## Quantitative Methods and Simulation

Given the following functions, calculate 'k' such that f(x) is a probability density function (P.D.F) and calculate the given probabilities.

a) 
$$f(x) = kx^2 + \frac{1}{30}, x \in [0,3]$$

- P(X < 1) =
- $P(0.2 \le X \le 2.6) =$

b) 
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} k + x, & -1 < x < 0 \\ k - x, & 0 \le x < 1 \end{cases}$$

• 
$$P(0.2 < X < 0.6) =$$

• 
$$P(-0.5 < X < 0.2) =$$

c) 
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{1000}x^2, x \in [0, k]$$

• 
$$P(X > 8.5) =$$

• 
$$P(X = 2) =$$

d) 
$$f(x) = 2ke^{-kx}, \ 0 \le x \le 4$$

• 
$$P(1 \le X \le 2) =$$