FreydCategories-ForCAP

Freyd categories - Formal (co)kernels for additive categories

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Contents

Chapter 1

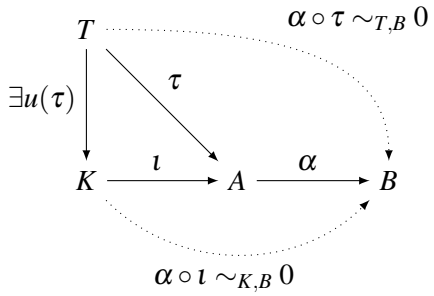
Freyd categories

1.1 Weak kernel

For a given morphism $\alpha : A \to B$, a weak kernel of α consists of three parts:

- an object K,
- a morphism $\iota : K \to A$ such that $\alpha \circ \iota \sim_{K,B} 0$,
- a dependent function u mapping each morphism $\tau : T \to A$ satisfying $\alpha \circ \tau \sim_{T,B} 0$ to a morphism $u(\tau) : T \to K$ such that $\iota \circ u(\tau) \sim_{T,A} \tau$.

The triple (K, ι, u) is called a *weak kernel* of α. We denote the object K of such a triple by WeakKernelObject(α). We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the weak kernel*.



1.1.1 WeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `WeakKernelObject(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: an object

The argument is a morphism α. The output is the kernel K of α.

1.1.2 WeakKernelEmbedding (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `WeakKernelEmbedding(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: a morphism in Hom(KernelObject(α),A)

The argument is a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$. The output is the kernel embedding ι : KernelObject(α) $\to$ A.

1.1.3 WeakKernelEmbeddingWithGivenWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `WeakKernelEmbeddingWithGivenWeakKernelObject(alpha, K)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(K,A)$

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ and an object $K = \mathrm{KernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is the kernel embedding $\iota : K \to A$.

1.1.4 WeakKernelLift (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `WeakKernelLift(alpha, tau)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(T, \mathrm{KernelObject}(\alpha))$

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ and a test morphism $\tau : T \to A$ satisfying $\alpha \circ \tau \sim_{T,B} 0$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau) : T \to \mathrm{KernelObject}(\alpha)$ given by the universal property of the kernel.

1.1.5 WeakKernelLiftWithGivenWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `WeakKernelLiftWithGivenWeakKernelObject(alpha, tau, K)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(T,K)$

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$, a test morphism $\tau : T \to A$ satisfying $\alpha \circ \tau \sim_{T,B} 0$, and an object $K = \mathrm{KernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau) : T \to K$ given by the universal property of the kernel.

1.1.6 AddWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakKernelObject(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `KernelObject`. $F : \alpha \mapsto \mathrm{KernelObject}(\alpha)$.

1.1.7 AddWeakKernelEmbedding (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakKernelEmbedding(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `KernelEmbedding`. $F : \alpha \mapsto \iota$.

1.1.8 AddWeakKernelEmbeddingWithGivenWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakKernelEmbeddingWithGivenWeakKernelObject(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `KernelEmbeddingWithGivenKernelObject`. $F : (\alpha, K) \mapsto \iota$.

1.1.9 AddWeakKernelLift (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakKernelLift(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `KernelLift`. $F : (\alpha, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$.

1.1.10 AddWeakKernelLiftWithGivenWeakKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakKernelLiftWithGivenWeakKernelObject(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

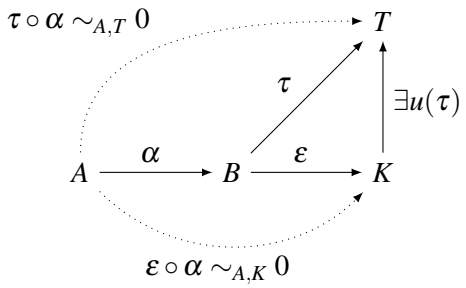
The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `KernelLiftWithGivenKernelObject`. $F : (\alpha, \tau, K) \mapsto u$.

1.2 Weak cokernel

For a given morphism $\alpha : A \to B$, a weak cokernel of α consists of three parts:

- an object K,
- a morphism $\varepsilon : B \to K$ such that $\varepsilon \circ \alpha \sim_{A,K} 0$,
- a dependent function u mapping each $\tau : B \to T$ satisfying $\tau \circ \alpha \sim_{A,T} 0$ to a morphism $u(\tau) : K \to T$ such that $u(\tau) \circ \varepsilon \sim_{B,T} \tau$.

The triple (K, ε, u) is called a *weak cokernel* of α. We denote the object K of such a triple by WeakCokernelObject(α). We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the weak cokernel*.



1.2.1 WeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `WeakCokernelObject(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: an object

The argument is a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$. The output is the cokernel K of α.

1.2.2 WeakCokernelProjection (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `WeakCokernelProjection(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(B, \mathrm{CokernelObject}(\alpha))$

The argument is a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$. The output is the cokernel projection $\varepsilon : B \to \mathrm{CokernelObject}(\alpha)$.

1.2.3 WeakCokernelProjectionWithGivenWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `WeakCokernelProjectionWithGivenWeakCokernelObject(alpha, K)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(B, K)$

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ and an object $K = \mathrm{CokernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is the cokernel projection $\varepsilon : B \to \mathrm{CokernelObject}(\alpha)$.

1.2.4 WeakCokernelColift (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `WeakCokernelColift(alpha, tau)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(\mathrm{CokernelObject}(\alpha), T)$

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ and a test morphism $\tau : B \to T$ satisfying $\tau \circ \alpha \sim_{A,T} 0$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau) : \mathrm{CokernelObject}(\alpha) \to T$ given by the universal property of the cokernel.

1.2.5 WeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `WeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject(alpha, tau, K)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(K, T)$

The arguments are a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$, a test morphism $\tau : B \to T$ satisfying $\tau \circ \alpha \sim_{A,T} 0$, and an object $K = \mathrm{CokernelObject}(\alpha)$. The output is the morphism $u(\tau) : K \to T$ given by the universal property of the cokernel.

1.2.6 AddWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakCokernelObject(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `CokernelObject`. $F : \alpha \mapsto K$.

1.2.7 AddWeakCokernelProjection (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakCokernelProjection(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `CokernelProjection`. $F : \alpha \mapsto \varepsilon$.

1.2.8 AddWeakCokernelProjectionWithGivenWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakCokernelProjectionWithGivenWeakCokernelObject(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `CokernelProjection`. $F : (\alpha, K) \mapsto \varepsilon$.

1.2.9 AddWeakCokernelColift (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakCokernelColift(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `CokernelProjection`. $F : (\alpha, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$.

1.2.10 AddWeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakCokernelColiftWithGivenWeakCokernelObject(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

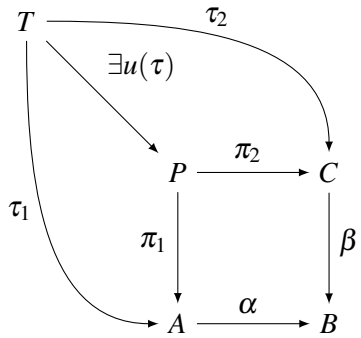
The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `CokernelProjection`. $F : (\alpha, \tau, K) \mapsto u(\tau)$.

1.3 Weak bi-fiber product

For a given pair of morphisms $(\alpha : A \to B, \beta : C \to B)$, a weak bi-fiber product of (α, β) consists of three parts:

- an object P,
- morphisms $\pi_1 : P \to A$, $\pi_2 : P \to B$ such that $\alpha \circ \pi_1 \sim_{P,B} \beta \circ \pi_2$,
- a dependent function u mapping each pair $\tau = (\tau_1, \tau_2)$ of morphisms $\tau_1 : T \to A$, $\tau_2 : T \to C$ with the property $\alpha \circ \tau_1 \sim_{T,B} \beta \circ \tau_2$ to a morphism $u(\tau) : T \to P$ such that $\pi_1 \circ u(\tau) \sim_{A,T} \tau_1$ and $\pi_2 \circ u(\tau) \sim_{C,T} \tau_2$.

The quadrupel (P, π_1, π_2, u) is called a *weak bi-fiber product* of (α, β). We denote the object P of such a quadrupel by WeakBiFiberProduct(α, β). We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the weak bi-fiber product*.



1.3.1 AddWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakBiFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `FiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1\ldots n}) \mapsto P$

1.3.2 AddProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1\ldots n}, k) \mapsto \pi_k$

1.3.3 AddProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProductWithGivenFiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1\ldots n}, k, P) \mapsto \pi_k$

1.3.4 AddUniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddUniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `UniversalMorphismIntoFiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1\ldots n}, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.3.5 AddUniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddUniversalMorphismIntoWeakBiFiberProductWithGivenWeakBiFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

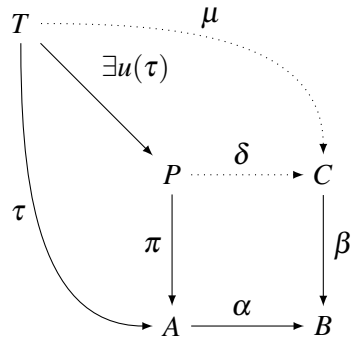
The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `UniversalMorphismIntoFiberProductWithGivenFiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1\ldots n}, \tau, P) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.4 Biased weak fiber product

For a given pair of morphisms $(\alpha : A \to B, \beta : C \to B)$, a biased weak fiber product of (α, β) consists of three parts:

- an object P,
- a morphism $\pi : P \to A$ such that there exists a morphism $\delta : P \to C$ such that $\beta \circ \delta \sim_{P,B} \alpha \circ \pi$,
- a dependent function u mapping each $\tau : T \to A$, which admits a morphism $\mu : T \to C$ with $\beta \circ \mu \sim_{T,B} \alpha \circ \tau$, to a morphism $u(\tau) : T \to P$ such that $\pi \circ u(\tau) \sim_{T,A} \tau$.

The triple (P, π, u) is called a *biased weak fiber product* of (α, β). We denote the object P of such a triple by BiasedWeakFiberProduct(α, β). We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the biased weak fiber product*.



1.4.1 AddBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `FiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1...n}) \mapsto P$

1.4.2 AddProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1...n}, k) \mapsto \pi_k$

1.4.3 AddProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProductWithGivenFiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1...n}, k, P) \mapsto \pi_k$

1.4.4 AddUniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddUniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `UniversalMorphismIntoFiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1\ldots n}, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.4.5 AddUniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddUniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProductWithGivenBiasedWeakFiberProduct(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

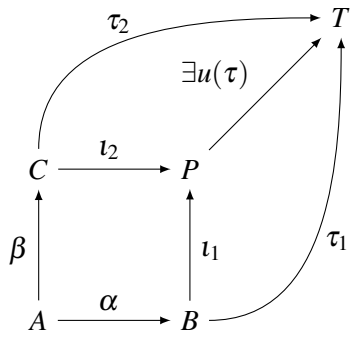
The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `UniversalMorphismIntoFiberProductWithGivenFiberProduct`. $F : ((\beta_i : P_i \to B)_{i=1\ldots n}, \tau, P) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.5 Weak bi-pushout

For a given pair of morphisms $(\alpha : A \to B, \beta : A \to C)$, a weak bi-pushout of (α, β) consists of three parts:

- an object P,
- morphisms $\iota_1 : B \to P$, $\iota_2 : C \to P$ such that $\iota_1 \circ \alpha \sim_{A,P} \iota_2 \circ \beta$,
- a dependent function u mapping each pair $\tau = (\tau_1, \tau_2)$ of morphisms $\tau_1 : B \to T$, $\tau_2 : C \to T$ with the property $\tau_1 \circ \alpha \sim_{A,T} \tau_2 \circ \beta$ to a morphism $u(\tau) : P \to T$ such that $u(\tau) \circ \iota_1 \sim_{B,T} \tau_1$ and $u(\tau) \circ \iota_2 \sim_{C,T} \tau_2$.

The quadrupel (P, ι_1, ι_2, u) is called a *weak bi-pushout* of (α, β). We denote the object P of such a quadrupel by WeakBiPushout(α, β). We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the weak bi-pushout*.



1.5.1 AddWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddWeakBiPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `Pushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1\ldots n}) \mapsto I$

1.5.2 AddInjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddInjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `InjectionOfCofactorOfPushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1\ldots n}, k) \mapsto \iota_k$

1.5.3 AddInjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddInjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `InjectionOfCofactorOfPushoutWithGivenPushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1\ldots n}, k, I) \mapsto \iota_k$

1.5.4 AddUniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddUniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `UniversalMorphismFromPushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1\ldots n}, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.5.5 AddUniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddUniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushoutWithGivenWeakBiPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `UniversalMorphismFromPushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1\ldots n}, \tau, I) \mapsto u(\tau)$

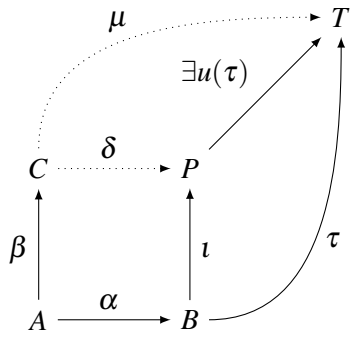
1.6 Biased weak pushout

For a given pair of morphisms $(\alpha : A \to B, \beta : A \to C)$, a biased weak pushout of (α, β) consists of three parts:

- an object P,

- a morphism $\iota : B \to P$ such that there exists a morphism $\delta : C \to P$ such that $\delta \circ \beta \sim_{A,P} \iota \circ \alpha$,
- a dependent function u mapping each $\tau : B \to T$, which admits a morphism $\mu : C \to T$ with $\mu \circ \beta \sim_{B,T} \tau \circ \alpha$, to a morphism $u(\tau) : P \to T$ such that $u(\tau) \circ \iota \sim_{A,T} \tau$.

The triple (P, ι, u) is called a *biased weak pushout* of (α, β). We denote the object P of such a triple by BiasedWeakPushout(α, β). We say that the morphism $u(\tau)$ is induced by the *universal property of the biased weak pushout*.



1.6.1 AddBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddBiasedWeakPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `Pushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1...n}) \mapsto I$

1.6.2 AddInjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddInjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `InjectionOfCofactorOfPushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1...n}, k) \mapsto \iota_k$

1.6.3 AddInjectionOfBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddInjectionOfBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `InjectionOfCofactorOfPushoutWithGivenPushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1...n}, k, I) \mapsto \iota_k$

1.6.4 AddUniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddUniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `UniversalMorphismFromPushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1...n}, \tau) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.6.5 AddUniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddUniversalMorphismFromBiasedWeakPushoutWithGivenBiasedWeakPushout(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `UniversalMorphismFromPushout`. $F : ((\beta_i : B \to I_i)_{i=1...n}, \tau, I) \mapsto u(\tau)$

1.7 Abelian constructions

1.7.1 EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject(A)` (attribute)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(P,A)$

The argument is an object A. The output is an epimorphism $\pi : P \to A$ with P a projective object that equals the output of SomeProjectiveObject(A).

1.7.2 EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectFo (for IsCapCategoryMorphism, IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelOb` `P)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(P,A)$

The arguments are an object A and a projective object P that equals the output of SomeProjectiveObject(A). The output is an epimorphism $\pi : P \to A$.

