

# MIPS Assembly Project Report

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- 1, 清屏, esc触发
  - 实现

```
clr1:
    lui $s2, 12
    addi $s2,$s2,0x243c
    j clr
clr:
    sw $zero, 0($s2)
    beq $s2, $zero, main
    addi $s2, $s2, -4
    lui $t4, 12
    slt $t5, $s2, $t4
    bne $t5, $zero, main
    j clr
```

## ■ 测试结果

```
ADP DASDU
ASLKDNALKDA
SD
ADKAMLDMSASD
AS
D
SD
ASDLAMLM DL LKNL AS KMAS MLASMD LKMA _
```

```
$s2:000C0954 $a0:00000700 0250 0
```



`$s2:000C0000 $a0:00000741 0250 0`

## 2, 光标移动

- 实现

```
up:
    lui $t6, 12
    addi $t6, $t6, 320 #end of first line
    slt $t0, $s2, $t6
    bne $t0, $zero, read
    sw $s7, 0($s2)
    addi $t3, $zero, 320
    sub $s2, $s2, $t3
    addi $t3, $zero, 0x075f
    lw $s7, 0($s2)
    sw $t3, 0($s2)
    j read

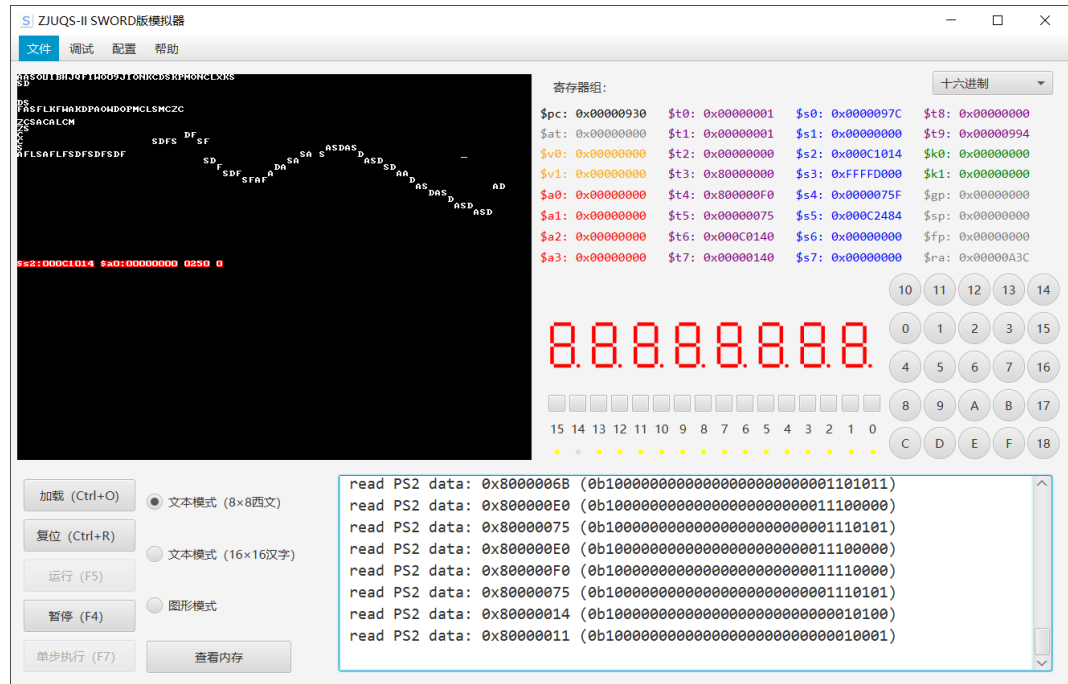
left:
    sw $s7, 0($s2)
    addi $s2, $s2, -4
    addi $t0, $zero, 0x075f
    lw $s7, 0($s2)
    sw $t0, 0($s2)
    j read

right:
    sw $s7, 0($s2)
    addi $s2, $s2, 4
    addi $t0, $zero, 0x075f
    lw $s7, 0($s2)
    sw $t0, 0($s2)
    j read

down:
    lui $t6, 12
    addi $t6, $t6, 0x22fc #end of first line
    slt $t0, $t6, $s2
    bne $t0, $zero, read
    sw $s7, 0($s2)
    addi $s2, $s2, 320
    addi $t3, $zero, 0x075f
    lw $s7, 0($s2)
    sw $t3, 0($s2)
```

j read

### 效果



- 3、在当前光标位置显示字符ASCII码，光标右移，f1触发

### 实现

```
f1:
lui $t0, 12
beq $t0, $s2, read
addi $t0, $s2, -4
lw $t0, ($t0)
andi $s4, $t0, 0x00f0
srl $s4, $s4, 4
addi $s4, $s4, 0x30
jal display
andi $s4, $t0, 0x000f
slti $t0, $s4, 0xa
beq $t0, $zero, char
addi $s4, $s4, 0x30
jal display
j color
```

### 测试

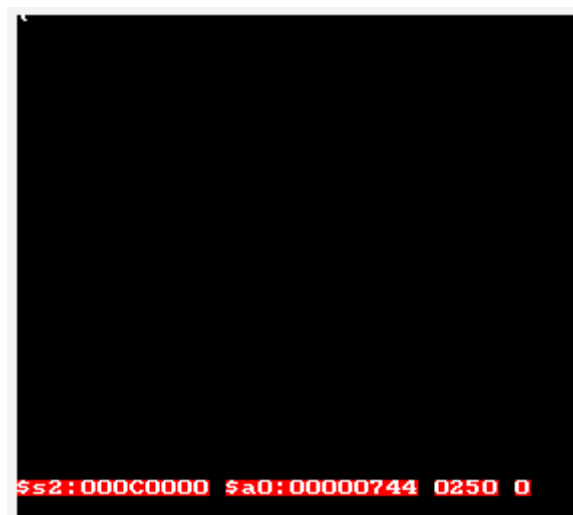


- 4, 读取PS2键盘扫描码，存入扫描码缓冲区

- 实现

```
read:
lw $t1, 0($s3)
lui $t3, 0x8000
and $t2, $t1, $t3
beq $t2, $zero, read_r #check if read
andi $t5, $t1, 0xffff
addi $s4, $zero, 0x41
jal display
j read
```

