

Model-independent (sort of) determination of the CKM angle γ in $B^\pm \rightarrow (K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-)_D h^\pm$ decays

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B2OC Meeting, WG sign off

10th March 2022



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Summary of γ analysis in

$$B^\pm \rightarrow Dh^\pm, D \rightarrow h^+h^-\pi^+\pi^-$$

Summary of γ analysis in $B^\pm \rightarrow Dh^\pm$, $D \rightarrow h^+h^-\pi^+\pi^-$

- First presented to B2OC WG on 4th November 2022
 - Slides [here](#)
 - TWiki page with ANA note [here](#)
- GGSZ: Analysis in phase space bins of $D^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$
 - This publication: c_i/s_i from LHCb model [JHEP 02 \(2019\) 126](#)
 - Long term plan: Strong-phase analysis at BESIII currently ongoing where c_i/s_i are measured directly \implies Model independent analysis
- Quasi-GLW: Phase space integrated analysis of $D^0 \rightarrow h^+h^-\pi^+\pi^-$
 - F_+ for $D^0 \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ from CLEO [JHEP 01 \(2018\) 144](#)
 - F_+ for $D^0 \rightarrow K^+K^-\pi^+\pi^-$ from LHCb model
 - Preliminary BESIII analysis of F_+ shows good agreement with model

The BPGGSZ method

Event yield in bin i

$$N_i^- = h_{B^-} (F_i + (x_-^2 + y_-^2) \bar{F}_i + 2\sqrt{F_i \bar{F}_i} (x_- c_i + y_- s_i))$$

$$N_i^+ = h_{B^+} (F_i + (x_+^2 + y_+^2) \bar{F}_i + 2\sqrt{F_i \bar{F}_i} (x_+ c_i + y_+ s_i))$$

- CP observables:

- $x_{\pm}^{DK} = r_B^{DK} \cos(\delta_B^{DK} \pm \gamma), \quad y_{\pm}^{DK} = r_B^{DK} \sin(\delta_B^{DK} \pm \gamma)$
- $x_{\xi}^{D\pi} = \text{Re}(\xi^{D\pi}), \quad y_{\xi}^{D\pi} = \text{Im}(\xi^{D\pi}) \quad \left(\xi^{D\pi} = \frac{r_B^{D\pi}}{r_B^{DK}} e^{i(\delta_B^{D\pi} - \delta_B^{DK})} \right)$

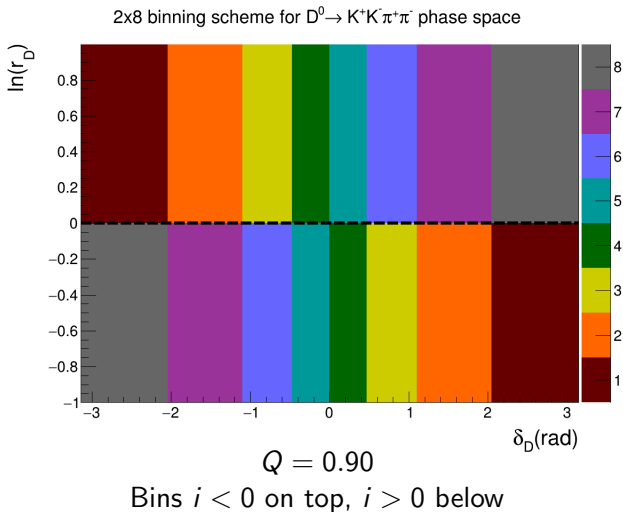
- Fractional bin yield:

- $F_i = \frac{\int_i d\Phi |\mathcal{A}(D^0)|^2}{\sum_j \int_j d\Phi |\mathcal{A}(D^0)|^2}$
- Floated in the fit, mostly constrained by $B^{\pm} \rightarrow D\pi^{\pm}$