1.7.3 AddSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `SomeProjectiveObject`. $F : A \mapsto P$.

1.7.4 AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ `AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject(C, F)` (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation `EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObject`. $F : A \mapsto \pi$.

1.7.5 AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObje (for IsCapCategory, IsFunction)

▷ AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObjectForKernel(*C*, *F*) (operation)

Returns: nothing

The arguments are a category C and a function F. This operation adds the given function F to the category for the basic operation AddEpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectWithGivenSomeProjectiveObject. $F : (A, P) \mapsto \pi$.

Chapter 2

Additive closure

2.1 GAP Categories

2.1.1 IsAdditiveClosureCategory (for IsCapCategory)

▷ `IsAdditiveClosureCategory(object)` (filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of additive closures of Ab-categories.

2.1.2 IsAdditiveClosureObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `IsAdditiveClosureObject(object)` (filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of objects in additive closures of Ab-categories.

2.1.3 IsAdditiveClosureMorphism (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `IsAdditiveClosureMorphism(object)` (filter)

Returns: true or false

The GAP category of morphisms in additive closures of Ab-categories.

2.2 Constructors

2.2.1 AdditiveClosure (for IsCapCategory)

▷ `AdditiveClosure(C)` (attribute)

Returns: the category $C^{\oplus}$

The argument is an Ab-category C. The output is its additive closure $C^{\oplus}$.

2.2.2 AdditiveClosureObject (for IsList, IsAdditiveClosureCategory)

▷ `AdditiveClosureObject(L, C^\oplus)` (operation)

Returns: an object in $C^{\oplus}$

The argument is a list of objects $L = [A_1, \ldots, A_n]$ in an Ab-category C. The output is the formal direct sum $A_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus A_n$ in the additive closure $C^{\oplus}$.

2.2.3 AsAdditiveClosureObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `AsAdditiveClosureObject(A)` (attribute)

Returns: an object in $C^{\oplus}$

The argument is an object A in an Ab-category C. The output is the image of A under the inclusion functor $\iota : C \to C^{\oplus}$.

2.2.4 AdditiveClosureMorphism (for IsAdditiveClosureObject, IsList, IsAdditiveClosureObject)

▷ `AdditiveClosureMorphism(A, M, B)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}_{C^{\oplus}}(A,B)$

The arguments are formal direct sums $A = A_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus A_m$, $B = B_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus B_n$ in some additive category $C^{\oplus}$ and an $m \times n$ matrix $M := (\alpha_{ij} : A_i \to B_j)_{ij}$ for $i = 1,\ldots,m, j = 1,\ldots,n$. The output is the formal morphism between A and B that is defined by M.

2.2.5 AsAdditiveClosureMorphism (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ `AsAdditiveClosureMorphism(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: a morphism in $C^{\oplus}$

The argument is a morphism α in an Ab-category C. The output is the image of α under the inclusion functor $\iota : C \to C^{\oplus}$.

2.2.6 InclusionFunctorInAdditiveClosure (for IsCapCategory)

▷ `InclusionFunctorInAdditiveClosure(C)` (attribute)

Returns: a functor $C \to C^{\oplus}$

The argument is an Ab-category C. The output is the inclusion functor $\iota : C \to C^{\oplus}$.

2.2.7 ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosures (for IsCapFunctor)

▷ `ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosures(F)` (attribute)

Returns: a functor $C^{\oplus} \to D^{\oplus}$

The argument is a functor $F : C \to D$, and the output is the extension functor $F^{\oplus} : C^{\oplus} \to D^{\oplus}$.

2.2.8 ExtendFunctorWithAdditiveRangeToFunctorFromAdditiveClosureOfSource (for IsCapFunctor)

▷ `ExtendFunctorWithAdditiveRangeToFunctorFromAdditiveClosureOfSource(F)` (attribute)

Returns: a functor $C^{\oplus} \to D$

The argument is a functor $F : C \to D$, where D is an additive category. The output is the extension functor $F^{\oplus} : C^{\oplus} \to D$.

2.2.9 ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosureOfSource (for IsCapFunctor)

▷ `ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosureOfSource(F)` (attribute)

Returns: a functor $C^{\oplus} \to D^{\oplus}$ or $C^{\oplus} \to D$

The argument is a functor $F : C \to D$. If D is not known to be an additive category, then return `ExtendFunctorToAdditiveClosures`(F), otherwise return `ExtendFunctorWithAdditiveRangeToFunctorFromAdditiveClosureOfSource`(F).

2.3 Attributes

2.3.1 UnderlyingCategory (for IsAdditiveClosureCategory)

▷ `UnderlyingCategory(A)` (attribute)

Returns: the category C

The argument is some additive closure category $A := C^{\oplus}$. The output is C.

2.3.2 ObjectList (for IsAdditiveClosureObject)

▷ `ObjectList(A)` (attribute)

Returns: a list of the objects in C

The argument is a formal direct sum $A := A_1 \oplus \ldots \oplus A_m$ in some additive closure category $C^{\oplus}$. The output is the list $[A_1, \ldots, A_m]$.

2.3.3 MorphismMatrix (for IsAdditiveClosureMorphism)

▷ `MorphismMatrix(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: a list of lists the morphisms in C

The argument is a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ between formal direct sums in some additive closure category $C^{\oplus}$. The output is the defining matrix of α.

2.3.4 NrRows (for IsAdditiveClosureMorphism)

▷ `NrRows(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: a non-negative integer

The argument is a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ between formal direct sums. The output is the number of summands of the the source.

2.3.5 NrColumns (for IsAdditiveClosureMorphism)

▷ `NrColumns(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: a non-negative integer

The argument is a morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ between formal direct sums. The output is the number of summands of the the range.

2.4 Operators

2.4.1 \[\] (for IsAdditiveClosureMorphism, IsInt)

▷ `\[\](alpha, i)` (operation)

Returns: a list of morphisms in C

The arguments are morphism $\alpha : A \to B$ between formal direct sums in some additive category $C^{\oplus}$ and an integer i. The output is the i'th entry in `MorphismMatrix`(α).

Chapter 3

Adelman category

Chapter 4

Category of rows

4.1 GAP Categories

4.1.1 IsCategoryOfRowsObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `IsCategoryOfRowsObject(`*object*`)` (filter)

Returns: `true` or `false`

The GAP category of objects in the category of rows over a ring R.

Chapter 5

Example on category of rows

5.1 Constructors of objects

Example

```
gap> S := HomalgRingOfIntegers();
Z
gap> rows := CategoryOfRows( S );
Rows( Z )
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 8, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 8>
```

5.2 Constructors of morphisms

Example

```
gap> obj3 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 1>
gap> IsWellDefined( obj1 );
true
gap> obj4 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> mor := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj3, HomalgMatrix( [[1,2]], S ), obj4 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
gap> IsWellDefined( mor );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( Source( mor ) );
A row module over Z of rank 1
gap> Display( Range( mor ) );
A row module over Z of rank 2
gap> Display( UnderlyingMatrix( mor ) );
[ [  1,  2 ] ]
```

5.3 A few categorical constructions for category of rows

Example

```
gap> ZeroObject( rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 0>
gap> obj5 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( ZeroMorphism( ZeroObject( rows ), obj5 ) );
A zero, split monomorphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 0

Matrix:
(an empty 0 x 2 matrix)

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> obj6 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 1>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( IdentityMorphism( obj6 ) );
An identity morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  1 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> directSum := DirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ] );
<A row module over Z of rank 3>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( directSum );
A row module over Z of rank 3
```

Example

```
gap> i1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( i1 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

```
Matrix:
[ [  1,  0,  0 ],
  [  0,  1,  0 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 3
```

Example

```
gap> i2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( i2 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  0,  0,  1 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 3
```

Example

```
gap> proj1 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( proj1 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 3

Matrix:
[ [  1,  0 ],
  [  0,  1 ],
  [  0,  0 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> proj2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( proj2 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 3

Matrix:
[ [  0 ],
```

```
  [  0 ],
  [  1 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> k := WeakKernelEmbedding( proj1 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( k );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  0,  0,  1 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 3
```

Example

```
gap> ck := WeakCokernelProjection( k );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( ck );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 3

Matrix:
[ [   0,  -1 ],
  [   1,   0 ],
  [   0,   0 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> IsMonomorphism( k );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( k );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( ck );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( ck );
true
gap> mor1 := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj5, HomalgMatrix( [[ 1 ], [ 2 ]], S ), obj6 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( mor1 );
A morphism in Rows( Z )
```

```
Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[ [  1 ],
  [  2 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> mor2 := IdentityMorphism( obj6 );
<An identity morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( mor2 );
An identity morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  1 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> lift := Lift( mor1, mor2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( lift );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[ [  1 ],
  [  2 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> source := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 1>
gap> range := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> mor := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( source, HomalgMatrix( [[ 2, 3 ]], S ), range );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
gap> colift := Colift( mor2, mor );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( colift );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  2,  3 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> fp := WeakBiFiberProduct( mor1, mor2 );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> fp_proj := ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( mor1, mor2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( fp_proj );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[ [  -2,   1 ],
  [  -1,   0 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> po := WeakBiPushout( mor, mor2 );
<A row module over Z of rank 2>
gap> inj_push := InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( mor, mor2 );
<A morphism in Rows( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( inj_push );
A morphism in Rows( Z )

Source:
A row module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[ [  -3,   1 ],
  [   2,  -1 ] ]

Range:
A row module over Z of rank 2
```

5.4 Simplifications

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> rows := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> M := HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2, 2, 2 ], [ 3, 3, 3 ] ], 2, 3, R );;
gap> alpha := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( M, rows );;
gap> pi := PreCompose( [
>     SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputSource( alpha, infinity ),
>     SimplifySourceAndRange( alpha, infinity ),
>     SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoToInputRange( alpha, infinity ) ] );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne(
>     PreCompose( SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputSource( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySourceAnd
> );
true
gap> IsOne(
>     PreCompose( SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputRange( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySourceAndR
> );
true
gap> pi2 := PreCompose(
>     SimplifySource_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ),
>     SimplifySource( alpha, infinity )
> );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi2, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne( PreCompose( SimplifySource_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySource_IsoT
true
gap> pi3 := PreCompose(
>     SimplifyRange( alpha, infinity ),
>     SimplifyRange_IsoToInputObject( alpha, infinity )
> );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi3, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne( PreCompose( SimplifyRange_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ), SimplifyRange_IsoToI
true
```

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> cols := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> M := HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2, 2, 2 ], [ 3, 3, 3 ] ], 2, 3, R );;
gap> alpha := AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism( M, cols );;
gap> pi := PreCompose( [
>     SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputSource( alpha, infinity ),
>     SimplifySourceAndRange( alpha, infinity ),
>     SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoToInputRange( alpha, infinity ) ] );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne(
>     PreCompose( SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputSource( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySourceAnd
> );
true
gap> IsOne(
```

```
>     PreCompose( SimplifySourceAndRange_IsoFromInputRange( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySourceAndR
> );
true
gap> pi2 := PreCompose(
>     SimplifySource_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ),
>     SimplifySource( alpha, infinity )
> );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi2, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne( PreCompose( SimplifySource_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ), SimplifySource_IsoI
true
gap> pi3 := PreCompose(
>     SimplifyRange( alpha, infinity ),
>     SimplifyRange_IsoToInputObject( alpha, infinity )
> );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pi3, alpha );
true
gap> IsOne( PreCompose( SimplifyRange_IsoFromInputObject( alpha, infinity ), SimplifyRange_IsoToI
true
```

Example

```
gap> Qxyz := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInDefaultCAS( ) * "x,y,z";;
gap> A3 := RingOfDerivations( Qxyz, "Dx,Dy,Dz" );;
gap> M1 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> Dx  \
> ]", 1, 1, A3 );;
gap> M2 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> Dx, \
> Dy  \
> ]", 2, 1, A3 );;
gap> M3 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> Dx, \
> Dy, \
> Dz  \
> ]", 3, 1, A3 );;
gap> M := DiagMat( [ M1, M2, M3 ] );;
gap> M := ShallowCopy( M );;
gap> SetIsMutableMatrix( M, true );;
gap> M[ 1, 2 ] := "1";;
gap> M[ 2, 3 ] := "1";;
gap> M[ 3, 3 ] := "1";;
gap> MakeImmutable( M );;
gap> tau1 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> 1, Dx, Dz, \
> 0,  0,  1, \
> 0,  1, Dy  \
> ]", 3, 3, A3 );;
gap> tau2 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> 0,  1, Dz+x*y, \
> 0,  0,      1, \
> 1, Dz,    x-y  \
> ]", 3, 3, A3 );;
gap> tau3 := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
```

```
> 1,  0, 0, \
> 1,  1, 0, \
> 0, -1, 1  \
> ]", 3, 3, A3 );;
gap> tau := tau1 * tau2 * tau3;;
gap> M := M * tau;;
gap> rows := CategoryOfRows( A3 );;
gap> alpha := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( M, rows );;
gap> Mrows := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> Srows := SimplifyObject( Mrows, infinity );;
gap> RankOfObject( Source( RelationMorphism( Srows ) ) );
4
gap> RankOfObject( Range( RelationMorphism( Srows ) ) );
2
gap> IsIsomorphism( SimplifyObject_IsoFromInputObject( Mrows, infinity ) );
true
gap> IsIsomorphism( SimplifyObject_IsoToInputObject( Mrows, infinity ) );
true
```

Computing the grade filtration:

Example

```
gap> mu1 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( Mrows, 1 );;
gap> IsZero( mu1 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu1 );
true
gap> mu2 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( Mrows, 2 );;
gap> IsZero( mu2 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu2 );
true
gap> mu3 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( Mrows, 3 );;
gap> IsZero( mu3 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu3 );
true
gap> mu4 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( Mrows, 4 );;
gap> IsZero( mu4 );
true
```

Example

```
gap> cols := CategoryOfColumns( A3 );;
gap> alpha := AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism( M, cols );;
gap> Mcols := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> Scols := SimplifyObject( Mcols, infinity );;
gap> RankOfObject( Source( RelationMorphism( Scols ) ) );
1
gap> RankOfObject( Range( RelationMorphism( Scols ) ) );
4
gap> IsIsomorphism( SimplifyObject_IsoFromInputObject( Mcols, infinity ) );
true
gap> IsIsomorphism( SimplifyObject_IsoToInputObject( Mcols, infinity ) );
true
```

Chapter 6

Category of columns

6.1 GAP Categories

6.1.1 IsCategoryOfColumnsObject (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `IsCategoryOfColumnsObject(`*object*`)` (filter)

Returns: `true` or `false`

The GAP category of objects in the category of columns over a ring R.

Chapter 7

Example on category of columns

7.1 Constructors of objects

Example

```
gap> S := HomalgRingOfIntegers();
Z
gap> cols := CategoryOfColumns( S );
Columns( Z )
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 8, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 8>
```

7.2 Constructors of morphisms

Example

