```
import java.util.ArrayList;
  import java.util.List;
3
4
  * The class {@code Othello} represents the game Othello itself.
  * All game logic is done in this class.
   * The Java Doc can be found here:
   * < a \ href="http://www.martin-thoma.de/programmieren-othello-1adf234d3fS/">
   * martin-thoma.de/programmieren-othello-1adf234d3fS </a>
11
   * @author Martin Thoma
12
13
   */
14
  public class Othello {
15
      /** Error message: a player already moved */
16
      public static final String ERR PLAYER MOVED
17
                           = "Cannot add hole area. A player did move.";
18
19
      /** Error message: no active game */
20
      public static final String ERR_NO_ACTIVE_GAME = "No active game.";
21
22
      /** Error message: the move target isn't on the board */
23
      public static final String ERR OFFBOARD MOVE
24
                           = "The move position has to be on the board.";
25
26
      /** Error message: a color is in the for a hole specified rectangle*/
27
      public static final String ERR COLOR IN RECTANGLE
28
          = "You can't place the hole here. There are color pieces.";
29
30
      /** Error message: the specified rectangle isn't valid */
31
      public static final String ERR_NO_VALID_RECTANGLE = "The specified";
32
          + " rectangle isn't valid. "
33
          + "Valid is something like A1:B3 or A1:A1. The first position ";
34
          + "has to be on the top left.";
35
      /** The current player. Always start with black. */
37
      private Field currentPlayer = Field.BLACK;
38
39
      /** Is the current game still in progress? */
      private boolean isRunning = true;
41
42
      /** Has already a move command been submitted? */
43
      private boolean submittedMove = false;
44
45
      /** The board with all pieces */
46
      public final Board board;
47
      private final int[][] adjactantFields = \{\{-1, -1\}, \{0, -1\}, \{1, -1\}, 
49
                           \{-1, 0\}, \{1, 0\}, \{-1, 1\}, \{0, 1\}, \{1, 1\}\};
50
51
      /**
       * Constructor for Othello.
53
       * It is possible, that the game is finished as soon as it is created.
54
       * @param width the width of the board
55
       * @param height the height of the board
56
57
```

```
public Othello(int width, int height) {
58
           this.board = new Board(width, height);
           checkState();
60
       }
61
63
        * Constructor for Othello with a given start situation.
64
        * It is possible, that the game is finished as soon as it is created.
65
        * @param width the width of the board
66
        * @param height the height of the board
67
        * @param situation the situation the player wants to start with
68
        */
69
       public Othello(int width, int height, String situation) {
70
           this.board = new Board(width, height, situation);
71
           checkState();
72
       }
73
74
       /**
75
        * Checks for all constructors if black can make a move.
        * If black can't it's the turn of white. If white can't move either,
        * the game is finished.
78
79
       private void checkState() {
80
           if (!isMovePossible(Field.BLACK)) {
81
                if (!isMovePossible(Field.WHITE)) {
82
                    // if no moves are possible, the game is instantly finished
83
                    this.isRunning = false;
84
               } else {}
                    // if black can't move but white can, it's whites turn
86
                    this.currentPlayer = Field.WHITE;
87
               }
88
           }
89
       }
90
91
92
        * This method checks if any move is possible for player
93
        * @param player the color of the player you want to check
94
        * @return {@code true} if any move is possible,
95
                   otherwise {@code false}
96
        *
        */
97
       private boolean isMovePossible(Field player) {
98
           return (getPossibleMoves(player).size() > 0);
99
100
102
        * Get a list of all possible moves.
        * @param player the player whose possible moves you want to get
104
        * @return a list of all possible moves
105
        */
106
       public List<Position> getPossibleMoves(Field player) {
              (!isRunning) {
               throw new IllegalStateException (ERR NO ACTIVE GAME);
111
           List < Position > possible Moves = new ArrayList < Position > ();
112
113
           Position pos;
114
           for (int x = 0; x < board.width; x++) {
115
```

```
for (int y = 0; y < board.height; y++) {
116
                    pos = new Position(x, y);
117
                    if (isMovePositionValid(pos)
118
                        && (getNrOfSwitches(player, pos) > 0)) {
119
                        possibleMoves.add(pos);
12
                }
           }
124
           return possible Moves;
125
       }
127
        * Checks if a position on the board has a color.
