Java EE:

JavaServer Faces













Software University

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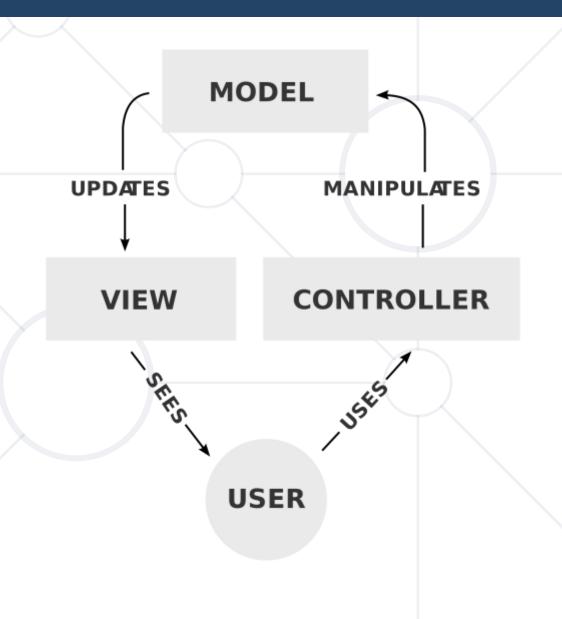
Model-View-Controller Overview

What is Model-View-Controller?(1)



MVC:

- Design pattern
- Uses three separate modules:
 - Model carries data
 - View shows user interface
 - Controller handles processing of an application

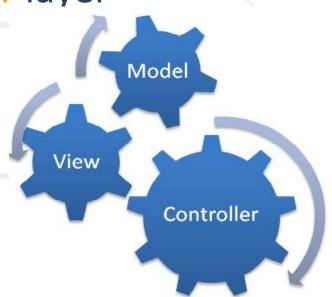


What is Model-View-Controller?(2)



- Purpose of MVC design pattern:
 - To separate model and presentation
 - Web designers have to concentrate only on view layer
 - Developers on model and controller layer







What are JavaServer Faces?(1)



- JavaServer Faces (JSF):
 - Java-based web application framework
 - Intended to simplify development integration of web-based user interfaces
 - Standardized display technology
 - Formalized in a specification through the Java Community

Process:

https://jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=372

What are JavaServer Faces?(2)



- JavaServer Faces (JSF):
 - MVC web framework
 - Simplifies the construction of User Interfaces (UI) for server-based applications
 - Uses reusable UI components in a page
 - Provides a facility to connect UI widgets:
 - With data sources
 - Server-side event handlers





What are JavaServer Faces?(3)



- The JSF specification defines:
 - Set of standard UI components
 - Provides an Application Programming Interface (API) for

developing components

- JSF enables:
 - Reuse of UI components
 - Extension of the existing standard UI components



What are JavaServer Faces?(4)



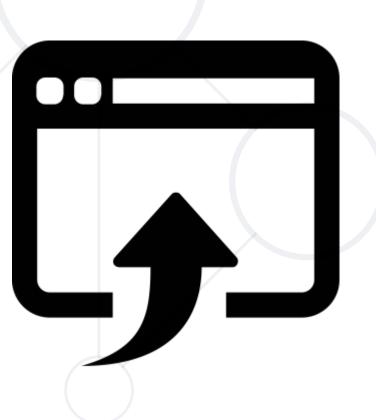
- JSF reduces the effort in:
 - creating applications
 - maintaining applications
- JSF facilitates Web application development by:
 - Providing reusable UI components
 - Making easy data transfer between UI components
 - Managing UI state across multiple server requests
 - Enabling implementation of custom components
 - Wiring client-side event to server-side application code



What are JavaServer Faces?(5)



- JSF provides the developers with the capability to create Web application from collections of UI components that can render themselves in different ways for multiple client types:
 - HTML browser.
 - Wireless device.
 - WAP device.