```
gap> obj3 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 1>
gap> IsWellDefined( obj1 );
true
gap> obj4 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> mor := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj3, HomalgMatrix( [[1],[2]], S ), obj4 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
gap> IsWellDefined( mor );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( Source( mor ) );
A column module over Z of rank 1
gap> Display( Range( mor ) );
A column module over Z of rank 2
gap> Display( UnderlyingMatrix( mor ) );
[ [  1 ],
  [  2 ] ]
```

7.3 A few categorical constructions for category of columns

Example

```
gap> ZeroObject( cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 0>
gap> obj5 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( ZeroMorphism( ZeroObject( cols ), obj5 ) );
A zero, split monomorphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 0

Matrix:
(an empty 2 x 0 matrix)

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> obj6 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 1>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( IdentityMorphism( obj6 ) );
An identity morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  1 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> directSum := DirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ] );
<A column module over Z of rank 3>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( directSum );
A column module over Z of rank 3
```

Example

```
gap> i1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( i1 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

```
Matrix:
[ [  1,  0 ],
  [  0,  1 ],
  [  0,  0 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 3
```

Example

```
gap> i2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( i2 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  0 ],
  [  0 ],
  [  1 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 3
```

Example

```
gap> proj1 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( proj1 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 3

Matrix:
[ [  1,  0,  0 ],
  [  0,  1,  0 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> proj2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj5, obj6 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( proj2 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 3
```

```
Matrix:
[ [  0,  0,  1 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> k := WeakKernelEmbedding( proj1 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( k );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  0 ],
  [  0 ],
  [  1 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 3
```

Example

```
gap> ck := WeakCokernelProjection( k );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( ck );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 3

Matrix:
[ [   0,   1,   0 ],
  [  -1,   0,   0 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> IsMonomorphism( k );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( k );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( ck );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( ck );
true
gap> mor1 := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj5, HomalgMatrix( [[ 1, 2 ]], S ), obj6 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( mor1 );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[ [  1,  2 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> mor2 := IdentityMorphism( obj6 );
<An identity morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( mor2 );
An identity morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  1 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> lift := Lift( mor1, mor2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( lift );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[ [  1,  2 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 1
```

Example

```
gap> source := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 1>
gap> range := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> mor := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( source, HomalgMatrix( [[ 2 ], [ 3 ]], S ), range );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
gap> colift := Colift( mor2, mor );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( colift );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 1

Matrix:
[ [  2 ],
  [  3 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> fp := WeakBiFiberProduct( mor1, mor2 );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> fp_proj := ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( mor1, mor2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( fp_proj );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[ [  -2,  -1 ],
  [   1,   0 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

Example

```
gap> po := WeakBiPushout( mor, mor2 );
<A column module over Z of rank 2>
gap> inj_push := InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( mor, mor2 );
<A morphism in Columns( Z )>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( inj_push );
A morphism in Columns( Z )

Source:
A column module over Z of rank 2

Matrix:
[ [  -3,   2 ],
  [   1,  -1 ] ]

Range:
A column module over Z of rank 2
```

Chapter 8

Category of graded rows and category of graded columns

8.1 Constructors

8.1.1 CategoryOfGradedColumns (for IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ `CategoryOfGradedColumns(`*R*`)` (attribute)

Returns: a category

The argument is a homalg graded ring *R*. The output is the category of graded columns over *R*.

8.1.2 CategoryOfGradedRows (for IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ `CategoryOfGradedRows(`*R*`)` (attribute)

Returns: a category

The argument is a homalg graded ring *R*. The output is the category of graded rows over *R*.

8.1.3 GradedRow (for IsList, IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ `GradedRow(`*degree_list, R*`)` (operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are a list of degrees and a homalg graded ring *R*. The list of degrees must be of the form [[d_1, n_1], [d_2, n_2], ...] where d_i are degrees, i.e. elements in the degree group of *R* and the n_i are non-negative integers. Currently there are two formats that are supported to enter the degrees. Either one can enter them as lists of integers, say $d_1 = [1,1,0,2]$, or they can be entered as Homalg_Module_Elements of the degree group of *R*. In either case, the result is the graded row associated to the degrees d_i and their multiplicities n_i.

8.1.4 GradedRow (for IsList, IsHomalgGradedRing, IsBool)

▷ `GradedRow(`*degree_list, R*`)` (operation)

Returns: an object

As 'GradedRow', but the boolean (= third argument) allows to switch off checks on the input data. If this boolean is set to true, then the input checks are performed and otherwise they are not. Calling this constructor with 'false' is therefore suited for high performance applications.

8.1.5 GradedColumn (for IsList, IsHomalgGradedRing)

▷ `GradedColumn(degree_list, R)` (operation)

Returns: an object

The arguments are a list of degrees and a homalg graded ring R. The list of degrees must be of the form [[d_1, n_1], [d_2, n_2], ...] where d_i are degrees, i.e. elements in the degree group of R and the n_i are non-negative integers. Currently there are two formats that are supported to enter the degrees. Either one can enter them as lists of integers, say $d_1 = [1,1,0,2]$, or they can be entered as Homalg_Module_Elements of the degree group of R. In either case, the result is the graded column associated to the degrees d_i and their multiplicities n_i.

8.1.6 GradedColumn (for IsList, IsHomalgGradedRing, IsBool)

▷ `GradedColumn(degree_list, R)` (operation)

Returns: an object

As 'GradedColumn', but the boolean (= third argument) allows to switch off checks on the input data. If this boolean is set to true, then the input checks are performed and otherwise they are not. Calling this constructor with 'false' is therefore suited for high performance applications.

8.1.7 GradedRowOrColumnMorphism (for IsGradedRowOrColumn, IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ `GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(S, M, T)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(S,T)$

The arguments are an object S in the category of graded rows or columns over a homalg graded ring R, a homalg matrix M over R and another graded row or column T over R. The output is the morphism $S \to T$ in the category of graded rows and columns over R, whose underlying matrix is given by M.

8.1.8 GradedRowOrColumnMorphism (for IsGradedRowOrColumn, IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRowOrColumn, IsBool)

▷ `GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(S, M, T)` (operation)

Returns: a morphism in $\mathrm{Hom}(S,T)$

As 'GradedRowOrColumnMorphism', but carries a fourth input parameter. If this boolean is set to false, then no checks on the input a performed. That option is therefore better suited for high performance applications.

8.2 Attributes

8.2.1 UnderlyingHomalgGradedRing (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ `UnderlyingHomalgGradedRing(A)` (attribute)

Returns: a homalg graded ring

The argument is a graded row or column A over a homalg graded ring R. The output is then the graded ring R.

8.2.2 DegreeList (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ `DegreeList(A)` (attribute)

Returns: a list

The argument is a graded row or column A over a homalg graded ring R. The output is the degree_list of this object. To handle degree_lists most easily, degree_lists are redcued whenever an object is added to the category. E.g. the input degree_list [[d_1, 1], [d_1, 1]] will be turned into [[d_1, 2]].

8.2.3 RankOfObject (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ `RankOfObject(A)` (attribute)

Returns: an integer

The argument is a graded row or column over a homalg graded ring R. The output is the rank of this module.

8.2.4 UnderlyingHomalgGradedRing (for IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism)

▷ `UnderlyingHomalgGradedRing(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: a homalg graded ring

The argument is a morphism α in the category of graded rows or columns over a homalg graded ring R. The output is the homalg graded ring R.

8.2.5 UnderlyingHomalgMatrix (for IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism)

▷ `UnderlyingHomalgMatrix(alpha)` (attribute)

Returns: a matrix over a homalg graded ring

The argument is a morphism α in the category of graded rows or columns over a homalg graded ring R. The output is the underlying homalg matrix over R.

8.3 GAP Categories

8.3.1 IsGradedRowOrColumn (for IsCapCategoryObject)

▷ `IsGradedRowOrColumn(object)` (filter)

Returns: `true` or `false`

The GAP category of graded rows and columns over a graded ring R.

8.3.2 IsGradedRow (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ `IsGradedRow(object)` (filter)

Returns: `true` or `false`

The GAP category of graded rows over a graded ring R.

8.3.3 IsGradedColumn (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ `IsGradedColumn(object)` (filter)

Returns: `true` or `false`

The GAP category of graded columns over a graded ring R.

8.3.4 IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism (for IsCapCategoryMorphism)

▷ IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism(*object*) (filter)
Returns: true or false
The GAP category of morphisms of graded rows and columns over a graded ring R.

8.3.5 IsGradedRowMorphism (for IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism)

▷ IsGradedRowMorphism(*object*) (filter)
Returns: true or false
The GAP category of morphisms of graded rows over a graded ring R.

8.3.6 IsGradedColumnMorphism (for IsGradedRowOrColumnMorphism)

▷ IsGradedColumnMorphism(*object*) (filter)
Returns: true or false
The GAP category of morphisms of graded columns over a graded ring R.

8.4 Tools to simplify code

8.4.1 DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRow)

▷ DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows(*m, R*) (operation)
Returns: a morphism
The argument is a homalg_matrix *m* and a graded row *R*. We then consider the module map induced from *m* with range *R*. This operation then deduces the source of this map and returns the map in the category of graded rows if the degrees of the source are uniquely determined.

8.4.2 DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRow)

▷ DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows(*m, R*) (operation)
Returns: a morphism
The argument is a homalg_matrix *m* and a graded row *R*. This operation deduces the source of some map with matrix *m* and range *R* and returns the map in the category of graded rows.

8.4.3 DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRow)

▷ DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows(*m, S*) (operation)
Returns: a morphism
The argument is a homalg_matrix *m* and a graded row *S*. We then consider the module map induced from *m* with source *S*. This operation then deduces the range of this map and returns the map in the category of graded rows if the degrees of the range are uniquely determined.

8.4.4 DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedRow)

▷ DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows(*m*, *S*) (operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix *m* and a graded row *S*. This operation deduces the range of some map with matrix *m* and source *S* and returns the map in the category of graded rows.

8.4.5 DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedColumn)

▷ DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols(*m*, *R*) (operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix *m* and a graded column *R*. We then consider the module map induced from *m* with range *R*. This operation then deduces the source of this map and returns the map in the category of graded columns if the degrees of the source are uniquely determined.

8.4.6 DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedColumn)

▷ DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols(*m*, *R*) (operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix *m* and a graded column *R*. This operation deduces the source of some map with matrix *m* and range *R* and returns the map in the category of graded columns.

8.4.7 DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedColumn)

▷ DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols(*m*, *S*) (operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix *m* and a graded column *S*. We then consider the module map induced from *m* with source *S*. This operation then deduces the range of this map and returns the map in the category of graded columns if the degrees of the range are uniquely determined.

8.4.8 DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols (for IsHomalgMatrix, IsGradedColumn)

▷ DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols(*m*, *S*) (operation)

Returns: a morphism

The argument is a homalg_matrix *m* and a graded column *S*. This operation deduces the range of some map with matrix *m* and source *S* and returns the map in the category of graded columns.

8.4.9 UnzipDegreeList (for IsGradedRowOrColumn)

▷ UnzipDegreeList(*S*) (operation)

Returns: a list

Given a graded row or column *S*, the degrees are stored in compact form. For example, the degrees [1, 1, 1, 1] #! is stored internally as [1, 4]. The second argument is thus the multipicity with which

three degree 1 appears. Still, it can be useful at times to also go in the opposite direction, i.e. to take the compact form [#! 1, 4] and turn it into [1, 1, 1, 1]. This is performed by this operation and the obtained extended degree #! list is returned.

Chapter 9

Cokernel image closure

Chapter 10

Freyd category

10.1 Internal Hom-Embedding

10.1.1 INTERNAL_HOM_EMBEDDING (for IsFreydCategoryObject, IsFreydCategoryObject)

▷ `INTERNAL_HOM_EMBEDDING(objects, a, b)` (operation)

Returns: a (mono)morphism

The arguments are two objects `a` and `b` of a Freyd category. Assume that the relation morphism for a is $\alpha: R_A \to A$, then we have the exact sequence $0 \to \underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(a,b) \to \underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(A,b) \to \underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(R_A,b)$. The embedding of $\underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(a,b)$ into $\underline{\mathrm{Hom}}(A,b)$ is the internal Hom-embedding. This method returns this very map.

10.2 Convenient methods for tensor products of freyd objects and morphisms

10.2.1 * (for IsFreydCategoryObject, IsFreydCategoryObject)

▷ `\*(arg1, arg2)` (operation)

10.2.2 \^ (for IsFreydCategoryObject, IsInt)

▷ `\^(arg1, arg2)` (operation)

10.2.3 * (for IsFreydCategoryMorphism, IsFreydCategoryMorphism)

▷ `\*(arg1, arg2)` (operation)

10.2.4 \^ (for IsFreydCategoryMorphism, IsInt)

▷ `\^(arg1, arg2)` (operation)

Chapter 11

Examples and Tests

11.1 Adelman category basics for category of rows

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> rows := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> adelman := AdelmanCategory( rows );;
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, rows );;
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, rows );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ] ], 1, 2, R ), obj2 );;
gap> beta := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), obj2
gap> gamma := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 3 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), obj2
gap> obj1_a := AsAdelmanCategoryObject( obj1 );;
gap> obj2_a := AsAdelmanCategoryObject( obj2 );;
gap> m := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( beta );;
gap> n := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( gamma );;
gap> IsWellDefined( m );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( m, n ), PreCompose( n, m ) );
false
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( SubtractionForMorphisms( m, m ), ZeroMorphism( obj2_a, obj2_a ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( ZeroObjectFunctorial( adelman ),
>                          PreCompose( UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( obj1_a), UniversalMorphis
>                        );
true
gap> d := [ obj1_a, obj2_a ];;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( d, 1 );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( d, 2 );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( d ) );;
gap> iota1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( d, 1 );;
gap> iota2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( d, 2 );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( pi1, iota1 ) + PreCompose( pi2, iota2 ), id );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( d, [ pi1, pi2 ] ), id );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( d, [ iota1, iota2 ] ), id );
true
```

```
gap> c := CokernelProjection( m );;
gap> c2 := CokernelProjection( c );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( c2, ZeroMorphism( Source( c2 ), Range( c2 ) ) );
true
gap> IsWellDefined( CokernelProjection( m ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( CokernelColift( m, CokernelProjection( m ) ), IdentityMorphism( Cok
true
gap> k := KernelEmbedding( c );;
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( PreCompose( k, c ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( KernelLift( m, KernelEmbedding( m ) ), IdentityMorphism( KernelObje
true
```