- Amplitude averaged strong phases:

$$c_i = \frac{\int_i d\Phi |\mathcal{A}(D^0)| |\mathcal{A}(\bar{D}^0)| \cos(\delta_D)}{\sqrt{\int_i d\Phi |\mathcal{A}(D^0)|^2 \int_i d\Phi |\mathcal{A}(\bar{D}^0)|^2}}, \quad s_i = \frac{\int_i d\Phi |\mathcal{A}(D^0)| |\mathcal{A}(\bar{D}^0)| \sin(\delta_D)}{\sqrt{\int_i d\Phi |\mathcal{A}(D^0)|^2 \int_i d\Phi |\mathcal{A}(\bar{D}^0)|^2}}$$

Binning scheme



The quasi-GLW method

- Statistically independent analysis without phase space binning
 - BPGGSZ looks at relative bin yields
 - Quasi-GLW observables depend on absolute yields
- Charge asymmetry:

$$A_h = \frac{\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow Dh^-) - \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow Dh^+)}{\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow Dh^-) + \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow Dh^+)}$$

- $B \rightarrow DK$ vs $B \rightarrow D\pi$ double ratio:

$$R_{CP} = \frac{R_{hh\pi\pi}}{R_{K\pi\pi\pi}}, \quad R = \frac{\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow DK^-) + \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow DK^+)}{\Gamma(B^- \rightarrow D\pi^-) + \Gamma(B^+ \rightarrow D\pi^+)}$$

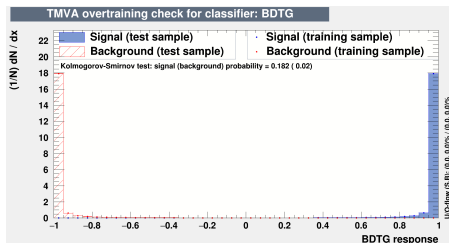
CP observables and physics parameters

$$A_h = \frac{2r_B^{Dh}(2F_+ - 1) \sin(\delta_B^{Dh}) \sin(\gamma)}{1 + (r_B^{Dh})^2 + 2r_B^{Dh}(2F_+ - 1) \cos(\delta_B^{Dh}) \cos(\gamma)},$$

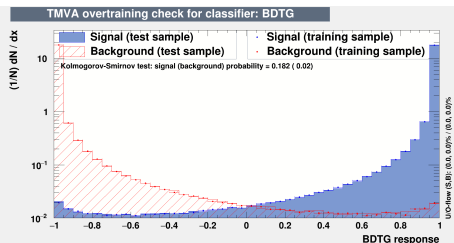
$$R_{CP} = 1 + (r_B^{Dh})^2 + 2r_B^{Dh}(2F_+ - 1) \cos(\delta_B^{Dh}) \cos(\gamma)$$

Selection

- 1 Initial cuts: Trigger requirements, mass cuts, bachelor p , etc
- 2 BDT: Efficient combinatorial background rejection
- 3 Final cuts: PID cuts, flight significance cuts, K_S veto, etc



(a) BDT output



(b) BDT output on a logarithmic scale

Global fit

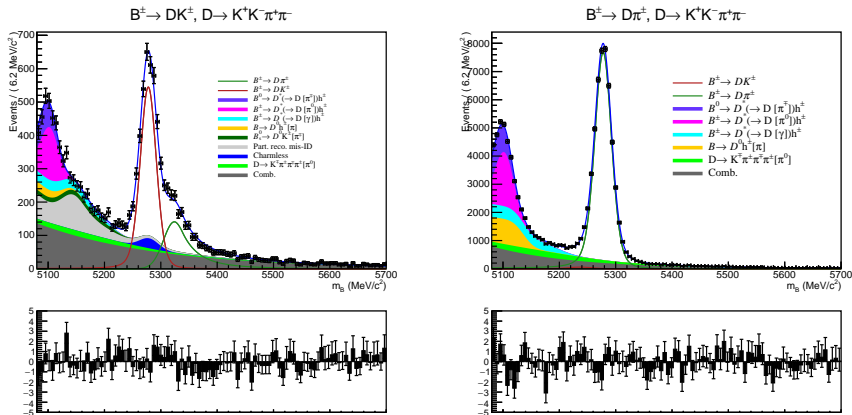


Figure 2: $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ channel (left) and $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ channel (right)

