DATA BASE FOR MEDICAL RECIPIES

Requirements elicitation (Use cases; Use case diagram; Requirements list; Traceability matrix)

TARGETS:

- 1) Pharmacists
- 2) Patients
- 3) Laboratory
- 4) User

TEMPLATE:

As a Pharmacist I want to be able to have a register where each medical batch is assigned

1. USE CASES:

USE CASE 1; Log in in the database

Actor: User (Patient and Pharmacist)

Goal: The user can log into the app, using its username and password.

<u>Description:</u> Once the user has logged into the app, it will be redirected to the correspondent menu, with the available options for patient or pharmacist.

Preconditions: -

Standard path:

1. Patient logs in.

Alternative scenario:

- The user is not registered. The user and password combination are not correct.

Postcondition:

- The patient is logged in.

USE CASE 2; Sign up in the database

Actor: User

<u>Goal:</u> A new user will create a user profile, with a username and a password. It must choose his role.

<u>Description:</u> Once the user has been signed up in the app, the user can log in into the app.

<u>Preconditions:</u> The username is not already in the database.

Standard path:

1. Patient signs up.

Alternative scenario:

- The patient username is already in the database.

Postcondition:

- The patient is signed up.

USE CASE 3; Identify the patient

Actor: Pharmacist

Goal: Get a specific patient info, in order to access his information.

<u>Description:</u> The pharmacist accesses the information of the patient thanks to its name and id.

<u>Preconditions:</u> The patient its registered in the database.

Standard path:

- 1. A user with a pharmacist role logs into the app (USE CASE 1).
- 2. The pharmacist selects the identify patient option.

Alternative scenario:

- The patient is not in the database.

Postcondition:

- The pharmacist can check information about the patient.

USE CASE 4; Check stock

Actor: Pharmacist

Goal: Check the amount of stock of a specific medicine.

<u>Description</u>: The pharmacist can check the stock of a medicine, by providing the medicine's id.

Preconditions: -

Standard path:

- 1. A user is logged in as a pharmacist (USE CASE 1).
- 2. The pharmacist selects the option check stock.
- 3. The pharmacist provides the medicine id.

<u>Alternative scenario:</u>

- The medicine is not in the database.

Postcondition:

- The pharmacist can order new stock if needed.

USE CASE 5; Order new stock

Actor: Pharmacist

Goal: Order more medicine in order to increase the stock.

<u>Description:</u> The pharmacist after checking the stock of a medicine, orders more stock.

Preconditions: The medicine is in the database.

Standard path:

- 1. A user is logged in as a pharmacist (USE CASE 1).
- 2. The pharmacist selects the option check stock (USE CASE 4).
- 3. The pharmacist provides the medicine id.
- 4. The pharmacist orders new stock.

Alternative scenario:

- The medicine is not in the database.

Postcondition:

The pharmacist has order new stock, and the amount of medicine has been increased.

USE CASE 6; Mark prescription as used

Actor: Pharmacist

<u>Goal:</u> Mark the prescription as used once the medicine has been given to the patient.

<u>Description</u>: The pharmacist marks prescription as used, selected by its id, and updated by updating the issue date.

Preconditions: The prescription has not been used.

Standard path:

- 1. A user is logged in as a pharmacist.
- 2. The pharmacist identifies the patient (USE CASE 3).
- 3. The pharmacist selects the prescription to be checked as used.

Alternative scenario:

- The patient has not prescriptions.

Postcondition:

- The prescription has been marked as used.

USE CASE 7; Check authenticity

Actor: Pharmacist

Goal: Make sure the prescription has not already been used.

Description: The pharmacist can verify if the prescription can be used, by typing its id.

<u>Preconditions:</u> The patient has a prescription.

Standard path:

- 1. A user is logged in as a pharmacist.
- 2. The pharmacist identifies the patient (USE CASE 3).
- 3. The pharmacist selects the prescription to check its authenticity.

Alternative scenario:

- The patient has not prescriptions.

Postcondition:

- The pharmacist checks if the prescription is valid or not.

USE CASE 8; Check medicine

Actor: Patient

Goal: A user(patient) its able to check all his medications.

<u>Description:</u> The patient can check all the medications he has assigned.

<u>Preconditions:</u> The patient has a medicine assigned.

Standard path:

- 1. A user is logged in as a patient (USE CASE 1)
- 2. The patient selects the option search medicine.

3.

Alternative scenario:

- The patient has no medicines assigned.

Postcondition:

- The patient has a list of all his medicines.

USE CASE 9; Check medical history

Actor: Patient

Goal: A user(patient) its able to check all his medical history.

Description: The patient can check all the prescription it has had assigned.

<u>Preconditions:</u> The patient has medical history (previous prescriptions).

Standard path:

- 1. A user is logged in as a patient (USE CASE 1)
- 2. The patient selects the option check medical history.

Alternative scenario:

- The patient has no medical history.