11.2 Adelman category basics for for additive closure of algebroids

Example

```
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(9)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:1->4,d:2->5,e:3->6,f:4->5,g:5->6,h:4->7,i:5->8,
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.ad - kQ.cf,
>                         kQ.dg - kQ.be,
>                         kQ.("fi") - kQ.hk,
>                         kQ.gj - kQ.il,
>                         kQ.mk + kQ.bn - kQ.di ] );;
gap> mm := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Aoid );;
gap> Acat := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[1] );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[2] );;
gap> c := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[3] );;
gap> d := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[4] );;
gap> e := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[5] );;
gap> f := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[6] );;
gap> g := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[7] );;
gap> h := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[8] );;
gap> i := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[9] );;
gap> j := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[10] );;
gap> k := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[11] );;
gap> l := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[12] );;
gap> m := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[13] );;
gap> n := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[14] );;
gap> Adel := AdelmanCategory( Acat );;
gap> A := AdelmanCategoryObject( a, b );;
gap> B := AdelmanCategoryObject( f, g );;
gap> alpha := AdelmanCategoryMorphism( A, d, B );;
gap> IsWellDefined( alpha );
true
gap> IsWellDefined( KernelEmbedding( alpha ) );
true
gap> IsWellDefined( CokernelProjection( alpha ) );
true
gap> T := AdelmanCategoryObject( k, l );;
```

```
gap> tau := AdelmanCategoryMorphism( B, i, T );;
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( PreCompose( alpha, tau ) );
true
gap> colift := CokernelColift( alpha, tau );;
gap> IsWellDefined( colift );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( CokernelProjection( alpha ), colift ), tau );
true
gap> lift := KernelLift( tau, alpha );;
gap> IsWellDefined( lift );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, KernelEmbedding( tau ) ), alpha );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( ColiftAlongEpimorphism( CokernelProjection( alpha ), tau ), colift
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( LiftAlongMonomorphism( KernelEmbedding( tau ), alpha ), lift );
true
```

11.3 Adelman category basics for category of columns

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> cols := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> adelman := AdelmanCategory( cols );;
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cols );;
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cols );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1 ], [ 2 ] ], 1, 2, R ), obj2 );
gap> beta := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 3 ], [ 2, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), ob
gap> gamma := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 3 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), o
gap> obj1_a := AsAdelmanCategoryObject( obj1 );;
gap> obj2_a := AsAdelmanCategoryObject( obj2 );;
gap> m := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( beta );;
gap> n := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( gamma );;
gap> IsWellDefined( m );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( m, n ), PreCompose( n, m ) );
false
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( SubtractionForMorphisms( m, m ), ZeroMorphism( obj2_a, obj2_a ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( ZeroObjectFunctorial( adelman ),
>                          PreCompose( UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( obj1_a), UniversalMorphis
>                        );
true
gap> d := [ obj1_a, obj2_a ];;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( d, 1 );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( d, 2 );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( d ) );;
gap> iota1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( d, 1 );;
gap> iota2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( d, 2 );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( pi1, iota1 ) + PreCompose( pi2, iota2 ), id );
true
```

```
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( d, [ pi1, pi2 ] ), id );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( d, [ iota1, iota2 ] ), id );
true
gap> c := CokernelProjection( m );;
gap> c2 := CokernelProjection( c );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( c2, ZeroMorphism( Source( c2 ), Range( c2 ) ) );
true
gap> IsWellDefined( CokernelProjection( m ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( CokernelColift( m, CokernelProjection( m ) ), IdentityMorphism( Cok
true
gap> k := KernelEmbedding( c );;
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( PreCompose( k, c ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( KernelLift( m, KernelEmbedding( m ) ), IdentityMorphism( KernelObje
true
```

11.4 Adelman category basics

Example

```
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(3)[a:1->2,b:1->2,c:2->3]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ );;
gap> SetIsProjective( DistinguishedObjectOfHomomorphismStructure( Aoid ), true );;
gap> mm := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Aoid );;
gap> Acat := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[1] );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[2] );;
gap> c := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[3] );;
gap> a := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> b := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> c := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( c );;
gap> A := Source( a );;
gap> B := Range( a );;
gap> C := Range( c );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( A, C );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( IdentityMorphism( A ), c );;
gap> mor := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( a );;
gap> int := InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( A, B, mor
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( int, a );
true
```

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> RowsR := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> one := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1 ] ], 1, 1, R ), RowsR );;
gap> two := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2 ] ], 1, 1, R ), RowsR );;
gap> four := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( [ [ 4 ] ], 1, 1, R ), RowsR );;
gap> source := AdelmanCategoryObject( two, two );;
gap> range := AdelmanCategoryObject( two, four );;
gap> mor := AdelmanCategoryMorphism( source, one, range );;
```

```
gap> IsZero( mor );
false
gap> emb := EmbeddingFunctorIntoFreydCategory( RowsR );;
gap> ind := AdelmanCategoryFunctorInducedByUniversalProperty( emb );;
gap> IsZero( ApplyFunctor( ind, mor ) );
true
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( [ [  2, 2, 2 ], [ 4, 4, 6
gap> as_tensor := EmbeddingFunctorOfFreydCategoryIntoAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> Mt := ApplyFunctor( as_tensor, M );;
gap> lsat := LeftSatelliteAsEndofunctorOfAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> rsat := RightSatelliteAsEndofunctorOfAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> torsion := ApplyFunctor( ind, ( ApplyFunctor( rsat, ApplyFunctor( lsat, Mt ) ) ) );;
gap> unit := UnitOfSatelliteAdjunctionOfAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> IsZero( ApplyNaturalTransformation( unit, Mt ) );
true
gap> counit := CounitOfSatelliteAdjunctionOfAdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> t := ApplyNaturalTransformation( counit, Mt );;
```

11.5 Adelman snake lemma

Example

```
gap> DeactivateDefaultCaching();
gap> SwitchGeneralizedMorphismStandard( "span" );;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), snake_quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.abc ] );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Aoid );;
gap> m := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> a := m[1];;
gap> b := m[2];;
gap> c := m[3];;
gap> add := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( add );;
gap> adelman := AdelmanCategory( add );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( a );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( b );;
gap> c := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( c );;
gap> aa := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> bb := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> cc := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( c );;
gap> dd := CokernelProjection( aa );;
gap> ee := CokernelColift( aa, PreCompose( bb, cc ) );;
gap> ff := KernelEmbedding( ee );;
gap> gg := KernelEmbedding( cc );;
gap> hh := KernelLift( cc, PreCompose( aa, bb ) );;
gap> ii := CokernelProjection( hh );;
gap> fff := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ff );;
gap> ddd := AsGeneralizedMorphism( dd );;
gap> bbb := AsGeneralizedMorphism( bb );;
gap> ggg := AsGeneralizedMorphism( gg );;
gap> iii := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ii );;
gap> p := PreCompose( [ fff, PseudoInverse( ddd ), bbb, PseudoInverse( ggg ), iii ] );;
```

```
gap> IsHonest( p );
true
gap> jj := KernelObjectFunctorial( bb, dd, ee );;
gap> pp := HonestRepresentative( p );;
gap> comp := PreCompose( jj, pp );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
true
```

Example

```
gap> SwitchGeneralizedMorphismStandard( "cospan" );;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4]" );;
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> A := PathAlgebra( QQ, snake_quiver );;
gap> A := QuotientOfPathAlgebra( A, [ A.abc ] );;
gap> QRowsA := QuiverRows( A );;
gap> SetIsProjective( DistinguishedObjectOfHomomorphismStructure( QRowsA ), true );;
gap> a := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.a, QRowsA );;
gap> b := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.b, QRowsA );;
gap> c := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.c, QRowsA );;
gap> aa := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> bb := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> cc := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( c );;
gap> dd := CokernelProjection( aa );;
gap> ee := CokernelColift( aa, PreCompose( bb, cc ) );;
gap> ff := KernelEmbedding( ee );;
gap> gg := KernelEmbedding( cc );;
gap> hh := KernelLift( cc, PreCompose( aa, bb ) );;
gap> ii := CokernelProjection( hh );;
gap> fff := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ff );;
gap> ddd := AsGeneralizedMorphism( dd );;
gap> bbb := AsGeneralizedMorphism( bb );;
gap> ggg := AsGeneralizedMorphism( gg );;
gap> iii := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ii );;
gap> p := PreCompose( [ fff, PseudoInverse( ddd ), bbb, PseudoInverse( ggg ), iii ] );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
true
gap> jj := KernelObjectFunctorial( bb, dd, ee );;
gap> kk := CokernelObjectFunctorial( hh, gg, bb );;
gap> pp := HonestRepresentative( p );;
gap> comp := PreCompose( jj, pp );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
true
gap> comp := PreCompose( pp, kk );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
true
gap> homology := function( alpha, beta ) return CokernelObject( LiftAlongMonomorphism( KernelEmbe
gap> IsZero( homology( jj, pp ) );
true
gap> IsZero( homology( pp, kk ) );
true
```

11.6 Basics based on category of rows

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> cat := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, cat );;
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, cat );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ] ], 1, 2, R ), obj2 );;
gap> beta := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), obj2
gap> comp := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsZero( comp );;
gap> zero := ZeroMorphism( obj1, obj2 );;
gap> IsZero( zero );;
gap> ZeroObject( cat );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( obj2 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( obj1 );;
gap> DirectSum( obj1, obj2 );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ alpha, beta, id ] );;
gap> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj2, obj1, obj2 ], 3 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ alpha, alpha, alpha ] );;
gap> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj2, obj2, obj1 ], 2 );;
gap> gamma := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 1 ] ], 2, 2, R ), obj2
gap> IsColiftable( beta, gamma );
true
gap> IsColiftable( gamma, beta );
false
gap> ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, gamma );;
gap> ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, ZeroMorphism( Range( gamma ), Range( gam
gap> lift_arg_1 := PreCompose( ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, gamma + gamma
gap> lift_arg_2 := gamma + gamma;;
gap> IsLiftable( lift_arg_1, lift_arg_2 );;
gap> Lift( lift_arg_1, lift_arg_2 );;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( pi1, alpha ), PreCompose( pi2, beta ) );;
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( gamma + gamma, gamma );;
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( gamma + gamma, gamma );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( gamma + gamma, inj1 ), PreCompose( gamma, inj2 ) );;
gap> WeakKernelLift( WeakCokernelProjection( gamma ), gamma );;
gap> pi1 := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha );;
gap> pi2 := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha, pi1, pi2 );;
gap> ## Freyd categories
> freyd := FreydCategory( cat );;
gap> IsAbelianCategory( freyd );;
gap> obj_gamma := FreydCategoryObject( gamma );;
gap> f := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, gamma, obj_gamma );;
gap> witness := MorphismWitness( f );;
gap> g := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, ZeroMorphism( obj2, obj2 ), obj_gamma );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( f, g );;
gap> c := PreCompose( f, f );;
gap> s := g + g;;
```

```
gap> a := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2 ] ], 1, 1, R ), obj1 );;
gap> Z2 := FreydCategoryObject( a );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( Z2 );;
gap> z := id + id + id;;
gap> d := DirectSumFunctorial( [ z, z, z ] );;
gap> pr2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );;
gap> pr3 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 3 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ pr3, pr2 ] );;
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 1 );;
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ inj2, inj1 ] );;
gap> ZFree := AsFreydCategoryObject( obj1 );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( ZFree );;
gap> z := id + id;;
gap> CokernelProjection( z );;
gap> CokernelColift( z, CokernelProjection( z ) );;
gap> S := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> Rows_S := CategoryOfRows( S );;
gap> S3 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 3, Rows_S );;
gap> S1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, Rows_S );;
gap> mor := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z]", 3, 1, S ), S1 );;
gap> biased_w := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,0,0,0,x,0,0,0,x]", 3, 3, S ), S3 )
gap> biased_h := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x*y, x*z, y^2]", 3, 3, S ), S3 );;
gap> BiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w );;
gap> ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>    PreCompose( UniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w, biased_h ), Pro
>    biased_h
> );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>   PreCompose( InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( biased_h, biased_w ), UniversalMorphismFromBiasedWe
>   biased_h
> );
true
gap> k := FreydCategoryObject( mor );;
gap> w := EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject( UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( k
gap> k := KernelEmbedding( w );;
gap> ColiftAlongEpimorphism( CokernelProjection( k ), CokernelProjection( k ) );;
gap> ## Homomorphism structures
> a := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( gamma );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMo
gap> a := ZeroObjectFunctorial( cat );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMo
gap> Z4 := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( "[4]", 1, 1, R ), cat ) )
gap> Z3 := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( "[3]", 1, 1, R ), cat ) )
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z4, Z2 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z4, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z2, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z3, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( Z4, Z2, Z3 ) ), -IdentityMorp
gap> ## Lifts
```

```
> S2 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 2, Rows_S );;
gap> S4 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 4, Rows_S );;
gap> S1_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S1 );;
gap> S2_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S2 );;
gap> S3_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S3 );;
gap> S4_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S4 );;
gap> lift := FreydCategoryMorphism( S1_freyd, CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S1, HomalgMatrix( "[x]", 1,
gap> gamma := FreydCategoryMorphism( S1_freyd, CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S1, HomalgMatrix( "[y]", 1
gap> alpha := PreCompose( lift, gamma );;
gap> IsLiftable( alpha, gamma );
true
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> IsColiftable( lift, alpha );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, Colift( lift, alpha ) ), alpha );
true
gap> lift := FreydCategoryMorphism( S2_freyd, CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S2, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z,x
gap> gamma := FreydCategoryMorphism( S3_freyd, CategoryOfRowsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z,
gap> alpha := PreCompose( lift, gamma );;
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> Colift( lift, alpha );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, Colift( lift, alpha ) ), alpha );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure(
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( gamma,
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( gamma ), Ran
gap> ## Opposite
> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Opposite( Z4 ), Opposite( Z2 ) );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z2, Z4 );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure(
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( Opposite( gamma ),
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( Opposite( ga
true
```

11.7 Basics of additive closure

Example

```
gap> ## Algebroid
> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:1->4,d:2->5,e:3->6,f:4->5,g:5->6]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular(), snake_quiver );;
gap> A := kQ / [ kQ.ad - kQ.cf, kQ.dg - kQ.be, kQ.ab, kQ.fg ];;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.ad - kQ.cf, kQ.dg - kQ.be, kQ.ab, kQ.fg ] );;
gap> s := SetOfObjects( Aoid );;
gap> m := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure(
gap> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( m[3] ), R
gap> ## additive closure
> add := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> obj1 := AdditiveClosureObject( [ s[1], s[2] ], add );;
gap> mor := AdditiveClosureMorphism( obj1, [ [ IdentityMorphism( s[1] ), ZeroMorphism( s[1], s[2]
gap> IsWellDefined( mor );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( mor, mor ), IdentityMorphism( obj1 ) );;
gap> obj2 := AdditiveClosureObject( [ s[3], s[3] ], add );;
```

