#### Update on forward tracking parameterisation update

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#### Outline

1 Introduction and reminder of previous presentation

2 Closer study of  $z_{\text{mag}}$  parameterisation

Conclusion

#### Introduction

# I previously presented an update on the HLT2 forward tracking parameterisations

- Link to Indico here
- Tracking algorithm described in three steps:
  - Trajectories based on equations of motion and detector geometry
  - 2 Parameterise complex calculations using polynomials
  - Oetermine coefficients by fits to MC
- Parameterisations updated using new MC samples
  - New magnetic field map (presented here)
  - Initially worked with a private MC production
  - Moved to centrally produced samples here

### Reminder: Parameterisations in HLT2 forward tracking

#### Last time I presented these parameterisations:

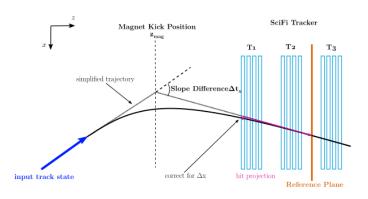
- ① z magnet kick position
- 2 x fringe field correction
- 3 Stereo angle y correction
- 4 Hough histogram binning
- z hit correction with SciFi yz tilt
- Magnetic field integral

### Reminder: Parameterisations in HLT2 forward tracking

#### Last time I presented these parameterisations:

- lacktriangledown z magnet kick position  $\leftarrow$  Caused some issues
- 2 x fringe field correction
- Stereo angle y correction
- 4 Hough histogram binning
- z hit correction with SciFi yz tilt
- Magnetic field integral

## Reminder: $z_{\text{mag}}$ parameterisation

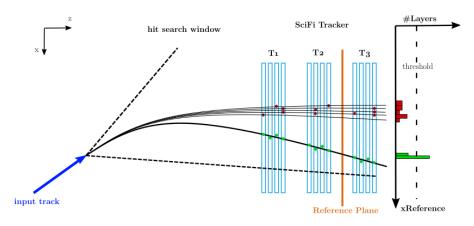


From CERN-THESIS-2023-097

- ullet Simplified track model: Assume magnet "kicks" particle at  $z=z_{
  m mag}$
- Parameterise  $z_{\rm mag}$  as:

$$z_{\text{mag}} = c_0 + c_1 t_x^2 + c_3 t_y^2 + \Delta t_x' (c_2 t_x + c_4 \Delta t_x')$$

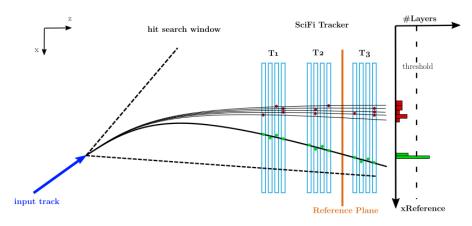
### Reminder: Hit mapping to reference plane



From CERN-THESIS-2023-097

- Once all SciFi hits are parameterised, map hits to reference plane
- Hits from real tracks show peaks in "Hough histogram"

### Reminder: Hit mapping to reference plane



From CERN-THESIS-2023-097

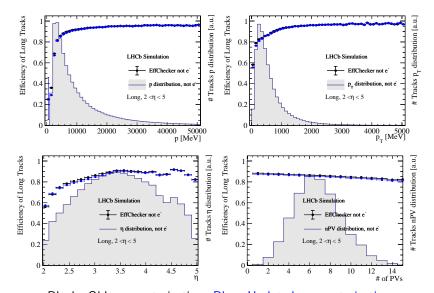
- Mapping depends on momentum, as low momentum tracks bend more
- ullet Define a search window by assuming  $p=p_{\min}=1500~{
  m MeV/c}$

#### Reminder: Tracking efficiencies with new parameterisation

#### Previously: Performance found to be worse after update

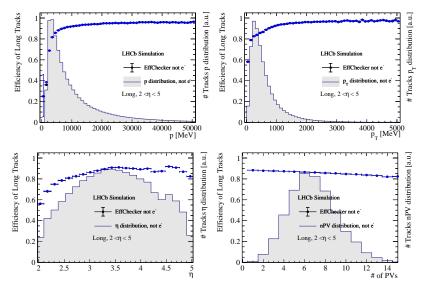
- ullet Traced back to the  $z_{
  m mag}$  parameterisation
- ullet Reverting back to old  $z_{
  m mag}$  parameterisation
  - Negligible change in performance compared to 2025-patches
- $\bullet$  Possible explanation: Biases in  $z_{\rm mag}$  are larger with new MC

### Reminder: Tracking efficiencies with new parameterisation



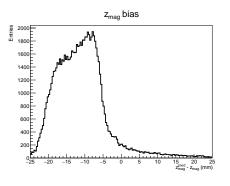
Black: Old parameterisation. Blue: Updated parameterisation.

