TEMPLATE

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
//typedefs
typedef long long 11;
typedef unsigned long long ull;
typedef pair <int, int> pii;
typedef pair <int, pii> piii;
typedef vector <int> vi;
typedef vector <11> v1;
typedef pair <11, 11> pll;
const double PI = acos(-1);
//defines
#define MP make_pair
#define PB push_back
#define F first
#define S second
#define mem(a, b) memset(a, b, sizeof(a))
#define gcd(a,b) = gcd(a,b)
#define lcm(a,b) (a*(b/gcd(a,b)))
#define sqr(a) ((a)*(a))
#define inf 100000000
#define mod 1000000007
#define mod1 1000000007
#define mod2 1000000009
#define b1 43
#define b2 41
#define EPS 1e-9
//define harmonic(n) 0.577215664901532861+log(n)
#define nl puts("")
#define odd(n) ((n)&1)
#define even(n) (!((n)&1))
#define vsort(v) sort(v.begin(), v.end())
#define lc (node<<1)</pre>
#define rc ((node<<1)|1)
//loop
#define rep(i, n) for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i)
#define REP(i, n) for(int i = 1; i \le n; ++i)
//input
#define si(a) scanf("%d", &a)
#define sii(a, b) scanf("%d%d", &a, &b)
#define siii(a, b, c) scanf("%d%d%d", &a, &b, &c)
#define sl(a) scanf("%lld", &a)
#define sll(a, b) scanf("%lld%lld", &a, &b)
#define slll(a, b, c) scanf("%lld%lld", &a, &b, &c)
#define sd(a) scanf("%lf", &a)
#define sc(a) scanf("%c", &a)
#define sst(a) scanf("%s", a)
inline bool EQ(double a, double b) { return fabs(a-b) < 1e-9; }
//debug
#ifdef tahsin
template < typename F, typename S >
```

```
ostream& operator << ( ostream& os, const pair< F, S > & p ) {
     return os << "(" << p.first << ", " << p.second << ")";
}
template < typename T >
ostream & operator << ( ostream & os, const vector< T > &v ) {
     os << "{";
     for(auto it = v.begin(); it != v.end(); ++it) {
           if( it != v.begin() ) os << ", ";
           os << *it;
    return os << "}";
template < typename T >
ostream & operator << ( ostream & os, const set< T > &v ) {
     os << "[";
     for(auto it = v.begin(); it != v.end(); ++it) {
           if( it != v.begin()) os << ", ";
           os << *it:
    return os << "]";
}
template < typename F, typename S >
ostream & operator << ( ostream & os, const map< F, S > &v ) {
     os << "[";
     for(auto it = v.begin(); it != v.end(); ++it) {
           if( it != v.begin() ) os << ", ";
           os << it -> first << " = " << it -> second ;
    return os << "]";
#define dbg(args...) do {cerr << #args << " : "; faltu(args); } while(0)</pre>
clock_t tStart = clock();
#define timeStamp dbg("Execution Time: ", (double)(clock() - tStart)/CLOCKS_PER_SEC)
void faltu () { cerr << endl; }</pre>
template <typename T>
void faltu( T a[], int n ) {
     for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) cerr << a[i] << ' ';
     cerr << endl;</pre>
template <typename T, typename ... hello>
void faltu( T arg, const hello &... rest) { cerr << arg << ' '; faltu(rest...); }</pre>
#else
#define dbg(args...)
#endif
```

```
ll bigmod(ll a, ll b) {
     11 \text{ ret} = 1;
     while(b) {
           if(b&1) ret = (ret*a)%mod;
           b >>= 1; a = (a*a)\%mod;
     }
     return ret;
}
ll inverse(ll n) { return bigmod(n, mod-2); }
11 add(11 a, 11 b) {
     11 \text{ ret} = a+b;
     if(ret >= mod) ret %= mod;
     return ret;
}
11 subtract(ll a, ll b) {
     11 \text{ ret} = a-b;
     if(ret < 0) ret += mod;
     return ret;
}
11 mult(ll a, ll b) {
     11 \text{ ret} = a*b;
     if(ret >= mod) ret %= mod;
     return ret;
//Direction Array
//int fx[]=\{1, -1, 0, 0\}; int fy[]=\{0, 0, 1, -1\};
//int fx[]={0, 0, 1, -1, -1, 1, -1, 1}; int fy[]={-1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, -1,
-1};
//bit manipulation
bool checkBit(int n, int i) { return (n&(1<<i)); }</pre>
int setBit(int n, int i) { return (n|(1<<i)); }</pre>
int resetBit(int n, int i) { return (n&(\sim(1<<i))); }
//end of template
//#define MX
int main () {
#ifdef tahsin
     freopen("in", "r", stdin);
// freopen("out", "w", stdout);
#endif
     timeStamp;
     return 0;
```

VIM SETTINGS