```
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> objs1:= AdditiveClosureObject( [ s[1] ], add );;
gap> objs2:= AdditiveClosureObject( [ s[2] ], add );;
gap> ids1 := IdentityMorphism( objs1 );;
gap> ids2 := IdentityMorphism( objs2 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( DirectSumFunctorial( [ ids1, ids2 ] ), ids1 );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure(
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>   InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( mor ), Ran
>   mor );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[1] );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[2] );;
gap> c := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[3] );;
gap> d := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[4] );;
gap> e := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[5] );;
gap> f := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[6] );;
gap> g := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( m[7] );;
gap> l := Lift( PreCompose( a, d ), f );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( l, f ), PreCompose( a, d ) );
true
gap> l := Colift( c, PreCompose( a, d ) );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( c, l ), PreCompose( a, d ) );
true
```

11.8 Basics based on category of columns

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> cat := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> obj1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, cat );;
gap> obj2 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, cat );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( obj2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1 ], [ 2 ] ], 1, 2, R ), obj2 );
gap> beta := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 2 ], [ 3, 4 ] ], 2, 2, R ), ob
gap> comp := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsZero( comp );;
gap> zero := ZeroMorphism( obj1, obj2 );;
gap> IsZero( zero );;
gap> ZeroObject( cat );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( obj2 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( obj1 );;
gap> DirectSum( obj1, obj2 );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ alpha, beta, id ] );;
gap> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ obj2, obj1, obj2 ], 3 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ alpha, alpha, alpha ] );;
gap> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ obj2, obj2, obj1 ], 2 );;
gap> gamma := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj2, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 1 ] ], 2, 2, R ), c
gap> IsColiftable( beta, gamma );
false
gap> IsColiftable( gamma, beta );
false
gap> ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, gamma );;
```

```
gap> ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, ZeroMorphism( Range( gamma ), Range( gam
gap> lift_arg_1 := PreCompose( ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( gamma, gamma + gamma
gap> lift_arg_2 := gamma + gamma;;
gap> IsLiftable( lift_arg_1, lift_arg_2 );;
gap> Lift( lift_arg_1, lift_arg_2 );;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( pi1, alpha ), PreCompose( pi2, beta ) );;
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( gamma + gamma, gamma );;
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( gamma + gamma, gamma );;
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( PreCompose( gamma + gamma, inj1 ), PreCompose( gamma, inj2 ) );;
gap> WeakKernelLift( WeakCokernelProjection( gamma ), gamma );;
gap> pi1 := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha );;
gap> pi2 := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromWeakBiPushout( alpha, alpha, pi1, pi2 );;
gap> ## Freyd categories
> freyd := FreydCategory( cat );;
gap> IsAbelianCategory( freyd );;
gap> obj_gamma := FreydCategoryObject( gamma );;
gap> f := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, gamma, obj_gamma );;
gap> witness := MorphismWitness( f );;
gap> g := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, ZeroMorphism( obj2, obj2 ), obj_gamma );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( f, g );;
gap> c := PreCompose( f, f );;
gap> s := g + g;;
gap> a := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( obj1, HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2 ] ], 1, 1, R ), obj1 );;
gap> Z2 := FreydCategoryObject( a );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( Z2 );;
gap> z := id + id + id;;
gap> d := DirectSumFunctorial( [ z, z, z ] );;
gap> pr2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );;
gap> pr3 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 3 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ pr3, pr2 ] );;
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 1 );;
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ inj2, inj1 ] );;
gap> ZFree := AsFreydCategoryObject( obj1 );;
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( ZFree );;
gap> z := id + id;;
gap> CokernelProjection( z );;
gap> CokernelColift( z, CokernelProjection( z ) );;
gap> S := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> Cols_S := CategoryOfColumns( S );;
gap> S3 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 3, Cols_S );;
gap> S1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, Cols_S );;
gap> mor := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z]", 1, 3, S ), S1 );;
gap> biased_w := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,0,0,0,x,0,0,0,x]", 3, 3, S ), S
gap> biased_h := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x*y, x*z, y^2]", 3, 3, S ), S3 );
gap> BiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w );;
gap> ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>    PreCompose( UniversalMorphismIntoBiasedWeakFiberProduct( biased_h, biased_w, biased_h ), Pro
```

```
>    biased_h
> );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>   PreCompose( InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( biased_h, biased_w ), UniversalMorphismFromBiasedWe
>   biased_h
> );
true
gap> k := FreydCategoryObject( mor );;
gap> w := EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObjectForKernelObject( UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( k
gap> k := KernelEmbedding( w );;
gap> ColiftAlongEpimorphism( CokernelProjection( k ), CokernelProjection( k ) );;
gap> ## Homomorphism structures
> a := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( gamma );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMo
gap> a := ZeroObjectFunctorial( cat );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMo
gap> Z4 := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( "[4]", 1, 1, R ), cat
gap> Z3 := FreydCategoryObject( AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism( HomalgMatrix( "[3]", 1, 1, R ), cat
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z4, Z2 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z4, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z2, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z3, Z4 );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnMorphisms( IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( Z4, Z2, Z3 ) ), -IdentityMorp
gap> ## Lifts
> S2 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 2, Cols_S );;
gap> S4 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 4, Cols_S );;
gap> S1_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S1 );;
gap> S2_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S2 );;
gap> S3_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S3 );;
gap> S4_freyd := AsFreydCategoryObject( S4 );;
gap> lift := FreydCategoryMorphism( S1_freyd, CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S1, HomalgMatrix( "[x]",
gap> gamma := FreydCategoryMorphism( S1_freyd, CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S1, HomalgMatrix( "[y]"
gap> alpha := PreCompose( lift, gamma );;
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> Colift( lift, alpha );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, Colift( lift, alpha ) ), alpha );;
gap> lift := FreydCategoryMorphism( S2_freyd, CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S2, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,
gap> gamma := FreydCategoryMorphism( S3_freyd, CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( S3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y
gap> alpha := PreCompose( lift, gamma );;
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma );;
gap> Colift( lift, alpha );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( PreCompose( lift, Colift( lift, alpha ) ), alpha );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure(
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( gamma,
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( gamma ), Ran
gap> ## Opposite
> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Opposite( Z4 ), Opposite( Z2 ) );;
gap> HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( Z2, Z4 );;
gap> interpretation := InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure(
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( Opposite( gamma ),
> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( Source( Opposite( ga
```

```
true
```

11.9 Cokernel image closure in category of rows

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> RowsR := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> m := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism(
>     HomalgMatrix( "[[x],[y],[z]]", 3, 1, R ), RowsR
> );;
gap> mu := AsCokernelImageClosureMorphism( m );;
gap> C := CokernelObject( mu );;
gap> C2 := AsFinitelyPresentedCokernelImageClosureObject( m );;
gap> IsEqualForObjects( C, C2 );
true
gap> n := AsCategoryOfRowsMorphism(
>     HomalgMatrix( "[[x,y],[y^2,z]]", 2, 2, R ), RowsR
> );;
gap> nu := AsCokernelImageClosureMorphism( n );;
gap> nu2 := PreCompose( nu, nu );;
gap> IsWellDefined( nu2 );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, nu2 );
false
gap> nu + nu;;
gap> nu2 - nu;;
gap> cat := CapCategory( nu );;
gap> ZeroObject( cat );;
gap> ZeroMorphism( Source( nu ), Source( mu ) );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( Source( nu ) );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( Source( nu ) );;
gap> S := Source( mu );;
gap> DirectSum( [S, S, S ] );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ nu2, nu ] );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ nu, nu ] );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ nu, nu ] );;
gap> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ S, S, S ], 2 );;
gap> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ S, S, S, S ], 4 );;
gap> CokernelColift( nu, CokernelProjection( nu ) );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, PreCompose( CoastrictionToImage( nu ), ImageEmbedding( nu ) ) )
true
gap> u := UniversalMorphismFromImage( nu, [ nu, IdentityMorphism( Range( nu ) ) ] );;
gap> IsWellDefined( u );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, PreCompose( CoastrictionToImage( nu ), u ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( u, ImageEmbedding( nu ) );
true
gap> kernel := KernelObject( mu );;
gap> emb := KernelEmbedding( mu );;
gap> p := PreCompose( EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObject( kernel ), KernelEmbedding( mu ) );;
gap> KernelLift( mu, p );;
```

```
gap> LiftAlongMonomorphism( emb, p );;
gap> I_to_A := FunctorCokernelImageClosureToFreydCategory( RowsR );;
gap> A_to_I := FunctorFreydCategoryToCokernelImageClosure( RowsR );;
gap> ApplyFunctor( I_to_A, kernel );;
gap> ApplyFunctor( A_to_I, ApplyFunctor( I_to_A, kernel ) );;
gap> nu := NaturalIsomorphismFromIdentityToFinitePresentationOfCokernelImageClosureObject( RowsR
gap> mu := NaturalIsomorphismFromFinitePresentationOfCokernelImageClosureObjectToIdentity( RowsR
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>     IdentityMorphism( kernel ),
>     PreCompose( ApplyNaturalTransformation( nu, kernel ), ApplyNaturalTransformation( mu, kerne
> );
true
```

11.10 Cokernel image closure in category of columns

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> ColsR := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> m := AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism(
>      HomalgMatrix( "[[x],[y],[z]]", 1, 3, R ), ColsR
> );;
gap> mu := AsCokernelImageClosureMorphism( m );;
gap> C := CokernelObject( mu );;
gap> C2 := AsFinitelyPresentedCokernelImageClosureObject( m );;
gap> IsEqualForObjects( C, C2 );
true
gap> n := AsCategoryOfColumnsMorphism(
>     HomalgMatrix( "[[x,y],[y^2,z]]", 2, 2, R ), ColsR
> );;
gap> nu := AsCokernelImageClosureMorphism( n );;
gap> nu2 := PreCompose( nu, nu );;
gap> IsWellDefined( nu2 );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, nu2 );
false
gap> nu + nu;;
gap> nu2 - nu;;
gap> cat := CapCategory( nu );;
gap> ZeroObject( cat );;
gap> ZeroMorphism( Source( nu ), Source( mu ) );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( Source( nu ) );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( Source( nu ) );;
gap> S := Source( mu );;
gap> DirectSum( [S, S, S ] );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ nu2, nu ] );;
gap> UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ nu, nu ] );;
gap> UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ nu, nu ] );;
gap> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ S, S, S ], 2 );;
gap> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ S, S, S, S ], 4 );;
gap> CokernelColift( nu, CokernelProjection( nu ) );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, PreCompose( CoastrictionToImage( nu ), ImageEmbedding( nu ) ) )
true
```

```
gap> u := UniversalMorphismFromImage( nu, [ nu, IdentityMorphism( Range( nu ) ) ] );;
gap> IsWellDefined( u );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( nu, PreCompose( CoastrictionToImage( nu ), u ) );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( u, ImageEmbedding( nu ) );
true
gap> kernel := KernelObject( mu );;
gap> emb := KernelEmbedding( mu );;
gap> p := PreCompose( EpimorphismFromSomeProjectiveObject( kernel ), KernelEmbedding( mu ) );;
gap> KernelLift( mu, p );;
gap> LiftAlongMonomorphism( emb, p );;
gap> I_to_A := FunctorCokernelImageClosureToFreydCategory( ColsR );;
gap> A_to_I := FunctorFreydCategoryToCokernelImageClosure( ColsR );;
gap> ApplyFunctor( I_to_A, kernel );;
gap> ApplyFunctor( A_to_I, ApplyFunctor( I_to_A, kernel ) );;
gap> nu := NaturalIsomorphismFromIdentityToFinitePresentationOfCokernelImageClosureObject( ColsR
gap> mu := NaturalIsomorphismFromFinitePresentationOfCokernelImageClosureObjectToIdentity( ColsR
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>     IdentityMorphism( kernel ),
>     PreCompose( ApplyNaturalTransformation( nu, kernel ), ApplyNaturalTransformation( mu, kerne
> );
true
```

11.11 Grade filtration

The sequence of modules computed via satellites behaves in a way that is not understood in the case when the ring is not Auslander regular.

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y";;
gap> R := R/"x*y"/"x^2";;
gap> RowsR := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> Freyd := FreydCategory( RowsR );;
gap> mat := HomalgMatrix( "[x,y]", 1, 2, R );;
gap> M := mat/Freyd;;
gap> mu1 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 1 );;
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu1 );
true
gap> IsZero( mu1 );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( mu1 );
false
gap> mu2 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 2 );;
gap> IsIsomorphism( mu2 );
true
gap> IsZero( mu2 );
false
gap> mu3 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 3 );;
gap> IsIsomorphism( mu3 );
true
gap> IsZero( mu3 );
```

```
false
gap> mu4 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 4 );;
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu4 );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( mu4 );
true
gap> IsZero( mu4 );
false
```

Example

```
gap> Qxyz := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInDefaultCAS( ) * "x,y,z";;
gap> wmat := HomalgMatrix( "[ \
> x*y,  y*z,    z,        0,         0,    \
> x^3*z,x^2*z^2,0,        x*z^2,     -z^2, \
> x^4,  x^3*z,  0,        x^2*z,     -x*z, \
> 0,    0,      x*y,      -y^2,      x^2-1,\
> 0,    0,      x^2*z,    -x*y*z,    y*z,  \
> 0,    0,      x^2*y-x^2,-x*y^2+x*y,y^2-y \
> ]", 6, 5, Qxyz );;
gap> RowsR := CategoryOfRows( Qxyz );;
gap> Freyd := FreydCategory( RowsR );;
gap> Adel := AdelmanCategory( RowsR );;
gap> M := wmat/Freyd;;
```

We compute the grade sequence of functors (it turns out that on the level of functors, we don't get monos)

Example

```
gap> M_tor := M/Adel;;
gap> Mu1 := GradeFiltrationNthNaturalTransformationComponent( M_tor, 1 );;
gap> IsZero( Mu1 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( Mu1 );
true
gap> Mu2 := GradeFiltrationNthNaturalTransformationComponent( M_tor, 2 );;
gap> IsZero( Mu2 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( Mu2 );
false
gap> Mu3 := GradeFiltrationNthNaturalTransformationComponent( M_tor, 3 );;
gap> IsZero( Mu3 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( Mu3 );
false
gap> Mu4 := GradeFiltrationNthNaturalTransformationComponent( M_tor, 4 );;
gap> IsZero( Mu4 );
true
```

We compute the grade sequence of modules (here, we really get monos and thus a filtration)

Example

```
gap> mu1 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 1 );;
gap> IsZero( mu1 );
false
```

```
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu1 );
true
gap> mu2 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 2 );;
gap> IsZero( mu2 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu2 );
true
gap> mu3 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 3 );;
gap> IsZero( mu3 );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( mu3 );
true
gap> mu4 := GradeFiltrationNthMonomorphism( M, 4 );;
gap> IsZero( mu4 );
true
```

11.12 Groups as categories

Example

```
gap> G := SymmetricGroup( 3 );;
gap> CG := GroupAsCategory( G );;
gap> u := GroupAsCategoryUniqueObject( CG );;
gap> alpha := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,2,3), CG );;
gap> alpha * Inverse( alpha ) = IdentityMorphism( u );
true
gap> beta := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,2,3,5), CG );;
gap> IsWellDefined( beta );
false
gap> gamma := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,3), CG );;
gap> IsWellDefined( gamma );
true
gap> Lift( alpha, gamma ) * gamma = alpha;
true
gap> alpha * Colift( alpha, gamma ) = gamma;
true
gap> Length( HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( u, u ) ) = Size( G );
true
gap> InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism(
>     u,u,
>     PreCompose(
>         InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( alpha ), Hom
>     )
> )
> =
> gamma * alpha * Inverse( gamma );
true
gap> x := (2,3)/CG;;
gap> id := ()/CG;;
gap> IsIdenticalObj( x * x, id );
true
```

11.13 Homomorphisms between f.p. functors based on category of rows

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> Rows_R := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> R1 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 1, Rows_R );;
gap> R3 := CategoryOfRowsObject( 3, Rows_R );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( R3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z]", 3, 1, R ), R1 );;
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> c0 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 0 );;
gap> c1 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 1 );;
gap> c2 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 2 );;
gap> IsZeroForObjects( HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( c0, c2 ) ); # = Ext^2( M, M )
false
```