129
        * If the position is not valid (e.g. negative array index) it
130
        * returns {@code false}.
        * @param pos the position you want to check
132
         @return {@code true} if a color is at this position,
                    otherwise { @code false }
134
        */
135
       private boolean hasPiece(Position pos) {
136
           boolean returnVal = false;
138
           if (board.isPositionOnBoard(pos) && board.get(pos) != null
139
               && board.get(pos) != Field.HOLE) {
140
                returnVal = true;
141
142
143
           return return Val;
144
145
146
147
        * Check if a move position is valid. This checks if the position
148
        * exists on the board, if it is empty and if a piece is adjacent.
149
        * @param pos the position you want to check
        * @return {@code true} if the move position can be valid,
                   otherwise {@code false}
        */
153
       private boolean isMovePositionValid(Position pos) {
154
           boolean isMovePositionValid = false;
           if (!board.isPositionOnBoard(pos)) {
                return false;
           }
160
           for (int[] field : adjactantFields) {
                Position tmp = new Position(pos.x + field[0],
162
                                                          pos.y + field[1]);
163
                if (hasPiece(tmp)) {
164
                    isMovePositionValid = true;
165
167
168
           if (board.get(pos.x, pos.y) != null) {
169
                // a piece is already on the field
170
171
                isMovePositionValid = false;
           }
173
```

```
return isMovePositionValid;
174
       }
175
176
       /**
17
        * Set the current player to the next player.
17
       private void nextPlayer() {
180
            if (!isRunning) {
181
                throw new IllegalStateException (ERR NO ACTIVE GAME);
182
183
184
            if (currentPlayer = Field.BLACK) {
185
                currentPlayer = Field.WHITE;
            } else {
187
                currentPlayer = Field.BLACK;
188
189
       }
190
191
192
        * Make a move, if possible and return a code that indicates what
193
        * happened.
194
        * @param pos the position you want to set the next piece on
195
        * @return 0 if the player could move,
196
        * -1 if the player could not move,
197
        * 1 if the next regular player had to pass,
198
        * 2 if the game ended with this move
199
        */
200
       public int move(Position pos) {
20
            i f
               (!isRunning) {
202
                throw new IllegalStateException (ERR NO ACTIVE GAME);
203
204
205
            int returnCode = -1;
206
            int switches;
207
208
            if (!board.isPositionOnBoard(pos)) {
                throw new IllegalArgumentException (ERR OFFBOARD MOVE);
210
211
212
            if (isMovePositionValid(pos)
213
                && (getNrOfSwitches(currentPlayer, pos) > 0)) {
214
                board.set(pos, currentPlayer);
216
                // switch all pieces in between
                for (int[] direction: adjactantFields) {
218
                     switches = getNrOfIncludedPieces(currentPlayer, pos,
219
                                                  direction [0], direction [1]);
220
                     if (switches > 0) {
221
                         switchPieces (currentPlayer, pos, direction [0],
222
                             direction [1]);
223
                }
224
                // switch to the next player
226
                nextPlayer();
227
228
                if (!isMovePossible(getCurrentPlayer())) {
229
                     Field nextPlayer = getWaitingPlayer();
230
```

```
if (isMovePossible(nextPlayer)) {
231
                        nextPlayer();
232
                        returnCode = 1;
233
                    } else {
234
                        setFinished();
                        returnCode = 2;
236
237
                } else {
238
                    returnCode = 0;
239
240
241
               submittedMove = true;
242
           }
244
           return returnCode;
245
246
247
248
        * Get the current player.
        * @return the current player
250
        */
251
       public Field getCurrentPlayer() {
252
           return currentPlayer;
253
254
255
256
        * This method determines the number of pieces of the opponent
257
        * between the given position and the next piece of the given player.
