COMP 4621
Lab Tutorial #4

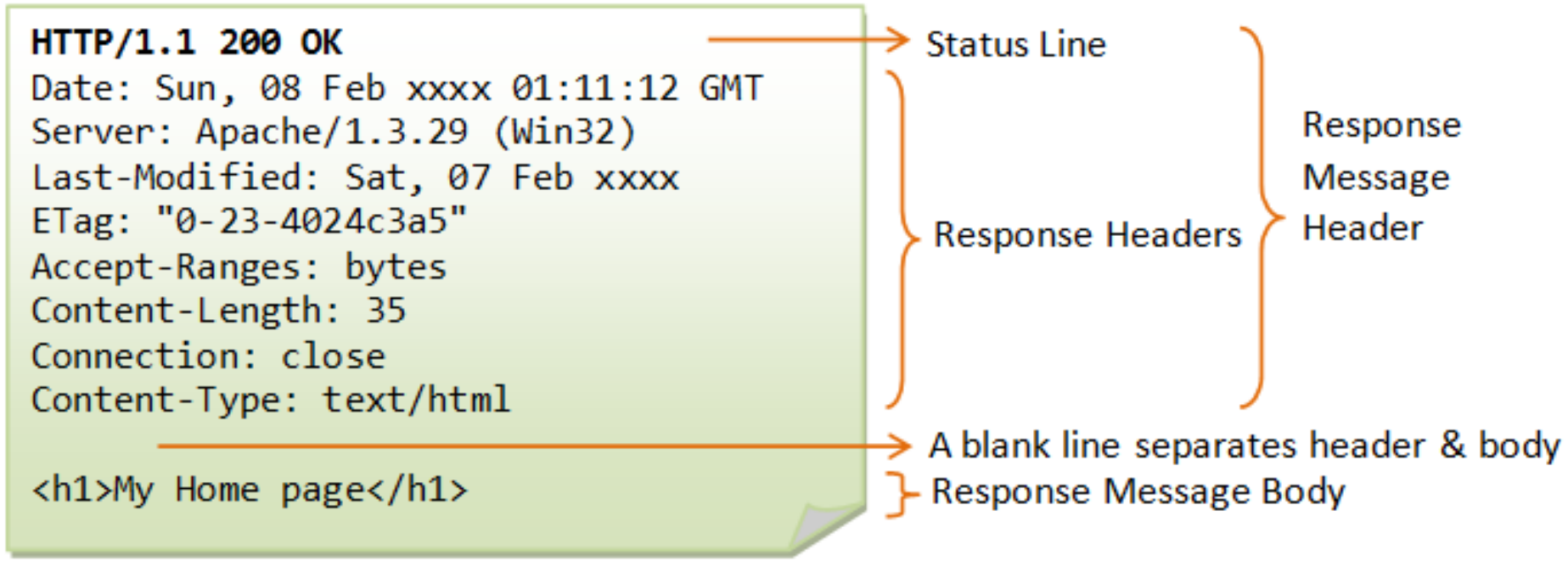
Spring 2015

Quick review

- Lab 1. Basic concepts and UDP socket
- Lab 2. TCP socket
- Lab 3. HTTP programming, multithreading
- Lab 4. HTTP Range Request, programming project