```
set number
syntax on
set smartindent
set shiftwidth=4
set tabstop=4
colorscheme jellybeans
set ruler
au BufNewFile * silent! Or ~/.vim/skeleton/template.%:e
filetype indent on
```

Suffix Array

```
char a[MX];
int p[32][MX], step, n;
pair <pii, int> L[MX];
void build_suffix_array() {
     rep(i, n) p[0][i] = a[i]-'a';
     step = 1;
     for(int cnt = 1; cnt>>1 < n; ++step, cnt <<= 1) {
           rep(i, n) {
                 L[i].F.F = p[step-1][i];
                L[i].F.S = i+cnt < n ? p[step-1][i+cnt]:-1;
                L[i].S = i;
           sort(L, L+n);
           rep(i, n)
                p[step][L[i].S] = (i \&\& L[i].F == L[i-1].F)?p[step][L[i-1].F]
1].S]:i;
      --step;
int lcp(int x, int y) {
     int ret = 0;
     for(int k = step; k \ge 0 && x < n && y < n; --k) {
           if(p[k][x] == p[k][y]) {
                ret += 1<<k;
                x += 1 << k;
                y += 1<<k;
     return ret;
```

Suffix Array nlogn

```
int n, step, cnt[MX], p[32][MX], L[MX], pre[MX], idx[MX];
char a[MX];

void build_suffix_array() {
    a[n++] = 'z'+1;

    rep(i, 129) cnt[i] = 0;
    rep(i, n) ++cnt[(int)a[i]];
    REP(i, 129) cnt[i] += cnt[i-1];
```

```
rep(i, n) L[--cnt[(int)a[i]]] = i;
     p[0][L[0]] = 0;
     int classes = 0;
     for(int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
           if(a[L[i]] != a[L[i-1]]) ++classes;
           p[0][L[i]] = classes;
     }
     for(int h = 0; 1<<h < n; ++step, ++h) {
           rep(i, n) {
                pre[i] = L[i] - (1 << h);
                if(pre[i] < 0) pre[i] += n;
           for(int i = 0; i \le classes; ++i) cnt[i] = 0;
           rep(i, n) ++cnt[p[step-1][pre[i]]];
           REP(i, classes) cnt[i] += cnt[i-1];
           for(int i = n-1; i \ge 0; --i) L[--cnt[p[step-1][pre[i]]]] = pre[i];
           p[step][L[0]] = 0;
           classes = 0;
           for(int i = 1; i < n; ++i) {
                int mid1 = (L[i] + (1 << h))%n;
                int mid2 = (L[i-1] + (1 << h))%n;
                if(p[step-1][L[i]] != p[step-1][L[i-1]] || p[step-1][mid1] != p[step-1]
[mid2]) ++classes;
                p[step][L[i]] = classes;
          }
     }
     --n;
     --step;
int lcp(int x, int y) {
     int ret = 0;
     for(int k = step; k \ge 0 && x < n && y < n; --k) {
           if(p[k][x] == p[k][y]) {
                ret += 1<<k;
                x += 1 << k;
                y += 1 << k;
     return ret;
```

Z-Algo

```
char a[MX];
int z[MX];
void z_algo() {
     int n = strlen(a);
     z[0] = 0;
     int 1 = 0, r = 0;
     for(int i = 1; a[i]; ++i) {
           if(i \le r) z[i] = min(z[i-1], r-i+1);
           while(i + z[i] < n && a[i+z[i]] == a[z[i]]) ++z[i];
           if(i+z[i]-1 > r) l = i, r = i+z[i]-1;
}
Hashing
ll e1[MX], e2[MX];
void init() {
     e1[0] = e2[0] = 1;
     for(int i = 1; i < MX; ++i)
           e1[i] = (e1[i-1]*b1)%mod1, e2[i] = (e2[i-1]*b2)%mod2;
}
struct Hash {
     pll h[MX];
     int len;
     Hash () {
           len = 0;
           h[0] = \{0, 0\};
     }
     void insert(char ch) {
           ++len:
           h[len].F = (h[len-1].F*b1 + ch)%mod1;
           h[len].S = (h[len-1].S*b2 + ch)%mod2;
     }
     pll substr(int 1, int r) {
           int L = r-l+1;
           pll ret;
           ret.F = ((h[r].F - h[l-1].F*e1[L])%mod1 + mod1)%mod1;
           ret.S = ((h[r].S - h[1-1].S*e2[L])%mod2 + mod2)%mod2;
           return ret;
     }
};
```

Aho-Corasick

