# **POLARIS Quickstart Guide**

### **Download**

Download zip package from the homepage or clone the github repository via: git clone https://github.com/polaris-MCRT/POLARIS.git

**HINT**: It is recommended to clone the git repository into the home directory. If downloaded from the homepage, extract the zip file into the home directory via: unzip -q POLARIS-master.zip -d ~/

# Requirements

The following packages are required for the installation:

- gcc (preferred), icc, or clang++
- cmake (preferred), or ninja
- python3 (packages: numpy, setuptools)

### Installation

• Open a terminal/console and move into the POLARIS directory:

cd /YOUR/POLARIS/PATH/

• Run the installation script:

```
./compile.sh -f
```

For the first installation, the option -f is required. For more information, type:

```
./compile.sh -h
```

#### Start a simulation

POLARIS is shipped with a prebuild grid and command files to perform example simulations. The (binary) grid file grid.dat of an example disk can be found in projects/disk/. The command files .cmd of the temperature, thermal emission, and scattered stellar emission can be found in

- projects/disk/example/temp/,
- projects/disk/example/dust/, and
- projects/disk/example/dust\_mc/, respectively.

Before starting the simulation, change /YOUR/POLARIS/PATH/ in the command file at <dust\_component>, <path\_grid>, and <path\_out> to your POLARIS path.

To start a temperature simulation, type:

polaris projects/disk/example/temp/POLARIS.cmd

The results are stored at projects/disk/example/temp/data/ as .fits files. These files can be opened with, for example, SAOImageDS9.

Similar, the simulation for thermal emission and scattered stellar emission are performed. For available options in the command file, please read the manual.

## Create a grid

## **Predefined models**

The (binary) grid file will be created with the command polaris-gen. There are already three models available:

• disk: A circumstellar disk with a Shakura & Sunyaev density distribution (Lynden-Bell & Pringle 1974; Hartmann et al. 1998)

$$\rho(r,z) = \rho_0 \left(\frac{r}{r_0}\right)^{-\alpha} \times \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{z}{h(r)}\right)^2\right]$$

$$h(r) = h_0 \left(\frac{r}{r_0}\right)^{\beta}$$

Here, the default values are  $r_0=100\,\mathrm{AU},\ h_0=10\,\mathrm{AU},\ \alpha=0.9,\ \mathrm{and}\ \beta=1.1.$ 

• globule: A Bok globule with a Bonnor-Ebert sphere density distribution (Harvey et al. 2001; Kaminski et al. 2014)

$$\rho(r) = \rho_0 \begin{cases} r_{\rm t}^{-2} & \text{if } r \le r_{\rm t} \\ r^{-2} & \text{if } r_{\rm t} < r \end{cases}$$

Here, the default value is  $r_t = 10^3 \,\text{AU}$ .

• sphere: A sphere with a constant density distribution

$$\rho(r) = \rho_0$$

By default, the density distribution is normalized to the given total mass. To create a grid file, use

polaris-gen model\_name grid\_filename.dat

where model\_name is either disk, globule, or sphere. The (binary) grid file will be stored at projects/model\_name/. It is also possible to modify some grid parameters with the command polaris-gen. For more information, type:

```
polaris-gen -h
```

### Extra parameter

To modify further parameter values, the user can parse a list of parameter values using the option --extra followed by a list of values (int, float, or str). By default, the user can parse

- 4 values for the disk model: reference radius  $r_0$ , reference scale height  $h_0$ ,  $\alpha$ , and  $\beta$ ,
- 1 value for the globule model: truncation radius  $r_t$ , and
- 1 value for the sphere model: the geometry of the magnetic field (toroidal, vertical, or radial).

Additional parameter values to modify the model can be defined in the function update\_parameter in the file tools/polaris\_tools\_modules/model.py.

**Hint**: For any changes in the files, the user has to recompile with:

```
./compile.sh -u
```

### **Custom model**

For a more complex model modification, it is recommended that users define their own models in tools/polaris\_tools\_custom/model.py. Therein, each model is defined as a class with a corresponding entry in the dictionary at the top of model.py. Similar, to create a grid file for a custom model, use

```
polaris-gen model_name grid_filename.dat
```

where model\_name is the name of the model in the dictionary of model.py.

**Hint**: For any changes in the files, the user has to recompile with:

```
./compile.sh -u
```

### Convert a grid file

Users can also write and edit their own grid file. For this purpose, the command polaris-gen has an ascii to binary converter (and vice versa) for converting grid files. To convert an existing ascii grid file to a binary grid file, use

```
polaris-gen --convert ascii2binary model_name grid_filename.txt
```

To convert an existing binary grid file to an ascii grid file, use

 $\verb|polaris-gen --convert binary2ascii model_name grid_filename.dat|\\$ 

The input grid fule has to be located in projects/model\_name/ and the new output grid file will be stored at projects/model\_name/. For the general structure and available options in the grid file, please read the manual.