- 测试



- 5, 从缓冲区读取扫描码转换为ASCII码，存入字符缓冲区，并在当前光标处显示

- 实现

```
read_r:
lw $t1, 0($s3)
lui $t3, 0x8000
and $t2, $t1, $t3
beq $t2, $zero, read_r #check if read
andi $t5, $t1, 0xffff
addi $t4, $zero, 0x75 #up
beq $t5, $t4, up
addi $t4, $zero, 0x6B
```

```
beq $t5, $t4, left
addi $t4, $zero, 0x72
beq $t5, $t4, down
addi $t4, $zero, 0x74
beq $t5, $t4, right
add $s7, $zero, $zero
addi $t4, $zero, 0x1c #a
beq $t5, $t4, a
addi $t4, $zero, 0x32 #b
beq $t5, $t4, b
addi $t4, $zero, 0x21 #c
beq $t5, $t4, c
addi $t4, $zero, 0x23 #d
beq $t5, $t4, d
addi $t4, $zero, 0x24 #e
beq $t5, $t4, e
addi $t4, $zero, 0x2b #f
beq $t5, $t4, f
addi $t4, $zero, 0x34 #g
beq $t5, $t4, g
addi $t4, $zero, 0x33 #h
beq $t5, $t4, h
addi $t4, $zero, 0x43 #i
beq $t5, $t4, i
addi $t4, $zero, 0x3b #j
beq $t5, $t4, j
addi $t4, $zero, 0x42 #k
beq $t5, $t4, k
addi $t4, $zero, 0x4b #l
beq $t5, $t4, l
addi $t4, $zero, 0x3a #m
beq $t5, $t4, m
addi $t4, $zero, 0x31 #n
beq $t5, $t4, n
addi $t4, $zero, 0x44 #o
beq $t5, $t4, o
addi $t4, $zero, 0x4d #p
beq $t5, $t4, p
addi $t4, $zero, 0x15 #q
beq $t5, $t4, q
addi $t4, $zero, 0x2d #r
beq $t5, $t4, r
addi $t4, $zero, 0x1b #s
beq $t5, $t4, s
addi $t4, $zero, 0x2c #t
beq $t5, $t4, t
addi $t4, $zero, 0x3c #u
beq $t5, $t4, u
addi $t4, $zero, 0x2a #v
beq $t5, $t4, v
addi $t4, $zero, 0x1d #w
beq $t5, $t4, w
addi $t4, $zero, 0x22 #x
beq $t5, $t4, x
addi $t4, $zero, 0x35 #y
beq $t5, $t4, y
addi $t4, $zero, 0x1a #z
beq $t5, $t4, z
```

```

addi $t4, $zero, 0x16 #1
beq $t5, $t4, n1
addi $t4, $zero, 0x1e #2
beq $t5, $t4, n2
addi $t4, $zero, 0x26 #3
beq $t5, $t4, n3
addi $t4, $zero, 0x25 #4
beq $t5, $t4, n4
addi $t4, $zero, 0x2e #5
beq $t5, $t4, n5
addi $t4, $zero, 0x36 #6
beq $t5, $t4, n6
addi $t4, $zero, 0x3d #7
beq $t5, $t4, n7
addi $t4, $zero, 0x3e #8
beq $t5, $t4, n8
addi $t4, $zero, 0x46 #9
beq $t5, $t4, n9
addi $t4, $zero, 0x45 #0
beq $t5, $t4, n0
addi $t4, $zero, 0x29 #space
beq $t5, $t4, space
addi $t4, $zero, 0x5a #enter
beq $t5, $t4, enter
addi $t4, $zero, 0x66 #backspace
beq $t5, $t4, back_space
addi $t4, $zero, 0x76
beq $t5, $t4, clr1 #clear screen
addi $t4, $zero, 0x05
beq $t5, $t4, f1 #f1
addi $t4, $zero, 0x06
beq $t5, $t4, f2 #f2
addi $t4, $zero, 0x04
beq $t5, $t4, f3 #f3
j read

```

```

a:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x41
    jal display
    j read

```

```

b:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x42
    jal display
    j read

```

```

c:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x43
    jal display
    j read

```

```

d:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x44
    jal display
    j read

```

```

e:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x45
    jal display
    j read

```

```

f:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x46

```

```
jal display
j read
g:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x47
jal display
j read
h:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x48
jal display
j read
i:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x49
jal display
j read
j:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x4a
jal display
j read
k:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x4b
jal display
j read
l:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x4c
jal display
j read
m:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x4d
jal display
j read
n:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x4e
jal display
j read
o:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x4f
jal display
j read
p:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x50
jal display
j read
q:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x51
jal display
j read
r:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x52
jal display
j read
s:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x53
jal display
j read
t:
addi $s4, $zero, 0x54
jal display
j read
```

```
u:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x55
    jal display
    j read
v:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x56
    jal display
    j read
w:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x57
    jal display
    j read
x:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x58
    jal display
    j read
y:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x59
    jal display
    j read
z:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x5a
    jal display
    j read
n0:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x30
    jal display
    j read
n1:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x31
    jal display
    j read
n2:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x32
    jal display
    j read
n3:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x33
    jal display
    j read
n4:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x34
    jal display
    j read
n5:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x35
    jal display
    j read
n6:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x36
    jal display
    j read
n7:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x37
    jal display
    j read
n8:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x38
```

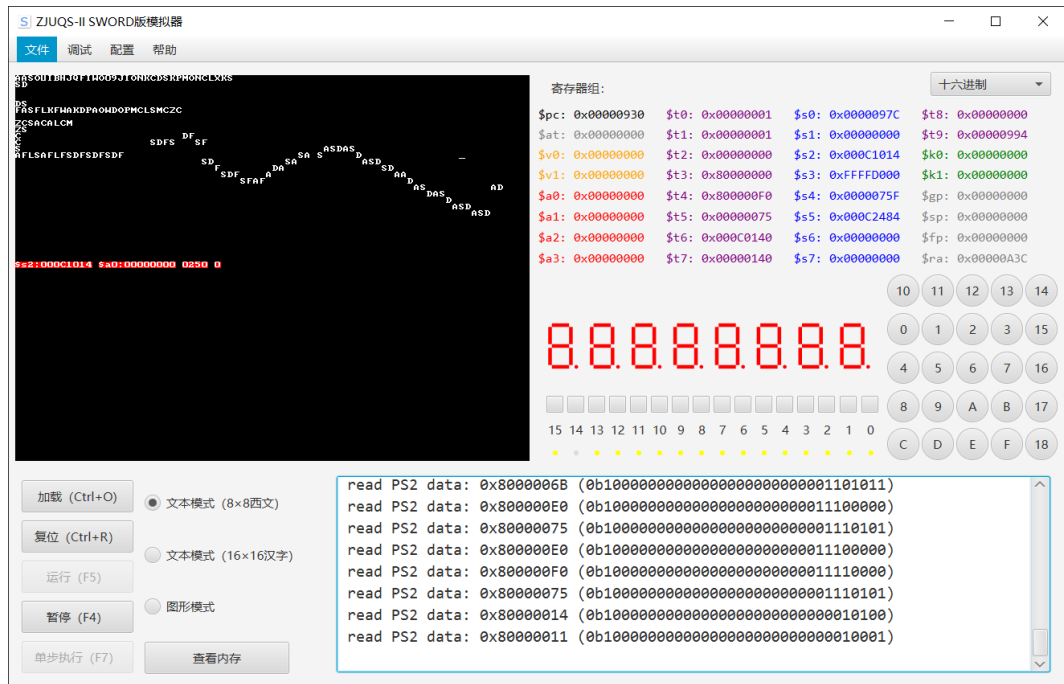


```
jal display
j read

n9:
    addi $s4, $zero, 0x39
    jal display
    j read

space:
    add $s4, $zero, $zero
    jal display
    j read
```

