App Monitoring

App Monitoring Metrics and Data, Types, Prometheus Tool, Alerting, Alertmanager, Visualization, Grafana

Technical Trainers SoftUni Team







Software University

Have a Question?





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What is Application Monitoring?



 Application monitoring == the process of tracking and measuring the performance, availability and user experience of software application in real time

 Goal: ensure that apps are running smoothly and identify and resolve any performance or availability issues

 Application monitoring is not an easy job due to the dynamic nature of cloud environments

App Monitoring Metrics and Data



- Application monitoring involves collecting metrics and other data related to the performance of the app and the overall infrastructure
 - This can include information such as CPU and memory usage, network traffic, etc.
- When data is collected, it can be analyzed to indicate issues or potential problems
- Alerts can be set up to notify when thresholds are exceeded or specific events occur

Types of App Monitoring (1)



- Uptime / availability monitoring
 - Continuously poll the app to confirm that it's up and responding to the requests it receives
- Performance monitoring
 - Ensure your software launches fast and responds to commands in a timely manner
- Error monitoring
 - Keep an eye on errors and their frequency

Types of App Monitoring (2)



- Log monitoring
 - Collect and analyze logs from various sources
- Database monitoring
 - Examine the communication between the app and its database,
 as well as the database performance
- Security monitoring
 - Look out for malware signatures and flag anomalous or suspicious system activity

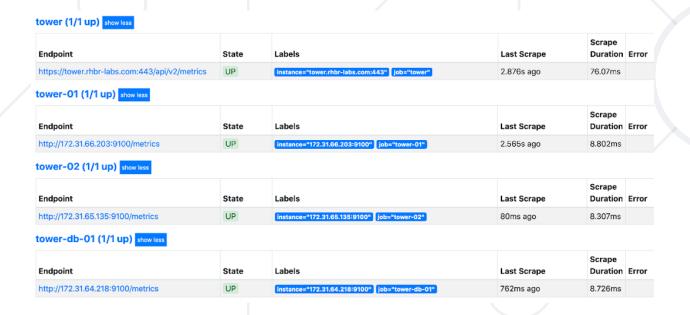
Monitoring Rooms

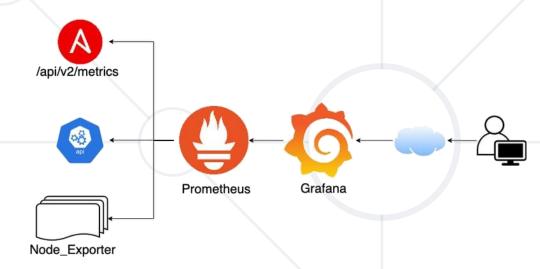


- Software monitoring rooms (Network Operations Centers) are facilities, where engineers monitor and manage software systems and networks
- Engineers typically use
 - Large screens to monitor the systems health in real-time
 - Alarms in case of emergency / downtime
 - Notifications: Slack / SMS / email / phone calls / etc.

App Monitoring Tools – Prometheus + Grafana Software University

- App monitoring data is often collected using specialized monitoring tools
- Prometheus is a monitoring tool for storing time series data like metrics and Grafana visualizes this data







More App Monitoring Tools



- Datadog
 - Provides comprehensive end-to-end visibility
- New Relic
 - Cloud-based monitoring tool
- Instana
 - Al-powered observability platform
- Nagios
 - Highly customizable open-source monitoring tool
- And many more...











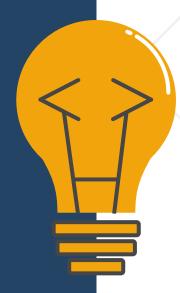
Prometheus

Collect and Monitor App Data and Send Alerts

What is Prometheus?



- An open-source toolkit for monitoring and alerting,
 designed to collect and store metrics from various sources
- Gains real-time insights into the health of an infrastructure
 - Helps quickly identify and resolve issues
- Integrates well with cloud-native environments and modern software systems
- Live demo: https://prometheus.demo.do.prometheus.io

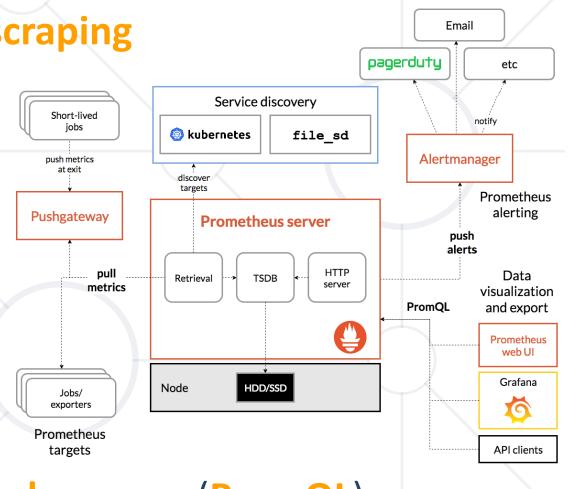


How Does Prometheus Work?