11.14 Homomorphisms between f.p. functors based on category of columns

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "x,y,z";;
gap> Cols_R := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> R1 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 1, Cols_R );;
gap> R3 := CategoryOfColumnsObject( 3, Cols_R );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( R3, HomalgMatrix( "[x,y,z]", 1, 3, R ), R1 );;
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> c0 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 0 );;
gap> c1 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 1 );;
gap> c2 := CovariantExtAsFreydCategoryObject( M, 2 );;
gap> IsZeroForObjects( HomomorphismStructureOnObjects( c0, c2 ) ); # = Ext^2( M, M )
false
```

11.15 Linear closure of categories

Example

```
gap> G := SymmetricGroup( 3 );;
gap> CG := GroupAsCategory( G );;
gap> compare_func := function( g, h ) return UnderlyingGroupElement( g ) < UnderlyingGroupElement
gap> ZZ := HomalgRingOfIntegers();;
gap> ZCG := LinearClosure( ZZ, CG, compare_func );;
gap> u := GroupAsCategoryUniqueObject( CG );;
gap> g := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,2,3), CG );;
gap> h := GroupAsCategoryMorphism( (1,2), CG );;
gap> v := LinearClosureObject( ZCG, u );;
gap> elem1 := LinearClosureMorphism( v, [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 ], [ g, h, g, h, g, h ], v );;
gap> elem2 := LinearClosureMorphism( v, [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 ], [ h, g, h, g, h, g ], v );;
gap> # for i in [ 1 .. 10^6 ] do LinearClosureMorphism( v, [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 ], [ g, h, g, h, g,
gap> elem := LinearClosureMorphism( v, [ 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 ], [ g, h, g, h, g, h ], v );;
gap> a := (1,2)/CG/ZCG;;
gap> b := (2,3)/CG/ZCG;;
gap> IsIsomorphism( a + b );
false
gap> Lift( a + b, a ) * a = a + b;
```

```
true
gap> IsLiftable( a + b, -2*a ); ## over Q this is liftable
false
```

11.16 Matrices over ZG

Construction of a tower of categories

Example

```
gap> G := SymmetricGroup( 3 );;
gap> CG := GroupAsCategory( G );;
gap> compare_func := function( g, h ) return UnderlyingGroupElement( g ) < UnderlyingGroupElement
gap> ZZ := HomalgRingOfIntegers( );;
gap> ZCG := LinearClosure( ZZ, CG, compare_func );;
gap> RowsG := AdditiveClosure( ZCG );;
```

Construction of elements

Example

```
gap> a := (1,2)/CG/ZCG;;
gap> b := (2,3)/CG/ZCG;;
gap> e := ()/CG/ZCG;;
gap> omega := [ [ a - e ], [ b - e ] ]/RowsG;;
gap> u := GroupAsCategoryUniqueObject( CG );;
gap> v := LinearClosureObject( ZCG, u );;
gap> u := AsAdditiveClosureObject( v );;
gap> HomStructure( u, omega );;
```

A random lifting problem over ZG

Example

```
gap> elem := Elements( G );;
gap> elem := List( elem, x -> x/CG/ZCG );;
gap> rand_elem := function() local coeffs; coeffs := List( [ 1 .. 6 ], i -> Random( [ -20 .. 20 ]
gap> mat10_11 := List( [ 1 .. 10 ], i ->
>         List( [ 1 .. 11 ], j ->
>             rand_elem()
>         )
>     );;
gap> mat11_12 := List( [ 1 .. 11 ], i ->
>         List( [ 1 .. 12 ], j ->
>             rand_elem()
>         )
>     );;
gap> alpha := mat10_11/RowsG;;
gap> beta := mat11_12/RowsG;;
gap> gamma := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> lift := Lift( gamma, beta );;
gap> PreCompose( lift, beta ) = gamma;
true
```

11.17 Quiver rows bascis

Example

```
gap> ## quiver without relations
> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(3)[a:1->2,b:1->2,c:2->3]" );;
gap> Av := Vertices( quiver );;
gap> A := PathAlgebra( QQ, quiver );;
gap> a := BasisPaths( CanonicalBasis( A ) );;
gap> a := List( a, p -> PathAsAlgebraElement( A, p ) );;
gap> zA := Zero( A );;
gap> QRowsA := QuiverRows( A );;
gap> mat := [ [ a[1], zA ], [ zA, a[6] ], [ a[1], zA ] ];;
gap> obj1 := QuiverRowsObject( [ [ Av[1], 1 ], [ Av[2], 1 ], [ Av[1], 1 ] ], QRowsA );;
gap> obj2 := QuiverRowsObject( [ [ Av[1], 1 ], [ Av[3], 1 ] ], QRowsA );;
gap> alpha := QuiverRowsMorphism( obj1, mat, obj2 );;
gap> obj3 := QuiverRowsObject( [ [ Av[2], 1 ] ], QRowsA );;
gap> mat := [ [ a[4] ], [ zA ] ];;
gap> beta := QuiverRowsMorphism( obj2, mat, obj3 );;
gap> pre := PreCompose( alpha, beta );;
gap> IsWellDefined( PreCompose( alpha, beta ) );
true
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( pre );
false
gap> ze := ZeroMorphism( Source( pre ), Range( pre ) );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pre + ze, pre );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( pre + pre, pre );
false
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( pre - pre );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>     PreCompose(
>         UniversalMorphismFromZeroObject( obj1 ),
>         UniversalMorphismIntoZeroObject( obj1 )
>     ),
>     IdentityMorphism( ZeroObject( QRowsA ) )
> );
true
gap> NrSummands( DirectSum( List( [ 1 .. 1000 ], i -> obj1 ) ) ) = 1000 * NrSummands( obj1 );
true
gap> L := [ obj1, obj2, obj3 ];;
gap> pi := List( [ 1,2,3 ], i -> ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( L, i ) );;
gap> iota := List( [ 1,2,3 ], i -> InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( L, i ) );;
gap> ForAll( [1,2,3], i ->
>     IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>         PreCompose( iota[i], pi[i] ),
>         IdentityMorphism( L[i] )
>     )
> );
true
gap> IsZeroForMorphisms( PreCompose( iota[2], pi[1] ) );
true
```

```
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>     UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( L, pi ),
>     IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( L ) )
> );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>     UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( L, iota ),
>     IdentityMorphism( DirectSum( L ) )
> );
true
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>     InterpretMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructureAsMorphism( obj1, obj2,
>         InterpretMorphismAsMorphismFromDistinguishedObjectToHomomorphismStructure( alpha )
>     ),
>     alpha
> );
true
gap> ## quiver with relations
> quiver := RightQuiver(
> "Q(8)[a:1->5,b:2->6,c:3->7,d:4->8,e:1->2,f:2->3,g:3->4,h:5->6,i:6->7,j:7->8]"
> );;
gap> Bv := Vertices( quiver );;
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( QQ, quiver );;
gap> B := QuotientOfPathAlgebra( kQ,
> [
>     kQ.e * kQ.f, kQ.f * kQ.g,
>     kQ.h * kQ.i, kQ.i * kQ.j,
>     kQ.e * kQ.b - kQ.a * kQ.h,
>     kQ.f * kQ.c - kQ.b * kQ.i,
>     kQ.g * kQ.d - kQ.c * kQ.j ]
> );;
gap> b := BasisPaths( CanonicalBasis( B ) );;
gap> QRowsB := QuiverRows( B );;
gap> obj := QuiverRowsObject( [ [ Bv[1], 2 ], [ Bv[1], 4 ], [ Bv[1], 4 ], [ Bv[1], 6 ] ], QRowsB
gap> IsWellDefined( obj );
true
gap> IdentityMorphism( obj );;
```

11.18 Quiver rows over the integers

Well-defined morphisms

Example

```
gap> QQ := HomalgFieldOfRationals();;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(4)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4]" );;
gap> vertices := Vertices( snake_quiver );;
gap> A := PathAlgebra( QQ, snake_quiver );;
gap> A := QuotientOfPathAlgebra( A, [ A.abc ] );;
gap> QRowsA := QuiverRowsDescentToZDefinedByBasisPaths( A );;
gap> v1 := AsQuiverRowsObject( vertices[1], QRowsA );;
gap> v2 := AsQuiverRowsObject( vertices[2], QRowsA );;
```

```
gap> mat := [ [ 1/2*A.a ] ];;
gap> x := QuiverRowsMorphism( v1, mat, v2 );;
gap> IsWellDefined( x );
false
gap> mat := [ [ 2*A.a ] ];;
gap> x := QuiverRowsMorphism( v1, mat, v2 );;
gap> IsWellDefined( x );
true
```

Snake lemma over the integers

Example

```
gap> a := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.a, QRowsA );;
gap> b := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.b, QRowsA );;
gap> c := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( A.c, QRowsA );;
gap> aa := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> bb := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> cc := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( c );;
gap> dd := CokernelProjection( aa );;
gap> ee := CokernelColift( aa, PreCompose( bb, cc ) );;
gap> ff := KernelEmbedding( ee );;
gap> gg := KernelEmbedding( cc );;
gap> hh := KernelLift( cc, PreCompose( aa, bb ) );;
gap> ii := CokernelProjection( hh );;
gap> fff := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ff );;
gap> ddd := AsGeneralizedMorphism( dd );;
gap> bbb := AsGeneralizedMorphism( bb );;
gap> ggg := AsGeneralizedMorphism( gg );;
gap> iii := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ii );;
gap> p := PreCompose( [ fff, PseudoInverse( ddd ), bbb, PseudoInverse( ggg ), iii ] );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
true
gap> jj := KernelObjectFunctorial( bb, dd, ee );;
gap> kk := CokernelObjectFunctorial( hh, gg, bb );;
gap> pp := HonestRepresentative( p );;
gap> comp := PreCompose( jj, pp );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
true
gap> comp := PreCompose( pp, kk );;
gap> IsZero( comp );
true
gap> homology := function( alpha, beta ) return CokernelObject( LiftAlongMonomorphism( KernelEmbe
gap> IsZero( homology( jj, pp ) );
true
gap> IsZero( homology( pp, kk ) );
true
```

Phenomena over the integers

Example

```
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(2)[a:1->2]" );;
gap> vertices := Vertices( quiver );;
gap> B := PathAlgebra( QQ, quiver );;
gap> QRowsB := QuiverRows( B );;
```

```
gap> QRowsB_overZ := QuiverRowsDescentToZDefinedByBasisPaths( B );;
gap> a := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( B.a, QRowsB );;
gap> a_Z := AsQuiverRowsMorphism( B.a, QRowsB_overZ );;
gap> aa := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> aa_Z := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a_Z );;
gap> bb := aa + aa;;
gap> bb_Z := aa_Z + aa_Z;;
gap> K1 := KernelEmbedding( bb );;
gap> K2 := KernelEmbedding( aa );;
gap> IsEqualAsSubobjects( K1, K2 );
true
gap> K1_Z := KernelEmbedding( bb_Z );;
gap> K2_Z := KernelEmbedding( aa_Z );;
gap> IsEqualAsSubobjects( K1_Z, K2_Z );
false
```

11.19 Snake lemma first proof

Example

```
gap> DeactivateDefaultCaching();
gap> SwitchGeneralizedMorphismStandard( "cospan" );;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:1->4,d:2->5,e:3->6,f:4->5,g:5->6]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), snake_quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.ad - kQ.cf, kQ.dg - kQ.be, kQ.ab, kQ.fg ] );;
gap> m := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> a := m[1];;
gap> b := m[2];;
gap> c := m[3];;
gap> d := m[4];;
gap> e := m[5];;
gap> f := m[6];;
gap> g := m[7];;
gap> cat := Aoid;;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> cat := AdditiveClosure( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> cat := Opposite( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Opposite( cat ) );;
gap> cat := FreydCategory( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> cat := Opposite( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> af := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[1] );;
gap> bf := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[2] );;
gap> cf := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[3] );;
gap> df := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[4] );;
gap> ef := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[5] );;
gap> ff := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[6] );;
gap> gf := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( m[7] );;
```

```
gap> bn := CokernelProjection( af );;
gap> en := CokernelColift( af, PreCompose( df, gf ) );;
gap> fn := KernelEmbedding( gf );;
gap> cn := KernelLift( gf, PreCompose( af, df ) );;
gap> ke := KernelEmbedding( en );;
gap> co := CokernelProjection( cn );;
gap> gk := AsGeneralizedMorphism( ke );;
gap> gb := AsGeneralizedMorphism( bn );;
gap> gd := AsGeneralizedMorphism( df );;
gap> gf := AsGeneralizedMorphism( fn );;
gap> gc := AsGeneralizedMorphism( co );;
gap> DirectSumFunctorial( [ af, af ] );;
gap> IsZero( PreCompose( ke, en ));;
gap> timestart := Runtimes().user_time;;
gap> p := PreCompose( [ gk, PseudoInverse( gb ) ] );;
gap> p2 := PreCompose( p, gd );;
gap> p3:= PreCompose( p2, PseudoInverse( gf ) );;
gap> p4:= PreCompose( p3, gc );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
false
gap> IsHonest( p2 );
false
gap> IsHonest( p3 );
false
gap> IsHonest( p4 );
true
gap> timeend := Runtimes().user_time - timestart;;
gap> h := HonestRepresentative( p4 );;
```

11.20 Snake lemma second proof

Example

```
gap> DeactivateDefaultCaching();
gap> SwitchGeneralizedMorphismStandard( "cospan" );;
gap> snake_quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(6)[a:1->2,b:2->3,c:3->4]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), snake_quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ, [ kQ.abc ] );;
gap> m := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> a := m[1];;
gap> b := m[2];;
gap> c := m[3];;
gap> cat := Aoid;;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> cat := AdditiveClosure( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> cat := Opposite( cat );;
gap> DisableInputSanityChecks( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Opposite( cat ) );;
gap> cat := FreydCategory( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
```

```
gap> cat := Opposite( cat );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( cat );;
gap> a := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( a );;
gap> b := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( b );;
gap> c := AsMorphismInFreeAbelianCategory( c );;
gap> coker_a := CokernelProjection( a );;
gap> colift := CokernelColift( a, PreCompose( b, c ) );;
gap> ker_c := KernelEmbedding( c );;
gap> lift := KernelLift( c, PreCompose( a, b ) );;
gap> p := PreCompose( [
>   AsGeneralizedMorphism( KernelEmbedding( colift ) ),
>   GeneralizedInverse( coker_a ),
>   AsGeneralizedMorphism( b ),
>   GeneralizedInverse( ker_c ),
>   AsGeneralizedMorphism( CokernelProjection( lift ) )
> ] );;
gap> IsHonest( p );
true
```

11.21 Adelman category theorem

Example

