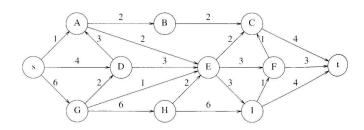
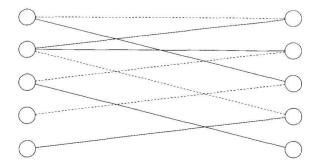
GRAPHS

9.1 Find a topological ordering of the graph:



- **9.2** If a stack is used instead of a queue for the topological sort algorithm, does a different ordering result? Why might one data structure give a "better" answer?
- **9.13** A bipartite graph, G = (V, E), is a graph such that V can be partitioned into two subsets V_1 and V_2 and no edge has both its vertices in the same subset. See the figure below.

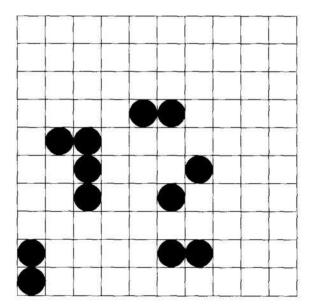


- (a) Show that every tree is a bipartite graph.
- (b) Give a linear algorithm to determine whether a graph is bipartite.
- (c) The bipartite matching problem is to find the largest subset E' of E such that no vertex is included in more than one edge. A matching of four edges (indicated by dashed edges) as shown in the figure above. There is a matching of five edges, which is maximum. Show how the bipartite matching problem can be used to solve the following problem: We have

a set of instructors, a set of courses, and a list of courses that each instructor is qualified to teach. If no instructor is required to teach more than one course, and only one instructor may teach a given course, what is the maximum number of courses that can be offered?

- **9.45** Consider an $N \times N$ grid in which some squares are occupied by black circles. Two squares belong to the same group if they share a common edge. In the figure below, there is one group of four occupied squares, three groups of two occupied squares, and two individual occupied squares. Assume that the grid is represented by a two-dimensional array. Outline an algorithm in 1–2 sentences that does the following:
 - (a) Computes the size of a group when a square in the group is given.
 - (b) Compute the number of different groups.

(c) List all groups.



9.51 The input is a collection of currencies and their exchange rates. Is there a sequence of exchanges that makes money instantly? For instance, if the currencies are X, Y, and Z and the exchange rate is 1X equals 2Ys, 1Y equals 2Zs, and 1X equals 3Zs, then 300Zs will buy 100Xs, which in turn will buy 200Ys, which in turn will buy 400Zs. We have thus made a profit of 33 percent. State the general idea and you are not required to even outline the algorithm steps.