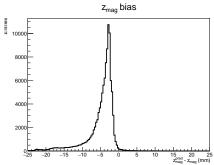
### Reminder: Tracking efficiencies with new parameterisation



Black: Old parameterisation. Blue: Updated parameterisation with old  $z_{\rm mag}$ .

## Study bias $z_{\text{mag}}^{\text{pred}} - z_{\text{mag}}$ of original parameterisation:

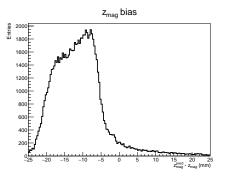


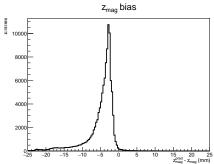


Left: p < 7 GeV. Right: p > 7 GeV.

- Parameterisation struggles a low momentum
  - Large negative bias
  - Very wide distribution

## Study bias $z_{\text{mag}}^{\text{pred}} - z_{\text{mag}}$ of original parameterisation:

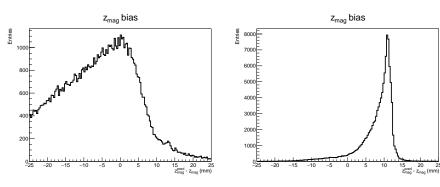




Left: p < 7 GeV. Right: p > 7 GeV.

- Parameterisation works well at high momentum
  - Small and almost negligible bias
  - Very small variance

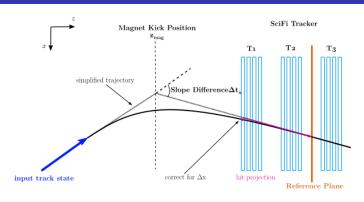
If we only update coefficients of  $z_{\text{mag}}$  parameterisation:



Left: p < 7 GeV. Right: p > 7 GeV.

- Potential explanation of worse performance with new coefficients:
  - Bias is generally worse
  - Parameterisation doesn't describe  $z_{\rm mag}$  well

## Reminder: $z_{\text{mag}}$ parameterisation

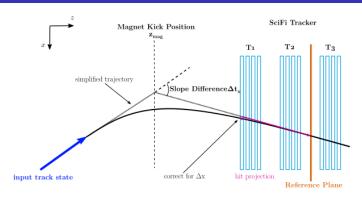


From CERN-THESIS-2023-097

• Original  $z_{\text{mag}}$  parameterisation:

$$z_{\rm mag} = c_0 + c_1 t_x^2 + c_3 t_y^2 + \Delta t_x' (c_2 t_x + c_4 \Delta t_x')$$

#### Improved $z_{\text{mag}}$ parameterisation



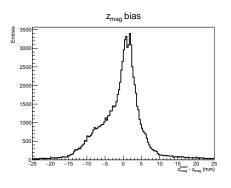
From CFRN-THFSIS-2023-097

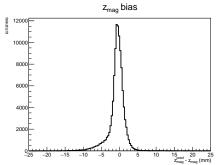
• After trial and error, this parameterisation was obtained:

$$z_{\text{mag}} = c_0 + c_1 t_x^2 + c_3 t_y^2 + \Delta t_x' (c_2 t_x + c_4 \Delta t_x')$$

$$+ (c_5 + tx^2 + ty^2 + |\Delta t_x'|^2) |\Delta t_x'|$$

#### Check biases with new improved parameterisation:

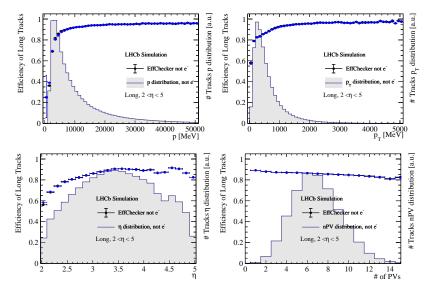




Left: p < 7 GeV. Right: p > 7 GeV.