```
int n, g[MX][26], f[MX], cnt[MX];
char text[1000010], pattern[505][505];
vi output[MX];
void build() {
     memset(g, -1, sizeof(g));
     memset(f, -1, sizeof(f));
     rep(i, MX) output[i].clear();
     rep(i, n) cnt[i] = 0;
     int root = 1;
     rep(i, n) {
          int curr = 0;
          for(int j = 0, k = strlen(pattern[i]); j < k; ++j) {
                int id = pattern[i][j]-'a';
                if(g[curr][id] == -1) g[curr][id] = root++;
                curr = g[curr][id];
          output[curr].PB(i);
     }
     rep(i, 26) if(g[0][i] == -1) g[0][i] = 0;
     queue <int> q;
     rep(i, 26) if(g[0][i]) {
          q.push(g[0][i]);
          f[g[0][i]] = 0;
     }
     while(!q.empty()) {
          int curr = q.front();
          q.pop();
          rep(c, 26) if(g[curr][c] != -1) {
                int failure = f[curr];
                while(g[failure][c] == -1) failure = f[failure];
                failure = g[failure][c];
                f[g[curr][c]] = failure;
                rep(i, (int) output[failure].size())
                      output[g[curr][c]].PB(output[failure][i]);
                q.push(g[curr][c]);
          }
     }
```

```
int main () {
     si(n); sst(text);
     rep(i, n) sst(pattern[i]);
     build();
     int curr = 0;
     for(int i = 0; text[i]; ++i) {
          int id = text[i]-'a';
           while(g[curr][id] == -1) curr = f[curr];
           curr = g[curr][id];
          rep(j, (int) output[curr].size()) ++cnt[output[curr][j]];
     rep(i, n) printf("%d\n", cnt[i]);
KMP
void buildPartialMatchTable(char* pattern) {
     table[0] = table[1] = 0;
     for(int i = 2; i \le n; ++i) {
          j = table[i - 1];
          while(true) {
                if(pattern[j] == pattern[i - 1]) {
                     table[i] = j + 1;
                     break;
                if(j == 0) {
                      table[i] = 0;
                     break;
                j = table[j];
     }
int kmp(char* text, char* pattern) {
     int i = 0, j = 0, n = strlen(text), m = strlen(pattern);
     while(i < n) {
           if(text[i] == pattern[j]) {
                ++i;
                ++j;
                if(i == m) { // match found}
                     cnt ++;
                     j = table[j];
           else if(j > 0) j = table[j];
           else ++i;
     return cnt;
```

Manacher

```
int n, d1[MX], d2[MX];
void manacher() {
    int l = 0, r = -1;
    rep(i, n) {
        int k = (i > r ? 1 : min(d1[l+r-i], r-i));
        while(i-k >= 0 && i+k < n && a[i-k] == a[i+k]) ++k;
        d1[i] = k--;
        if(i+k > r) l = i-k, r = i+k;
    }

l = 0, r = -1;
    rep(i, n) {
        int k = (i > r? 0: min(d2[l+r-i+1], r-i+1))+1;
        while(i-k >= 0 && i+k-1 < n && a[i-k] == a[i+k-1]) ++k;
        d2[i] = --k;
        if(i+k-1 > r) l = i-k, r = i+k-1;
}
}
```

Matrix Exponantiation

```
struct mat {
     ll a[3][3];
     mat() \{ mem(a, 0); \}
     mat operator * (const mat &b) const {
          mat ret;
          rep(i, 3) rep(j, 3) rep(k, 3)
                ret.a[i][j] = add(ret.a[i][j], mult(a[i][k], b.a[k][j]));
          return ret;
};
mat power(mat a, ll b) {
     mat ret;
     rep(i, 3) rep(j, 3) ret.a[i][i] = 1;
     while(b) {
          if(b&1) ret = ret*a;
          b >>= 1;
          a = a*a;
     return ret;
```