 Prometheus works by continuously scraping (pulling) metrics data from target systems at regular intervals

- Can scrape applications, servers, containers, databases, etc.
- Data is stored in a time-series database and visualized with tools like Grafana
- The database can be queried and analyzed using the Prometheus query language (PromQL)
- An alerting system may also be configured to send notifications





- Use pre-built exporters
 - Standalone apps or services that collect metrics from various sources and expose them to Prometheus
 - Examples: Node Exporter (Linux machines), Blackbox exporter (external services)
- Instrument your app
 - Use client libraries to collect and expose custom app metrics
- Using the Pushgateway
 - Allows you to push metrics to a centralized gateway, which Prometheus can scrape

Prometheus Data Model



14.04

- When Prometheus collects metrics data from a system, it organizes the data into individual time series (data point + timestamp)
- Data points are key-value pairs
 - The key is called metric and describes
 what you are measuring (for example CPU rate or memory usage)
 - The value stores the actual measurement value, as a number
- You can also provide more details to your metrics using labels (optional key-value pairs)
 - cpu_usage {core="1", ip="128.0.0.1"}

 Key

 Metadata

 Metadata
 14.04

 Value

cpu_usage

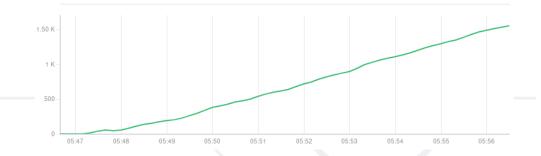
For example, if you want to describe CPU rate for a specific core

Metric Types (1)



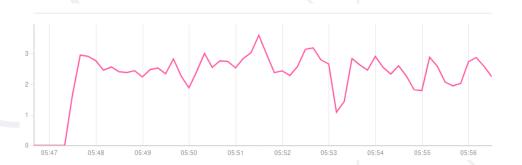
Counter

 Only goes up or resets on restart, e.g., tasks completed, requests served



Gauge

 Can go up and down, e.g., temperature, requests



Metric Types (2)



Histogram

 Counts observations (e.g., request durations) in configurable buckets and provides a sum of all values



Summary

 Like histogram, but calculates configurable quantiles over a sliding time window



Components (1)



Instance

- An endpoint that can be scraped
- Usually corresponds to a single process

Job

- A collection of instances
- Instances should have the same purpose

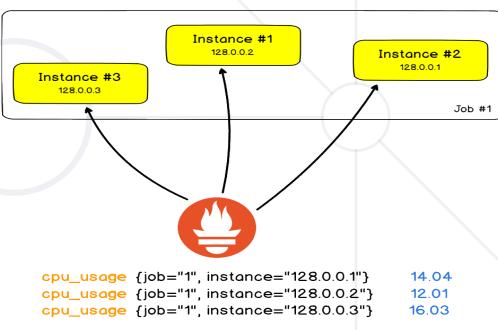
Example

```
job: api-server
  instance 1: 1.2.3.4:5670
  instance 2: 1.2.3.4:5671
  instance 3: 5.6.7.8:5670
  instance 4: 5.6.7.8:5671
```

Components (2)



- When a target is scraped, two additional labels are attached job and instance
- Each instance scrape adds a sample to a set of system time series
 - A sample is a single value at a point in time in a time series
 - It consists of a float64 value and a millisecond-precision timestamp



