at the home screen, you can click on the workspaces icon on the bottom (4th
from the left), then click the chat icon of any workspace to view messages. This meets the "two
click" requirements that we had set before

### 2. [Searching Speed]

Validation: When searching for notes, it appeared almost instantly (<1 second) during our testing.</li>
 We had created around 100 notes at this time, so it should still be <5 seconds even with over 500 notes</li>

### 3. [Filtering Speed]

 Validation: This yielded the same results as the searching speed. We created around 100 notes and tested many combinations of filters, and each time the results appeared almost instantly (<1 second)