```
Trie
```

```
struct node {
     int endmark;
     node *next[26];
     node() {
           endmark = 0;
           prefix = 0;
           for(int i = 0; i < 26; ++i) next[i] = NULL;
} *root;
void insert() {
     node *curr = root;
     for(int i = 0, l = strlen(a); i < 1; ++i) {
           int id = a[i]-'0';
          if(curr->next[id] == NULL) curr->next[id] = new node;
          curr = curr->next[id];
     curr->endmark = 1;
}
void del(node *curr) {
     for(int i = 0; i < 10; ++i) if(curr->next[i]) del(curr->next[i]);
     delete curr;
Disjoint Set
#include<stdio.h>
int find_set(int x) { return p[x] = (p[x] == x ? x : find_set(p[x])); }
void merge_sets(int x, int y) {
     int px = find_set(x);
     int py = find_set(y);
     if(px == py)return ;
     if(rnk[px] > rnk[py]) {
           p[py] = px;
           tot[px] += tot[py];
     else {
           p[px] = py;
           tot[py] += tot[px];
     if(rnk[px] == rnk[py]) rnk[py]++;
}
void init() {
```

```
for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {
           p[i]=i;//root of the set
           tot[i]=1;//size of the set
           rnk[i]=0;//upper bound of height of the three
     }
}
HLD
int n, lev, lv[MX], par[MX][LOGMX], edgeToNode[MX];
pair<int, int> sp[MX];
struct data {
     int nd, cs, in;
     data(){}
     data(int a, int b, int c) {
          nd=a;
           cs=b;
           in=c;
};
vector<data> edge[MX];
int dfs(int i, int pre) {
     lv[i] = ++lev;
     int sz = 1, k, subsz, mx = -1;
     for(k = 0; k < edge[i].size(); <math>k ++) {
          if(edge[i][k].nd == pre)continue;
           subsz = dfs(edge[i][k].nd, i);
          par[edge[i][k].nd][0] = i;
           edgeToNode[edge[i][k].in] = edge[i][k].nd;
          if(subsz > mx) {
                mx = subsz;
                sp[i] = make_pair(edge[i][k].nd, edge[i][k].cs);
          sz += subsz;
     lev --;
     return sz;
int chainNo, chainHead[MX], chainInd[MX], posInAr[MX], Ar[MX], ind;
void hld(int i, int pre, int cs) {
     chainInd[i] = chainNo;
     posInAr[i] = ind;
```

