Templating

Creating UI elements with Handlebars

handlebars



SoftUni Team Technical Trainers









Software University

http://softuni.bg

Table of Contents



- 1. Templating Concepts
- 2. Simple Templating
- 3. Templating Engines
- 4. Handlebars Overview
- 5. Examples



Have a Question?





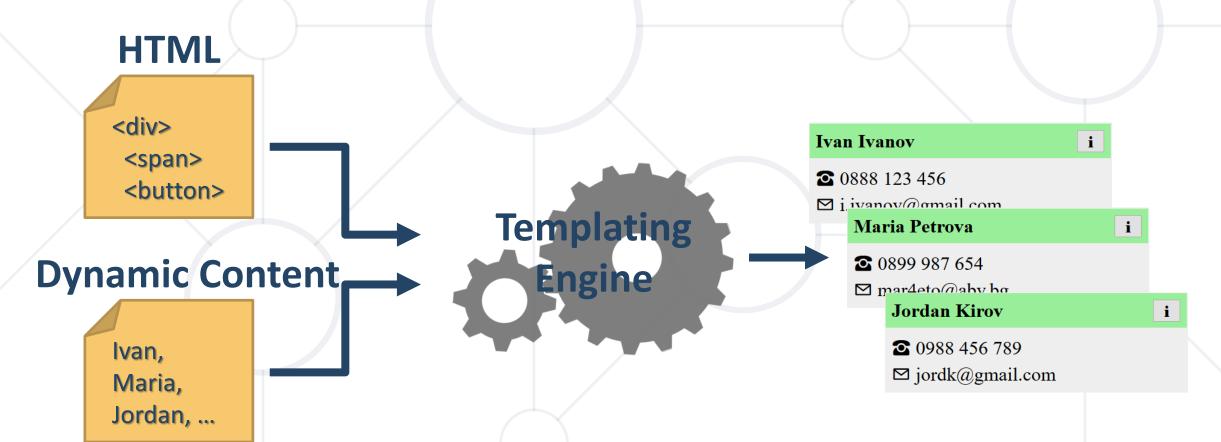


Templating Concepts Definition and Uses

What is Templating?



Templates allow similar content to be replicated in a web page,
 without repeating the corresponding markup everywhere



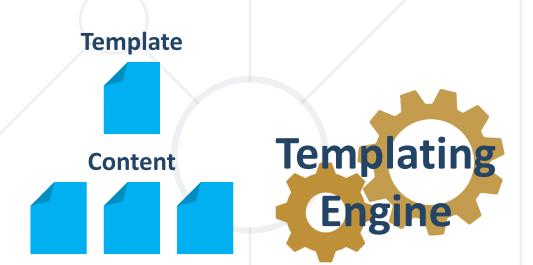
Templating Concepts

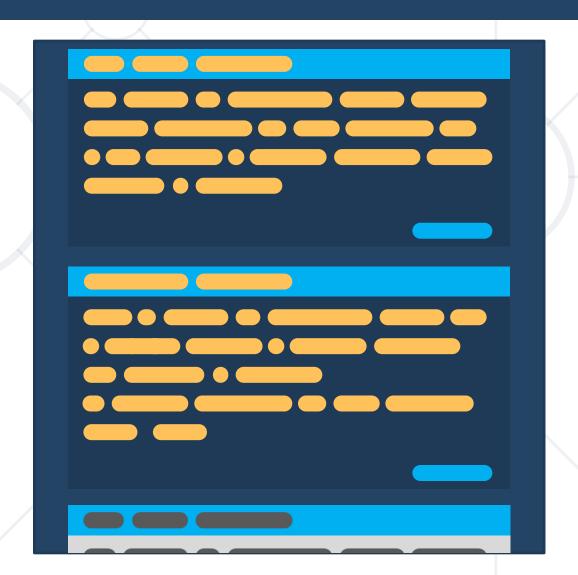


- The static parts of a webpage are stored as templates
- The dynamic content is kept separately (e.g. in a database)
- A templating engine combines the two
- Benefits:
 - Productivity avoid writing the same markup over and over
 - Save bandwidth send the HTML once, fill in any content
 - Composability a single element can be used on multiple pages



