# Prioritizing Pollutant Reduction to Minimize Bee Colony Loss: Analyzing EPA and Survey Data

A project by Marta Fuentes-Filp and Prab Jaswal

### Background, Problem and Methodology

Pollutant Gases: Carbon Monoxide, Nitrogen Dioxide, Ozone, Particulate matter (PM2.5/PM10).

### 3 Aims

- Investigate the trends and correlations between the presence of pollutant gases and bee populations over time for US states through exploratory data analysis and visualizations.
- Use insights from statistical modelling to understand the extent to which each pollutant gas impacts bee colony numbers.
- 3. Use insights from statistical modeling to understand which pollutant gases should be prioritized for removal to maximize bee colony numbers and to provide recommendations to any interest bodies.



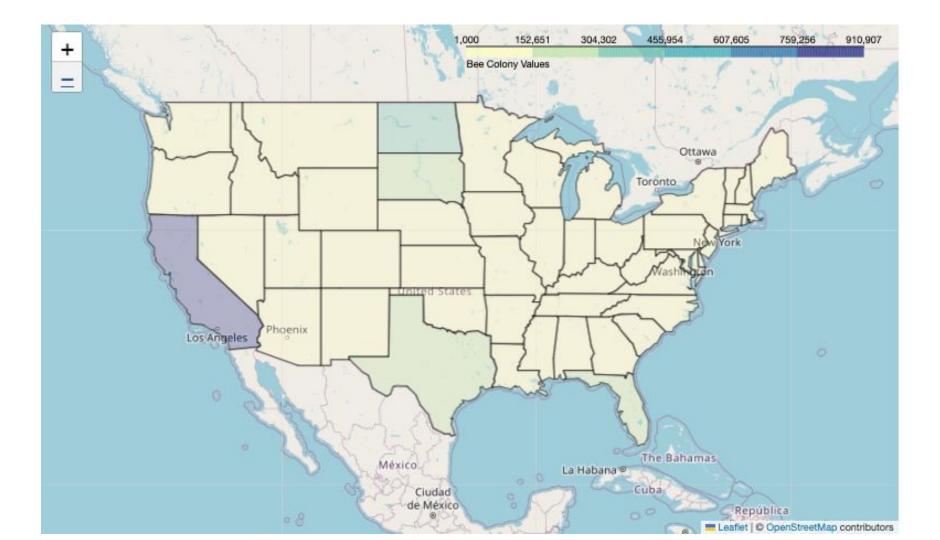


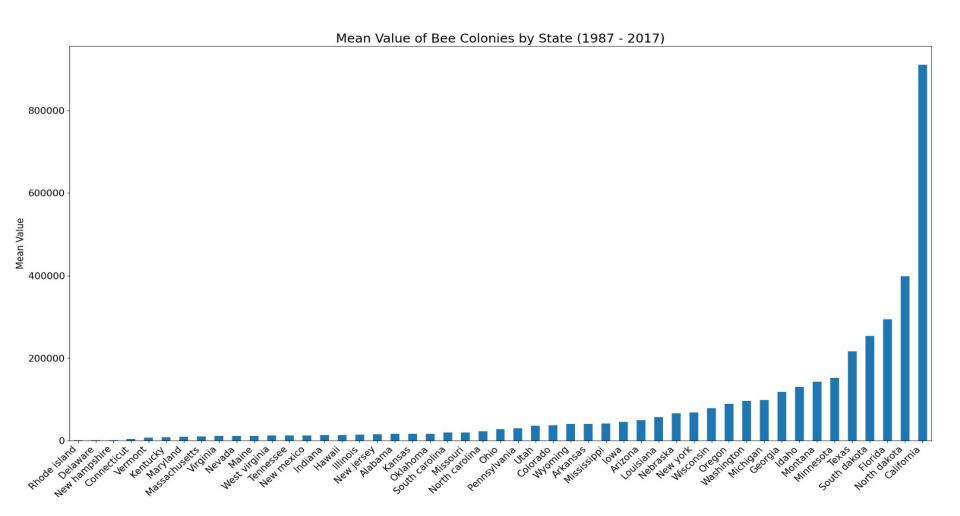
### **About the data**

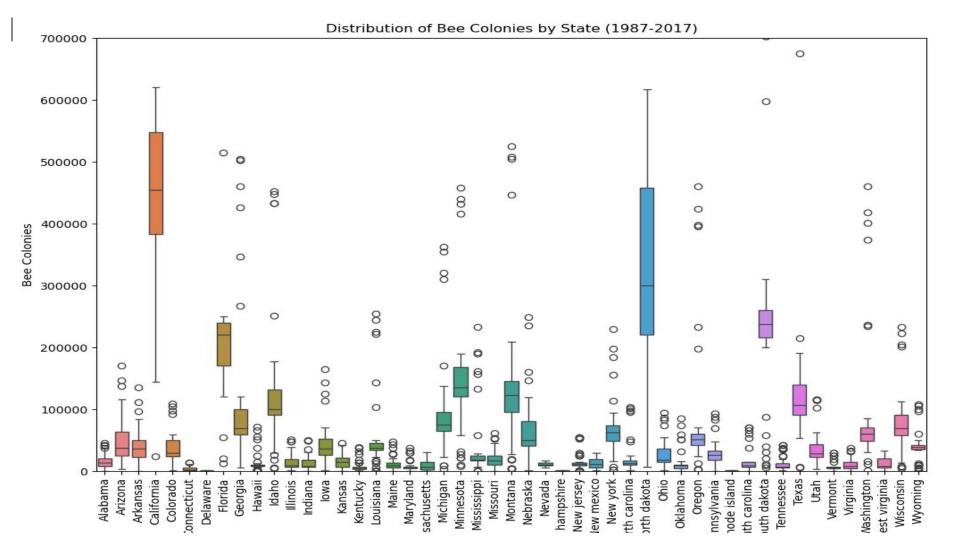


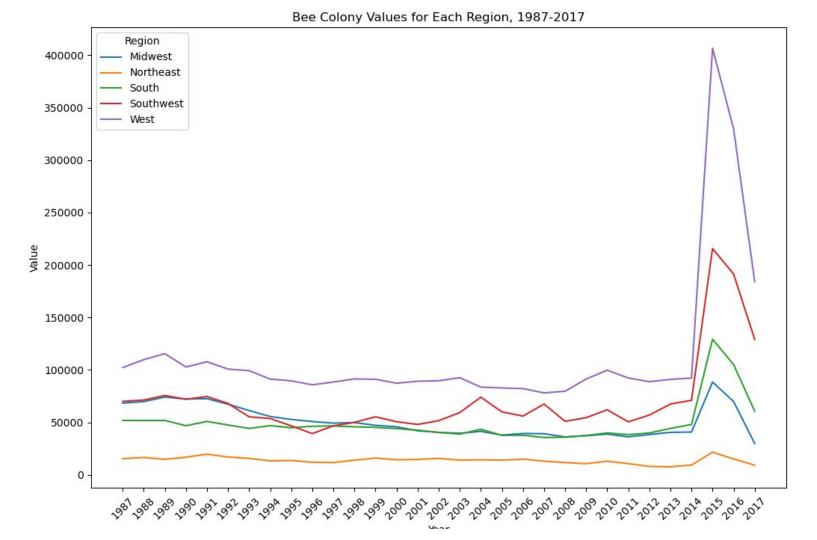


**Exploring the data - Bee Colony Populations** 

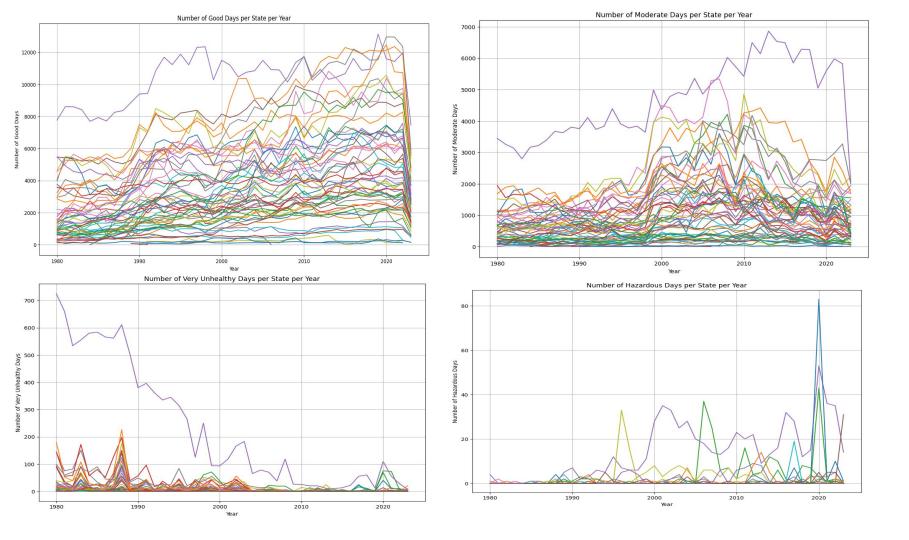


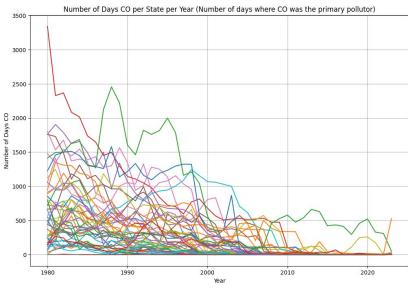


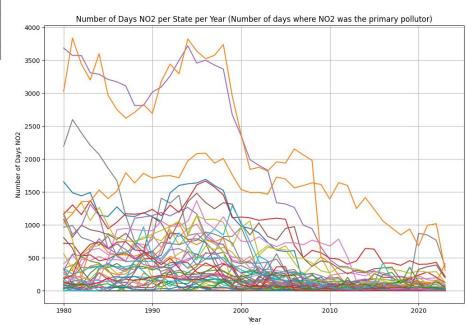


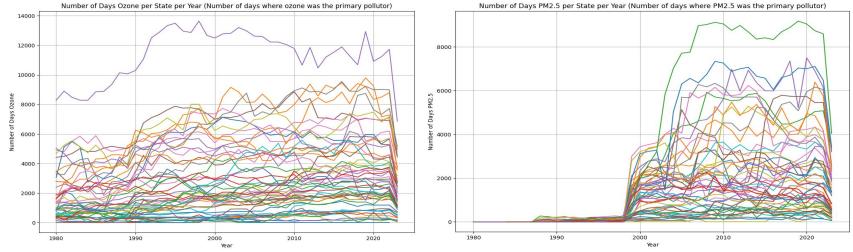