Prometheus Configuration



- Prometheus is configured via command-line flags and a configuration file
- Configuration file is used to control scraping and rules
 - It is in YAML format
- Flags are used to configure immutable system parameters like storage location, amount, etc.

```
qlobal:
  scrape interval: 1m
  scrape timeout: 10s
  evaluation interval: 1m
scrape_configs:
- job name: prometheus
  honor timestamps: true
  scrape interval: 1m
  scrape_timeout: 10s
  metrics_path: /metrics
  scheme: http
                           PS D:\Program Files\Prometheus-2.44.0> ./prometheus
                           usage: prometheus.exe [<flags>]
  static configs:
                           The Prometheus monitoring server
  - targets:
    - 65.19.71.11:9090
                             -h, --[no-]help
                                                            Show context-sensitive help (also try
                                                            --help-long and --help-man).
                                 --[no-]version Sho
--config.file="prometheus.yml"
                                                            Show application version.
                                                            Prometheus configuration file path.
                                 --web.listen-address="0.0.0.0:9090"
                                                            Address to listen on for UI, API, and
                                 --web.config.file=""
                                                            [EXPERIMENTAL] Path to configuration file that
                                                            can enable TLS or authentication.
                                 --web.read-timeout=5m
                                                            Maximum duration before timing out read of the
                                                            request, and closing idle connections.
                                 --web.max-connections=512
                                                           Maximum number of simultaneous connections.
                                 --web.external-url=<URL>
                                                            The URL under which Prometheus is externally
                                                            reachable (for example, if Prometheus is served
                                                            via a reverse proxy). Used for generating
                                                            relative and absolute links back to Prometheus
                                                            itself. If the URL has a path portion, it will
                                                            be used to prefix all HTTP endpoints served by
                                                           Prometheus. If omitted, relevant URL components
                                                            will be derived automatically.
                                 --web.route-prefix=<path>
                                                           Prefix for the internal routes of
                                                            web endpoints. Defaults to path of
                                                            --web.external-url.
                                 --web.user-assets=<path>
                                                           Path to static asset directory, available at
```



Live Demo

Install Prometheus



Live Demo

Prometheus and Blackbox Exporter:

Run Prometheus Server that Monitors softuni.org

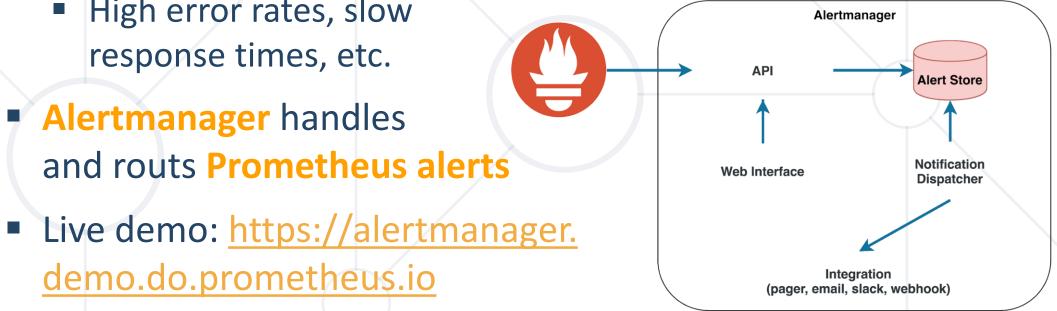


Alerting Configure and Receive Notifications with Alertmanager

Alerting and Alertmanager



- Alerting is a component of a monitoring system that performs actions based on changes in metric values
- Involves setting up rules or conditions that trigger alerts or notifications when specific events or issues occur in the app
 - High error rates, slow response times, etc.
- demo.do.prometheus.io

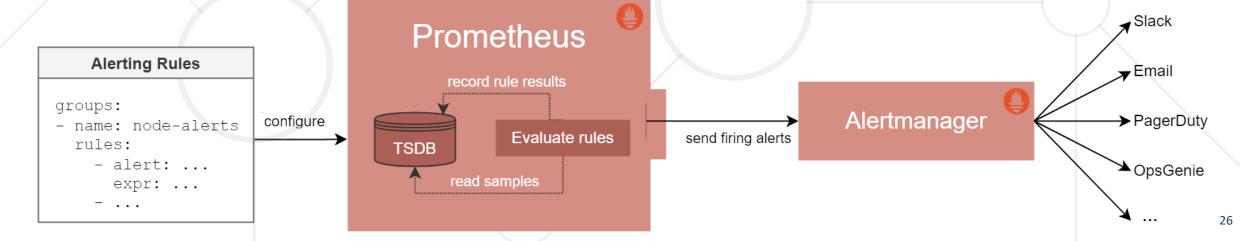


Alerting with Alertmanager



- Separated into two parts
 - Alerting rules in Prometheus servers send alerts to an Alertmanager
 - Alertmanager manages alerts including silencing (mute), inhibition (suppress), aggregation (group) and sending out notifications

