Modelling the supply of a Hospital - Challenge 1

Joan González, Martin González & Neus Gual

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Introduction

The team



Joan Maths & Physics



Martin

Maths & Physics



Neus *Physics*

(@ Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona)

Approaching the problem

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- Oreate new variables: Time between purchases, type of product, price per unit, etc.
- Analyze the relations between variables.
- Separate the data by hospitals and product.

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- Separate the data by hospitals and product.

Problems we encountered:

- No identifiable/useful correlation.
- Lack of data.

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- Target the whole region instead of every hospital.
- Our Hospitals do not overstock each month, i.e., they buy what they consume.

With this in mind, we decided not to discern between hospitals and to consider a new key variable: the amount purchased each month of a given product.

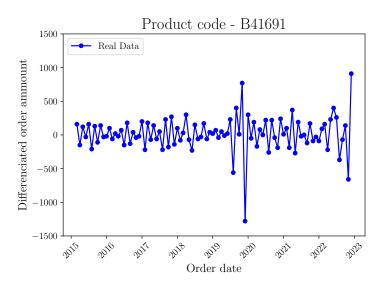
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Let $\{Y_n\}_n$ be a stochastic process and $\{\epsilon_n\}_n$ a Gaussian $WN^1(0,\sigma_{\epsilon}^2)$. We say that $\{Y_n\}_n$ is an ARMA(p,q)/GARCH(P,Q) process if for some constant parameters μ , $\{\phi_i\}_{i=1}^p$, $\{\theta_j\}_{i=1}^q$, $\{\alpha_i\}_{i=1}^p \geq 0$, $\{\beta_j\}_{i=1}^Q \geq 0$ and $\omega > 0$, the following equation holds:

$$Y_t = \mu + \sum_{i=1}^p \phi_i (Y_{t-i} - \mu) + a_t + \sum_{j=1}^q \theta_j a_{t-j},$$

$$a_t = \sigma_t \epsilon_t$$

$$\sigma_t = \sqrt{\omega + \sum_{i=1}^P \alpha_i a_{t-i}^2 + \sum_{j=1}^Q \beta_j \sigma_{t-j}^2}.$$

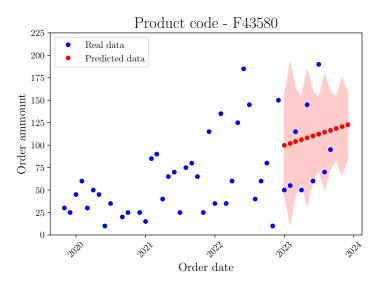
DATATHON 2023 FME

¹a white noise

Purchase Plan for 2023

	F43580	B41691	E69682		E64544
01/2023	100	1317	308		2062
02/2023	102	1536	310		2085
03/2023	104	1380	313		2108
:	:	:	:	٠	:
10/2023	119	1572	332		2268
11/2023	121	1549	335		2290
12/2023	123	1593	337		2313

Table: Forecast of the order amount per month for every product in 2023.



Possible improvements

Some improvements we would have added to our model if we had had more time and a broader dataset:

- We would have predicted the product demand for each hospital, rather than for the whole region.
- We would have searched for an optimum purchase price for every product.
- We would have studied some products we were not able to fit with the ARMA(p,q)/GARCH(P,Q) model.
- ① We would have adjusted the value of the variance of the white noise (σ_{ϵ}^2) of each model.

Final remarks