```
Template
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*/
//#include <bits/stdc++.h>
#include<cstdio>
#include<cstring>
#include<cstdlib>
#include<cctype>
#include<cmath>
#include<iostream>
#include<fstream>
#include<string>
#include<vector>
#include<queue>
#include<map>
#include<algorithm>
#include<set>
#include<sstream>
#include<stack>
using namespace std;
typedef long long
typedef unsigned long long llu;
#define ft
                 first
#define sd
                second
#define mp
               make pair
#define allr(x) x.rbegin(),x.rend()
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define meminf(a)
memset(a,126,sizeof(a))
#define inf 1ell
#define eps
                1e-9
#define mod
                1000000007
#define NN
                30100
//cout << setfill('0') << setw(3) << a;</pre>
//cout << fixed << setprecision(20)<< a;</pre>
main()
   //ios base::sync with stdio(0);
   //cin.tie(0);
```

Manually Sort bool comp(char b, char c) { if(tolower(b) == tolower(c)) return b < c; //porer ta Capital hoile //swap kore age jabe. else return tolower(b) < tolower(c); //normal compare kore sort korbe. } /* Input: aAabB Output: AaaBb</pre>

//bool false return korle sort hobe.

* /

```
BigMod
//(m^n)%p;
long p;
long check(long m,long n)
    int sum;
    if(n==0)
        return 1;
    if(n%2==0)
    {
        sum=check(m,n/2);
        return ((sum%p) * (sum%p))%p;
    }
    else
        sum=check(m,n-1);
       return ((m%p) * (sum%p))%p;
int main()
    long m,n,sum;
    while(scanf("%ld %ld %ld",
                 &m, &n, &p) == 3)
        sum=check(m,n);
        printf("%ld\n", sum);
    return 0;
```

```
MST & Disjoint Set (Fast)
typedef long long 11;
#define inf 10000000
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define NN 10010
int root[NN+7];
int rank[NN+7];
struct edge {
   int u, v, w;
};
vector<edge>e;
bool comp(edge n,edge m) {
   return n.w>m.w;
}
void init(int n) {
    for(int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
        root[i] = i;
        rank[i] = 0;
    }
}
int find(int u) {
    if(u != root[u])
        root[u] = find(root[u]);
    return root[u];
}
void Union(int u, int v) {
    if(rank[u] > rank[v])
        root[v] = u;
    else {
        root[u] = v;
        if(rank[u] == rank[v])
            rank[v]++;
}
int mst(int n) {
    init(n);
    int i,j,k;
    sort(e.begin(),e.end(),comp);
    int count=0, sum=0;
    for(i=0; i<e.size(); i++) {
        int u=find(e[i].u);
        int v=find(e[i].v);
        if(u!=v) {
            Union(u,v);
        else
            sum+=e[i].w;
    return sum;
}
main()
    int i,j,k,l,n,r,c,u,v,w;
```

```
edge ed;
int tc,t=1,x=-1,m;
cin>>tc;
while(tc--)
{
    cin>>n>m;
    while(m--)
    {
        cin>>ed.u>>ed.v>>ed.w;
        e.push_back(ed);
    }
    int sum=mst(n);
    cout<<sum<<"\n";
    e.clear();
}
cin>>n;
return 0;
}
```

```
Extended GCD
intsii, si, tii, ti; // ii=i-1, i=i,
s/t=i+1
integcd(inta,int b)
    intr,q,s,t;
    sii=1, si=0;
    tii=0,ti=1;
    while(b>0)
        q=a/b;
        r=a%b;
        s=sii-(q*si);
       t=tii-(q*ti);
        sii=si,si=s;
        tii=ti,ti=t;
        a=b,b=r;
    return a; // return a, sii, tii
```

```
int gcd(int a, int b)

{
    while(b>0)
    {
        a=a%b;
        swap(a,b);
    }
    return a;
}

int lcm(int a, int b)

{
    int temp = gcd(a, b);
        //__gcd(a, b)
    return ((a / temp) * b);
}
```

Sieve of PHI (Co-primes of 2 to n) unsigned long long a[NN+7]; void sieve(void) { inti,j,k,n=2237; for(i=2; i<NN; i++) a[i]=i; for(i=2; i<NN; i+=2) { a[i]*=(2-1); a[i]/=2; }</pre>

for(j=i; j<NN; j+=i)</pre>

a[j]*=(i-1); a[j]/=i;

for(i=3; i<NN; i+=2)

if(a[i]==i)