HTTP Response

- Web server attaches web content with HTTP response



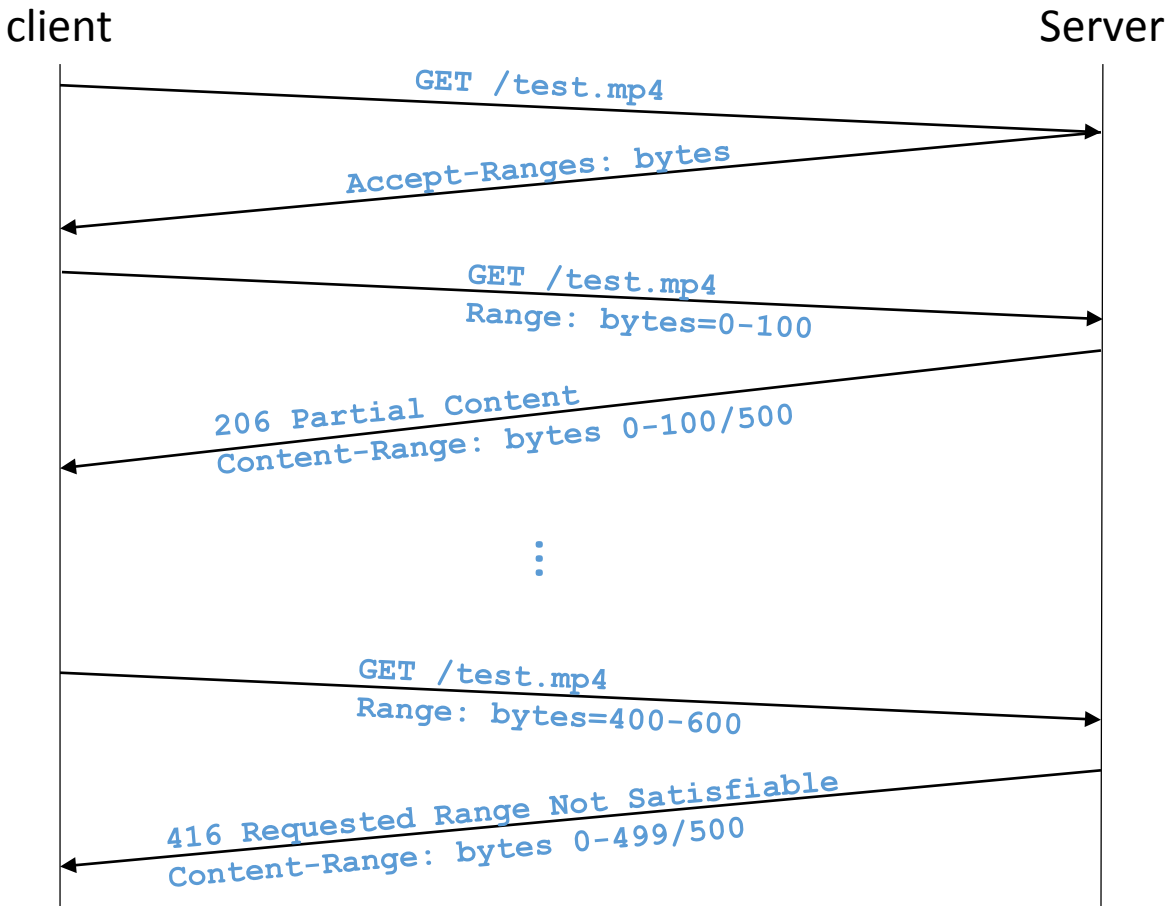
Some drawbacks…

- What if the content is a very large file, *e.g.*, a video
  - Bandwidth issues
  - Bad user experience

- Solutions?
  - HTTP Range Request
  - HTTP progressive download
  - Other Streaming protocols