- 测试



- 6, 在当前光标位置显示一个字符, 光标右移一列, 判断边界

- 实现

### ○ 测试



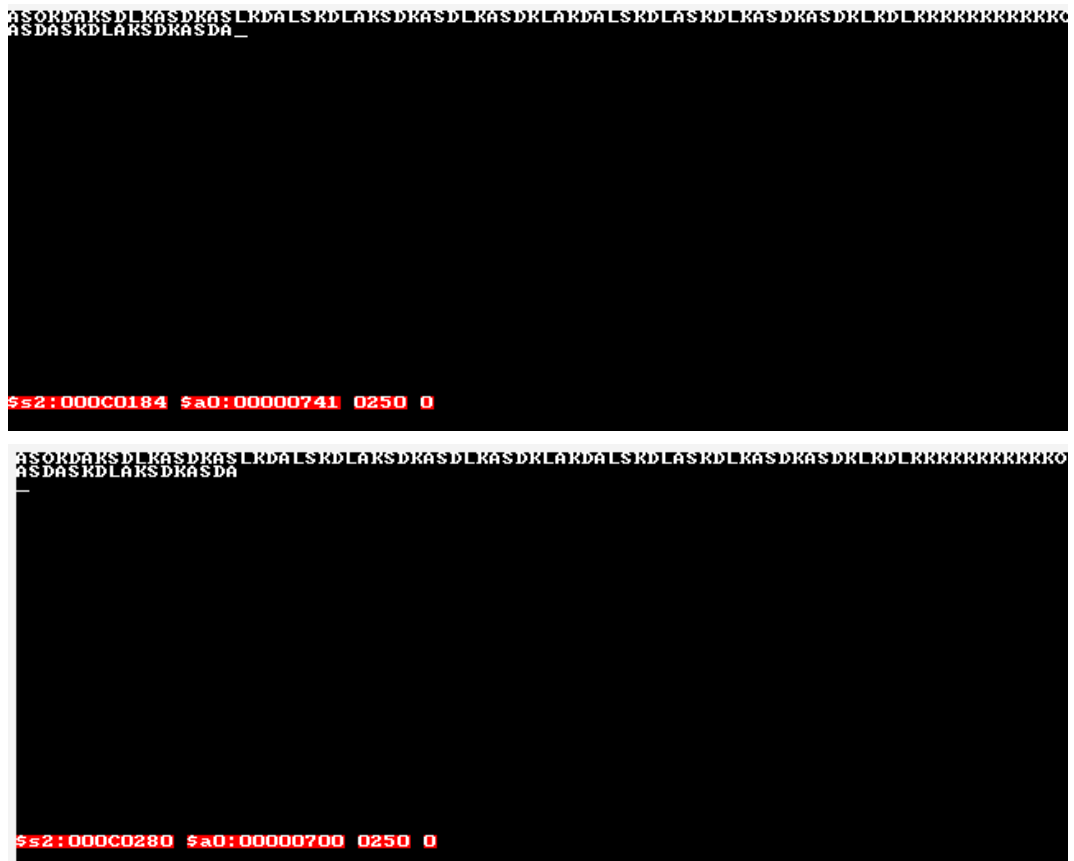
- 7. 换行，光标置下一行首
  - 实现

```

enter:
    lui $t0, 12
    addi $t0, $t0, 0x2300
    slt $t1, $s2, $t0
    beq $t1, $zero, read
    add $s4, $zero, $zero
    jal display
    lui $t6, 12
    sub $t6, $s2, $t6
    addi $t7, $zero, 320
Loop2:
    sub $t6, $t6, $t7
    beq $t6, $zero, read
    slt $t8, $t6, $zero # $t8 = $t6<0?1:0
    bne $t8, $zero, enter
    j Loop2

```

- 测试



- 8,在屏幕指定位置显示当前寄存器值
  - 实现

```

lui $s5, 12
addi $s5, $s5, 0x2440
addi $s6, $zero, 0x4724 # $
jal dispc
addi $s6, $zero, 0x4773 # s
jal dispc
addi $s6, $zero, 0x4732 # 2
jal dispc
addi $s6, $zero, 0x473A #:
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s2, 28 # s2 8
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s2, 24
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s2, 20
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s2, 16
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s2, 12

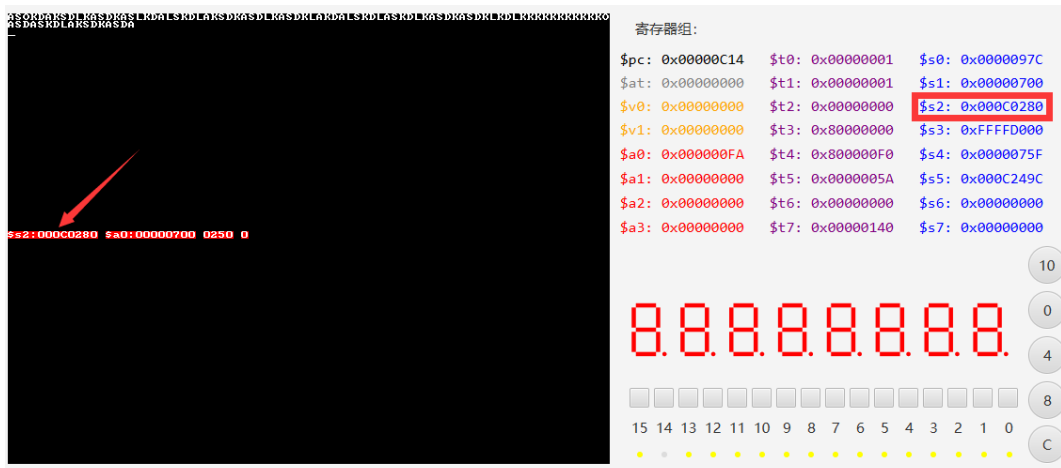
```

```

andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s2, 8
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s2, 4
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
addi $s6, $s2, 0
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc

```

### 测试



- 10. 在屏幕指定位置，用16进制显示指定内存单元数据。地址参数：\$a0

### 实现

```

showdata:
    lw $s1, -4($a0)
    add $s0, $zero, $ra
    addi $s6, $zero, 0x4724 # $
    jal dispc
    addi $s6, $zero, 0x4761 # a
    jal dispc
    addi $s6, $zero, 0x4730 # 0
    jal dispc
    addi $s6, $zero, 0x473A # :
    jal dispc
    srl $s6, $s1, 28 # s2 8
    jal process
    jal dispc
    srl $s6, $s1, 24
    andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
    addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
    jal process

```

```

jal dispc
srl $s6, $s1, 20
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s1, 16
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s1, 12
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s1, 8
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
srl $s6, $s1, 4
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
addi $s6, $s1, 0
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4700
jal process
jal dispc
jr $s0

```

- 测试

- 



- 10., 二进制转换为十进制并在屏幕指定位置显示

- 实现

```

showbin:
addi $t9, $ra, 0
add $t1, $zero, $zero
loopd3:
slti $t2, $a0, 1000
bne $t2, $zero, loopd2
addi $a0, $a0, -1000
addi $t1, $t1, 0x1000
j loopd3
loopd2:
slti $t2, $a0, 100
bne $t2, $zero, loopd1
addi $a0, $a0, -100
addi $t1, $t1, 0x100

```

```

j loopd2
loopd1:
slti $t2, $a0, 10
bne $t2, $zero, loopd0
addi $a0, $a0, -10
addi $t1, $t1, 0x10
j loopd1
loopd0:
slti $t2, $a0, 1
bne $t2, $zero, showbin2
addi $a0, $a0, -1
addi $t1, $t1, 0x1
j loopd0
showbin2:
srl $s6, $t1, 12
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4730
jal dispc
srl $s6, $t1, 8
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4730
jal dispc
srl $s6, $t1, 4
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4730
jal dispc
addi $s6, $t1, 0
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4730
jal dispc
jr $t9

```

- 测试



- 11, 16进制数转换成ASCII码并在屏幕指定位置显示

- 实现

已经在寄存器数据显示中实现

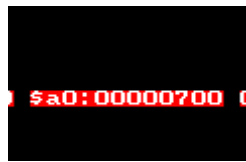
相关辅助代码

```

process:
andi $s6, $s6, 0xf
slti $t1, $s6, 0xa
bne $t1, $zero, num
addi $s6, $s6, -0xa
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4741
jr $ra
num:
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4730
jr $ra

