

# Blocks World For Teams

## Product Vision

by

A Search And Rescue Mission Context Project Group

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### **Abstract**

Given the BW4T environment, we have been assigned the task to enhance this software and to extend its features according to what our customer needs. This new product will be used for further research in the domain of Joint Activity and human robot interaction. Not only will our product stand out in comparison to other products on the market, but it will also further the horizons of students and researchers, allowing them to reason about processes humans naturally understand and follow.

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# 1 Customer

## 1.1 Usage

Blocks World For Teams (BW4T) is an environment used to test joint activity. An environment to simulate a Multi Agent System (MAS). A MAS is a system in which multiple agents work together as a team to reach a unified goal. The BW4T even has support for the mixed human-agent coordination simulation. The system is used mostly for research purposes as to understand and improve the coordination of human-agent teams for use in for example rescue operations. Thus it will be used to measure the competence of human-agent teams and help improve the interactions of the team members. Additionally the environment will also be used for educational purposes, to teach students the concept of MAS. This gives the students an insight on how to work with agents and how to use them in diverse missions.

## 1.2 Target customer

Research groups will buy our product in the name of their university. Several researchers of such a research group will be the main users of the product. They will develop human-agent teams for a variety of scenarios in order to test their effectiveness. This environment will be developed just for that. As stated earlier the BW4T environment will also be used for teaching. However this will be less important for the development because the students will only learn certain aspects of the overall system.

In the future, the BW4T (or an enhanced version of it), might be used by actual rescue teams who need to use one or more robots in their missions. They will have the need to extensively test their team before they will actually use it in the field. They can start testing their teams with a product like the one we are building. However more development is necessary to make the system advanced enough to be used with real life robots. Also this would require a standard to be written for the interfaces between agents, in order to be able to coordinate them.

With researchers being the main users of BW4T, it will have to be tailored to their needs. Which will be discussed next.

# 2 Customer needs

The customer has provided us with software designed for team interaction between robots as well as between robots and humans. This software is part of the study of Joint Activity. For participants in deep research among human robot interaction, our product will be used to enhance their understanding of interdependence in a team situation and eventually apply this knowledge in the real world.

There are two main needs we need to fulfill: the first one being the ease of use of the existing BW4T software. The customer wants us to promote high cohesion and low coupling within the system. For instance, if they want to remove some of the system's functionalities, it should not have any effect on the rest of the software. Secondly agents or humans orders need to be translated for the robots that will be used for Search and Rescue missions. In order to achieve this, we need to make good use of software called Repast and combine it with GOAL as smoothly as possible. For the study of Join Activity, it is essential to be able to run simulations with robots who are assigned a certain amount of tasks. But to perform simulations that will give good and valid results, it is mandatory to make it as realistic as possible. That is exactly what the customer needs: a realistic environment with a realistic robot behavior, so they can observe and draw consistent conclusions from the simulations.

For the ease of use of the product, the current system has two main interfaces provided: a scenario GUI and human GUI. With the scenario GUI, the customer can customize the environment they want their robots to perform in. They can also add certain attributes to their robots through that same UI: features such as wheels, extra speed, feet, etc Many scenarios can be thought up, for instance: an avalanche occurred and people need to be found and rescued as soon as possible. Or in a burning house, the firefighters need to coordinate with drones and other robots in order to find and rescue trapped individuals. With the human GUI, a human can take control of the situation and interact with the environment.

To facilitate joint activity between a human and other agents, we have the concept of e-Partner. A human can take control of the robots with the e-Partner feature. The e-Partner can also guide the human through the environment and can help them achieve tasks: such as remembering the position of certain

objects or targets within the environment. We will represent the e-Partner in the BW4T environment as a separate block that the human can pick up. Once in possession of an e-Partner, the human "player" will also be able to communicate with the other agents and give orders to them.

The last feature provided for the customer has already been mentioned above: realism. It is imperative to create environments and robot capabilities as realistic as possible; otherwise research results would not be representative of a real world experience. The product will eventually be used on real Search and Rescue missions, with real robots in a real environment. Realism and accuracy of the simulations will improve the quality of the simulation results in respect to real life.

### 3 Comparison

The product we are developing is an upgraded version of the existing BW4T simulation environment. It is extended in a few ways. First, the bots can see each other when there are no obstacles in between them and they can not walk over one another. If they bump into each other, damage or loss of functionality may occur. This feature makes the simulation more realistic. Second, there is an environment store where maps can be randomly generated, manually created and saved. This makes it more convenient to test on random scenarios. Because of the option to manually create maps, more realistic environments can be made to test on. Another new feature is the e-Partner. This feature can be used in various ways to assist the human, which makes more diverse simulations possible.

This product is similar to Gamebots: A 3D Virtual World Test-Bed For Multi-Agent Research [1] in the aspect of multiple environments creation and the human-agent collaboration. But what makes our product stand out is that there are no restrictions to the number of human and agent teams.

### 4 Time Frame & Budget

The project of improving the current Blocks World For Teams environment will take place in around six to eight weeks. This block of time will be split up in separate sprints of a week each. With one to two weeks in the beginning to set and start up the project it will be assured that all aspects covered will be accounted for in the following weeks. This will ensure that the rest of the process will go as smooth as possible. This is necessary because the biggest part of the project, which consists of 6-7 weeks, will be managed in the Scrum framework. This means every week a scrum has to take place. This results in a tight schedule every week. This is because at the end of the week a new working and tested prototype will be delivered. At the end of these eight weeks a final product will be delivered.

Every project has its own expenses which are paid out of a budget. We as a group of students working on a research project do not have an actual budget to pay certain things like server costs from. But since we work for a university they can possibly provide us if we need anything. Thus keeping the cost low or even keeping it to zero.

## References

- [1] Rogelio Adobbati, Andrew N Marshall, Andrew Scholer, Sheila Tejada, Gal A Kaminka, Steven Schaffer, and Chris Sollitto. Gamebots: A 3d virtual world test-bed for multi-agent research. In *Proceedings of the second international workshop on Infrastructure for Agents, MAS, and Scalable MAS*, volume 5. Montreal, Canada, 2001.