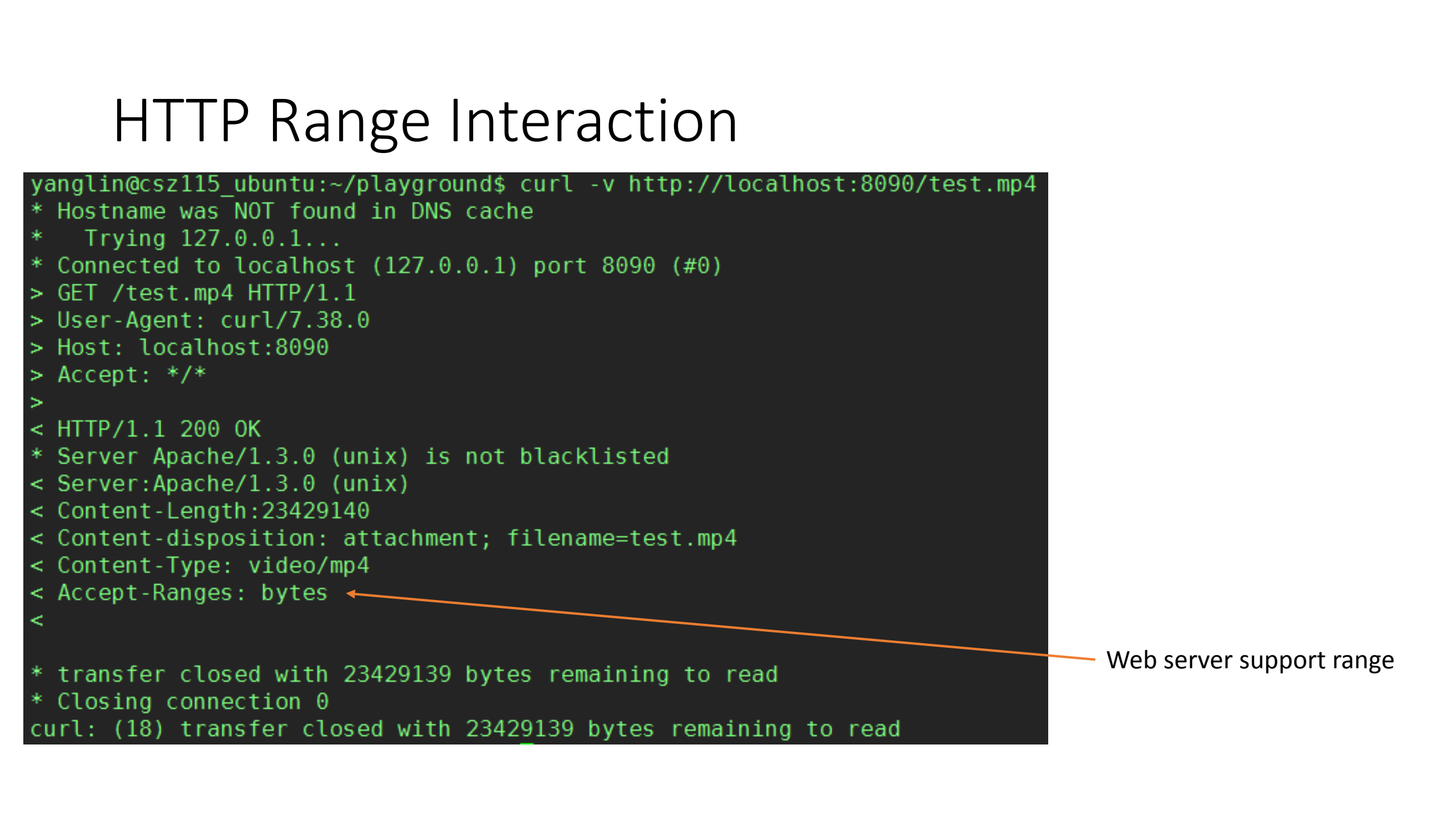
HTTP Range

- New in HTTP/1.1
- Only a portion of web content is responded from a server to a client.



HTTP Range Interaction

```
yanglin@csz115_ubuntu:~/playground$ curl -v http://localhost:8090/test.mp4
* Hostname was NOT found in DNS cache
*   Trying 127.0.0.1...
* Connected to localhost (127.0.0.1) port 8090 (#0)
> GET /test.mp4 HTTP/1.1
> User-Agent: curl/7.38.0
> Host: localhost:8090
> Accept: */*
>
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
* Server Apache/1.3.0 (unix) is not blacklisted
< Server:Apache/1.3.0 (unix)
< Content-Length:23429140
< Content-disposition: attachment; filename=test.mp4
< Content-Type: video/mp4
< Accept-Ranges: bytes
<

* transfer closed with 23429139 bytes remaining to read
* Closing connection 0
curl: (18) transfer closed with 23429139 bytes remaining to read
```



HTTP Range Interaction

```
yanglin@csz115_ubuntu:~/playground/comp4621$ curl -v -r 0-1000 http://localhost:8090/test.mp4 -o part_1
* Hostname was NOT found in DNS cache
*   Trying 127.0.0.1...
  % Total    % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time  Current
                                 Dload  Upload   Total   Spent    Left  Speed
  0     0    0     0    0     0      0      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:--     0* Connected to localhost (1
> GET /test.mp4 HTTP/1.1
> Range: bytes=0-1000
> User-Agent: curl/7.38.0
> Host: localhost:8090
> Accept: */*
>
< HTTP/1.1 206 Partial Content
< Content-Type: video/mp4
< Content-Length: 1001
< Connection: keep-alive
* Server Apache/1.3.0 (unix) is not blacklisted
< Server:Apache/1.3.0 (unix)
< Content-disposition: attachment; filename=test.mp4
< Accept-Ranges: bytes
< Content-Range: bytes 0-1000/46858280
<
{ [data not shown]
100  1001  100  1001    0     0   197k      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:--  244k
* Connection #0 to host localhost left intact
```

Request 0~1000 bytes

Reply with first 1K bytes
Available range: 23MB

A Useful tool: curl

- curl is a client to get documents/files from or send documents to a server, using any of the supported protocols (HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, GOPHER, DICT, TELNET, LDAP or FILE).