```
Ar[ind++] = cs;
     if(chainHead[chainNo] == -1) chainHead[chainNo] = i;
                                                                                        t[nd]=max(t[lc], t[rc]);
                                                                                  }
     if(sp[i].FR != -1) hld(sp[i].FR, i, sp[i].SC);
                                                                                   void update_seg(int nd, int tl, int tr, int pos, int num) {
     for(int k = 0; k < edge[i].size(); <math>k ++) {
                                                                                        if(tl==tr) {
           if(edge[i][k].nd == pre)continue;
                                                                                             t[nd]=num;
           if(edge[i][k].nd != sp[i].FR) {
                                                                                             return ;
                chainNo ++;
                hld(edge[i][k].nd, i, edge[i][k].cs);
                                                                                        int tm=(tl+tr)>>1;
     }
                                                                                        int lc=nd<<1;</pre>
}
                                                                                        int rc=lc|1;
void build_lca() {
                                                                                        if(pos<=tm)update_seg(lc, tl, tm, pos, num);</pre>
     int i, j;
                                                                                        else update_seg(rc, tm+1, tr, pos, num);
     for(j = 1; (1 << j) < n; j ++)
           for(i = 2; i <= n; i ++)
                                                                                        t[nd]=max(t[lc], t[rc]);
                if(par[i][j-1] != -1)
                      par[i][j] = par[par[i][j-1]][j-1];
                                                                                   int query_seg(int nd, int tl, int tr, int l, int r) {
                                                                                        if(1 > r) return -1;
int query_lca(int u, int v) {
     int i, log;
                                                                                        if(tl \geq 1 && tr \leq r) return t[nd];
                                                                                        int tm = (tl + tr) >> 1;
     if(lv[u]<lv[v]) u^=v^=u^=v;
                                                                                        int lc = nd \ll 1;
     for(log = 1; (1 << log) <= lv[u]; log ++); log--;
                                                                                        int rc = lc \mid 1;
     for(i = log; i >= 0; i --) if(lv[u] - (1 << i) >= lv[v]) u = par[u]
                                                                                        if(r <= tm) return query_seg(lc, tl, tm, l, r);</pre>
[i];
                                                                                        else if(1 > tm) return query_seg(rc, tm+1, tr, 1, r);
                                                                                        else return max(query_seg(lc, tl, tm, l, r), query_seg(rc, tm+1, tr, l, r));
     if(u == v)return u;
                                                                                  }
     for(i = log; i >= 0; i --) if(par[u][i] != -1 && (par[u][i] != par[v]
                                                                                   int query_up(int u, int v) {
[i]) u = par[u][i], v = par[v][i];
                                                                                        if(u == v)return 0;
                                                                                        int ans = -1;
                                                                                        while(chainInd[u] != chainInd[v]) {
     return par[u][0];
}
                                                                                             ans = max(ans, query_seg(1, 0, n-1, posInAr[chainHead[chainInd[u]]],
                                                                                   posInAr[u]));
int t[4*MX];
                                                                                             u = par[chainHead[chainInd[u]]][0];
void build_seg(int nd, int tl, int tr) {
                                                                                        ans = \max(ans, query_seg(1, 0, n-1, posInAr[v]+1, posInAr[u]));
     if(tl==tr) {
                                                                                        return ans;
                                                                                  }
           t[nd]=Ar[tl];
           return ;
     }
                                                                                  int query(int u, int v) {
                                                                                        if(u==v)return 0;
     int tm=(tl+tr)>>1;
                                                                                        int lca=query_lca(u, v);
                                                                                        return max(query_up(u, lca), query_up(v, lca));
     int lc=nd<<1;
     int rc=lc|1;
                                                                                  }
     build_seg(lc, tl, tm);
                                                                                   int main() {
     build_seg(rc, tm+1, tr);
                                                                                        int tc, i, j, u, v, w;
```

```
char s[100];
     scanf("%d", &tc);
     while(tc--) {
           scanf("%d", &n);
           for(i=0; i<=n; i++) {
                 chainHead[i]=-1;
                 sp[i]=make_pair(-1, -1);
                 edge[i].clear();
                 for(j=0; (1<<j)<n; j++) par[i][j]=-1;
           for(i=1; i<n; i++) {
                 scanf("%d %d %d", &u, &v, &w);
                 edge[u].PB(data(v, w, i));
                 edge[v].PB(data(u, w, i));
           }
           lev=-1;
           dfs(1, -1);
           ind=chainNo=0;
           hld(1, -1, -1);
           build_seg(1, 0, n-1);
           build_lca();
           while(scanf("%s", s)) {
                if(!strcmp(s, "DONE"))break;
if(!strcmp(s, "QUERY")) {
                      scanf("%d %d", &u, &v);
                      printf("%d\n", query(u, v));
                 else if(!strcmp(s, "CHANGE")) {
                      scanf("%d %d", &u, &v);
                      update_seg(1, 0, n-1, posInAr[edgeToNode[u]], v);
     return 0;
BIT
int n, a[MX], tree[MX]; //tree is 1-indexed
void update(int idx, int val) {//add val to index idx
     while(idx <= n) tree[idx] += val;</pre>
           idx += (idx \& -idx);
}
```

```
int query(int idx) {//returns sum from index 1 to index idx
     int sum = 0;
     while(idx) {
           sum += tree[idx];
          idx -= (idx \& -idx);
     }
     return sum;
}
int query(int idi, int idj) {//return sum from index idi to index idj
     int sum = 0;
     while(idi <= idj) {</pre>
           sum += tree[idj];
           idj -= (idj & -idj);
     }
     idi--;
     while(idi != idj) {
           sum -= tree[idi];
           idi -= (idi & -idi);
     return sum;
}
int bS(int sum) {//normal binary search, return the index for which element 1-n sum
equals this parameter 'sum'
     int idx = 0;
     while(bitMask != 0) {
           int mid = idx + bitMask;
           if(mid <= n) {
                if(tree[mid] == sum) {
                      return mid;
                else if(tree[mid] < sum) {</pre>
                      sum -= tree[mid];
                      idx = mid;
                }
           bitMask >>= 1;
     if(sum != 0) return -1; //not found
     return idx;
int bS(int sum) {//returns the greatest index which equals sum
     int idx = 0;
     while(bitMask != 0) {
           int mid = idx + bitMask;
           if(mid <= n && (tree[mid] <= sum)) {</pre>
                sum -= tree[mid];
                idx = mid;
           }
```