}

```
nCr (normal)
long longnCr(intn,int r) //
{
    long long sum=1,I,k,l,j=1;
        k=max((r,n-r)), l=min((r,n-r));
        for(i=k+1;i<=n;i++)
        {
            sum*=i;
            if(j<=l &&sum%j==0)
            {
                 sum/=j;
                j++;
            }
        }
        return sum;
}</pre>
```

```
nCr (DP)
i64 dp[70][70];
i64 nCr(intn,int r)
{
    if(r==1) return n;
    if(n==r) return 1;

    if(dp[n][r]!=-1)
        return dp[n][r];
    dp[n][r]=nCr(n-1,r)+nCr(n-1,r-1);

    return dp[n][r];
}
int main()
{
    Mem(dp,-1);
    printf("%d\n",nCr(20,2));
}
```

```
BitMask DP
intdp[70000];
int a[20][20];
int n;
int go(int x, int mask)
    if(x>=n)
        return 0;
    int&t=dp[mask];
    if(t!=-1)
        return t;
    int k=0;
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
        if((mask & (1 << i)) == 0)
            k=max(k,go(x+1,mask))
                          1 << i) + a[x][i]);
    dp[mask]=k;
    return dp[mask];
main()
    inttc, t=1;
    scanf("%d",&tc);
    while(tc--)
        scanf("%d",&n);
        for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
            for (int j=0; j< n; j++)
                scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
        memset(dp,-1,sizeof(dp));
        int sum=go(0,0);
        printf("Case %d: %d\n",t++,sum);
    return 0;
```

```
Topological Sort
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define pbpush back
#define pppop back
#define inf 1\overline{0}00000000
#define NN 1000010
vector<int>e[NN+7],v;
int view[NN+7];
int f.fl;
void dfs(int u) {
    inti, k, l;
    view[u]=0;
    for(i=0; i<e[u].size(); i++) {</pre>
        if(view[e[u][i]]==-1)
             dfs(e[u][i]);
        else if(view[e[u][i]]==0) {
             //then there is a cycle;
             fl=1;
             return;
         }
    view[u]=1;
    v.pb(u);
int main()
    int i,j,k,l;
    int tc,t;
    int n,m;
    while (~scanf("%d%d", &n, &m))
        if(n==0 \&\& m==0)
             return 0;
        mem(view, -1);
        for(i=0; i<m; i++)
             scanf("%d%d",
                  &k,&l),e[k].pb(l);
         fl=0;
         for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
         {
             f=i;
             if(view[i]==-1)
                 dfs(i);
         if(fl)
             printf("IMPOSSIBLE\n");
        else
             reverse(v.begin(), v.end());
             for(i=0; i<v.size(); i++)</pre>
                 printf("%d\n",v[i]);
        v.clear();
        for(i=0; i<=n; i++)
             e[i].clear();
    return 0;
```

MiniMax (MaxiMin is also same) int pr[NN+7]; int a[NN+7][NN+7]; main() while (~scanf("%d%d%d", &n, &r, &l)) for(i=0; i<=n; i++) for(j=0; j<=n; j++) a[i][j]=inf; //a[i][j]=-inf //FOR MaxiMin a[i][i]=0; while (r--)scanf("%d%d%d",&u,&v,&w); a[u][v]=w;a[v][u]=w;for $(k=1; k \le n; k++)$ for(i=1; i<=n; i++) for(j=1; j<=n; j++) a[i][j]=min(a[i][j], $\max(a[i][k],a[k][j]));$ //a[i][j]=max(a[i][j],min(a[i][k],a[k][j])); //For MaxiMin. while (1--)scanf("%d%d",&n,&r); int sum=a[n][r]; if(sum>=inf) //sum<=inf For MaxiMin</pre> puts("no path"); else printf("%d\n", sum); } return 0;

```
Power (n^k)

typedef long long LL;
LL power(LL n, LL m)
{
    LL sum=1;
    while (m>0)
    {
        sum*=n;
        m--;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

Highest Factors (range) long b[1000001],c[1000001]; int main() { long i,j,m,mx,t; b[1]=1;mx=0;c[1]=1;for(i=2; i<1000001; i++) for(j=i; j<1000001; j+=i) b[j]++; if(b[i] >= mx)mx=b[i];m=i;} c[i]=m;scanf("%ld",&t); while (t--)scanf("%ld",&m); printf("%ld\n",c[m]); return 0;