```

- 测试



- 12.屏幕上滚或下滚一行，f2 f3触发
  - 实现

```
f2: #scroll up
    lui $s5, 12
    lui $s6, 12
    addi $s6, $s6, 0x2300
loop3:
    beq $s5, $s6, lastline
    lw $t0, 0x140($s5)
    sw $t0, 0($s5)
    addi $s5, $s5, 4
    j loop3
lastline:
    lui $s6, 12
    addi $s6, $s6, 0x2440
loop4:
    beq $s5, $s6, read
    sw $zero, 0($s5)
    addi $s5, $s5, 4
    j loop4

f3:
    lui $s5, 12
    addi $s5, $s5, 0x243c
    lui $s6, 12
    addi $s6, $s6, 0x13c
loop5:
    beq $s5, $s6, firstline
    lw $t0, -0x140($s5)
    sw $t0, 0($s5)
    addi $s5, $s5, -4
    j loop5
firstline:
    lui $s6, 12
    addi $s6, $s6, -4
loop6:
    beq $s5, $s6, read
    sw $zero, 0($s5)
    addi $s5, $s5, -4
    j loop6
```

- 测试

```
ASDASDASD
AS
D
ADSF
AFLLSKFLKSDLFKLSDFK_
```

```
$s2:000C0A4C $a0:0000074B 0250 0
```

```
ASDASDASD
AS
D
ADSF
AFLLSKFLKSDLFKLSDFK_
```

```
$s2:000C0A4C $a0:00000000 0250 0
```

```
D
ADSF
AFLLSKFLKSDLFKLSDFK_
```

```
$s2:000C0A4C $a0:00000000 0250 0
```

- 13读取阵列键盘16进制数并在光标处显示
  - 实现

```
showbutton:
    lui $t1, 0xffff
    addi $t1, $zero, 0xfc00
    lw $t0, 0($t1)
    andi $s6, $t0, 0x000f
    slti $t0, $s6, 0xa
    bne $t0, $zero, sb1
    addi $s6, $s6, -0xa
```

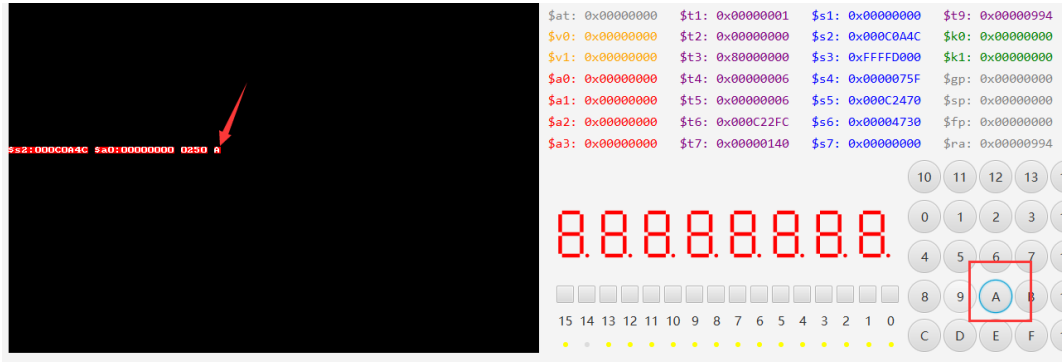


```

addi $s6, $s6, 0x4741
sw $s6, 0($s5) # to display
addi $s5, $s5, 4
jr $ra
sb1:
addi $s6, $s6, 0x4730
sw $s6, 0($s5) # to display
addi $s5, $s5, 4
jr $ra

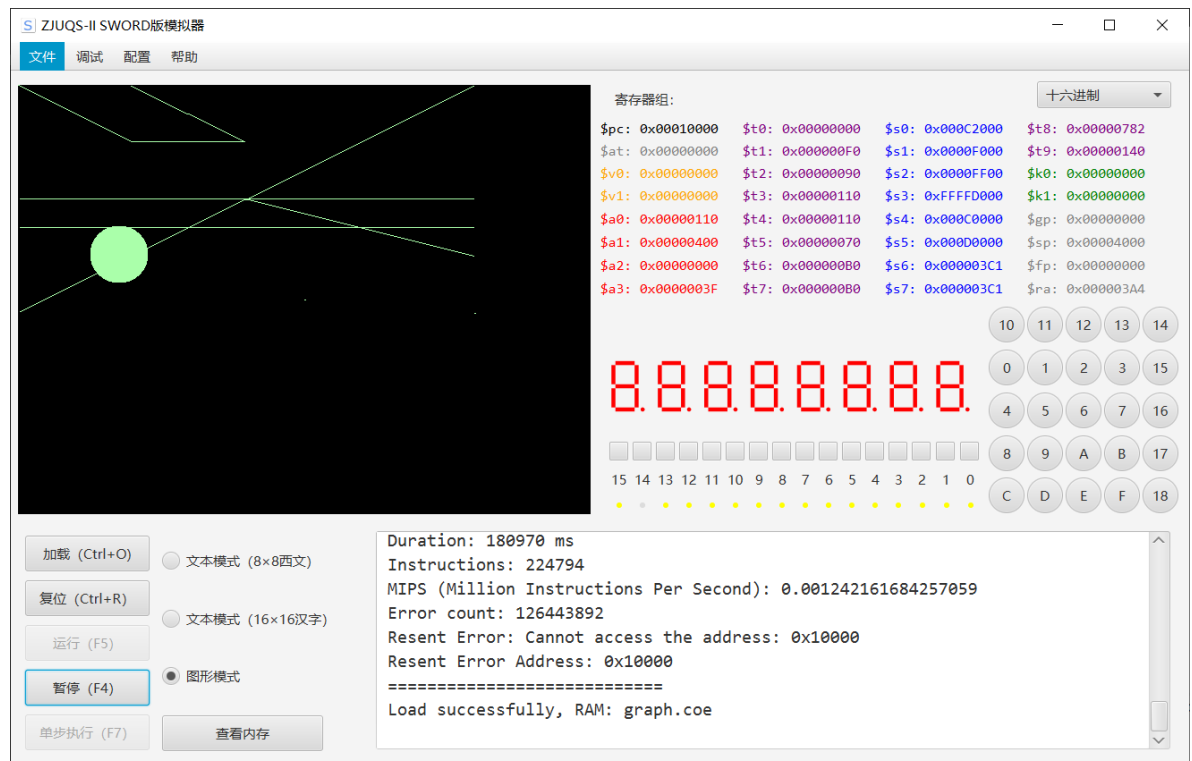
```

### 测试



## 基本作业B

### 提交代码效果总览



- 1, 指定位置显示点
  - 实现

```

pointad: #pointad($a0) draw at xxyy
andi $t0, $a0, 0xff #get line
srl $a0, $a0, 8
andi $a0, $a0, 0xff #get column
addi $t9, $zero, 0x140

```

```

mult $t0, $t9
mflo $t0 #line * 320
add $t0, $t0, $a0 #line * 320 + column
sll $t0, $t0, 2 # pixel * 4
add $a0, $zero, $t0
j point
point: #point($a0) draw at $a0
add $t1, $s0, $a0
sw $s1, 0($t1)
jr $ra