```
bitMask >>= 1;
     if(sum != 0) return -1; //not found
     return idx;
}
2D-BIT
#define MX 1027
int n, tree[MX][MX];
void update(int idx, int idy, int val) {
      int y = idy;
     while(idx <= n) {</pre>
           idy = y;
           while(idy <= n) {</pre>
                 tree[idx][idy] += val;
                 idy += (idy \& -idy);
           idx += (idx \& -idx);
     }
}
int query(int idxi, int idyi, int idxj, int idyj) {
     int sum = 0, yi = idyi, yj = idyj;
     while(idxi <= idxj) {</pre>
           idyi = yi, idyj = yj;
           while(idyi <= idyj) {</pre>
                 sum += tree[idxj][idyj];
                 idyj -= (idyj \& -idyj);
           idyi--;
           while(idyi != idyj) {
                 sum -= tree[idxj][idyi];
                 idyi -= (idyi & -idyi);
           idxj -= (idxj \& -idxj);
     }
     idxi--;
     while(idxi != idxj) {
           idyi = yi, idyj = yj;
           while(idyi <= idyj) {</pre>
                 sum -= tree[idxi][idyj];
                 idyj -= (idyj & -idyj);
           idyi--;
           while(idyi != idyj) {
```

```
sum += tree[idxi][idyi];
                idyi -= (idyi & -idyi);
           }
           idxi -= (idxi & -idxi);
     }
     return sum;
int query(int idx, int idy) {
     int sum = 0, y = idy;
     while(idx) {
           idy = y;
           while(idy) {
                sum += tree[idx][idy];
                idy -= (idy \& -idy);
           idx -= (idx \& -idx);
     return sum;
MO-s Algorithm
int sqr;
struct data {
      int f, s, in;
      data(){}
      data(int f, int s, int in) { this->f = f;
            this->s = s;
            this->in = in;
      bool operator<(const data& a)const {</pre>
            return f/sqr == a.f/sqr ? s < a.s : f/sqr < a.f/sqr;</pre>
      }
};
data dt[MX3];
int a[MX1], cnt[MX2], ans[MX3], ans_now, 1, r;
void rem(int pos) {
      cnt[a[pos]] --;
      if(cnt[a[pos]] == 0) ans_now --;
}
void add(int pos) {
      cnt[a[pos]] ++;
      if(cnt[a[pos]] == 1) ans_now ++;
}
int main() {
     int n, q, i, f, s, cur_r, cur_l;
```

```
scanf("%d", &n);
      sqr = (int) sqrt(double (n) + 1e-7);
      for(i = 0; i < n; i ++) scanf("%d", &a[i]);
      scanf("%d", &q);
      for(i = 0; i < q; i ++) {
            scanf("%d %d", &f, &s);
            dt[i] = data(f-1, s-1, i);
      sort(dt, dt+q);
      cur_1 = cur_r = 0; // cur_1 denotes the start of the current range,
cur_r denotes the point after the end of the current range
      //cnt[a[cur_l]] = ans_now = 1;
      for(i = 0; i < q; i ++) {
            1 = dt[i].f;
            r = dt[i].s;
            while(cur_l < 1) {</pre>
                  rem(cur_1);
                  cur_1 ++;
            while(cur_1 > 1) {
                  add(cur_1 - 1);
                  cur_1 --;
            while(cur_r <= r) {</pre>
                  add(cur_r);
                  cur_r ++;
            while(cur_r > r + 1) {
                  rem(cur_r - 1);
                  cur_r --;
            ans[dt[i].in] = ans_now;
      for(i = 0; i < q; i ++) printf("%d\n", ans[i]);
      return 0;
}
Given sum find n
int main() {
    int n, m, i, sqr, a, b;
    scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
    m\%=n*(n+1)/2;
    sqr=(sqrt(m*8.0+1)-1)/2;
    sqr = sqr * (sqr + 1)/2;
    printf("%d\n", m-sqr);
```

Bitwise-Sieve

