Pain and pleasure: Greek deformations on the botanical terminology of the ms. Vat. Lat. 4418

Marta Punsola Munárriz (IMF-CSIC) 2n Congrés Internacional d'ARDIT 20 de maig de 2015

Codex Vat. Lat. 4418

- Miscellaneous manuscript
- Italy, s. XI
- Caroline minuscule, several hands
- Medical content
- Personal use

Content of Vat. Lat. 4418

- Galenus, Ad Glauconem de medendi methodo L. I-II (ff. 1r-8v, 25r-48v, 9r-24r)
- Galenus, Liber tertius (ff. 24r-24v, 49r-67v)
- < Aurelius, De acutis passionibus > (ff. 67v-79v)
- <Aesculapius>, *Liber quintus* (ff. 80r-101v)
- Galenus, De podagra (ff. 101v-107v)
- Sapientia artis medicinae> (ff. 107v-109r)
- Vindicianus, Epistula ad Pentadium (ff. 109r-110r)

Content of Vat. Lat. 4418

- Item alia prognostica Ypocratis designis tysicorum et pleureticorum sic probabis (f. 110v)
- Pharmacopoeia (ff. 111r-143v)
- Medical and botanical glossary (ff. 143v-148v)
- Verses on the Egyptian days (f. 149r)
- Non identified work (f. 149v)
- Phlebotomy lunar calendar (f. 149v)
- *<Dynamidia L. I-III>* (ff. 150r-171r)

Knowledge of Greek medicine

- Latin medical and botanical terminology: Greek origin
- s. XI: recuperation of Greek medicine through Arabic works
- Importance of Latin translations, 2 neuralgic centres:
 - ➤ Salerno (Constantin the African)
 - ➤ Toledo (Gerard of Cremona)
- Fixation of a Latin specialised terminology
- Glossaries are not theoretical works, they are fundamentally practical tools

Vat. Lat. 4418: Medical and botanical glossary

- 576 glosses, 2 columns, alphabetical order
- Work of reference, prescriptive nature
- Content:
 - > medicinal plants
 - **minerals**
 - > animals and animal substances
- Notable presence of Greek words

Types of glosses

- atrafax (ἀτράφαξυς); iarim (ἰάριν); mirmix (μύρμηξ); ophis (ὄφις)
- meconus onigru idest papauer ortense; origanu idest colena; tridax idest lactuca
- hydor imbrion idest aqua pluuialis; stear idest ade[p]s porcinus
- amilu i*dest* tritici suc*us* q*uod* in estiuo componit*ur* te*mpor*e; querc*us* i*dest* a*r*bo*r* ferens glandes

Greek deformations and alterations

Most common phenomena

- > Iotacism
 - Loss of aspiration
 - Vocalic change
 - Devoicing and sonorantisation
- ➤ Paronymic attraction
- ➤ Change of gender
- Formation from the genitive
- False etymologies
- > Palaeographical errors

Anticrocu

- Gloss 35: **anticrocu** i*dest* flos a*m*buci
- Carthamus tinctorius L.
 ('safflower')
- Diosc. gr. 4, 188
 (gr. κνῆκος, 'yellow')
- ἄνθος κρόκφ ὅμοιον (κρόκος, 'saffron')



Concerion

- Gloss 142: **concerion**
- *Cichorium intybus* L. ('chicory')
- gr. κιχόρεια (Diosc. gr. 2, 132)
- cocurion .i. intuua (*Gloss*. III 555, 27)
- cocorion idest intuba agreste (*Gloss.* III 538, 5; 621, 33)
- cocerion .i. intiba agrestis (*Laud Herbal Gloss*. 396)
- concerion idest intiba agrestis
 (Vat. Lat. 4418)



Agus

- Gloss 81: **agus** i*dest* lenticula
- Lens culinaris Medik ('lentil')
- gr. φακός (Diosc. gr. 2, 107)
- Gloss 237: **facus** i*dest* lencula
- CORRECTION: [F]agus i*dest* lenticula Facus i*dest* len[ti]cula



Examples of doublets

- actis-hyctis (gr. ἀκτῆ) Sambucus nigra L. uel Sambucus ebulus L.
- cimofabion-cynocefalion (gr. κυνοκεφάλιον)
 Antirrhinum orontium L.
- eusenio-eozomon (gr. εὔζωμον) *Eruca vesicaria* L.
- canibri-kambris (gr. κράμβη) *Brassica* L.
- ediosmon-hydicismon (gr. ἡδύοσμον) Mentha silvestris L.
- criidi-krite (gr. κριθή) Hordeum sativum L.
- silomacar-xiloniacor (gr. ξυλόμακες) Rheum officinale L.

Conclusions

- Medical and botanical glossaries are a practical tool
- Objective: better understanding of the theory, deciphering obscure medical texts and their terminology

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