```
gap> quiver := RightQuiver( "Q(9)[a:1->2,b:3->2]" );;
gap> kQ := PathAlgebra( HomalgFieldOfRationals(), quiver );;
gap> Aoid := Algebroid( kQ );;
gap> mm := SetOfGeneratingMorphisms( Aoid );;
gap> CapCategorySwitchLogicOff( Aoid );;
gap> Acat := AdditiveClosure( Aoid );;
gap> a := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[1] );;
gap> b := AsAdditiveClosureMorphism( mm[2] );;
gap> a := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( a );;
gap> b := AsAdelmanCategoryMorphism( b );;
gap> pi1 := ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProduct( [ a, b ], 1 );;
gap> pi2 := ProjectionInFactorOfFiberProduct( [ a, b ], 1 );;
gap> c := CokernelColift( pi1, PreCompose( a, CokernelProjection( b ) ) );;
gap> IsMonomorphism( c );
true
```

Chapter 12

Grade filtration

Chapter 13

Groups as categories

Chapter 14

Linear closure of a category

Chapter 15

Quiver rows

Chapter 16

Examples on graded rows and columns

16.1 Freyd category of graded rows

Example

```
gap> Q := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular();
Q
gap> S := GradedRing( Q * "x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4" );
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(weights: yet unset)
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S, [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]] );

gap> cat := CategoryOfGradedRows( S );
Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
gap> obj1 := GradedRow( [ [[1,1],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> obj2 := GradedRow( [ [[1,1],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> gamma := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj2,
>                         HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 1 ] ], 2, 2, S ), obj2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> freyd := FreydCategory( cat );
Category of f.p. graded left modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
gap> IsAbelianCategory( freyd );
true
gap> obj_gamma := FreydCategoryObject( gamma );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> f := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, gamma, obj_gamma );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> witness := MorphismWitness( f );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( witness );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
```

```
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
2,0,
2,0
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> g := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma,
>                                  ZeroMorphism( obj2, obj2 ), obj_gamma );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( f, g );
true
gap> c := PreCompose( f, f );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( c );
A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )

--------------------------------

Source:
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
1,1,
1,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]
```

```
--------------------------------

Morphism datum:
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
2,2,
2,2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

--------------------------------

Range:
A morphism in Category of graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
1,1,
1,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

--------------------------------
```

Example

```
gap> s := g + g;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> a := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj1,
>                                    HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2 ] ], 1, 1, S ), obj1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( a );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]

Matrix:
2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> Z2 := FreydCategoryObject( a );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( Z2 );
An object in Freyd( Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )

Relation morphism:
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]

Matrix:
2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( Z2 );
<An identity morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> z := id + id + id;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

```
gap> d := DirectSumFunctorial( [ z, z, z ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> pr2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> pr3 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 3 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> uni := UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ pr3, pr2 ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> uni2 := UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ inj2, inj1 ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> ZFree := AsFreydCategoryObject( obj1 );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( ZFree );
A projective object in Freyd( Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )

Relation morphism:
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 0 and degrees:
[  ]

Matrix:
(an empty 0 x 1 matrix)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( ZFree );
<An identity morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> z := id + id;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

```
gap> coker_proj := CokernelProjection( z );
<An epimorphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> cokernel_colift := CokernelColift( z, CokernelProjection( z ) );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> a := ZFree;
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> b := obj_gamma;
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> c := TensorProductOnObjects( ZFree, obj_gamma );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> KaxbKxc := TensorProductOnObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( a, b ), c );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( KaxbKxc, ZeroObject( freyd ) );
false
gap> tensor_product_morphism := TensorProductOnMorphisms( cokernel_colift, coker_proj );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( tensor_product_morphism );
true
gap> IsEqualForObjects( Source( tensor_product_morphism ), Range( tensor_product_morphism ) );
false
gap> unit := TensorUnit( freyd );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( a, unit ), a );
true
gap> axKbxcK := TensorProductOnObjects( a, TensorProductOnObjects( b, c ) );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> ass_left_to_right := AssociatorLeftToRightWithGivenTensorProducts( KaxbKxc, a, b, c, axKbxcK
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsIsomorphism( ass_left_to_right );
true
gap> ass_right_to_left := AssociatorLeftToRightWithGivenTensorProducts( axKbxcK, a, b, c, KaxbKxc
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsMonomorphism( ass_right_to_left );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( ass_right_to_left );
true
gap> LeftUnitor( a );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> LeftUnitorInverse( axKbxcK );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
```

```
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> RightUnitor( b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> RightUnitorInverse( TensorProductOnObjects( axKbxcK, axKbxcK ) );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> Braiding( axKbxcK, KaxbKxc );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> braiding := Braiding( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( braiding );
true
gap> hom := InternalHomOnObjects( axKbxcK, axKbxcK );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsZero( hom );
false
gap> free_mod1 := AsFreydCategoryObject( GradedRow( [ [[0,0],1] ], S ) );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> free_mod2 := AsFreydCategoryObject( GradedRow( [ [[1,1],1] ], S ) );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> hom2 := InternalHomOnObjects( free_mod1, free_mod2 );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsZero( hom2 );
false
gap> IsZero( Source( RelationMorphism( hom2 ) ) );
true
gap> Rank( Range( RelationMorphism( hom2 ) ) );
1
gap> hom3 := InternalHomOnObjects( free_mod2, free_mod1 );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsZero( hom3 );
false
gap> InternalHomOnMorphisms( ass_left_to_right, ass_right_to_left );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> eval := EvaluationMorphism( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( eval );
true
gap> IsMonomorphism( eval );
true
gap> coeval := CoevaluationMorphism( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded left modules over
```

```
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( coeval );
true
gap> IsMonomorphism( coeval );
true
```

16.2 Freyd category of graded columns

Example

```
gap> Q := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular();
Q
gap> S := GradedRing( Q * "x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4" );
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(weights: yet unset)
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S, [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]] );

gap> cat := CategoryOfGradedColumns( S );
Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
gap> obj1 := GradedColumn( [ [[1,1],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
gap> obj2 := GradedColumn( [ [[1,1],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> gamma := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj2,
>                         HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, 1 ], [ 1, 1 ] ], 2, 2, S ), obj2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> freyd := FreydCategory( cat );
Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
gap> IsAbelianCategory( freyd );
true
gap> obj_gamma := FreydCategoryObject( gamma );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> f := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma, gamma, obj_gamma );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> witness := MorphismWitness( f );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( witness );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
```

```
2,2,
0,0
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> g := FreydCategoryMorphism( obj_gamma,
>                                  ZeroMorphism( obj2, obj2 ), obj_gamma );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms( f, g );
true
gap> c := PreCompose( f, f );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( c );
A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )

--------------------------------

Source:
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
1,1,
1,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

--------------------------------

Morphism datum:
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
```

```
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
2,2,
2,2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

--------------------------------

Range:
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
1,1,
1,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 2 ] ]

--------------------------------
```

Example

```
gap> s := g + g;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> a := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj1,
>                                    HomalgMatrix( [ [ 2 ] ], 1, 1, S ), obj1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( a );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

```
Matrix:
2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> Z2 := FreydCategoryObject( a );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( Z2 );
An object in Freyd( Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )

Relation morphism:
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]

Matrix:
2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( Z2 );
<An identity morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> z := id + id + id;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> d := DirectSumFunctorial( [ z, z, z ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> pr2 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> pr3 := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 3 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

```
gap> uni := UniversalMorphismIntoDirectSum( [ pr3, pr2 ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> inj1 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> inj2 := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ Z2, Z2, Z2 ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> uni2 := UniversalMorphismFromDirectSum( [ inj2, inj1 ] );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> ZFree := AsFreydCategoryObject( obj1 );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( ZFree );
A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) )

Relation morphism:
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 0 and degrees:
[  ]

Matrix:
(an empty 1 x 0 matrix)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 1 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> id := IdentityMorphism( ZFree );
<An identity morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> z := id + id;
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> coker_proj := CokernelProjection( z );
<An epimorphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> cokernel_colift := CokernelColift( z, CokernelProjection( z ) );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> a := ZFree;
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
```

```
gap> b := obj_gamma;
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> c := TensorProductOnObjects( a, b );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> KaxbKxc := TensorProductOnObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( a, b ), c );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( KaxbKxc, ZeroObject( freyd ) );
false
gap> tensor_product_morphism := TensorProductOnMorphisms( cokernel_colift, coker_proj );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( tensor_product_morphism );
true
gap> IsEqualForObjects( Source( tensor_product_morphism ), Range( tensor_product_morphism ) );
false
gap> unit := TensorUnit( freyd );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( a, unit ), a );
true
gap> axKbxcK := TensorProductOnObjects( a, TensorProductOnObjects( b, c ) );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> ass_left_to_right := AssociatorLeftToRightWithGivenTensorProducts( KaxbKxc, a, b, c, axKbxcK
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsIsomorphism( ass_left_to_right );
true
gap> ass_right_to_left := AssociatorLeftToRightWithGivenTensorProducts( axKbxcK, a, b, c, KaxbKxc
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsMonomorphism( ass_right_to_left );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( ass_right_to_left );
true
gap> LeftUnitor( a );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> LeftUnitorInverse( axKbxcK );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> RightUnitor( b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> RightUnitorInverse( TensorProductOnObjects( axKbxcK, axKbxcK ) );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> Braiding( axKbxcK, KaxbKxc );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
```

```
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> braiding := Braiding( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( braiding );
true
gap> hom := InternalHomOnObjects( axKbxcK, axKbxcK );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsZero( hom );
false
gap> free_mod1 := AsFreydCategoryObject( GradedColumn( [ [[0,0],1] ], S ) );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> free_mod2 := AsFreydCategoryObject( GradedColumn( [ [[1,1],1] ], S ) );
<A projective object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> hom2 := InternalHomOnObjects( free_mod1, free_mod2 );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsZero( hom2 );
false
gap> IsZero( Source( RelationMorphism( hom2 ) ) );
true
gap> Rank( Range( RelationMorphism( hom2 ) ) );
1
gap> hom3 := InternalHomOnObjects( free_mod2, free_mod1 );
<An object in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsZero( hom3 );
false
gap> InternalHomOnMorphisms( ass_left_to_right, ass_right_to_left );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> eval := EvaluationMorphism( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( eval );
true
gap> IsMonomorphism( eval );
true
gap> coeval := CoevaluationMorphism( a, b );
<A morphism in Category of f.p. graded right modules over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsEpimorphism( coeval );
true
gap> IsMonomorphism( coeval );
true
```

16.3 Constructors of objects and reduction of degree lists

Example

```
gap> Q := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular();
Q
gap> S := GradedRing( Q * "x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4" );
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(weights: yet unset)
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S, [[1,0],[1,0],[0,1],[0,1]] );

gap> ObjectL := GradedRow( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> DegreeList( ObjectL );
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
gap> Object2L := GradedRow( [ [[1,0],2],
>            [[1,0],3],[[0,1],2],[[1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 8>
gap> DegreeList( Object2L );
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 5 ], [ ( 0, 1 ), 2 ], [ ( 1, 0 ), 1 ] ]
gap> UnzipDegreeList( Object2L );
[ ( 1, 0 ), ( 1, 0 ), ( 1, 0 ), ( 1, 0 ), ( 1, 0 ), ( 0, 1 ), ( 0, 1 ), ( 1, 0 ) ]
gap> ObjectR := GradedColumn( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> DegreeList( ObjectR );
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
gap> Object2R := GradedColumn( [ [[1,0],2],
>            [[1,0],3],[[0,1],2],[[1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 8>
gap> DegreeList( Object2R );
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 5 ], [ ( 0, 1 ), 2 ], [ ( 1, 0 ), 1 ] ]
gap> UnzipDegreeList( Object2R );
[ ( 1, 0 ), ( 1, 0 ), ( 1, 0 ), ( 1, 0 ), ( 1, 0 ), ( 0, 1 ), ( 0, 1 ), ( 1, 0 ) ]
gap> S2 := GradedRing( Q * "x" );;
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S2, [ 1 ] );;
gap> IsWellDefined( GradedRow( [ [ [ 1 ], 1 ] ], S2 ) );
true
gap> IsWellDefined( GradedColumn( [ [ [ 1 ], 1 ] ], S2 ) );
true
```

Whenever the object constructor is called, it tries to simplify the given degree list. To this end it checks if subsequent degree group elements match. If so, their multiplicities are added. So, as in the example above we have:

$$[[(1,0),2],[(1,0),3],[(0,1),2],[(1,0),1]] \mapsto [[(1,0),5],[(0,1),2],[(1,0),1]]$$

Note that, even though there are two occurances of $(1,0)$ in the final degree list, we do not simplify further. The reason for this is as follows. Assume that we have a map of graded rows

$$\varphi: A \to B$$

given by a homomgeneous matrix M and that we want to compute the weak kernel embedding of this mapping. To this end we first compute the row syzygies of M. Let us call the corresponding matrix N.

Then we deduce the degree list of the weak kernel object from N and from the graded row A. Once this degree list is known, we would call the object constructor. If this object constructor summarised all (and not only subsequent) occurances of one degree element in the degree list, then in order to make sure that the weak kernel embedding is a mapping of graded rows, the rows of the matrix N would have to be shuffled. The latter we do not wish to perform.

Note that the 'IsEqualForObjects' methods returns true whenever the degree lists of two graded rows/columns are identical. So in particular it returns false, if the degree lists are mere permutations of one another. Here is an example.

Example

```
gap> Object2LShuffle := GradedRow( [ [[0,1],1],
>            [[1,0],2],[[0,1],1],[[1,0],4] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 8>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( Object2L, Object2LShuffle );
false
gap> Object2RShuffle := GradedColumn( [ [[0,1],1],
>            [[1,0],2],[[0,1],1],[[1,0],4] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 8>
gap> IsEqualForObjects( Object2R, Object2RShuffle );
false
```

16.4 Constructors of morphisms

Example

```
gap> Q1L := GradedRow( [ [[0,0],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> IsWellDefined( Q1L );
true
gap> Q2L := GradedRow( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> m1L := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(
>       Q1L, HomalgMatrix( [["x_1","x_2"]], S ) ,Q2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( Source( m1L ) );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
gap> Display( Range( m1L ) );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( m1L ) );
x_1,x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> Q1R := GradedColumn( [ [[0,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
```

```
gap> IsWellDefined( Q1R );
true
gap> Q2R := GradedColumn( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> m1R := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(
>       Q1R, HomalgMatrix( [["x_1"],["x_2"]], S ) ,Q2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( Source( m1R ) );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
gap> Display( Range( m1R ) );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( m1R ) );
x_1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

16.5 The GAP categories

Example

```
gap> categoryL := CapCategory( Q1L );
Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
gap> categoryR := CapCategory( Q1R );
Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
```