          @param player The player.
259
          @param pos the position of one piece of this player.
260
          @param xDir this has to be 1, 0 or -1.
261
                        1 means it goes to the right, -1 to the left.
262
                        0 means it doesn't change the x-direction.
263
          @param yDir this has to be 1, 0 or -1.
264
                        1 means it goes to the bottom, -1 to the top.
265
                        0 means it doesn't change the y-direction.
          @return the number of pieces of the opponent between the given
267
            position
        * and the next piece of the given player.
268
269
270
       private int getNrOfIncludedPieces (Field player, Position pos, int xDir,
271
            int yDir) {
           int switches = 0;
           int opponentCount = 0;
273
           Field opponent = (player == Field.WHITE ? Field.BLACK : Field.WHITE
274
               );
           for (int tmp = 1;
                // stop the loop if you're no longer on the board
27
                (pos.x + tmp * xDir >= 0) // important if you go to the left
               && (pos.x + tmp * xDir < board.width) // important if you go to
279
                    the right
               && (pos.y + tmp * yDir >= 0) // important if you go to the
280
                   bottom
               && (pos.y + tmp * yDir < board.height); // important if you go
281
                   to the top
               tmp++) {
282
```

```
283
                Field piece = board.get(pos.x + tmp * xDir, pos.y + tmp * yDir)
284
285
                if (piece == player) {
                    switches += opponentCount;
28
                    opponentCount = 0;
                    break;
289
                \} else if (piece = Field.HOLE) {
290
                    return 0;
291
                } else if (piece == opponent) {
292
                    opponentCount++;
293
                \} else if (piece = null) \{
                    return 0;
295
                }
296
           }
297
298
           return switches;
299
       }
300
301
       /**
302
        * Switch all pieces from the opponent of player in the given direction
303
        * Make sure that in the given direction is one of the pieces of player
304
             at the end.
        * @param player the given player who set the new piece
305
        * @param pos the position where you want to start
306
        * @param xDir one part of the direction
307
        * @param yDir other part of the direction
308
309
       private void switchPieces (Field player, Position pos, int xDir, int
310
           yDir) {
311
           if (!isRunning) {
                throw new IllegalStateException (ERR NO ACTIVE GAME);
312
313
314
           Field opponent = (player == Field.WHITE ? Field.BLACK : Field.WHITE
315
               );
316
           // this ends always with the break as one piece of player has to be
317
                at the end
           for (int tmp = 1; tmp++) {
318
                if (board.get(pos.x + tmp * xDir, pos.y + tmp * yDir) == player
319
                    break;
320
                } else if (board.get(pos.x + tmp * xDir, pos.y + tmp * yDir) ==
321
                    opponent) {
                    board.set(pos.x + tmp * xDir, pos.y + tmp * yDir, player);
                }
323
           }
324
325
326
327
        * Return the number of pieces that get switched when player sets
328
        * a new piece on (x|y)
329
330
        * @param player the given player
        * @param pos the position of the new piece
331
        * @return the number of switched pieces.
332
```

```
*/
333
       private int getNrOfSwitches (Field player, Position pos) {
334
            int switches = 0;
335
336
            for (int[] direction : adjactantFields) {
                switches += getNrOfIncludedPieces(player, pos, direction [0],
338
                    direction [1]);
339
340
            return switches;
341
       }
342
343
       /**
        * Return the result.
345
        * @return an array with two elements where the first element
346
                   represents the points
347
        * of the white player and the second element the points of the second
348
        */
349
       public int[] getResult() {
350
            int[] result = new int[2];
351
            result[0] = countPieces(Field.WHITE);
352
            result[1] = countPieces(Field.BLACK);
353
354
            return result;
       }
355
356
       // this method counts the pieces of one player on the board
357
       private int countPieces(Field player) {
358
359
            int counter = 0;
            for (int x = 0; x < board.width; x++) {
360
                for (int y = 0; y < board.height; y++) {
361
                     if (board.get(x, y) = player) {
362
363
                         counter++;
364
                }
365
            }
            return counter;
367
368
369
        /**
370
        * Mark the game as finished.