- $B^\pm \rightarrow DK^\pm$ yield: 3306 ± 75
- $B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi^\pm$ yield: $46\,695 \pm 256$

Fit split by charge

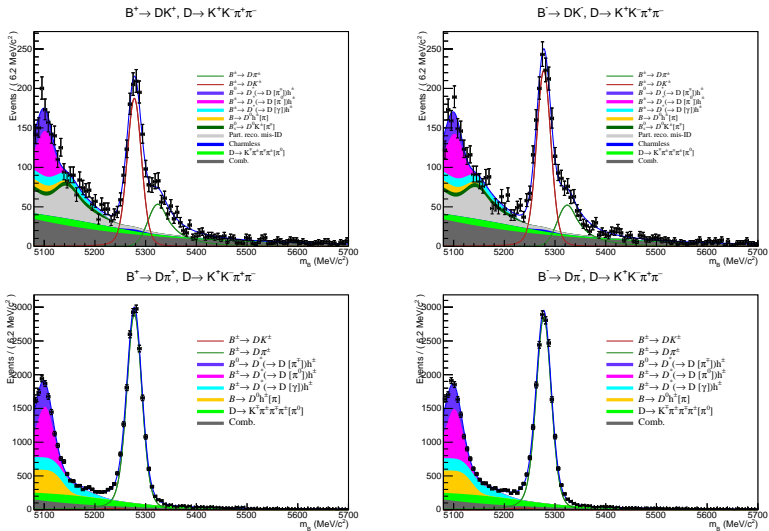


Figure 3: $B^\pm \rightarrow (K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-) D h^\pm$

Fit split by charge

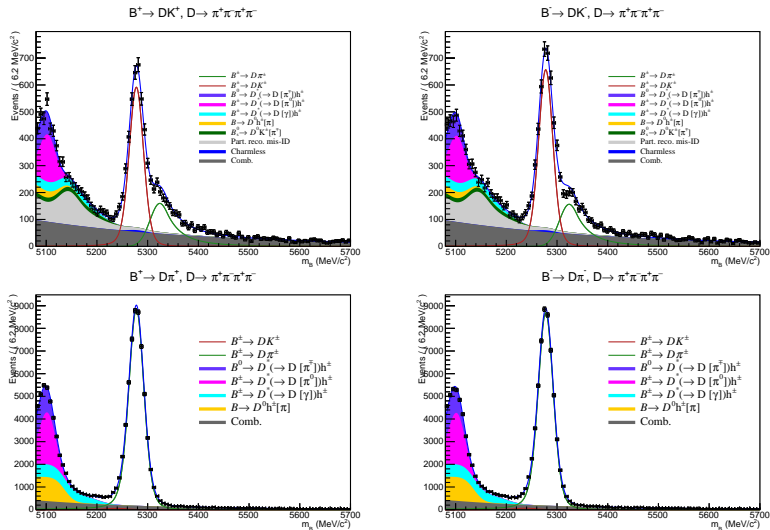


Figure 4: $B^\pm \rightarrow (\pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-) Dh^\pm$

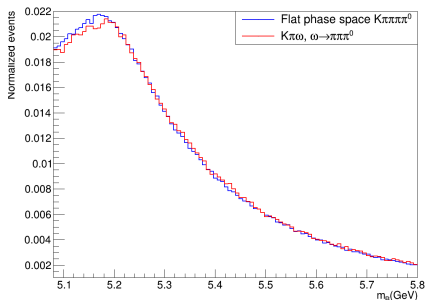
Updates and improvements to analysis

Thanks to Anton, Nathan, Paras
for reading the ANA note!