Postcondition:

- The patient gets the information about all his medical history

USE CASE 10; Sell medicine

Actor: Pharmacist

Goal: A specific amount of medicine of a pharmacy gets sold to the patient

<u>Description</u>: The pharmacist sells to the patient the medicine on his prescription

Preconditions:

- The patient has a valid prescription
- There are medicines in the prescription
- In the pharmacy there is stock of that medicine

Standard path:

- 1. Pharmacist checks the authenticity of the prescription
- 2. Pharmacist checks the stock of the medicine in the prescription
- 3. Pharmacist gives the medicine to the patient

Alternative scenario:

- The patient has no medicines assigned on his prescription.

Postcondition:

- The patient has his medicines
- The stock of that medicine reduces.

USE CASE 11; Reduce Stock

Actor: Pharmacist

Goal: The stock of a medicine gets reduced after it has been sold.

<u>Description:</u> After selling a medicine, the stock of it gets reduced by the specific number of medicines that have been sold to the patient.

Preconditions:

- A medicine has been sold

Standard path:

- 1. A medicine gets sold
- 2. The stock of that medicine gets reduced

Alternative scenario:

No medicines have been sold

Postcondition:

The stock of the medicine that has been sold is reduced and therefore is lower than it was before.

USE CASE 12; Insert prescription

Actor: Patient

Goal: The prescription of a patient gets registered in the data base.

<u>Description</u>: After the doctor (not in our data base) has given the patient a prescription, he is able to insert it into the data base.

Preconditions:

- The patient has gone to the doctor and has a prescription.
- The patient has logged in as a patient

Standard path:

- 1. A user is logged in as a patient
- 2. The user selects the option insert prescription

Alternative scenario:

- The patient has no prescriptions

Postcondition:

- The prescription is uploaded into the data base

2. REQUIREMENTS LIST:

Functional requirements:

- 1. The patient should be able to access his medical information on an app
- 2. The system should allow the pharmacist to access the patient profile at the data base
- 3. Checking the stock of each medicine
- 4. Ordering new stock in case of low stock
- 5. The system must keep a record of the prescriptions that have been used
- 6. The system should be able to recognize when a prescription is valid or not
- 7. The data base must keep track of the medicines that have been sold

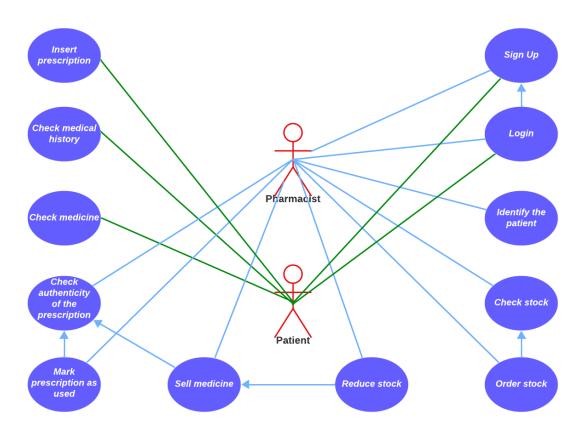
Non-functional requirements:

- 1. The system is programmed in java
- 2. The system must run in Linux and windows
- 3. The patient can be assigned with more than one medicine

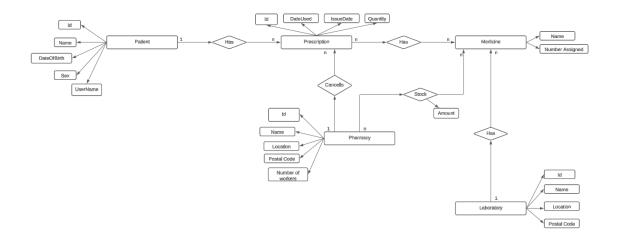
3. TRACEABILITY MATRIX

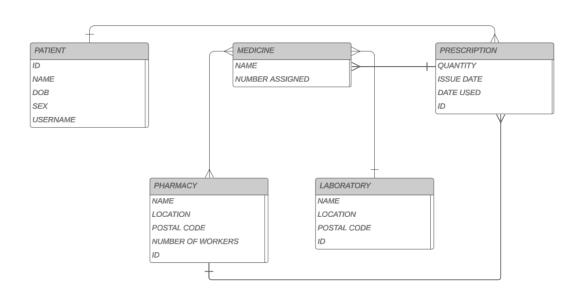
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UC1	X	X	X	X					
UC2	X	X							
UC3	X	X			X	X			
UC4			X	X			X		
UC5			X	X			X		
UC6		X			X	X	X		
UC7					X	X			X
UC8	X	X			X				X
UC9	X	X			X				X
UC10		X	X	X		X	X		X
UC11			X				X		
UC12	x	X			X	X			

4. USE CASE DIAGRAM

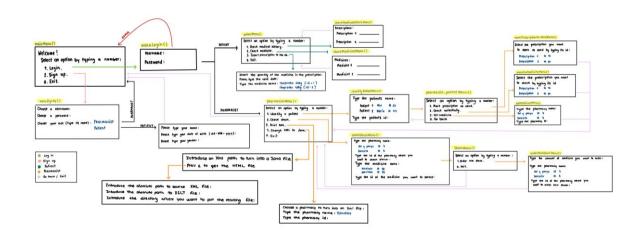


5. ER DIAGRAM





MOCK UP



UML CLASS DIAGRAM

