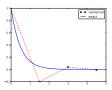
On Schemes for Exponential Decay

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Goal

The primary goal of this demo talk is to demonstrate how to write talks with DocOnce and get them rendered in numerous HTML formats.

Layout

This version utilizes beamer slides with the theme red_plain.

Problem setting and methods

Results

Problem setting and methods



We aim to solve the (almost) simplest possible differential equation problem

$$u'(t) = -au(t) \tag{1}$$

$$u(0) = I \tag{2}$$

Here,

- $ightharpoonup t \in (0, T]$
- ▶ a, I, and T are prescribed parameters
- \triangleright u(t) is the unknown function
- ► The ODE (1) has the initial condition (2)



- Mesh in time: $0 = t_0 < t_1 \cdots < t_N = T$
- Assume constant $\Delta t = t_n t_{n-1}$
- \triangleright u^n : numerical approx to the exact solution at t_n

The θ rule,

$$u^{n+1} = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}u^n, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots, N - 1$$

contains the Forward Euler ($\theta=0$), the Backward Euler ($\theta=1$), and the Crank-Nicolson ($\theta=0.5$) schemes.

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The Forward Euler scheme explained

http://youtube.com/PtJrPEIHNJw

Implementation

Implementation in a Python function:

How to use the solver function

A complete main program

```
# Set problem parameters
I = 1.2
a = 0.2
T = 8
dt = 0.25
theta = 0.5
|\pause|
from solver import solver, exact_solution
u, t = solver(I, a, T, dt, theta)
|\pause|
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.plot(t, u, t, exact_solution)
plt.legend(['numerical', 'exact'])
plt.show()
```

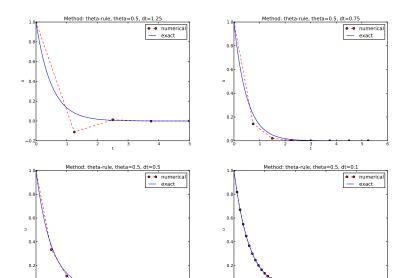
Problem setting and methods

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The Crank-Nicolson method shows oscillatory behavior for not sufficiently small time steps, while the solution should be monotone



Exact solution of the scheme:

$$u^n = A^n$$
, $A = \frac{1 - (1 - \theta)a\Delta t}{1 + \theta a\Delta t}$.

Key results:

- ► Stability: |A| < 1
- ightharpoonup No oscillations: A > 0
- $ightharpoonup \Delta t < 1/a$ for Forward Euler ($\theta = 0$)
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