- Some examples

```
curl -v http://localhost:8090/
curl -v -r 0-1000 http://localhost:8090/test.mp4 -o part_1
```

url to get

Verbose, show all request and reply

Range, only request a range of file

  - *More can be find in curl --help*

Practice

- Implement HTTP range based on the webserver in tutorial 3

- More references about HTTP range request:
  - http://www.cyberciti.biz/cloud-computing/http-status-code-206-commad-line-test/
  - http://benramsey.com/blog/2008/05/206-partial-content-and-range-requests/

Programming Project

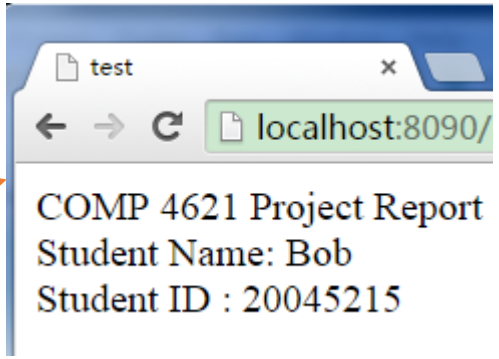
- A simple Web Server:
  - Handle basic request of web page (tutorial #1-3)
  - Handle multiple requests simultaneously (tutorial #3)
  - Handle request of downloading large file with HTTP Range(tutorial #4)

Programming Project

- If client requests a default page, then replies with a simple web page, which shows your name and student ID.

```
yanglin@csz115_ubuntu:~/playground/comp4621$ curl -v http://localhost:8090/
* Hostname was NOT found in DNS cache
*   Trying 127.0.0.1...
* Connected to localhost (127.0.0.1) port 8090 (#0)
> GET / HTTP/1.1
> User-Agent: curl/7.38.0
> Host: localhost:8090
> Accept: */*
>
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
<  Connection:close
<  Date: Mon, 23 Feb 2009 14:23:00 GMT
* Server Apache/1.3.0 (unix) is not blacklisted
< Server:Apache/1.3.0 (unix)
<  Content-Length:135
< Content-Type: text/html
* no chunk, no close, no size. Assume close to signal end
<
* Closing connection 0
<html><head><title>test</title></head><body>COMP 4621 Project Report<br>Student Name: Bob <br>
```

Requesting default webpage



Programming Project …

- If the client requests **“test.mp4”** *(hardcode this name in your code)*, then show support of HTTP range

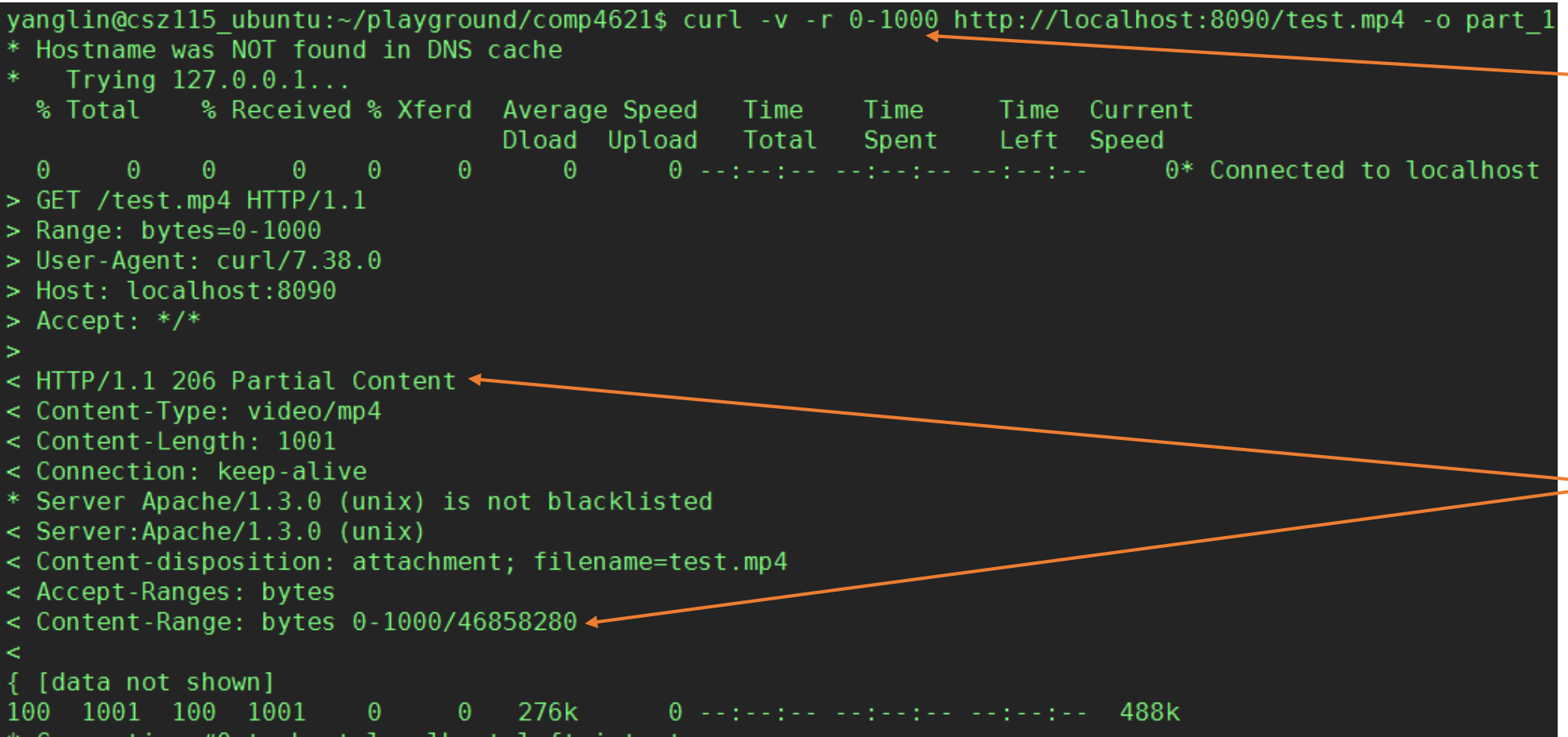
```
yanglin@csz115_ubuntu:~/playground/comp4621$ curl -v http://localhost:8090/test.mp4
* Hostname was NOT found in DNS cache
*   Trying 127.0.0.1...
* Connected to localhost (127.0.0.1) port 8090 (#0)
> GET /test.mp4 HTTP/1.1
> User-Agent: curl/7.38.0
> Host: localhost:8090
> Accept: */*
>
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
* Server Apache/1.3.0 (unix) is not blacklisted
< Server:Apache/1.3.0 (unix)
< Content-Length:46858280
< Content-disposition: attachment; filename=test.mp4
< Content-Type: video/mp4
< Accept-Ranges: bytes
<

* transfer closed with 46858279 bytes remaining to read
* Closing connection 0
curl: (18) transfer closed with 46858279 bytes remaining to read
```