371
372
       public void setFinished() {
373
            i f
               (!isRunning) {
                throw new IllegalStateException (ERR NO ACTIVE GAME);
375
376
377
            isRunning = false;
378
       }
379
380
        /**
        * Getter for isRunning.
382
        * @return {@code true} if the game is still in progress,
383
                    otherwise {@code false}
        *
384
        */
385
       public boolean isRunning() {
386
            return isRunning;
387
388
```

```
389
390
        * Checks if the rectangle is within the borders of the board and
393
        * if the first position is at the top left and the second is at
392
        * the bottom right.
          @param rectangle the rectangle
39
          @return {@code true} if the rectangle is valid according to the
395
                   specification, otherwise {@code false}
        *
396
        */
397
       public boolean isValidRectangle(Position[] rectangle) {
398
              (!board.isPositionOnBoard(rectangle[0])) {
399
                return false;
           } else if (!board.isPositionOnBoard(rectangle[1])) {
                return false;
402
           else if (rectangle[0].x > rectangle[1].x) 
403
                return false;
404
           } else if (rectangle[0].y > rectangle[1].y) {
405
                return false;
406
           } else {
407
                return true;
408
409
410
411
412
        * Check if a piece is in the specified rectangle.
413
        * @param rectangle the specified rectangle
414
          @return {@code true} if a piece is in the specified rectangle,
415
                   otherwise {@code false}
416
417
        */
       public boolean isColorInRectangle(Position[] rectangle) {
418
              (!isValidRectangle(rectangle)) {
410
                throw new IllegalArgumentException (ERR NO VALID RECTANGLE);
420
           }
421
422
           for (int x = rectangle[0].x; x \le rectangle[1].x; x++) {
423
                for (int y = rectangle[0].y; y \le rectangle[1].y; y++) {
                    if (board.get(x, y) = Field.BLACK || board.get(x, y) =
425
                        Field.WHITE) {
                        return true;
426
427
                }
428
           }
429
430
           return false;
432
433
434
       /**
        * Make an hole into the board if possible.
435
        * @param rectangle The edges of the rectangle of the hole
436
          @return {@code true} if a hole could be created, otherwise {@code
437
            false }
438
       public boolean makeHole(Position[] rectangle) {
439
           if (submittedMove) {
440
                throw new IllegalStateException (ERR PLAYER MOVED);
441
442
           } else if (!isValidRectangle(rectangle)) {
                throw new IllegalArgumentException (ERR NO VALID RECTANGLE);
443
           } else if (isColorInRectangle(rectangle)) {
444
```

```
throw new IllegalArgumentException (ERR COLOR IN RECTANGLE);
445
           }
446
447
           for (int x = rectangle[0].x; x \le rectangle[1].x; x++) {
448
                for (int y = rectangle[0].y; y \le rectangle[1].y; y++) {
449
                    board.set(x, y, Field.HOLE);
450
451
           }
452
453
           // Switch to the other player if the current player can't move any
454
           if (getPossibleMoves(currentPlayer).size() == 0) {
455
                nextPlayer();
457
458
           return true;
459
460
461
       /**
462
        * Was a move already submitted?
463
          @return {@code true} if a move was already submitted, otherwise {
464
            @code false}
        */
465
       public boolean wasMoveSubmitted() {
466
           return submittedMove;
       }
468
469
470
        * This method aborts the current game and returns the result.
47
          @return the result as an int array with two elements where {@code
472
            result [0]}
        * represents the points of the white player and {@code result[1]}
            represents the
        * points of the black player
474
        */
475
       public int[] abortGame() {
           int[] result = getResult();
477
           setFinished();
478
           return result;
479
       }
480
481
       /**
482
        * Get the player who can't make a turn by now.
483
        * @return the player who can't make a turn by now
485
       public Field getWaitingPlayer() {
486
           return getCurrentPlayer() = Field.BLACK ? Field.WHITE : Field.
487
               BLACK;
       }
488
  }
489
```

Othello.java