```
Divisors sums (range)
#include<cstdio>
#define Z 500003
long Sum[Z];
int main()
{
    long t,n,i,j;
    for(i=1; i<Z; i++)
    {
        for(j=2*i; j<Z; j+=i)
            Sum[j]+=i;
    }
    scanf("%ld",&t);
    while(t--)
    {
        scanf("%ld",&n);
        printf("%ld\n",Sum[n]);
    }
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Nim Game
#define NN 1050
main() {
  int t=1, tc;
  int k,l,n;
  cin>>tc;
   while(tc--) {
      cin>>n;
       int res=0;
       while(n--) {
          cin>>k;
          res^=k;
      if(res)
         printf("Case %d: Alice\n", t++);
                           //First move
      else
         printf("Case %d: Bob\n", t++);
    return 0;
```

```
Misere Nim Game
#define NN 1050
main() {
   int t=1, tc;
   int k, l, n;
   cin>>tc;
   while(tc--) {
       cin>>n;
       int res=0, cnt=0, i;
       for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
           cin>>k;
           res^=k;
          if(k==1)
               cnt++;
       }
    if(cnt==n) {
       if(!res)
         printf("Case %d: Alice\n",t++);
       else
         printf("Case %d: Bob\n",t++);
     else {
       if(res)
         printf("Case %d: Alice\n", t++);
         printf("Case %d: Bob\n", t++);
  return 0;
```



```
======[ For storing ]========
#define NN 47000
bool p[NN+7]; //Hashing
vector<int>pr; //storing prime
void sieve(int n)
   int i, j, k, l;
    p[1]=1;
   pr.push back(2);
    for (i=4; i \le n; i+=2)
        p[i]=1;
    for (i=3; i \le n; i+=2)
        if(p[i]==0)
            pr.push back(i);
            for(j=i*i; j<=n; j+=2*i)
                p[j]=1;
    }
======[ For Hashing ]=======
#define NN 47000
bool p[NN+7]; //Hashing
void sieve(int n)
    int i,j,k,l;
    p[1]=1;
    for (i=4; i \le n; i+=2)
        p[i]=1;
    for(i=3; i*i<=n; i+=2)
        if(p[i]==0)
            for (j=i*i; j<=n; j+=2*i)
                p[j]=1;
    }
```

Prime Factor

```
#define NN 47000
bool p[NN+7]; //Hashing
vector<int>pr; //storing prime
void sieve(int n)
    int i,j,k,l;
    p[1]=1;
    pr.push back(2);
    for(i=4; i<=n; i+=2)
        p[i]=1;
    for(i=3; i<=n; i+=2)
        if(p[i]==0)
            pr.push back(i);
            for (j=i*i; j<=n; j+=2*i)
                p[j]=1;
    }
int factor(int n)
   int count, k, i;
    for(i=0; i<pr.size() &&</pre>
pr[i]*pr[i]<=n; i++)</pre>
        k=pr[i];
        count=0;
        while (n%k==0)
            n/=k;
            count++;
        if(n==1)
            break;
    if(n>1)
        then, n is another prime factor;
```

```
LIS (nlog(n)) & Print
\#define mem(x,y) memset(x,y,sizeof(x));
vector <int> v;
vector <int> L;
vector <int> I;
stack <int> ans;
void prework(void)
    I.clear();
    L.clear();
    int i,k;
    k=2000000000;
    I.push back(-1*k);
    for(i=0; i<v.size(); i++)
        L.push back(1);
    return;
int LIS(void)
    int i,low,mid,high;
    for(i=0; i<v.size(); i++)</pre>
        low=0;
        high=I.size()-1;
        while (low<=high)
             mid=(low+high)/2;
             if(v[i]>I[mid])
                 low=mid+1;
             else
                 high=mid-1;
        if(low==I.size())
             I.push back(v[i]);
        else
             I[low]=v[i];
        L[i]=low;
    return I.size()-1;
void show(void)
    int i,j,k,max;
    max=0;
    for(i=0; i<L.size(); i++)</pre>
        if(max<L[i])</pre>
             max=L[i];
             j=i;
```