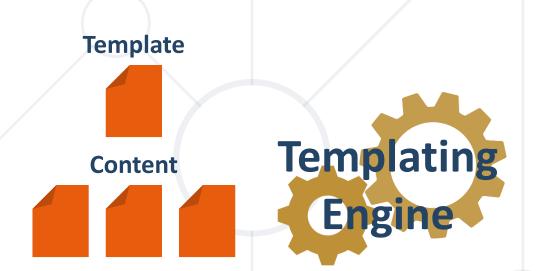
Display articles in a blog

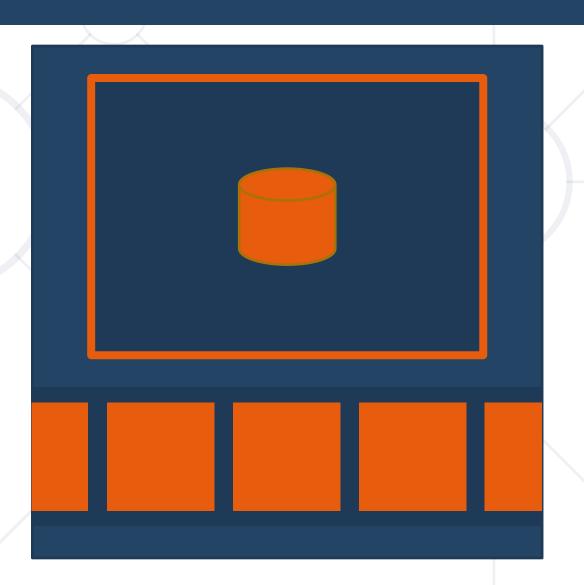






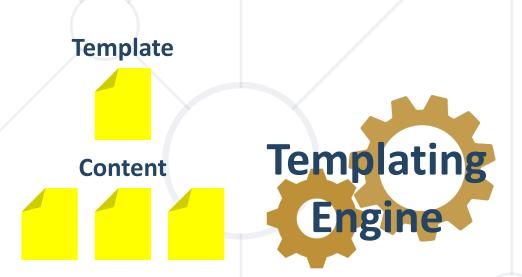
- Display articles in a blog
- Display a gallery of photos

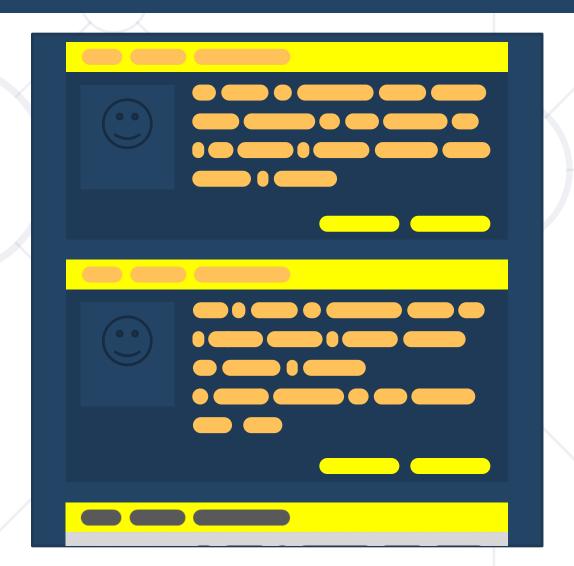






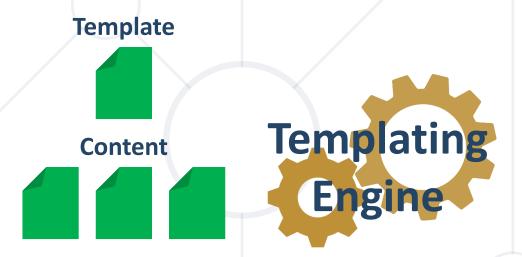
- Display articles in a blog
- Display a gallery of photos
- Visualize user profiles

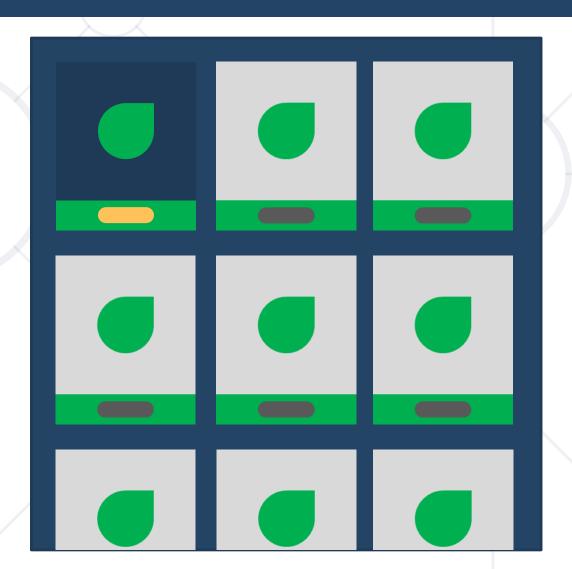






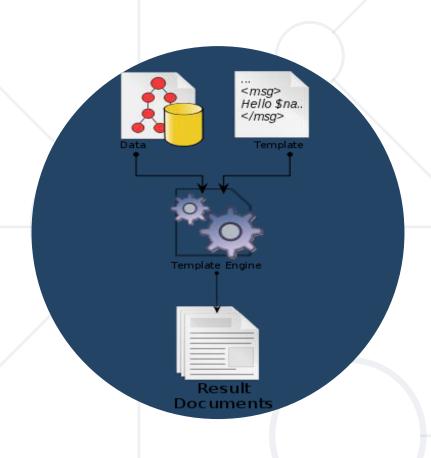
- Display articles in a blog
- Display a gallery of photos
- Visualize user profiles
- Show items in a catalog