```

可根据a0中地址计算实际位置并画点

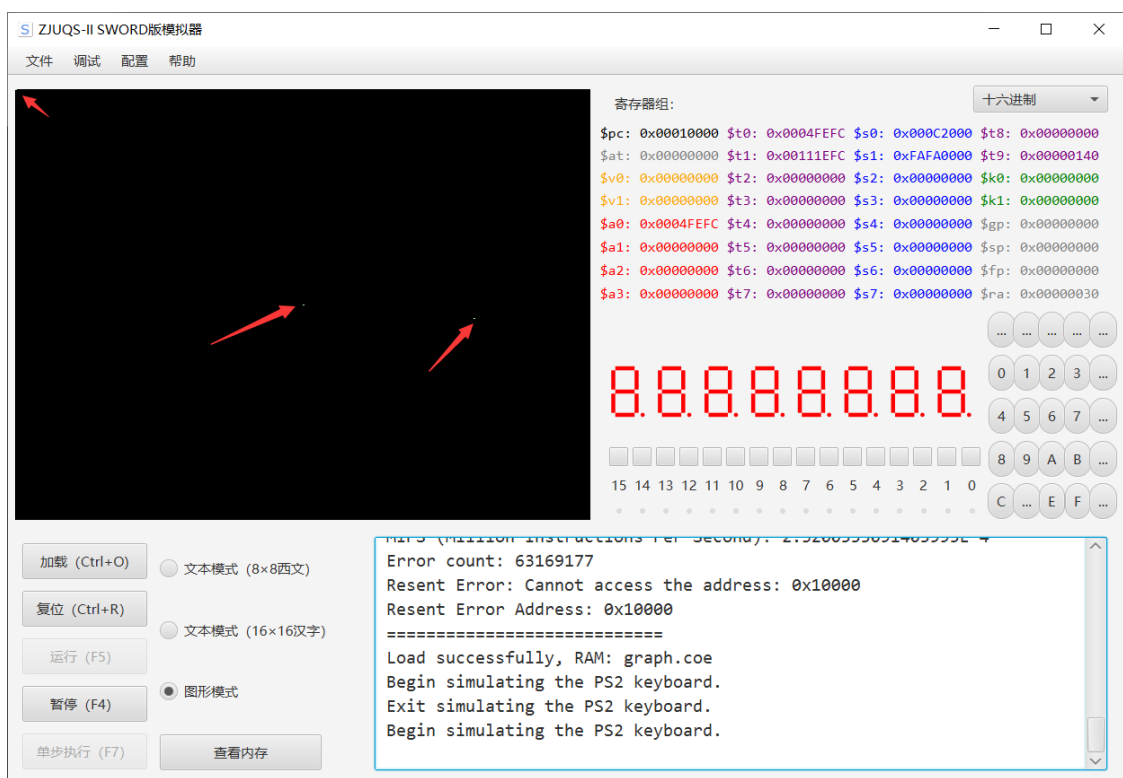
- 测试
  - 测试代码

```

main:
    lui $s1, 0xfafa
    addi $s1, $s1, 0x0 #white
    lui $s0, 12
    addi $s0, $s0, 0x2000 #s0 <- first row
    j test
test:
    add $a0, $zero, $zero #first pixel
    jal pointad
    addi $a0, $zero, 0xA0F0 #in the middle xx: 160, tt: 240
    jal pointad
    addi $a0, $zero, 0xffff #in the max xx: 255 yy: 255
    jal pointad
    j end

```

- 测试结果



- 2, 画直线

○ 实现

```
drawline:
    addiu $sp, $sp, -56    # Decrement the stack pointer
    sw $ra, 48($sp)       # Save the value of the return address ($ra) to the
                           # stack
    sw $s0, 44($sp)       # Save the original value of $s0 to the stack
    sw $s1, 40($sp)       # Save the original value of $s1 to the stack
    sw $s2, 36($sp)       # Save the original value of $s2 to the stack
    sw $s3, 32($sp)       # Save the original value of $s3 to the stack
    sw $s4, 28($sp)       # Save the original value of $s4 to the stack
    sw $s5, 24($sp)       # Save the original value of $s5 to the stack
    sw $s6, 20($sp)       # Save the original value of $s6 to the stack
    sw $s7, 16($sp)       # Save the original value of $s7 to the stack
    sw $t0, 12($sp)       # Save the original value of $t0 to the stack
    sw $t1, 8($sp)        # Save the original value of $t1 to the stack
    sw $t2, 4($sp)        # Save the original value of $t2 to the stack
    sw $t3, ($sp)         # Save the original value of $t3 to the stack

    # Copies the values of the parameters passed in into the now free s
    # registers
    srl $s0, $a0, 24
    srl $s1, $a0, 16
    srl $s2, $a0, 8
    move $s3, $a0

    andi $a0, $s0, 0xff
    andi $a1, $s1, 0xff
    andi $a2, $s2, 0xff
    andi $a3, $s3, 0xff

    move $s0, $a0         # Store the x co-ordinate of point 1 in $s0
    move $s1, $a1         # Store the y co-ordinate of point 1 in $s1
    move $s2, $a2         # Store the x co-ordinate of point 2 in $s2
    move $s3, $a3         # Store the y co-ordinate of point 2 in $s3
    lw $s4, 52($sp)       # Store the colour (takes form the stack) in
                           # $s4

    # Main code for drawing the line on the bitmap

    subu $t3, $s2, $s0     # Calculates x1 - x0 and store it in $t3
    #abs $s5, $t3          # Sets dx ($s5) to the absolute value of x1
    - x0
    move $s5, $s3
    sra $t7, $s5, 31
    xor $s5, $s5, $t7
    sub $s5, $s5, $t7

    subu $t3, $s3, $s1     # Calculates y1 - y0 and stores it in $t3
    #abs $s6, $t3          # Sets dy ($s6) to the absolute value of y1
    - y0
    move $s6, $t3
    sra $t7, $s6, 31
    xor $s6, $s6, $t7
    sub $s6, $s6, $t7
```

```

    sub $s6, $zero, $s6      # Sets dy to -dy as dy is needed as a minus
                             # value later in calculations
                             # it is turned minus via two's complement
                             method

    #bgt $s0, $s2, sxelse    # If x0 is greater than x1 then branch to
sxelse
    slt $t7, $s2, $s0
    bne $t7, $zero, sxelse
    nop
    addi $s7, $zero, 1        # Set the value of sx ($s7) to 1
    b sxcomplete             # Branch around the sxelse section
    nop

sxelse:                      # Branches to here if x0 is greater than x1
    addi $s7, $zero, -1      # Sets the value of sx ($s7) to -1

sxcomplete:                  # Branches to here if x1 was greater than
x0
    #bgt $s1, $s3, syelse    # If y0 is greater than y1 then branch to
syelse
    slt $t7, $s3, $s1
    bne $t7, $zero, syelse
    nop
    addi $t0, $zero, 1        # Sets the value of sy ($t0) to 1
    b sycomplete             # Branch around the syelse section
    nop

syelse:                      # Branche shere is y0 is greater than y1
    addi $t0, $zero, -1      # Sets the value sy ($t0) to -1

sycomplete:                  # Branches to here if y1 was greater than y0
    addu $t1, $s5, $s6       # err is set to the value of dx - dy

drawpixelloop:
    slti $t7, $s0, 0xff
    beq $t7, $zero, exit
    slti $t7, $s1, 0xff
    beq $t7, $zero, exit
    move $a0, $s0            # Store the x co-ordinate in $a0
    move $a1, $s1            # Store the y co-ordinate in $a1
    move $a2, $s4            # Store the colour in $a2

    jal setpixel             # Enter the subroutine "setpixel"

    nop

    add $t2, $t1, $t1         # Sets e2 ($t2) to err ($t1) * 2 by
calculating err + err
    #bgt $s6, $t2, e2notgreaterhandy    # Branch if -dy is greater than
e2
    slt $t7, $t2, $s6
    bne $t7, $zero, e2notgreaterhandy
    nop
    add $t1, $t1, $s6         # Calculate err = err - dy: err = $t1 ,
-dy = $s6
    add $s0, $s0, $s7         # Calculate x0 = x0 + sx: x0 = $s0 , sx
= $s7