 Notification methods: email, on-call notification systems, chat platforms



Alertmanager Configuration



- Alertmanager is configured via command-line flags and a configuration file
 - The configuration file is in YAML format
- It defines inhibition rules, notification routing and notification receivers

- ! alertmanager.yml D: > Program Files > Alertmanager-0.25.0 > alertmanager.yml route: group by: ['alertname'] group wait: 30s group interval: 5m repeat interval: 1h receiver: 'web.hook' receivers: - name: 'web.hook' webhook configs: - url: 'http://127.0.0.1:5001/' inhibit rules: 11 - source match: 12 severity: 'critical' target match: 14 severity: 'warning' 15 equal: ['alertname', 'dev', 'instance'] 16
- The "alertmanager.yaml" file we have, defines how to route, receive and manage Prometheus alerts



Live Demo

Install Alertmanager



Live Demo

Prometheus and Alertmanager: Create Alerts for Prometheus Metrics



Grafana

Open-source Analytics & Monitoring Solution

What is Grafana?



- Grafana is a complete observability stack
- Allows users to visualize and analyze data (metrics, logs, etc.) from various sources in real-time
- You can also create flexible dashboards and alerts
- Offered in 3 variants: open source, cloud and enterprise
- Supports plugins and extensions for additional functionalities and integration with other tools
- Live demo: https://play.grafana.org/

Dashboards



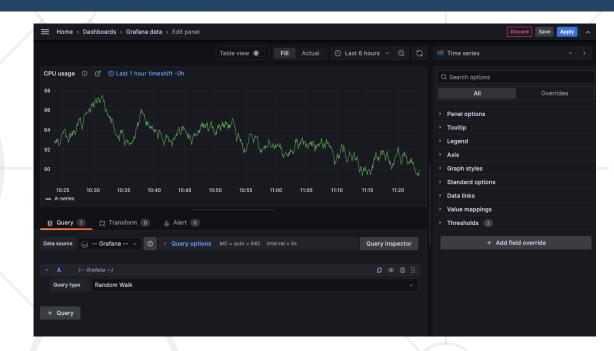
 Grafana dashboard == a collection of panels that display data from one or more data sources



Panels



- Panel == a visualization of a metric or set of metrics
 - Types
 - Graphs
 - Tables
 - Gauges
 - Singlestat



- Panels connect via query to a data source that you want to visualize
- Grafana provides many options for customizing the way data is displayed in a panel
- There are different panel layout options for customizing dashboards



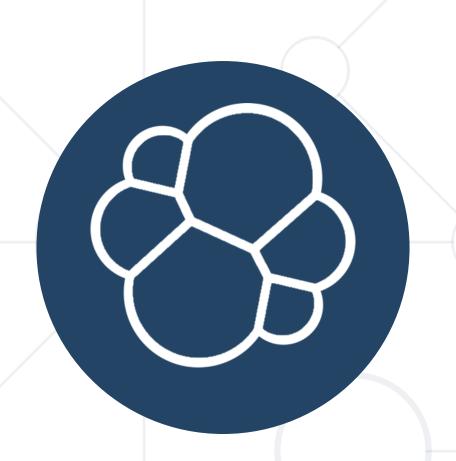
Live Demo

Install Grafana



Live Demo

Grafana and Prometheus:
Visualize Metrics in a Dashboard



Elastic Stack

Flexible search and monitoring solution

What is Elastic Stack?



- Elastic Stack == set of open-source products, designed to
 - Help users take data in any kind of format from any type of source
 - Search, analyze and visualize this data
- Enables log management, monitoring and analysis
 - Detects anomalies in app performance



Components



Elasticsearch

Log management

Logstash

Centralizing, transforming and storing logs

Kibana

- Visualizing and exploring data, using dashboards
- Enables system performance monitoring

Beats

 Collect and send various types of data from servers, systems and apps to different destinations

Summary



- Application monitoring tracks and measures performance, availability and user experience of software apps
- The Prometheus monitoring tool stores metrics
- Alerting in a monitoring system takes action based on metric value changes
- Alertmanager manages and routes Prometheus alerts
- Grafana offers real-time visualization and analysis of Prometheus data
- ElasticStack is a powerful set of tools for collecting, storing and analyzing data, providing monitoring of apps and systems





Questions?

















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