```
ans.push(v[j]);
    for (i=j-1; i>=0; i--)
        if(v[i] < v[j] && L[i] == L[j] - 1)
            ans.push(v[i]);
            j=i;
    }
    while(ans.size())
        printf("%d\n",ans.top());
        ans.pop();
    return;
main()
    char a[10];
    int i,j,k,l,m,n,t=0,T;
    scanf("%d",&T);
    getchar();
    getchar();
    while (T--)
   //input taking methode in uva 497
        t++;
        v.clear();
        while(gets(a) && strlen(a))
            sscanf(a, "%d", &n);
            v.push back(n);
        if(v.size())
            prework();
            if(t!=1)
                puts("");
            printf("Max hits:
                         %d\n",LIS());
            show();
        }
    return 0;
```

LDS (n^2) [Decreasing] #define mem(x,y) memset(x,y,sizeof(x)); int dp[1000]; bool dc[1000]; vector <int>v; int LDS(int u) if(dc[u]) return dp[u]; int max=0; for(int i=u+1; i<v.size(); i++)</pre> if(v[i]<=v[u]) if(max<LDS(i))</pre> max=LDS(i); } dp[u]=max+1;dc[u]=1;return dp[u]; } main() int i=0, k, n, j;while (scanf ("%d", &n) ==1) if(n==-1)return 0; i++; mem(dc,0);v.clear(); v.push back(n); while(1) { scanf("%d",&n); if(n==-1)break; v.push back(n); k=0;

```
for(j=0; j<v.size(); j++)
{
    if(k<LDS(j))
    {
        k=LDS(j);
    }

if(i!=1)
    puts("");
    printf("Test #%d: %d\n",i,k);
}</pre>
```

Ternary Search

```
some points are given initially.
Now, we have to find a area consists
   with K,L no points and third one
which area is equal or gretter than S.
*/
int ternary search(int k,int l,int s)
    int low=0, high=v.size()-1;
    int midleft, midright;
    while(high-low>3)
        midleft = low + (high-low)/3;
        midright = high - (high-low)/3;
        int area1=area(k,1,midleft);
        int area2=area(k,1,midright);
        if( area1 < area2 )</pre>
            low = midleft;
        else
            high = midright ;
    for(int i=low; i<=high; i++)</pre>
        int temp=area(k,1,i);
        if(s \le temp)
            return i+1;
    return 0;
```

String Multiplication (500!)

```
char a[1001][10000];
void swap(char b[10000])
    int temp,i,j,l;
    l=strlen(b);
    for (i=0, j=1-1; i<1/2; i++, j--)
        temp=b[i];
        b[i]=b[j];
       b[j]=temp;
void work(char a[10000],char
b[10000],int n)
    int i, j, onhand=0, k, l;
    l=strlen(a);
    for (i=l-1, j=0; i>=0; i--)
        k = ((a[i]-48)*n) + onhand;
        b[j] = (k%10) + 48;
        onhand=k/10;
        j++;
    while(onhand>0)
        b[i] = (onhand%10) + 48;
        onhand/=10;
        j++;
    b[j]='\0';
    swap(b);
main()
    int i,j,n;
    strcpy(a[0],"1");
    strcpy(a[1],"1");
    for(i=2; i<1001; i++)
        work(a[i-1],a[i],i);
    while (scanf ("%d", &n) ==1)
        printf("%d!\n%s\n",n,a[n]);
    return 0;
```

String Addition (fibonacchi Freeze)

```
const int max=1111;
char a[5001][max];
void add(char b[max], char b1[max], char
b2[max]) {
    char c[max];
    int carry=0,i,k,j,m,n,l=0;
    m=strlen(b1);
    n=strlen(b2);
    for (i=m-1, k=n-1; i>=0 | | k>=0; i--, k--) {
        if(i>=0 \&\& k>=0) {
            j= b1[i]-48+b2[k]-48+carry;
            carry=j/10;
            c[1]=j%10+48;
            1++;
        else if(i \ge 0) {
            j=b1[i]-48+carry;
            carry=j/10;
            c[1]=j%10+48;
            1++;
        }
        else {
            j=b2[k]-48+carry;
            carry=j/10;
            c[1]=j%10+48;
            1++;
        }
    j=0;
    if(carry==1) {
        b[j]=49;
        j++;
    for(i=1-1; i>=0; i--) {
        b[j]=c[i];
        j++;
    b[j]='\0';
void check(void) {
    strcpy(a[0],"0");
    strcpy(a[1],"1");
    for (int i=2; i <= 5000; i++)
        add(a[i],a[i-1],a[i-2]);
main() {
   check(); int n;
    while (scanf("%d",&n) ==1) {
        printf("The Fibonacci number for
                     %d is %s\n",n,a[n]);
    return 0;
```

String Division & Modulus