Live Demo
Simple HTML Templating



Templating Engines Overview of Popular JS Libraries

Templating Engines









jQuery Templates







Mustache



Handlebars



Templating with Handlebars
Syntax and Examples

Overview



- Based on the Mustache specification
- Adds helper functions and nested context paths
- Uses double curly brace notation {{ }}



```
let source = $("#entry-template").html();
let template = Handlebars.compile(source);
let context = {
    title: "My New Post",
    body: "This is my first post!"

};
let html = template(context);
Populate with data
```

Installation



Download Handlebars using WebStorm's terminal

```
npm install --save handlebars
```

- Or download from <u>handlebarsjs.com</u>
- Browser builds will be located in

```
node_modules/handlebars/dist/
```

Use handlebars from an online CDN:

```
https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/handlebars.js/4.0.10/
handlebars.min.js
```

Note: It's best if your project has a package.json file

Hello Handlebars



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <title>Hello Handlebars</title>
 <!-- Include Handlebars distribution -->
</head>
<body>
<div id="app"></div>
<script>
 let template = Handlebars.compile('<h1>Hello {{name}}</h1>');
  let container = document.getElementById('app');
  container.innerHTML = template({ name: 'Handlebars' });
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

Expressions



- You can place your templates in a script element
 - Use type text/x-handlebars-template
 - Give the element an ID for easier use
- Anything inside double curly braces {{ }} will be evaluated
- Set the context by executing the template with an object
- Named identifiers will be looked up in the object's properties
- Handlebars supports conditional statements and other helpers

Simple Identifiers



```
<script id="contact-template"</pre>
        type="text/x-handlebars-template">
  <article>
    <div class="title">
      {{name}}
      <button>&#8505;</button>
    </div>
    <div class="info">
      <span>&phone; {{phone}}</span>
      <span>&#9993; {{email}}</span>
    </div>
  </article>
</script>
```

Compilation and Execution



Once loaded, a template must be compiled

```
let source = $("#contact-template").html();
let template = Handlebars.compile(source);
```

 Compiled templates are functions, that can be executed with what ever variables we need

```
let context = {
  name: 'Ivan Ivanov',
  phone: '0888 123 456',
  email: 'i.ivanov@gmail.com'
};
let html = template(context);
```

For-Loops



A template can be repeated for every entry in an array

```
    {{#each contacts}}
    {{name}}: {{email}}
    {{/each}}

The expression inside
the loop uses each
entry as context
```

Conditional Statements



```
{{#if sunny}}
The sky is clear
{{else}}
The sky is overcast
{{/if}}
```

Variable to check for truthiness

Partials



Partials are templates that can be inserted into other templates

```
let source = $("#contact-template").html();
Handlebars.registerPartial('contact', source);
                    Partial name
                                         Template as string
<div id="contacts">
  {{#each contacts}}
    {{> contact}}
                                 Partials are
  {{else}}
                             globally accessible
    <i>(empty)<i>
  {{/each}}
</div>
```

HTML Escaping



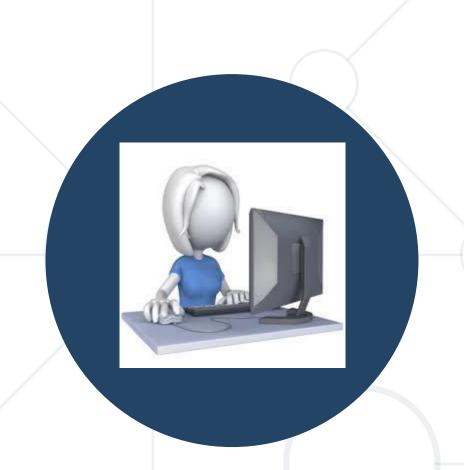
- By default, any strings that are evaluated will be HTML-escaped
- To prevent this, use the "triple-stash"

```
title: "All about  Tags"
body: "This is a post about <p&gt; tags"
```

```
<div class="entry">
  <h1>{{title}}</h1>
  <div class="body">
     {{body}}}
  </div>
</div>
```



Live Demo Templating with Handlebars



Live Exercises in Class (Lab) Practice: Templating

Summary



- Templates speed up and simplify the development process
- Handlebars offers effective templates and simple helper functions

```
<div class="entry">
   <h1>{{ title }}</h1>
   <div class="body">
      {{ body }}
   </div>
</div>
```



```
<div class="entry">
  <h1>My New Post</h1>
  <div class="body">
    This is my first post!
  </div>
</div>
```



Questions?











SoftUni





SoftUni Diamond Partners





























SoftUni Organizational Partners













Trainings @ Software University (SoftUni)



- Software University High-Quality Education and Employment Opportunities
 - softuni.bg
- Software University Foundation
 - http://softuni.foundation/
- Software University @ Facebook
 - facebook.com/SoftwareUniversity
- Software University Forums
 - forum.softuni.bg





License



This course (slides, examples, demos, videos, homework, etc.) is licensed under the "<u>Creative Commons Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 4.0 International</u>" license

