

1 Lastfluss- und Kurzschlussbetrachtung

Das ist jetzt erstellt worden.

a)

$$X_G = x_d \frac{U_2^2}{S_N} = 1,5 \frac{(0,4 \text{ kV})^2}{400 \text{ MV A}} = 0,6 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (1)$$

$$R_G = 0 \Omega \quad (2)$$

$$Z_{T1} = u_k \frac{U_2^2}{S_N} = 0,06 \frac{(0,4 \text{ kV})^2}{5 \text{ MV A}} = 1,92 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (3)$$

$$R_{T1} = P_k \frac{U_2^2}{S_N^2} = 0,08 \text{ MW} \frac{(0,4 \text{ kV})^2}{(5 \text{ MV A})^2} = 0,512 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (4)$$

$$X_{T1} = \sqrt{Z_{T1}^2 - R_{T1}^2} = \sqrt{(1,92 \text{ m}\Omega)^2 - (0,512 \text{ m}\Omega)^2} = 1,85 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (5)$$

$$Z_{T2} = u_k \frac{U_2^2}{S_N} = 0,06 \frac{(0,4 \text{ kV})^2}{630 \text{ kV A}} = 15,24 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (6)$$

$$R_{T2} = P_k \frac{U_2^2}{S_N^2} = 9 \text{ kW} \frac{(0,4 \text{ kV})^2}{(630 \text{ kV A})^2} = 3,628 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (7)$$

$$X_{T2} = \sqrt{Z_{T2}^2 - R_{T2}^2} = \sqrt{(15,24 \text{ m}\Omega)^2 - (3,628 \text{ m}\Omega)^2} = 14,80 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (8)$$

$$R_{L1} = R' l \left(\frac{U_2}{U_1} \right)^2 = 0,7 \frac{\Omega}{\text{km}} \cdot 6 \text{ km} \cdot \left(\frac{0,4 \text{ kV}}{20 \text{ kV}} \right)^2 = 1,68 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (9)$$

$$X_{L1} = X' l \left(\frac{U_2}{U_1} \right)^2 = 0,4 \frac{\Omega}{\text{km}} \cdot 6 \text{ km} \cdot \left(\frac{0,4 \text{ kV}}{20 \text{ kV}} \right)^2 = 0,960 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (10)$$

$$R_{L2} = R' l = 0,3 \frac{\Omega}{\text{km}} \cdot 4 \text{ km} = 60 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (11)$$

$$X_{L2} = X' l = 0,1 \frac{\Omega}{\text{km}} \cdot 4 \text{ km} = 20 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (12)$$

b)

$$\underline{Z}_{Ges,V} = (R_{T1} + R_{T2} + R_{L1} + R_{L2}) + j (X_{T1} + X_{T2} + X_{L1} + X_{L2}) \quad (13)$$

$$= (0,512 + 3,628 + 1,68 + 60) \text{ m}\Omega + j (1,85 + 14,8 + 0,96 + 20) \text{ m}\Omega \quad (14)$$

$$= (65,82 + 37,61) \text{ m}\Omega = 75,81 \cdot e^{j0,5191} \text{ m}\Omega \quad (15)$$

c)

$$v_p = 90^\circ - 0,517 \cdot \frac{180^\circ}{\pi} = 60,26^\circ \quad (16)$$

d)

$$X_G = x_d'' \frac{U_2^2}{S_N} = 0,25 \frac{(400 \text{ V})^2}{400 \text{ MV A}} = 0,1 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (17)$$

$$\underline{Z}_{k,Ges,V} = \underline{Z}_{Ges,V} + jX_G = (65,82 + j37,71) \text{ m}\Omega \quad (18)$$

$$|\underline{Z}_{k,Ges,V}| = 75,86 \text{ m}\Omega \quad (19)$$

$$S_k = c \frac{U_2^2}{|\underline{Z}_{k,Ges,V}|} = 1 \cdot \frac{(400 \text{ V})^2}{75,86 \text{ m}\Omega} = 2,109 \text{ MV A} \quad (20)$$

e)

$$i_{k3p}'' = c \frac{U_2}{\sqrt{3} \underline{Z}_{k,Ges,V}} = 1,1 \cdot \frac{400 \text{ V}}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 75,86 \text{ m}\Omega} = 3,348 \text{ kA} \quad (21)$$

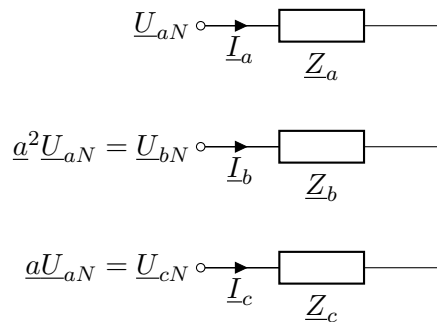
2 Drehstromkomponentensystem

a) Messschaltungen von S.49 und S.50 im Skriptum

$$\frac{\underline{I}_a}{\underline{I}_b} = \frac{\underline{Z}_b}{\underline{Z}_a} = \frac{1}{2} \quad (22)$$