```
long long div(char a[],long long n,char
c[])
    int i,j,t=0,1,d=0,r=0;
    long long rem=0;
    l=strlen(a);
    for(i=0;i<1;i++)
        rem=(rem*10)+a[i]-48;
        if(rem>=n||r!=0)
            j=rem/n;
            rem=rem%n;
            c[d] = j + 48;
            d++;
            r=1;
        }
    if(d==0)
       c[d]='0';
       d++;
    c[d]='\0';
    return rem;
```

String Modulus

```
int mod(char a[], int divider)
{
    int rem,i;
    rem=0;
    for(i=0;a[i];i++)
    {
        rem=rem*10+a[i]-48;
        rem=rem%divider;
    }
    return rem;
}
```

Geometry Area

```
=====[ Polygon Area ]======
double area (void)
    double total = 0.0;
              /* total area so far */
    int i, j;
              /* counters */
     //V is storage of polygon points
    for (i=0; i<v.size(); i++)
        j = (i+1) % v.size();
       total += (v[i].x*v[j].y) -
                      (v[j].x*v[i].y);
   return(total / 2.0);
=====[ Triangle Area ]=======
P MV (P a, P b)
   return P(b.x-a.x,b.y-a.y);
double CP(P a, P b)
   return a.x*b.y-a.y*b.x;
double area(int x, int y, int z)
    double total = 0;
           /* total area so far */
   total=CP(MV(v[x],v[y]),
                   MV(v[x],v[z]));
   return(total / 2);
```

```
Convex Hull Points
#define mp make pair
\#define pb(x) push back(x)
#define pp(x) pop back(x)
#define all(x) x.begin(), x.end()
#define mem(a,b) memset(a,b,sizeof(a))
#define inf 1e9
#define eps 1e-9
#define NN 1050
struct P {
   double x, y;
    P(double X, double Y) {
        X=X;
       y=Y;
    P() { }
} ;
vector<P>v;
P MV(P a, P b)  {
   return P(b.x-a.x,b.y-a.y);
double DP(P a, P b) {
   return a.x*b.x+a.y*b.y;
}
double CP(P a, P b) {
   return a.x*b.y-a.y*b.x;
double A(P a) {
   return sqrt(a.x*a.x+a.y*a.y);
P ADD(P a, P b) {
   return P(a.x+b.x,a.y+b.y);
P LV(P a, double 1) {
   return P(a.x*1/A(a),a.y*1/A(a));
P pvt;
bool comp(P a, P b) {
//False hoile sort korbe
    long long c=CP(MV(pvt,a),MV(pvt,b));
    if(c)
        return c>0;
   return A(MV(pvt,a)) < A(MV(pvt,b));
```

```
void checkPvt(void) {
    pvt.x=inf;
    pvt.y=inf;
    for(int i=0; i<v.size(); i++) {</pre>
        if(pvt.x>v[i].x)
             pvt=v[i];
        else if(pvt.x==v[i].x
                         && pvt.y>v[i].y)
             pvt=v[i];
}
vector<P>q;
void go(void) {
    q.clear();
    int n=v.size();
    q.pb(v[n-1]);
    v.pp();
    for (int i=v.size()-1;i>=0;i--) {
        if (CP(MV(v[0],q[q.size()-1]),
             MV(v[0], v[i])) == 0) {
             q.pb(v[i]);
             v.pp();
        }
        else
             break;
    for(int i=0;i<q.size();i++)</pre>
        v.pb(q[i]);
main() {
    int t=1, tc, i, j, k, l, m, n;
    double x,y,z,u,w,xx,yy,zz,d;
    double aa, bb, cc, dd;
    cin>>tc;
    while(tc--) {
        cin>>n;
        v.clear();
        for(i=0; i<n; i++) {
             cin>>k>>l;
            v.pb(P(k,l));
        checkPvt();
        sort(v.begin(), v.end(), comp);
        cout<<(int) v.size() << "\n";</pre>
        for(i=0; i<v.size(); i++)
             cout << (int) v[i].x <<
                  " "<<(int)v[i].y<<"\n";
    return 0;
```