```

```

e2notgreaterthandx:
    #bgt $t2, $s5, e2greaterthandx      # Branch if e2 ($t2) is greater
than dx ($s5)
    slt $t7, $s5, $t2
    bne $t7, $zero, e2greaterthandx
    nop
    add $t1, $t1, $s5                    # Calculate err = derr + dx: err = $t1
, dx = $s5
    add $s1, $s1, $t0                    # Caluclate y0 = y0 + sy: y0 = $s1 , sy
= $t0
e2greaterthandx:

    # To exit the loop x0 must now be equal to x1 and y0 much now be
equal to y1
    # The two statements must be true to pass both branches and thus
exits the loop

    bne $s0, $s2, drawpixelloop # If x0 ($s0) and x1 ($s2) are not
    nop                             # equal branch to drawpixelloop
    bne $s1, $s3, drawpixelloop # If y0 ($s1) and y1 ($s3) are not
    nop                             # equal branch to drawpixelloop

    # Restores the original values of the s registers from the stack
exit:
    lw $t3, ($sp)                    # Restore the original value of $t3 from the
stack
    lw $t2, 4($sp)                   # Restore the original value of $t2 from the
stack
    lw $t1, 8($sp)                   # Restore the original value of $t1 from the
stack
    lw $t0, 12($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $t0 from the
stack
    lw $s7, 16($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $s7 from the
stack
    lw $s6, 20($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $s6 from the
stack
    lw $s5, 24($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $s5 from the
stack
    lw $s4, 28($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $s4 from the
stack
    lw $s3, 32($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $s3 from the
stack
    lw $s2, 36($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $s2 from the
stack
    lw $s1, 40($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $s1 from the
stack
    lw $s0, 44($sp)                  # Restore the original value of $s0 from the
stack
    lw $ra, 48($sp)                  # Restore the value of the return address ($ra)
from the stack
    addiu $sp, $sp, 56 # Increment the stack pointer, taking itnto
account the parameter pushed onto the stack

    jr $ra        # Jump to the return address to exit the subroutine
    nop

setpixel:

```

```

    addiu $sp, $sp, -56 # Decrement the stack pointer
    sw $ra, 48($sp)     # Save the value of the return address ($ra) to
the stack
    sw $s0, 44($sp)     # Save the original value of $s0 to the stack
    sw $s1, 40($sp)     # Save the original value of $s1 to the stack
    sw $s2, 36($sp)     # Save the original value of $s2 to the stack
    sw $s3, 32($sp)     # Save the original value of $s3 to the stack
    sw $s4, 28($sp)     # Save the original value of $s4 to the stack
    sw $s5, 24($sp)     # Save the original value of $s5 to the stack
    sw $s6, 20($sp)     # Save the original value of $s6 to the stack
    sw $s7, 16($sp)     # Save the original value of $s7 to the stack
    sw $t0, 12($sp)     # Save the original value of $t0 to the stack
    sw $t1, 8($sp)      # Save the original value of $t1 to the stack
    sw $t2, 4($sp)      # Save the original value of $t2 to the stack
    sw $t3, ($sp)       # Save the original value of $t3 to the stack

    slti $t7, $a0, 0xff
    beq $t7, $zero, exit2
    slti $t7, $a1, 0xff
    beq $t7, $zero, exit2
    # Store the x co-ordinate in $a0
    # Store the y co-ordinate in $a1
    # Store the colour in $a2
    lui $s7, 0xfafa
    ori $s7, $s7, 0xffff #white
    lui $s0, 12
    ori $s0, $s0, 0x2000 #s0 <- first row

    #pointad($a0) draw at xxyy
    move $t0, $a1 #get line
    move $t2, $a0 #get column
    addi $t9, $zero, 0x140
    mult $t0, $t9
    mflo $t0 #line * 320
    add $t0, $t0, $t2 #line * 320 + column
    sll $t0, $t0, 2 # pixel * 4
    add $t1, $s0, $t0
    sw $s7, 0($t1)
exit2:
    lw $t3, ($sp)       # Restore the original value of $t3 from the
stack
    lw $t2, 4($sp)      # Restore the original value of $t2 from the
stack
    lw $t1, 8($sp)      # Restore the original value of $t1 from the
stack
    lw $t0, 12($sp)     # Restore the original value of $t0 from the
stack
    lw $s7, 16($sp)     # Restore the original value of $s7 from the
stack
    lw $s6, 20($sp)     # Restore the original value of $s6 from the
stack
    lw $s5, 24($sp)     # Restore the original value of $s5 from the
stack
    lw $s4, 28($sp)     # Restore the original value of $s4 from the
stack
    lw $s3, 32($sp)     # Restore the original value of $s3 from the
stack

```

```

    lw $s2, 36($sp)    # Restore the original value of $s2 from the
stack
    lw $s1, 40($sp)    # Restore the original value of $s1 from the
stack
    lw $s0, 44($sp)    # Restore the original value of $s0 from the
stack
    lw $ra, 48($sp)    # Restore the value of the return address ($ra)
from the stack
    addiu $sp, $sp, 56 # Increment the stack pointer, taking it into
account the parameter pushed onto the stack
    jr $ra             # Jump to the return address to exit the subroutine
    nop

```

## ○ 测试

### ■ 测试代码

```

main:
    lui $sp, 0x000f
    ori $sp, $zero, 0xf000
    add $a0, $zero, $zero #first pixel
    jal pointad
    addi $a0, $zero, 0xA0F0 #in the middle xx: 160, tt: 240
    jal pointad
    addi $a0, $zero, 0xffff #in the max xx: 255 yy: 251 pointad
    jal pointad

    lui $a0, 0x0000
    ori $a0, $a0, 0x7f7f
    jal drawline

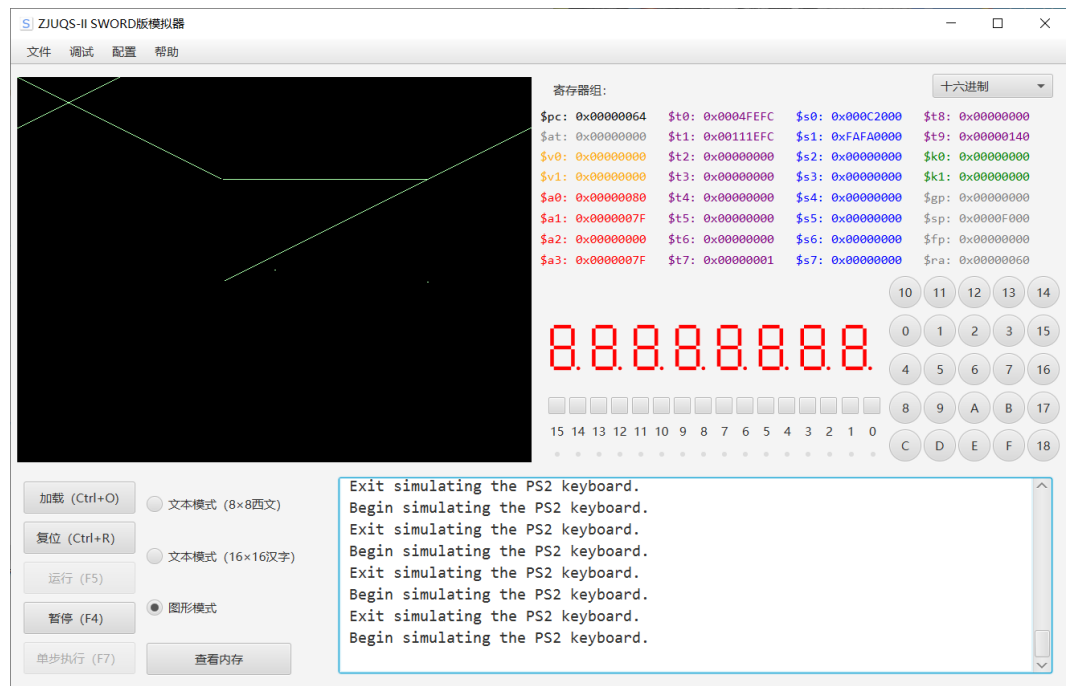
    lui $a0, 0x3F00
    jal drawline
    ori $a0, $a0, 0x7F7F
    jal drawline

    lui $a0, 0xFE7F
    ori $a0, $a0, 0x7f7f
    jal drawline

loop:
    j loop