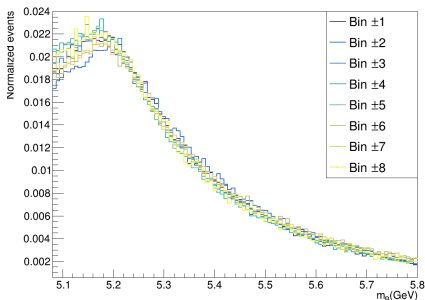
$D \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi\pi^0$ mis-ID background

- Missing π^0 and $\pi \rightarrow K$ mis-ID
- Two changes:
 - ① Unclear how DTF affects mass shape \implies Requested LHCb MC
 - ② Float yield relative to $B \rightarrow D^* h$ background instead of all partially reconstructed background
- Cross checks: Model dependence and bin dependence

$K\pi\pi\pi^0$ mass shape model dependence



$K\pi\pi\pi^0$ mass shape by bins

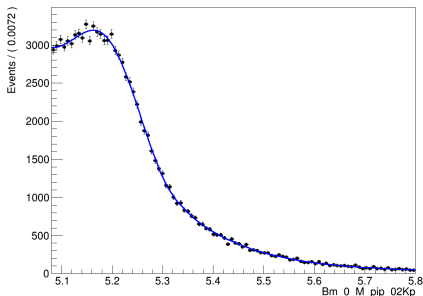


$D \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi\pi^0$ mis-ID background

- Reweighting procedure:

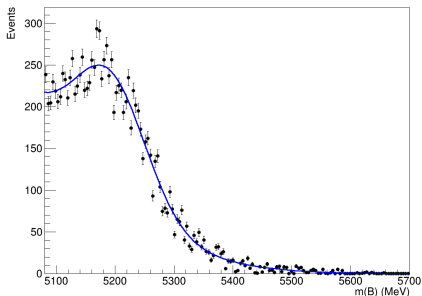
- ① Run through same reconstruction as $KK\pi\pi$
- ② Use $KK\pi\pi$ MC to calculate PID efficiency of $\text{PIDK} > -10$ as a function of p and η
- ③ Reweight each event to “undo” the PID cut from stripping
- ④ Reweight with PIDCalib2 to account for $\text{PIDK} > 0$ cut in selection

B mass of $K\pi\pi\pi^0 \rightarrow KK\pi\pi$



(a) RapidSim

B mass of $K\pi\pi\pi^0 \rightarrow KK\pi\pi$



(b) Full LHCb simulation

Some minor changes improvements

- ① K_S veto for $D \rightarrow \pi\pi\pi\pi$ added to match the CLEO F_+ analysis
- ② Fit bias is corrected for
- ③ Fit range reduced from 5800 MeV to 5700 MeV
- ④ BPGGSZ and quasi-GLW correlations accounted for

Systematic uncertainties

- ① c_i/s_i systematic uncertainty from modelling
 - Strategy: Generate toys with c_i/s_i from older CLEO model, fit with c_i/s_i from LHCb model
 - Largest systematic uncertainty
 - Will be replaced when BESIII results become available
- ② Charmless background: Vary the total yield and fractional bin yields
- ③ $K\pi\pi\pi\pi^0$: Vary bin distribution from D^0 -like to $D^0 + \bar{D}^0$ -like
- ④ D mixing: Bias from toy fit
 - More or less negligible when F_i are floated
 - Relatively large if F_i are fixed
- ⑤ All quasi-GLW systematic studies finished

