## Politecnico di Torino Database Management Systems

## Homework Nr. 1

1. (7 Points) The following relations are given (primary keys are underlined):

```
HOTEL (<u>HID</u>, Hotel_Name, City, Nation, Category, HCID)
HOTEL_CHAIN(<u>HCID</u>, Name, Year_of_foundation)
RESERVATION(<u>RID</u>, StartDate, EndDate, Rate, #People, HID)
COMMENT(CID, Description, Vote, Website, HID)
```

Assume the following cardinalities:

```
card(HOTEL)= 10<sup>6</sup> tuples,
distinct values of Nation ~ 10,
MIN(Category) = 0, MAX(Category) = 5,
card(HOTEL_CHAIN)= 10<sup>4</sup> tuples,
unique constraint on Name,
MIN(Year_of_foundation) = 1/1/1970, MAX(Year_of_foundation) = 31/12/1999,
card(RESERVATION)= 10<sup>10</sup> tuples,
MIN(StartDate) = 1/1/2010, MAX(StartDate) = 31/12/2012,
MIN(EndDate) = 1/1/2010, MAX(EndDate) = 31/12/2012,
MIN(#People) = 1, MAX(#People) = 3,
card(COMMENT)= 10<sup>7</sup> tuples,
MIN(Vote) = 1, MAX(Vote) = 10,
distinct values of Website ~ 10<sup>2</sup>,
```

Furthermore, assume the following reduction factor for the group by condition:

- having SUM(#People)<100  $\simeq \frac{9}{10}$ ,
- having count(\*) > 1000  $\simeq \frac{1}{10}$ ,

Consider the following SQL query:

For the SQL query:

having count(\*) > 1000;

- (a) Report the corresponding algebraic expression and specify the cardinality of each node (representing an intermediate result or a leaf). If necessary, assume a data distribution. Also analyze the group by anticipation.
- (b) Select one or more secondary physical structures to increase query performance. Justify your choice and report the corresponding execution plan (join orders, access methods, etc.).