```

### ■ 测试结果



- 3, 指定顶点画四边形
- 实现

```
main:
    lui $sp, 0x000f
    ori $sp, $zero, 0xf000
    add $a0, $zero, $zero #first pixel

    jal pointad
    addi $a0, $zero, 0xA0F0 #in the middle xx: 160, tt: 240
    jal pointad
    addi $a0, $zero, 0xffff #in the max xx: 255 yy: 251 pointad
    jal pointad

    # lui $a0, 0x7f7f
    # ori $a0, $a0, 0xffff
    # jal drawline

    # lui $a0, 0xfe01
    # ori $a0, $a0, 0x00fe
    # jal drawline

    # lui $a0, 0xfe7f
    # ori $a0, $a0, 0x007f
    # jal drawline

    # lui $a0, 0xfe9f
    # ori $a0, $a0, 0x009f
    # jal drawline

    lui $a0, 0x0000
    ori $a0, $a0, 0x00f1
    lui $a1, 0x3f3f
    ori $a0, $a0, 0x3f7f
    jal drawbox

    # add $a0, $zero, $zero
```



```

# ori $a0,$a0,0xf090
# addi $a1,$zero,0x20

j drawCircle

drawbox:
    addiu $sp, $sp, -56 # Decrement the stack pointer
    sw $ra, 48($sp)      # Save the value of the return address ($ra) to the
stack
    sw $s0, 44($sp)      # Save the original value of $s0 to the stack
    sw $s1, 40($sp)      # Save the original value of $s1 to the stack
    sw $s2, 36($sp)      # Save the original value of $s2 to the stack
    sw $s3, 32($sp)      # Save the original value of $s3 to the stack
    sw $s4, 28($sp)      # Save the original value of $s4 to the stack
    sw $s5, 24($sp)      # Save the original value of $s5 to the stack
    sw $s6, 20($sp)      # Save the original value of $s6 to the stack
    sw $s7, 16($sp)      # Save the original value of $s7 to the stack
    sw $t0, 12($sp)      # Save the original value of $t0 to the stack
    sw $t1, 8($sp)       # Save the original value of $t1 to the stack
    sw $t2, 4($sp)       # Save the original value of $t2 to the stack
    sw $t3, ($sp)        # Save the original value of $t3 to the stack

    ori $t1, $zero, 0xffff
    srl $s0, $a0, 16      # Store the x co-ordinate of point 1 in $s0
    and $s1, $s0, $t1     # Store the y co-ordinate of point 1 in $s1
    srl $s0, $a1, 16      # Store the x co-ordinate of point 2 in $s2
    and $s1, $s1, $t1     # Store the y co-ordinate of point 2 in $s3

    lui $a0, 0x3f01
    ori $a0, $a0, 0x7e3f
    jal drawline

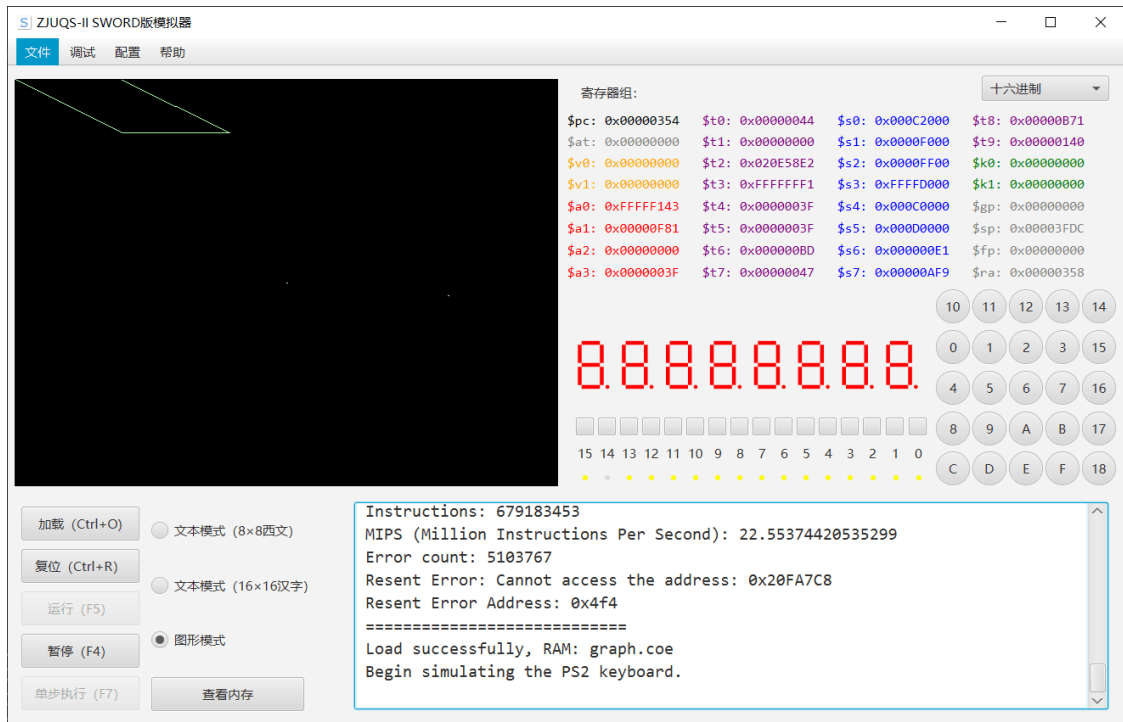
    lui $a0, 0x0000
    ori $a0, $a0, 0x3f3f
    jal drawline

    lui $a0, 0x3f3f
    ori $a0, $a0, 0x7f3f
    jal drawline

    lw $t3, ($sp)         # Restore the original value of $t3 from the stack
    lw $t2, 4($sp)        # Restore the original value of $t2 from the stack
    lw $t1, 8($sp)        # Restore the original value of $t1 from the stack
    lw $t0, 12($sp)       # Restore the original value of $t0 from the stack
    lw $s7, 16($sp)       # Restore the original value of $s7 from the stack
    lw $s6, 20($sp)       # Restore the original value of $s6 from the stack
    lw $s5, 24($sp)       # Restore the original value of $s5 from the stack
    lw $s4, 28($sp)       # Restore the original value of $s4 from the stack
    lw $s3, 32($sp)       # Restore the original value of $s3 from the stack
    lw $s2, 36($sp)       # Restore the original value of $s2 from the stack
    lw $s1, 40($sp)       # Restore the original value of $s1 from the stack
    lw $s0, 44($sp)       # Restore the original value of $s0 from the stack
    lw $ra, 48($sp)       # Restore the value of the return address ($ra) from
the stack
    addiu $sp, $sp, 56    # Increment the stack pointer, taking it into account
the parameter pushed onto the stack
    jr $ra               # Jump to the return address to exit the subroutine
    nop