Summary of all BPGGSZ systematic uncertainties

Uncertainties of BPGGSZ CP observables in units of 10^{-2}

Source	x_-^{DK}	y_-^{DK}	x_+^{DK}	y_+^{DK}	$x_\xi^{D\pi}$	$y_\xi^{D\pi}$
Statistical	2.99	3.50	2.58	3.10	4.07	4.89
c_i, s_i	0.14	3.82	1.78	1.03	0.01	0.71
$B^\pm \rightarrow D\mu\nu$ background	0.07	0.06	0.08	0.30	0.17	0.00
$D \rightarrow K(X)l\nu_l$ background	0.08	0.00	0.73	0.14	0.27	0.44
$D \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi$ background	0.25	0.00	0.73	0.06	0.07	0.27
$D \rightarrow K\pi\pi\pi\pi^0$ background	0.37	0.07	0.20	0.04	0.45	0.19
Λ_b background	0.10	0.06	0.06	0.26	0.15	0.07
Bin dependent mass shape	0.06	0.12	0.13	0.12	0.24	0.12
Charmless background	0.15	0.18	0.14	0.16	0.01	0.01
Fit bias	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Fixed yield fractions	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
Low mass physics effects	0.15	0.21	0.05	0.20	0.03	0.44
Mass shape	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.01
PID Efficiency	0.03	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.04	0.01
Total LHCb systematic	0.52	0.32	1.08	0.52	0.63	0.72
Total systematic	0.54	3.83	2.08	1.15	0.63	1.01

Summary of all quasi-GLW systematic uncertainties

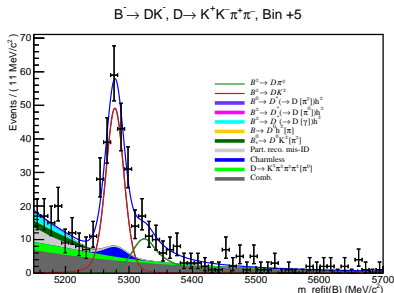
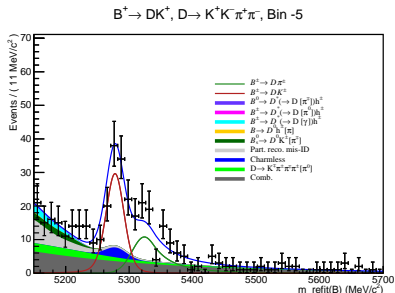
Uncertainties of quasi-GLW CP observables in units of 10^{-2}

Source	$A_K^{KK\pi\pi}$	$A_\pi^{KK\pi\pi}$	$A_K^{\pi\pi\pi\pi}$	$A_\pi^{\pi\pi\pi\pi}$	$R_{CP}^{KK\pi\pi}$	$R_{CP}^{\pi\pi\pi\pi}$
Statistical	23.49	13.36	5.56	3.12	24.54	14.46
Charmless background	1.20	0.44	0.01	0.00	13.72	8.43
External parameters	0.98	0.99	0.74	0.74	3.98	3.96
Fixed yield fractions	0.11	0.08	0.02	0.00	1.32	1.44
Mass shape	0.27	0.20	0.03	0.02	3.11	3.05
PID efficiency	0.18	0.12	0.01	0.00	2.55	1.64
Total systematic	1.59	1.11	0.74	0.74	14.90	10.04

Binned CP fit

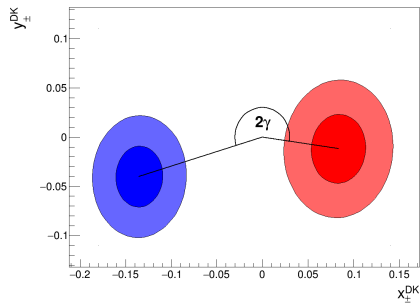
Binned CP fit

- PDF shape parameters fixed from global fit
- 2 charges, 2 B decays, 2×8 bins \implies 64 categories
- Nuisance parameters:
 - Combinatorial and low mass background (2×64 parameters)
 - F_i (15 parameters)
 - Yield normalization for each charge and B decay (4 parameters)
- 6 CP observables \implies 153 free parameters in total

