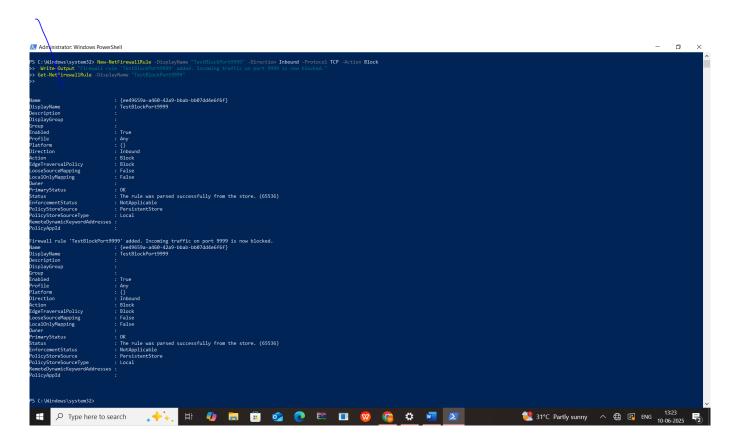
Managing Windows Firewall Rules Using PowerShell

Step 1: Add a New Firewall Rule to Block Port 9999

Command Used:

New-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "TestBlockPort9999" -Direction Inbound -Protocol TCP -Action Block

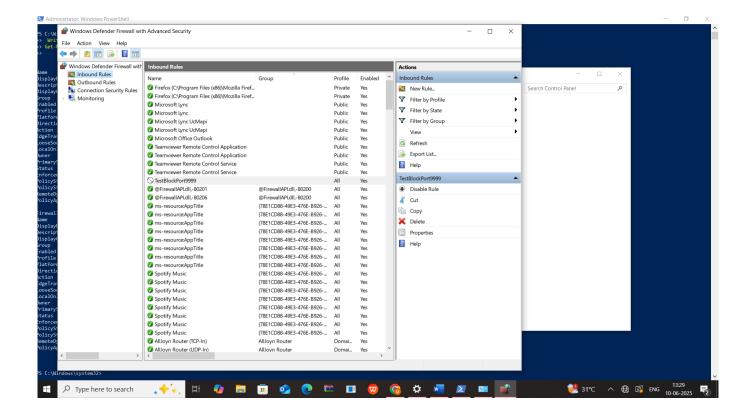
This command creates a new rule that blocks inbound TCP traffic on port 9999.



Step 2: Confirm Rule in Windows Defender Firewall

Open Windows Defender Firewall with Advanced Security.

Navigate to Inbound Rules and locate 'TestBlockPort9999' to confirm it has been added.



Step 3: Remove the Firewall Rule

Command Used:

Remove-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "TestBlockPort9999"

This command removes the rule and unblocks port 9999.

```
PolicyAppId
Firewall rule 'TestBlockPort9999' added. Incoming traffic on port 9999 is now blocked.
Name
                             : {ee49659a-a460-42a9-bbab-bb07dd4e6f6f}
DisplayName
                             : TestBlockPort9999
Description
DisplayGroup
Group
Enabled
                            : True
Profile
                            : Any
Platform
                            : {}
Direction
                            : Inbound
Action
                            : Block
EdgeTraversalPolicy
                            : Block
LooseSourceMapping
                            : False
Loca10nlyMapping
                            : False
Owner
                            : OK
PrimaryStatus
Status
                            : The rule was parsed successfully from the store. (65536)
EnforcementStatus
PolicyStoreSource
                            : NotApplicable
                            : PersistentStore
PolicyStoreSourceType
                            : Local
RemoteDynamicKeywordAddresses :
PolicyAppId
PS C:\Windows\system32> Remove-NetFirewallRule -DisplayName "TestBlockPort9999"
PS C:\Windows\system32> Write-Output "Firewall rule 'TestBlockPort9999' removed."_
Firewall rule 'TestBlockPort9999' removed.
PS C:\Windows\system32>
PS C:\Windows\system32>
```