```

- 运行结果



- 4, 指定圆心半径画圆
  - 实现

```
drawCircle:
    addi $sp, $zero, 16384
    addi $s3, $zero, 53248
    lui $s4, 12
    lui $s5, 13
    lui $s1, 240
    srl $s1, $s1, 8
    addi $s2, $s1, 0xF00
    addi $t0, $zero, 255
    and $t2, $a0, $t0
    srl $a0, $a0, 8
    and $t1, $a0, $t0
    srl $a0, $a0, 8
    sub $t3, $t1, $a1
    add $t4, $t1, $a1
    sub $t5, $t2, $a1
    add $t6, $t2, $a1
    mult $a1, $a1
    mflo $a1
OuterLoop:
    add $t7, $zero, $t5
InnerLoop:
    sub $s6, $t3, $t1
    slt $t0, $s6, $zero
    beq $t0, $zero, s6_big0
    sub $s6, $zero, $s6
s6_big0:
    sub $s7, $t7, $t2
    slt $t0, $s7, $zero
    beq $t0, $zero, s7_big0
```

```

sub $s7,$zero,$s7
s7_big0:
mult $s6,$s6
mflo $s6
mult $s7,$s7
mflo $s7
add $t8,$s7,$s6
slt $t0,$t8,$a1
beq $t0,$zero,circle_skip
add $a0,$zero,$zero
add $a0,$zero,$t3
sll $a0,$a0,8
add $a0,$a0,$t7
jal drawCirclePoint
circle_skip:
addi $t7,$t7,1
slt $t0,$t7,$t6
bne $t0,$zero,InnerLoop

addi $t3,$t3,1
slt $t0,$t3,$t4
bne $t0,$zero,OuterLoop
j end

drawCirclePoint:
addi $sp,$sp,65500
sw $t0,($sp)
sw $t1,4($sp)
sw $t2,8($sp)
sw $t3,12($sp)
sw $t4,16($sp)
sw $t5,20($sp)
sw $t6,24($sp)
sw $t7,28($sp)
sw $t8,32($sp)
add $v0,$zero,$zero
add $t1,$zero,$zero
add $t2,$zero,$zero
addi $t0,$zero,255
and $t0,$a0,$t0 //t0 = y
srl $a0,$a0,8 //a0 = x
addi $t3,$zero,640
mult $t0,$t3
mflo $t3
add $t2,$t3,$a0
sll $t2,$t2,1
add $t2,$s5,$t2
lui $t5,0xFAFA
sw $t5,($t2)
lw $t0,($sp)
lw $t1,4($sp)
lw $t2,8($sp)
lw $t3,12($sp)
lw $t4,16($sp)
lw $t5,20($sp)
lw $t6,24($sp)
lw $t7,28($sp)
lw $t8,32($sp)

```

```
addi $sp,$sp,36
jr $ra
```

## 测试

### 测试代码

```
main:
    lui $sp, 0x000f
    ori $sp, $zero, 0xf000
    add $a0, $zero, $zero #first pixel

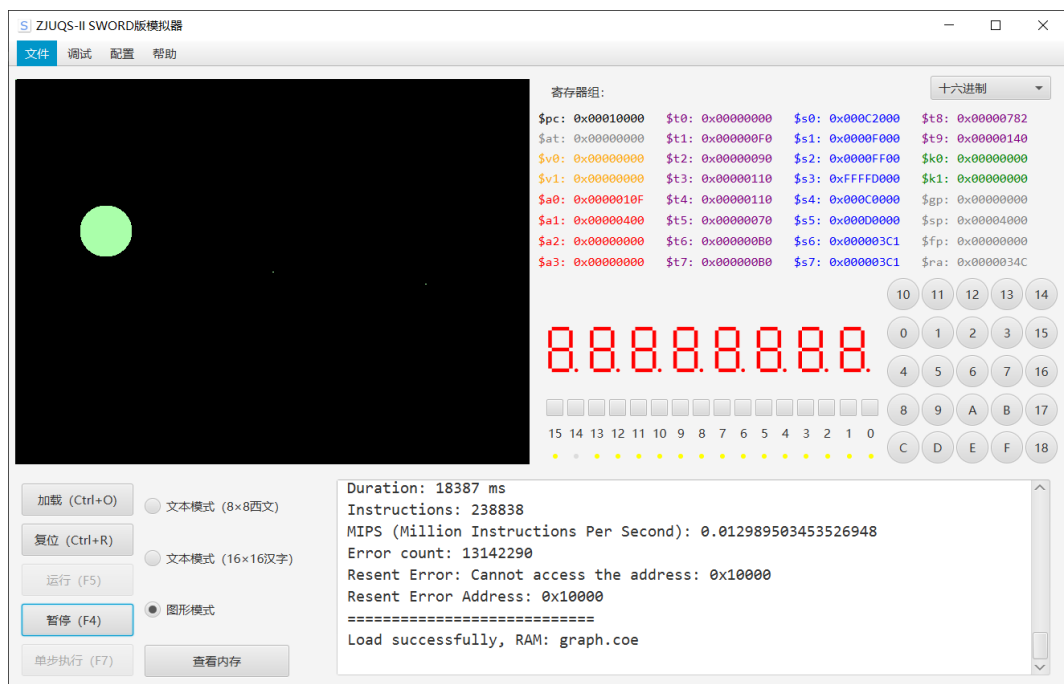
    jal pointad
    addi $a0, $zero, 0xA0F0 #in the middle xx: 160, tt: 240
    jal pointad
    addi $a0, $zero, 0xffff #in the max xx: 255 yy: 251 pointad
    jal pointad
    add $a0,$zero,$zero
    ori $a0,$a0,0xf090
    addi $a1,$zero,0x20

    j drawCircle
```

### 测试结果

SJZUQS-II SWORD版模拟器

文件 调试 配置 帮助



寄存器组:

寄存器	值
\$pc	0x00010000
\$at	0x00000000
\$v0	0x00000000
\$v1	0x00000000
\$a0	0x0000010f
\$a1	0x00000400
\$a2	0x00000000
\$a3	0x00000000
\$t0	0x00000000
\$t1	0x000000f0
\$t2	0x00000090
\$t3	0x00000110
\$t4	0x00000110
\$t5	0x00000070
\$t6	0x00000000
\$t7	0x00000000
\$s0	0x000c2000
\$s1	0x0000f000
\$s2	0x0000ff00
\$s3	0xffffd000
\$s4	0x000c0000
\$s5	0x00000000
\$s6	0x000003c1
\$s7	0x000003c1
\$t8	0x00000782
\$t9	0x00000140
\$k0	0x00000000
\$k1	0x00000000
\$gp	0x00000000
\$sp	0x00004000
\$fp	0x00000000
\$ra	0x0000034c

十六进制

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F

加载 (Ctrl+O) 文本模式 (8×8西文)

复位 (Ctrl+R) 文本模式 (16×16汉字)

运行 (F5)

暂停 (F4) 图形模式

单步执行 (F7) 查看内存

Duration: 18387 ms  
Instructions: 238838  
MIPS (Million Instructions Per Second): 0.012989503453526948  
Error count: 13142290  
Resent Error: Cannot access the address: 0x10000  
Resent Error Address: 0x10000  
Load successfully, RAM: graph.coe