What are JavaServer Faces?(6)



- JSF provides:
 - Core library.
 - A set of base UI components standard HTML input elements.
 - Extension of the base UI components to create additional UI component libraries or to extend existing components.
 - Multiple rendering capabilities that enable JSF UI components to render themselves differently depending on the client types.



JSF Architecture(1)



- JSF application is:
 - Similar to any other Java technology-based web application
 - Runs in a Java servlet container
 - Contains:
 - JavaBeans components as models containing application-specific functionality and data
 - A custom tag library for:
 - Representing event handlers and validators
 - Rendering UI components



JSF Architecture(2)



- JSF application also contains:
 - UI components represented as stateful objects on the server
 - Server-side helper classes
 - Validators, event handlers, and navigation handlers
 - Application configuration resource file for configuring application resources



Managed Beans



- Managed Bean:
 - Regular Java Bean class registered with JSF
 - Managed by JSF framework
 - Contains:
 - Getter and setter methods
 - Business logic
 - Backing bean a bean that contains all the HTML form values
 - Works as Model for UI component
 - Can be accessed from JSF page





JSF and Managed Beans Examples

Hello World!(1)



web.xml

```
<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
<web-app xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
        xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee"
        xmlns:web="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_2_5.xsd"
        xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee
  http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_2_5.xsd"
        id="WebApp_ID" version="2.5">
   <welcome-file-list>
       <welcome-file>faces/index.xhtml</welcome-file>
   </welcome-file-list>
   <servlet>
       <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
       <servlet-class>javax.faces.webapp.FacesServlet
       <load-on-startup>1</load-on-startup>
   </servlet>
```

Hello World!(2)



```
web.xml
```

```
<servlet-mapping>
        <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
        <url-pattern>*.xhtml</url-pattern>
    </servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-mapping>
        <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
        <url-pattern>*.jsf</url-pattern>
   </servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-mapping>
        <servlet-name>Faces Servlet/servlet-name>
        <url-pattern>*.faces</url-pattern>
    </servlet-mapping>
    <servlet-mapping>
        <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
        <url-pattern>/faces/*</url-pattern>
   </servlet-mapping>
</web-app>
```

Hello World!(3)



HelloWorldBean.java

```
@Named
@RequestScoped
public class HelloWorld implements Serializable {
    private String message;
    public HelloWorld() {
        this.message = "Hello World!";
    public String getMessage() {
        return this.message;
    public void setMessage(String message) {
        this.message = message;
```

Hello World!(4)

</html>



index.xhtml <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> <!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd"> <html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"</pre> xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html"> <h:head> <title>JSF Demo</title> </h:head> <h:body> <h1>#{helloWorld.message}</h1> </h:body>

Register Users!(1)



RegisterUserBean.java

```
@Named
@RequestScoped
public class UserRegisterBean {
    private String username;
    private String password;
    private final UserRepository userRepository;
   @Inject
    public UserRegisterBean(UserRepository userRepository) {
       this.userRepository = userRepository;
    // Getters and Setters
    public void register() {
        User user = new User(this.username, this.password);
       this.userRepository.save(user);
```

Register Users!(2)



index.xhtml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE html
        PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"
        "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"</pre>
      xmlns:h="http://java.sun.com/jsf/html">
<h:head>
   <title>JSF Demo</title>
</h:head>
<h:body>
    <label for="usernameInput" />
    <h:outputText id="usernameInput" value="#{userRegisterBean.username}"/>
    <label for="passwordInput" />
    <input type="password" id="passwordInput" jsfc="h:inputSecret"</pre>
value="#{userRegisterBean.password}" />
    <h:commandButton value="Register" action="#{userRegisterBean.register}"/>
</h:body>
</html>
```

Summary



- MVC:
 - Model
 - View
 - Controller
- JavaServer Faces:
 - MVC web framework
- Managed Beans:
 - Java bean managed by JSF framework







Questions?











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