16.6 A few categorical constructions for graded rows

Example

```
gap> ZeroObject( categoryL );
<A graded row of rank 0>
gap> O1L := GradedRow( [ [[-1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( ZeroMorphism( ZeroObject( categoryL ), O1L ) );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 0 and degrees:
```

```
[  ]

Matrix:
(an empty 0 x 2 matrix)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( -1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> O2L := GradedRow( [ [[0,0],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> obj3L := GradedRow( [ [[-1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( IdentityMorphism( O2L ) );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]

Matrix:
1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> IsWellDefined( IdentityMorphism( Q2L ) );
true
gap> directSumL := DirectSum( [ O1L, O2L ] );
<A graded row of rank 3>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( directSumL );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 3 and degrees:
[ [ ( -1, 0 ), 2 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> i1L := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ O1L, O2L ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( i1L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( i1L ) );
1,0,0,
0,1,0
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> i2L := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ O1L, O2L ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ],[ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( i2L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( i2L ) );
0,0,1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> proj1L := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ O1L, O2L ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( proj1L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( proj1L ) );
1,0,
0,1,
0,0
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> proj2L := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ O1L, O2L ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( proj2L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( proj2L ) );
0,
0,
1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> kL := WeakKernelEmbedding( proj1L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( kL );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( kL ) );
0,0,1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> ckL := WeakCokernelProjection( kL );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( ckL );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( ckL ) );
1,0,
0,1,
0,0
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> IsMonomorphism( kL );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( kL );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( ckL );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( ckL );
true
gap> m1L := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( O1L,
>       HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1" ], [ "x_2" ]], S ), O2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1L );
true
gap> m2L := IdentityMorphism( O2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m2L );
true
gap> obj1L := GradedRow( [ [[0,0],1], [[-1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> m1L := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj1L,
>       HomalgMatrix( [[ 1 ], [ "x_2"] ], S ), O2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1L );
true
gap> m3L := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj3L,
>       HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1" ]], S ), O2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m3L );
true
gap> liftL := Lift( m3L, m1L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( liftL );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( liftL ) );
x_1, 0
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> O3L := GradedRow( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> morL := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(
>        O2L, HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1, x_2" ]], S ), O3L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( morL );
true
gap> coliftL := Colift( m2L, morL );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( coliftL );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( coliftL ) );
x_1,x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> fpL := WeakBiFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> fp_proj1L := ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( fp_proj1L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( fp_proj1L ) );
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> fp_proj2L := ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( fp_proj2L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( fp_proj2L ) );
1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> BiasedWeakFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A graded row of rank 2>
```

```
gap> pbwfprow := ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( m1L, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( pbwfprow );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( pbwfprow );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ], [ ( -1, 0 ), 1 ] ]

Matrix:
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ], [ ( -1, 0 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> poL := WeakBiPushout( morL, m2L );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> inj1L := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( morL, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( inj1L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( inj1L ) );
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> inj2L := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( morL, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( inj2L );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( inj2L ) );
x_1,x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> injectionL := InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( morL, m2L );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( injectionL );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( injectionL );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> tensorProductL := TensorProductOnObjects( O1L, O2L );
<A graded row of rank 2>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( tensorProductL );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( -1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> tensorProductMorphismL := TensorProductOnMorphisms( m2L, morL );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( tensorProductMorphismL );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( tensorProductMorphismL );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
```

```
Matrix:
x_1,x_2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
gap> Display( DualOnObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( ObjectL, Object2L ) ) );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 16 and degrees:
[ [ ( -2, 0 ), 5 ], [ ( -1, -1 ), 2 ], [ ( -2, 0 ), 6 ], [ ( -1, -1 ), 2 ],
[ ( -2, 0 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> IsWellDefined( DualOnMorphisms( m1L ) );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( DualOnMorphisms( m1L ) );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]

Matrix:
1,x_2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ], [ ( 1, 0 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> IsWellDefined( EvaluationForDualWithGivenTensorProduct( TensorProductOnObjects(
> DualOnObjects( ObjectL ), ObjectL ), ObjectL, TensorUnit( categoryL ) ) );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( EvaluationForDualWithGivenTensorProduct( TensorProductOnObjects(
> DualOnObjects( ObjectL ), ObjectL ), ObjectL, TensorUnit( categoryL ) ) );
A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 4 and degrees:
```

```
[ [ 0, 4 ] ]

Matrix:
1,
0,
0,
1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
gap> Display( InternalHomOnObjects( ObjectL, ObjectL ) );
A graded row over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 4 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 4 ] ]
```

16.7 A few categorical constructions for graded columns

Example

```
gap> ZeroObject( categoryR );
<A graded column of rank 0>
gap> O1R := GradedColumn( [ [[-1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( ZeroMorphism( ZeroObject( categoryR ), O1R ) );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1,0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 0 and degrees:
[  ]

Matrix:
(an empty 2 x 0 matrix)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1,0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( -1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> O2R := GradedColumn( [ [[0,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
gap> obj3R := GradedColumn( [ [[-1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( IdentityMorphism( O2R ) );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]

Matrix:
1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> IsWellDefined( IdentityMorphism( Q2R ) );
true
gap> directSumR := DirectSum( [ O1R, O2R ] );
<A graded column of rank 3>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( directSumR );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 3 and degrees:
[ [ ( -1, 0 ), 2 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> i1R := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ O1R, O2R ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( i1R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( i1R ) );
1,0,
0,1,
0,0
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> i2R := InjectionOfCofactorOfDirectSum( [ O1R, O2R ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ],[ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( i2R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( i2R ) );
0,
```

```
0,
1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> proj1R := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ O1R, O2R ], 1 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( proj1R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( proj1R ) );
1,0,0,
0,1,0
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> proj2R := ProjectionInFactorOfDirectSum( [ O1R, O2R ], 2 );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( proj2R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( proj2R ) );
0,0,1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> kR := WeakKernelEmbedding( proj1R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( kR );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( kR ) );
0,
0,
1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> ckR := WeakCokernelProjection( kR );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( ckR );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( ckR ) );
1,0,0,
0,1,0
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> IsMonomorphism( kR );
true
gap> IsEpimorphism( kR );
false
gap> IsMonomorphism( ckR );
false
gap> IsEpimorphism( ckR );
true
gap> m1R := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( O1R,
>       HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1", "x_2" ]], S ), O2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1R );
true
gap> m2R := IdentityMorphism( O2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m2R );
true
gap> obj1R := GradedColumn( [ [[0,0],1], [[-1,0],1] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> m1R := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj1R,
>       HomalgMatrix( [ [ 1, "x_2"] ], S ), O2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m1R );
true
gap> m3R := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism( obj3R,
>       HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1" ]], S ), O2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( m3R );
true
gap> liftR := Lift( m3R, m1R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( liftR );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( liftR ) );
x_1,
0
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> O3R := GradedColumn( [ [[1,0],2] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> morR := GradedRowOrColumnMorphism(
>        O2R, HomalgMatrix( [[ "x_1" ], [ "x_2" ]], S ), O3R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( morR );
```

```
true
gap> coliftR := Colift( m2R, morR );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( coliftR );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( coliftR ) );
x_1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> fpR := WeakBiFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> fp_proj1R := ProjectionInFirstFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( fp_proj1R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( fp_proj1R ) );
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> fp_proj2R := ProjectionInSecondFactorOfWeakBiFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( fp_proj2R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( fp_proj2R ) );
1, x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> BiasedWeakFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> pbwfpcol := ProjectionOfBiasedWeakFiberProduct( m1R, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( pbwfpcol );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( pbwfpcol );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
```

```
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ], [ ( -1, 0 ), 1 ] ]

Matrix:
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ], [ ( -1, 0 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> poR := WeakBiPushout( morR, m2R );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> inj1R := InjectionOfFirstCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( morR, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( inj1R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( inj1R ) );
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> inj2R := InjectionOfSecondCofactorOfWeakBiPushout( morR, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( inj2R );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( UnderlyingHomalgMatrix( inj2R ) );
x_1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)
```

Example

```
gap> injectionR := InjectionOfBiasedWeakPushout( morR, m2R );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( injectionR );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( injectionR );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
```

```
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]

Matrix:
1,0,
0,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> tensorProductR := TensorProductOnObjects( O1R, O2R );
<A graded column of rank 2>
```

Example

```
gap> Display( tensorProductR );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights
[ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( -1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> tensorProductMorphismR := TensorProductOnMorphisms( m2R, morR );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over
Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4] (with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( tensorProductMorphismR );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( tensorProductMorphismR );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]

Matrix:
x_1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ ( 1, 0 ), 2 ] ]
gap> Display( DualOnObjects( TensorProductOnObjects( ObjectR, Object2R ) ) );
```

```
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ]) of rank 16 and degrees:
[ [ ( -2, 0 ), 5 ], [ ( -1, -1 ), 2 ], [ ( -2, 0 ), 6 ], [ ( -1, -1 ), 2 ],
[ ( -2, 0 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> IsWellDefined( DualOnMorphisms( m1R ) );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( DualOnMorphisms( m1R ) );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]

Matrix:
1,
x_2
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 2 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ], [ ( 1, 0 ), 1 ] ]
```

Example

```
gap> IsWellDefined( EvaluationForDualWithGivenTensorProduct( TensorProductOnObjects(
> DualOnObjects( ObjectR ), ObjectR ), ObjectR, TensorUnit( categoryR ) ) );
true
```

Example

```
gap> Display( EvaluationForDualWithGivenTensorProduct( TensorProductOnObjects(
> DualOnObjects( ObjectR ), ObjectR ), ObjectR, TensorUnit( categoryR ) ) );
A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])

Source:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 4 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 4 ] ]

Matrix:
1,0,0,1
(over a graded ring)

Range:
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
```

```
of rank 1 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 1 ] ]
gap> Display( InternalHomOnObjects( ObjectR, ObjectR ) );
A graded column over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])
of rank 4 and degrees:
[ [ 0, 4 ] ]
```

16.8 Additional examples on monoidal structure for graded rows

Example

```
gap> aR := GradedRow( [ [ [1,0], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> bR := ZeroObject( aR );
<A graded row of rank 0>
gap> coevR := CoevaluationForDual( bR );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( coevR );
true
gap> evalR := EvaluationForDual( bR );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( evalR );
true
gap> cR := GradedRow( [ [ [2,0], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 1>
gap> aR_o_bR := TensorProductOnObjects( aR, bR );
<A graded row of rank 0>
gap> phiR := ZeroMorphism( aR_o_bR, cR );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( phiR );
true
gap> tens_mor := TensorProductToInternalHomAdjunctionMap(aR,bR,phiR);
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( tens_mor );
true
```

16.9 Additional examples on monoidal structure for graded columns

Example

```
gap> aC := GradedColumn( [ [ [1,0], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
gap> bC := ZeroObject( aC );
<A graded column of rank 0>
gap> coevC := CoevaluationForDual( bC );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( coevC );
```

```
true
gap> evalC := EvaluationForDual( bC );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( evalC );
true
gap> cC := GradedColumn( [ [ [2,0], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 1>
gap> aC_o_bC := TensorProductOnObjects( aC, bC );
<A graded column of rank 0>
gap> phiC := ZeroMorphism( aC_o_bC, cC );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( phiC );
true
gap> tens_mor := TensorProductToInternalHomAdjunctionMap(aC,bC,phiC);
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x_1,x_2,x_3,x_4]
(with weights [ [ 1, 0 ], [ 1, 0 ], [ 0, 1 ], [ 0, 1 ] ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( tens_mor );
true
```

16.10 Examples to test Tools methods in graded rows/cols

Example

```
gap> S := GradedRing( Q * "x,y" );
Q[x,y]
(weights: yet unset)
gap> SetWeightsOfIndeterminates( S, [ 1, 1 ] );
gap> mat_1 := HomalgMatrix( "[ x, 0, 0, y ]", 2, 2, S );
<A 2 x 2 matrix over a graded ring>
gap> mat_2 := HomalgMatrix( "[ x, 0, 0, 0 ]", 2, 2, S );
<A 2 x 2 matrix over a graded ring>
gap> a := GradedRow( [ [ [ 1 ], 1 ], [ [ 2 ], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded row of rank 2>
gap> b := GradedColumn( [ [ [ 1 ], 1 ], [ [ 2 ], 1 ] ], S );
<A graded column of rank 2>
gap> map := DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows( mat_1, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows( mat_1, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( map, some_map );
true
gap> map := DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows( mat_1, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows( mat_1, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( map, some_map );
true
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedRows( mat_2, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( some_map );
true
```

```
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedRows( mat_2, a );
<A morphism in Category of graded rows over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( some_map );
true
gap> map := DeduceMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols( mat_1, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols( mat_1, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( map, some_map );
true
gap> map := DeduceMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols( mat_1, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols( mat_1, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsEqualForMorphisms( map, some_map );
true
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndRangeForGradedCols( mat_2, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( some_map );
true
gap> some_map := DeduceSomeMapFromMatrixAndSourceForGradedCols( mat_2, b );
<A morphism in Category of graded columns over Q[x,y] (with weights [ 1, 1 ])>
gap> IsWellDefined( some_map );
true
```

Chapter 17

Example on tensor products in Freyd categories

17.1 Tensor products for categories of rows

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j";;
gap> C := CategoryOfRows( R );;
gap> T := TensorUnit( C );;
gap> IsWellDefined( T );
true
```

We test the naturality of the braiding.

Example

```
gap> R2 := DirectSum( T, T );;
gap> R3 := DirectSum( T, R2 );;
gap> R4 := DirectSum( R2, R2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( T, HomalgMatrix( "[ a, b, c, d ]", 1, 4, R ), R4 );;
gap> beta := CategoryOfRowsMorphism( R2, HomalgMatrix( "[ e, f, g, h, i, j ]", 2, 3, R ), R3 );;
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>     PreCompose( Braiding( T, R2 ), TensorProductOnMorphisms( beta, alpha ) ),
>     PreCompose( TensorProductOnMorphisms( alpha, beta ), Braiding( R4, R3 ) )
> );
true
```

We compute the torsion part of a f.p. module with the help of the induced tensor structure on the Freyd category.

Example

```
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> mu := MorphismToBidual( M );;
gap> co := CoastrictionToImage( mu );;
gap> IsIsomorphism( co );
true
```

17.2 Tensor products for categories of columns

Example

```
gap> R := HomalgFieldOfRationalsInSingular() * "a,b,c,d,e,f,g,h,i,j";;
gap> C := CategoryOfColumns( R );;
gap> T := TensorUnit( C );;
gap> IsWellDefined( T );
true
```

We test the naturality of the braiding.

Example

```
gap> R2 := DirectSum( T, T );;
gap> R3 := DirectSum( T, R2 );;
gap> R4 := DirectSum( R2, R2 );;
gap> alpha := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( T, HomalgMatrix( "[ a, b, c, d ]", 4, 1, R ), R4 );;
gap> beta := CategoryOfColumnsMorphism( R2, HomalgMatrix( "[ e, f, g, h, i, j ]", 3, 2, R ), R3 )
gap> IsCongruentForMorphisms(
>     PreCompose( Braiding( T, R2 ), TensorProductOnMorphisms( beta, alpha ) ),
>     PreCompose( TensorProductOnMorphisms( alpha, beta ), Braiding( R4, R3 ) )
> );
true
```

We compute the torsion part of a f.p. module with the help of the induced tensor structure on the Freyd category.

Example

```
gap> M := FreydCategoryObject( alpha );;
gap> mu := MorphismToBidual( M );;
gap> co := CoastrictionToImage( mu );;
gap> IsIsomorphism( co );
true
```

Index