$$\underline{Z}_{(0)} = \frac{\underline{U}_{(0)}}{\underline{I}_{(0)}} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} (\underline{U}_{aN} + \underline{U}_{bN} + \underline{U}_{cN})}{\frac{1}{3} (\underline{I}_a + \underline{I}_b + \underline{I}_c)} = \frac{3\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{I}_a (1 + 2 + 2)} \quad (23)$$

$$= \frac{3 (\underline{I}_a \underline{Z}_a + (\underline{I}_a + \underline{I}_b + \underline{I}_c) \underline{Z}_N)}{5 \underline{I}_a} = \frac{3 \underline{I}_a (2 \underline{Z}_b + 5 \cdot \frac{1}{5} \underline{Z}_b)}{5 \underline{I}_a} = \frac{9}{5} \underline{Z}_b \quad (24)$$



$$\underline{Z}_{(1)} = \frac{\underline{U}_{(1)}}{\underline{I}_{(1)}} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} (\underline{U}_{aN} + \underline{a}\underline{U}_{bN} + \underline{a}^2\underline{U}_{cN})}{\frac{1}{3} (\underline{I}_a + \underline{a}\underline{I}_b + \underline{a}^2\underline{I}_c)} \quad (25)$$

$$\underline{U}_{aN} - \underline{Z}_a \underline{I}_a = \underline{U}_{bN} - \underline{Z}_b \underline{I}_b \quad (26)$$

$$\underline{I}_b = \frac{\underline{U}_{aN} (\underline{a}^2 - 1) + \underline{Z}_a \underline{I}_a}{\underline{Z}_b} \quad (27)$$

$$\underline{U}_{aN} - \underline{Z}_a \underline{I}_a = \underline{U}_{cN} - \underline{Z}_c \underline{I}_c \quad (28)$$

$$\underline{I}_c = \frac{\underline{U}_{aN} (\underline{a} - 1) + \underline{Z}_a \underline{I}_a}{\underline{Z}_c} \quad (29)$$

$$\underline{I}_a = -\underline{I}_b - \underline{I}_c = \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{Z}_b} (-\underline{a}^2 + 1 - \underline{a} + 1) - 4\underline{I}_a \quad (30)$$

$$5\underline{I}_a = 3 \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{Z}_b} \quad (31)$$

$$\underline{I}_a = \frac{3}{5} \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{Z}_b} \quad (32)$$

$$\underline{Z}_{(1)} = \frac{3\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{I}_a + \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{Z}_b} \underline{a} (\underline{a}^2 - 1) + 2\underline{a}\underline{I}_a + \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{Z}_b} \underline{a}^2 (\underline{a} - 1) + 2\underline{a}^2 \underline{I}_a} \quad (33)$$

$$= \frac{3\underline{U}_{aN}}{-\underline{I}_a + 3 \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{Z}_b}} = \frac{3\underline{U}_{aN}}{-\frac{3}{5} \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{Z}_b} + 3 \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{Z}_b}} = \frac{5}{4} \underline{Z}_b \quad (34)$$

$$\underline{Z}_{(2)} = \frac{\underline{U}_{(2)}}{\underline{I}_{(2)}} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} (\underline{U}_{aN} + \underline{a}^2 \underline{U}_{bN} + \underline{a} \underline{U}_{cN})}{\frac{1}{3} (\underline{I}_a + \underline{a}^2 \underline{I}_b + \underline{a} \underline{I}_c)} = \frac{\underline{U}_{aN}}{\underline{I}_a + \underline{a}^2 \underline{I}_b + \underline{a} \underline{I}_c} \quad (35)$$

Wenn man \underline{I}_b und \underline{I}_c miteinander vertauscht, was man machen darf, weil $\underline{Z}_b = \underline{Z}_c$, dann hat man die selbe Gleichung wie für $\underline{Z}_{(1)}$, woraus folgt $\underline{Z}_{(2)} = \underline{Z}_{(1)}$.

b)

$$\underline{I}_{(0)} = \frac{1}{3} (k \underline{I}_{ph} + \underline{a}^2 \underline{I}_{ph} + \underline{a} \underline{I}_{ph}) = \frac{1}{3} (k - 1) \underline{I}_{ph} \quad (36)$$

$$\underline{I}_{(1)} = \frac{1}{3} (k \underline{I}_{ph} + \underline{I}_{ph} + \underline{I}_{ph}) = \frac{1}{3} (k + 2) \underline{I}_{ph} \quad (37)$$

$$\underline{I}_{(2)} = \frac{1}{3} (k \underline{I}_{ph} + \underline{a} \underline{I}_{ph} + \underline{a}^2 \underline{I}_{ph}) = \frac{1}{3} (k - 1) \underline{I}_{ph} \quad (38)$$

c)

$$\underline{U}_{(0)} = \underline{Z}_{(0)} \underline{I}_{(0)} = \frac{9}{5} \underline{Z}_b \frac{1}{3} (k - 1) \underline{I}_{ph} = \frac{3}{5} (k - 1) \underline{Z}_b \underline{I}_{ph} \quad (39)$$