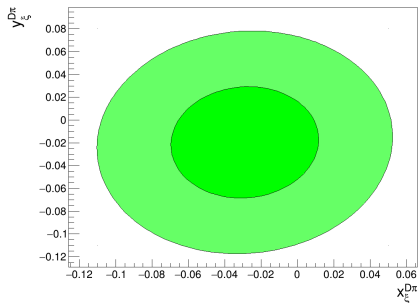


CP observables result

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK$ CP observables

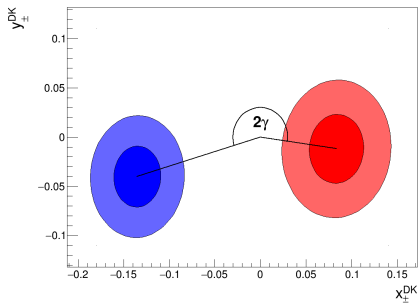


$B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi$ CP observables

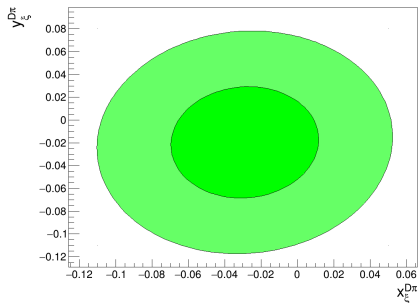


CP observables result

$B^\pm \rightarrow DK$ CP observables

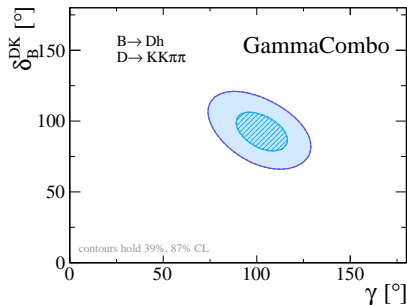
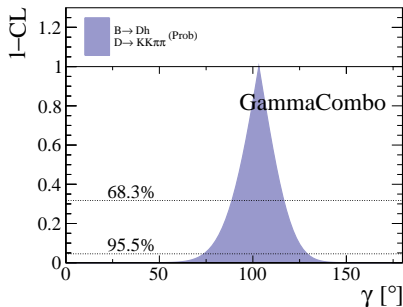


$B^\pm \rightarrow D\pi$ CP observables



Could there be a sign error in s_i ?

Interpretation



$$\gamma = (103 \pm 14)^\circ$$

$$\delta_B^{DK} = (92 \pm 14)^\circ$$

$$r_B^{DK} = 0.117 \pm 0.020$$

$$\delta_B^{D\pi} = (296 \pm 84)^\circ$$

$$r_B^{D\pi} = 0.004 \pm 0.005$$

Summary of $KK\pi\pi$ analysis

Summary of $KK\pi\pi$ analysis

- Measured CP observables:

$$x_-^{DK} = (8.3 \pm 3.0 \pm 0.5 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-2},$$

$$y_-^{DK} = (-1.2 \pm 3.5 \pm 0.3 \pm 3.8) \times 10^{-2},$$

$$x_+^{DK} = (-13.5 \pm 2.6 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.8) \times 10^{-2},$$

$$y_+^{DK} = (-4.0 \pm 3.1 \pm 0.5 \pm 1.0) \times 10^{-2},$$

$$x_\xi^{D\pi} = (-2.9 \pm 4.1 \pm 0.6 \pm 0.0) \times 10^{-2},$$

$$y_\xi^{D\pi} = (-2.0 \pm 4.9 \pm 0.7 \pm 0.7) \times 10^{-2},$$

- Measured physics parameters:

$$\gamma = (103 \pm 14)^\circ$$

$$\delta_B^{DK} = (92 \pm 14)^\circ$$

$$r_B^{DK} = 0.117 \pm 0.020$$

$$\delta_B^{D\pi} = (296 \pm 84)^\circ$$

$$r_B^{D\pi} = 0.004 \pm 0.005$$

Conclusion and next steps

Conclusion and next steps

- Binned γ analysis of $B^\pm \rightarrow (K^+ K^- \pi^+ \pi^-)_D h^\pm$ is ready for RC
- Quasi-GLW observables of $h^+ h^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ further constrains γ
- All systematics have been evaluated
- Next steps:
 - 1 Understand double peak error distribution in global fit toys
 - 2 Make sure s_i has the correct sign

Thank you!

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