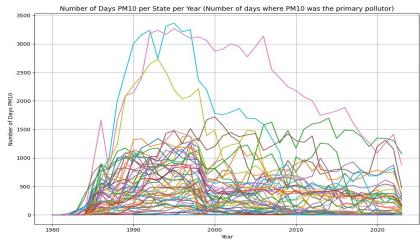
**Exploring the data - Air Quality** 

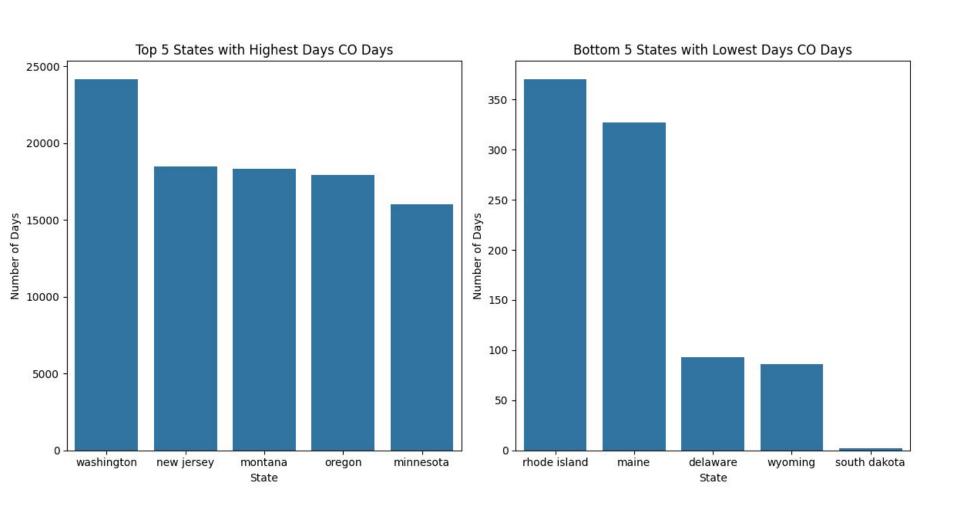


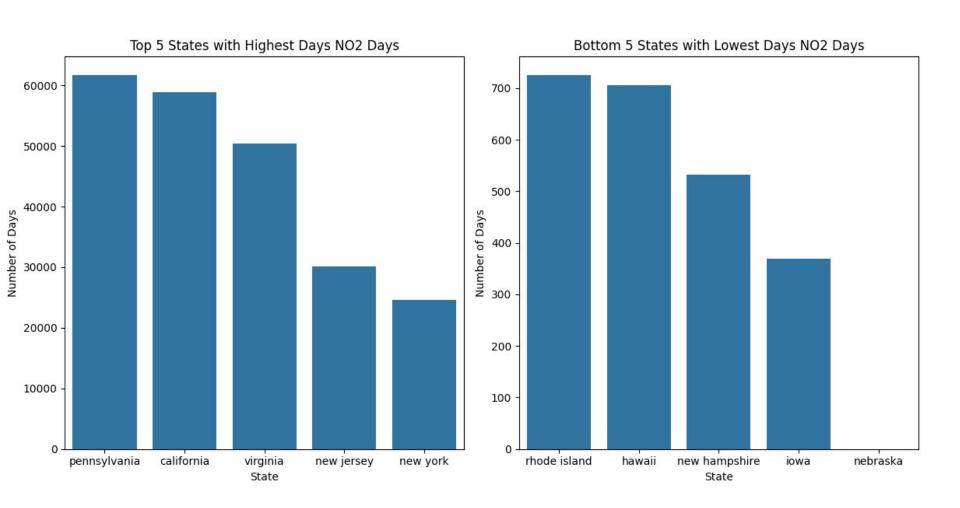


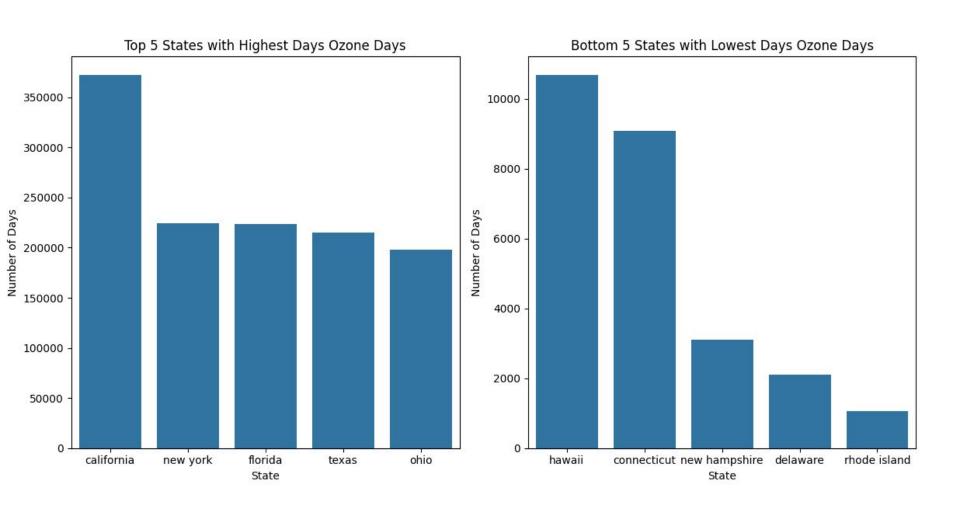


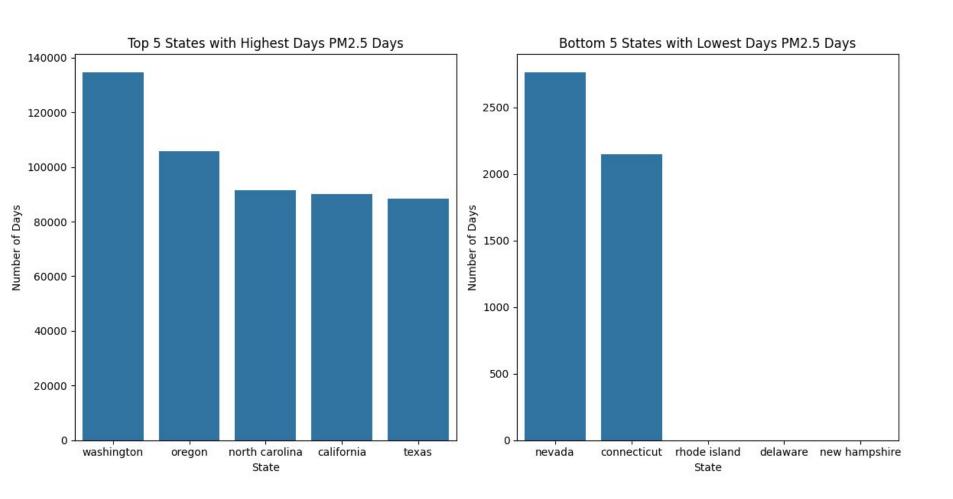


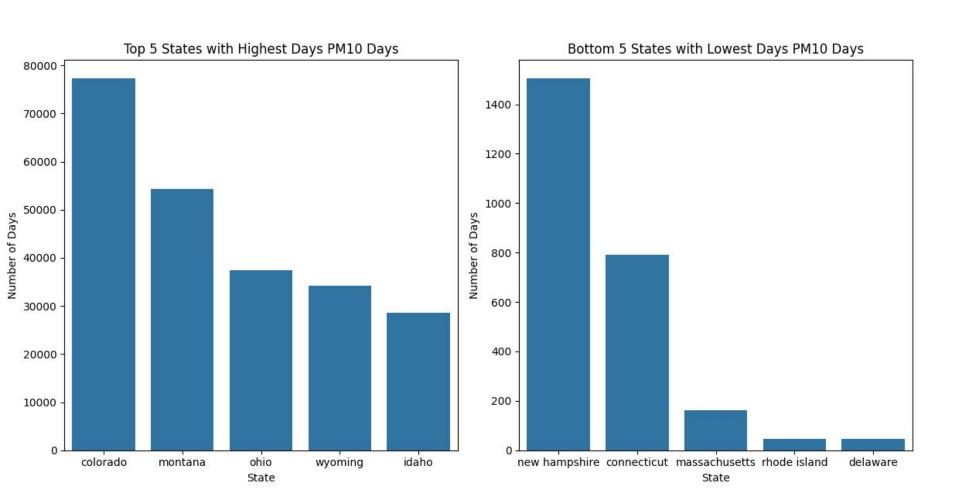












### Model, Evaluation and Interpretation

### **Linear Regression**

```
Root Mean Squared Error: 316651.77884869935
R-squared: 0.01718034841386784
Pollutants impact on Bee Colonies (sorted by impact):
    Pollutant Coefficient
3 Days PM2.5 415.753639
2 Days Ozone 355.479014
4 Days PM10 249.542403
1 Days NO2 59.869507
0 Days CO 19.553487
```

Random Forest Regression Model RMSE (testing data): 309866.742

R2 Score: 0.059

### **Conclusions & Recommendations**







## **Questions?**