Requesting a video file

Indicating support of HTTP range

Programming Project …

- If the client requests “test.mp4” with a valid range request, then replies specified data range



Requesting a range

Return specified range

Programming Project …

- If client request an invalid range, then return 416 Requested Range Not Satisfiable, use *Content-Range header* to indicate valid range

```
yanglin@csz115_ubuntu:~/playground/comp4621$ curl -v -r 1001-46858299 http://localhost:8090/test.mp4 -o part_2
* Hostname was NOT found in DNS cache
*   Trying 127.0.0.1...
  % Total    % Received % Xferd  Average Speed   Time    Time     Time  Current
                                 Dload  Upload   Total   Spent    Left  Speed
  0     0    0     0    0     0      0      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:--     0* Connected to localhost (127.0.0.1)
> GET /test.mp4 HTTP/1.1
> Range: bytes=1001-46858299
> User-Agent: curl/7.38.0
> Host: localhost:8090
> Accept: */*
>
< HTTP/1.1 416 Requested Range Not Satisfiable
< Content-Type: video/mp4
< Connection: keep-alive
* Server Apache/1.3.0 (unix) is not blacklisted
< Server:Apache/1.3.0 (unix)
< Content-disposition: attachment; filename=test.mp4
< Accept-Ranges: bytes
< Content-Range: bytes 0-46858279
* no chunk, no close, no size. Assume close to signal end
<
{ [data not shown]
  0     0    0     0    0     0      0      0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:--     0
* Closing connection 0
```

Requesting a range

Return error and valid range

Submission Requirement

- A folder named as “name_studentID”, which should include
  - All source code (.java)
  - A two-page project report (Times New Roman, 11pts, single column)
  - No need to submit test.mp4, just hardcode this file name in your source code, *e.g.,*

```
if (strReqTarget.equals("/test.mp4")) { … }
```

- The project report should explain:
  - Structure of your code, give explanation for import functions
  - How to handle multiple HTTP requests simultaneously?
  - How to handle HTTP request of webpage?
  - How to handle HTTP Range requests?

Please paste your test result with curl in your report

Marking scheme

- Handle request of web page correctly (20%)
- Handle multiple requests simultaneously (20%)
- Handle request of Range appropriately (30%)
  - Support of range (10%)
  - Handle valid range request (10%)
  - Handle invalid range request (10%)
- Project report (30%)

Implementation

- You may start with webserver example we have implemented in lab tutorial 3
- Some more functions need to implement:
  - Parse HTTP Request
  - Parse Range-related header
  - Implement HTTP range

- **Note:**
  - When you access the test.mp4, please use a relative path, i.e., ./test.mp4
  - Do not package your code

Q&A