$$\underline{U}_{(1)} = \underline{Z}_{(1)} \underline{I}_{(1)} = \frac{5}{4} \underline{Z}_b \frac{1}{3} (k + 2) \underline{I}_{ph} = \frac{5}{12} (k + 2) \underline{Z}_b \underline{I}_{ph} \quad (40)$$

$$\underline{U}_{(2)} = \underline{Z}_{(2)} \underline{I}_{(2)} = \frac{5}{4} \underline{Z}_b \frac{1}{3} (k - 1) \underline{I}_{ph} = \frac{5}{12} (k - 1) \underline{Z}_b \underline{I}_{ph} \quad (41)$$

d)

$$\underline{U}_a = \underline{U}_{(0)} + \underline{U}_{(1)} + \underline{U}_{(2)} = \left(\frac{3}{5} (k - 1) + \frac{5}{12} (k + 2) + \frac{5}{12} (k - 1) \right) \underline{Z}_b \underline{I}_{ph} \quad (42)$$

$$= \left(\frac{43}{30} k - \frac{11}{60} \right) \underline{Z}_b \underline{I}_{ph} \quad (43)$$

e)

$$\underline{U}_a = \left(\frac{43}{30} \cdot 0,619 - \frac{11}{60} \right) (15 + j5) \Omega \cdot 13,05 \text{ A} = (137,8 + j45,93) \text{ V} \quad (44)$$

3 Pumpspeicherkraftwerk

a)

$$E = \rho V g \Delta h = 1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \cdot 0,6 \cdot 70 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}^3 \cdot 9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 150 \text{ m} = 61,8 \cdot 10^{12} \text{ J} = 61,8 \text{ TJ} \quad (45)$$

b)

$$P_{el} = \eta_H \eta_T \eta_{el} (1 - \varepsilon) \rho Q_N g \Delta h \quad (46)$$

$$= 0,94 \cdot 0,92 \cdot 0,96 \cdot (1 - 0,02) \cdot 1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \cdot 115 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}} \cdot 9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 150 \text{ m} = 137,68 \text{ MW} \quad (47)$$

c)

$$t = \frac{V_{OS} (FS - FS_{min})}{Q_N} = \frac{70 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m}^3 \cdot (0,6 - 0,4)}{115 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}}} = 121,74 \cdot 10^3 \text{ s} = 33,82 \text{ h} \quad (48)$$

d)

$$P_{el} = \frac{\rho Q_{Pump} g \Delta h}{\eta_H \eta_P \eta_{el} (1 - \varepsilon)} = \frac{1000 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}^3} \cdot 115 \frac{\text{m}^3}{\text{s}} \cdot 9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 150 \text{ m}}{0,94 \cdot 0,88 \cdot 0,96 \cdot (1 - 0,02)} = 170,17 \text{ MW} \quad (49)$$

e)

$$\eta_{Ges} = \eta_H^2 \eta_T \eta_P \eta_{el}^2 (1 - \varepsilon)^2 = 0,94^2 \cdot 0,92 \cdot 0,88 \cdot 0,96^2 \cdot (1 - 0,02)^2 = 0,6332 \quad (50)$$

f)

$$D = \sqrt{2g\Delta h} \frac{p}{2\pi f} = \sqrt{2 \cdot 9,81 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \cdot 150 \text{ m}} \cdot \frac{12}{2\pi 50 \text{ Hz}} = 2,072 \text{ m} \quad (51)$$

3 Fünf Sicherheitsregeln

Siehe Skriptum S.IX

4 Wirtschaftlichkeitsbetrachtung eines Solarkraftwerks

a)

$$T_m = \frac{E}{P} = \frac{1079 \frac{\text{GWh}}{\text{a}}}{377 \text{ MW}} = 2862,07 \frac{\text{h}}{\text{a}} \quad (52)$$

b)

$$\beta_- = \frac{q^n - 1}{(q - 1) q^n} = \frac{1,05^{25} - 1}{(1,05 - 1) 1,05^{25}} = 14,09 \text{ a} \quad (53)$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{\beta_-} \quad (54)$$

$$K = \alpha A + Z = \frac{1}{14,09 \text{ a}} \cdot 1600 \cdot 10^6 \$ + 6 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\$}{\text{a}} + 2,2 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\$}{\text{a}} = 121,724 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\$}{\text{a}} \quad (55)$$

c)

$$\beta_+ = \frac{(q^m - 1) q}{q - 1} = \frac{(1,07^{25} - 1) 1,07}{1,07 - 1} = 67,6765 \quad (56)$$

$$B_{25} = A_{R,-m} q^m + Z \beta_+ + Z + Z \beta_- + R_n q^{-n} \quad (57)$$

$$= 600 \cdot 10^6 \$ \cdot 1,07^{25} + 121,724 \cdot 10^6 \$ \cdot (67,6765 + 1) = 11,616 \cdot 10^9 \$ \quad (58)$$

d)

$$p = \frac{\frac{B_{25} + G}{\beta_+}}{E} = \frac{\frac{11,616 \cdot 10^9 \$ + 3 \cdot 10^9 \$}{67,6765}}{1079 \cdot 10^6 \text{ kW h}} = 0,200 \frac{\$}{\text{kW h}} \quad (59)$$