

Computational Intelligence and Deep Learning

Educational Version 2020

A. Schiavo - M. Gómez - M. Daole

December 30, 2020

Contents

1	Introduction	5
2	Convolutional Neural Network for Medical Imaging Analysis 2.1 Original Dataset	
3	Convolutional Neural Network from Scratch with Python	11
4	Pre-Trained Convolutional Neural Network	13
5	Baseline Abnormality detection in mammography	15
6	Ensemble of Neural Networks	17

Introduction

Deep learning rose to its prominent position in computer vision when neural networks started outperforming other methods on several high-profile image analysis. Healthcare providers generate and capture enormous amounts of data containing extremely valuable signals and information, at a pace far surpassing what *traditional* methods of analysis can process. Machine learning therefore quickly enters the picture, as it is one of the best ways to integrate, analyze and make predictions based on large, heterogeneous data sets.

Convolutional Neural Network for Medical Imaging Analysis

On this investigation, the main objective is to perform abnormality classification in mammography using Convolutional Neural Networks for Medical Imaging Analysis. This laboratory research will be development with a standart evaluation data set in the area of decision support systems in mammography, the *Digital Curated Breast Imaging Subset of Database for Screening Mammography* (CBIS DDSM)

2.1 Original Dataset

The dataset we will focus on is an updated and standardized version of the Digital Database for Screening Mammography (DDSM). The DDSM is a database of 2,620 scanned film mammography studies. It contains normal, benign, and malignant cases with verified pathology information. Few well-curated public datasets have been provided for the mammography community. These include the DDSM, the Mammographic Imaging Analysis Society (MIAS) database, and the Image Retrieval in Medical Applications (IRMA) project. Although these public data sets are useful, they are limited in terms of data set size and accessibility.

Lee, Rebecca Sawyer, et al. 'A curated mammography data set for use in computer-aided detection and diagnosis research' Scientific data 4 (2017): 170177.

The images have been decompressed and converted to DICOM format. Updated ROI segmentation and bounding boxes, and pathologic diagnosis for training data are also included. The data set contains 753 calcification cases and 891 mass cases, providing a data-set size capable of analyzing decision support systems in mammography.

A simple example of the image provided from the original dataset:

Design Types	-Design Types and Parallel group designFeature extraction objectiveImage processing objective		
Measurement Type	Mammography		
Technology Type	Digital curation		
Factor Type	Diagnosis		
Sample Characteristic	Homo sapiens		

Table 2.1: DDSM Data Set description.

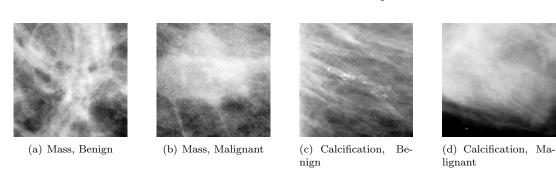


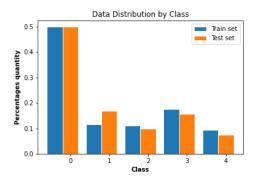
Figure 2.1: Medical Image Representation

2.2 Data Records

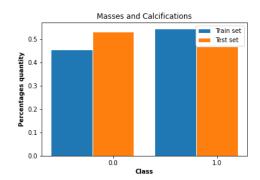
The images are distributed at the full mammography and abnormality level as DICOM files. Full mammography images include both MLO and CC views of the mammograms. Abnormalities are represented as binary mask images of the same size as their associated mammograms.

As we mention previously, $CBIS\ DDSM$: Curated Breast Imaging Subset of Digital Database for Screening Mammography.

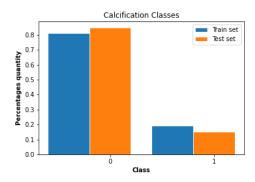
A description of the dataset is provided in:



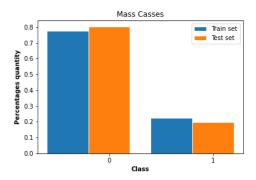
(a) Classes: Baseline patch(0), Mass, benign(1), Mass, malignant(2), Calcification, benign(3), Calcification, malignant(4)



(b) Pathology: Benign(0), Malignant(1)



(c) Pathology: Benign(0), Malignant(1)



(d) Pathology: Benign(0), Malignant(1)

Figure 2.2: Data Representation

Convolutional Neural Network from Scratch with Python

Pre-Trained Convolutional Neural Network

Baseline Abnormality detection in mammography

Ensemble of Neural Networks