- Huge improvement in biases:
  - Almost symmetric and unbiased distribution at high momentum
  - Mostly unbiased at low momentum, with a left tail

#### Tracking efficiencies with new improved parameterisation

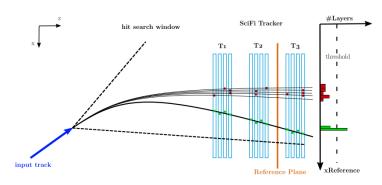


Black: Old parameterisation. Blue: Updated parameterisation of  $z_{\rm mag}$ .

#### Tracking efficiencies with new improved parameterisation

- Perhaps we should keep the original  $z_{\text{mag}}$  parameterisation?
  - Determined by Andre Günther using DC19 MC
- Total tracking efficiency dropped from 86.01% to 85.75% with updated parameterisation
- Efficiencies get worse with more accurate parameterisation...
- ...but perhaps in this case doing the wrong thing is better
- Is there a straightforward explanation for this...?

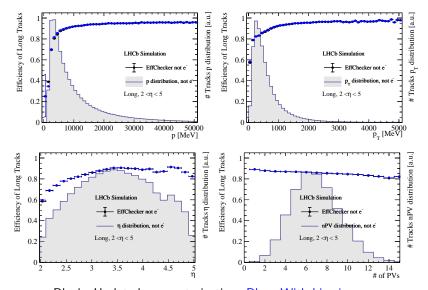
### Reminder: Hit mapping to reference plane



From CERN-THESIS-2023-097

- ullet Define a search window by assuming  $p=p_{\min}=1500~{
  m MeV/c}$
- My understanding is:
  - $z_{
    m mag}$  is underestimated ightarrow Search window becomes larger!
  - $\rightarrow$  Add -9.5 mm bias at low momentum to improve performance

### Tracking efficiencies with biased $z_{\text{mag}}$ parameterisation



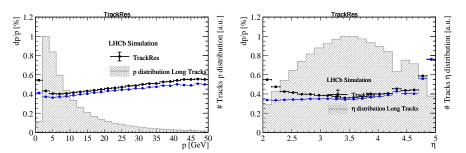
Black: Updated parameterisation. Blue: With bias in  $z_{mag}$ .

### Conclusion of $z_{\text{mag}}$ studies

- Indeed, the improvement in performance when introducing a bias confirms that it is the search window size that drive the tracking efficiencies at low momentum
- With a bias, efficiency improved from 85.75% to 86.02%
  - Note: With old parameterisation the efficiency was 86.01%
- ullet This motivates us to keep the original  $z_{
  m mag}$  parameterisation
- In fact, since there is no overall improvement, I propose we do not change the parameterisations for 2025 data taking

#### Reminder: Momentum resolution

### Previously I showed a momentum resolution improvement:

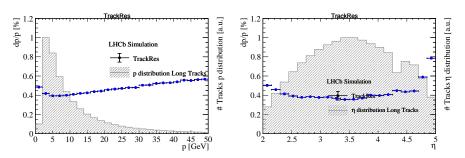


Black: Old parameterisation, old MC. Blue: New parameterisation, new MC.

I must apologise, but this was a mistake on my part This improvement was <u>not</u> due to the new parameterisation, but due to the different MC used by me and Andre.

#### Momentum resolution

### Correct comparison, using the same MC sample:



Black: Old parameterisation. Blue: Proposed parameterisation.

No improvement in track resolution, even with new magnetic field parameterisation

#### Summary

- Parameterisations are re-evaluated using centrally produced MC
  - Larger MC samples
  - ② Both magnet polarities
  - State of Larger selection of decay modes
- ullet Possible improvements to  $z_{
  m mag}$  parameterisation have been explored
  - Biases are reduced, but performance gets slightly worse
  - Reason for this unexpected behaviour:
    - Original parameterisation mostly underestimated  $z_{
      m mag}$
    - → Overestimated search windows in the x-plane
    - → More hits included in reconstruction
    - → Higher tracking reconstruction
- Once it was understood, tracking efficiencies remain the same
- I propose: Keep current parameterisation

#### Next steps

- Most urgent: Improve throughput
  - Code was already heavily optimised by Andre...
  - ...but I'll do some quick checks for obvious bottleknecks
- After June TS: Document work in ParamScriptor
  - Mostly copy Andre's old code, with updated Moore scripts
  - I have already added new samples to TestDB in this MR
- Long term: Make parameterisation code more general
  - In case updates are required in the future
  - A particular parameterisation may work today, but will break with future MC samples

## Thanks for listening!