```
#define MX 1000000000
int marked[MX/64+2];
#define mark(x) marked[x>>6] = (1 << ((x&63)>>1))
#define check(x) (marked[x>>6] & (1<<((x&63)>>1)))
bool isPrime(int x) { return (x>1) && ((x==2) || ((x&1) && (!(check(x))))); }
void seive(int n) {
    int i, j;
    for(i=3; i*i<=n; i+=2)
        if(!check(i))
            for(j=i*i; j<=n; j+=i<<1) mark(j);
}
Euler Totient
int EulerT(int n) {
    if(n==1)return 0;
    int cnt, toi=n, i;
    for(i=0; i<primes.size() && (primes[i]*primes[i])<=n; i++) {</pre>
        if(n\%primes[i]==0) {
            while(n%primes[i]==0) n/=primes[i];
            toi-=toi/primes[i];
        }
    if(n>1) toi-=toi/n;
    return toi;
Divisors
struct data {
    int base, pwr;
    data(){}
    data(int a, int b){base=a, pwr=b;} {
        printf("%d %d\n", divisors[i].base, divisors[i].pwr);
};
vector<data> divisors;
void divs(int n) {
    int cnt, tot=1, i;
    for(i=0; i<primes.size() && (primes[i]*primes[i])<=n; i++) {
        if(n\%primes[i]==0) {
            cnt=1;
            while(n%primes[i]==0) {
```

```
n/=primes[i];
                cnt++;
            divisors.push_back(data(primes[i], cnt-1));
            tot*=cnt;
        }
    if(n>1) {
        tot*=2;
        divisors.push_back(data(n, 1));
    printf("Number of divisors %d\n", tot);
    for(i=0; i<divisors.size(); i++)</pre>
           printf("%d %d\n", divisors[i].base, divisors[i].pwr);
Lucas Theorem
long long nCr(long long n, long long r) { return
(((fact[n]*inverse(fact[r]))%MOD)*inverse(fact[n-r]))%MOD; }
long long lucas(long long n, long long r) {
    if(!n && !r)return 1;
    long long ni=n%MOD;
    long long ri=r%MOD;
    if(ri>ni)return 0;
    return (lucas(n/MOD, r/MOD)*nCr(ni, ri))%MOD;
Persistant Segment Tree
int en[MX], de[MX], par[MX][20], lv[MX], lev, n;
pair<int, int> w[MX];
vector<int> edge[MX];
struct node {
     int cnt;
     node *1, *r;
     node() : cnt(0), l(NULL), r(NULL) \{ \}
     node(int cnt, node *1, node *r): cnt(cnt), 1(1), r(r) {}
     node* update(int tl, int tr, int add) {
           if(tl == tr) return new node(this -> cnt + 1, NULL, NULL);
           int tm = (tl + tr) \gg 1;
           if(add \leq tm) return new node(this -> cnt + 1, this -> 1 ->
update(tl, tm, add), this -> r);
           return new node(this -> cnt + 1, this -> 1, this -> r ->
update(tm + 1, tr, add));
} *head[MX];
node *root = new node();
```

```
int query(node *a, node *b, node *c, node *d, int tl, int tr, int k)
     if(tl == tr) return tl;
     int tm = (tl + tr) >> 1;
     int cnt = a \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow cnt + b \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow cnt - c \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow cnt - d \rightarrow 1 \rightarrow cnt;
     if(cnt >= k) return query(a -> 1, b -> 1, c -> 1, d -> 1, t1, tm, k);
      return query(a -> r, b -> r, c -> r, d -> r, tm + \frac{1}{1}, tr, k - cnt);
}
void dfs(int i, int pre) {
     par[i][0] = pre;
     lv[i] = ++ lev;
     head[i] = ((pre == -1) ? root : head[pre]) -> update(0, n - 1, en[i]);
     for(int k = 0; k < edge[i].size(); <math>k ++) {
           if(edge[i][k] == pre) continue;
           dfs(edge[i][k], i);
     }
      -- lev;
void lca() {
     for(int j = 1; (1 << j) < n; j ++)
           for(int i = 1; i <= n; i ++)
                 if(par[i][j - 1] != -1)
                       par[i][j] = par[par[i][j - 1]][j - 1];
int query_lca(int u, int v) {
     int logg, i;
     if(lv[u] < lv[v]) swap(u, v);
     for(logg = 1; (1 << logg) <= lv[u]; logg ++); logg --;
     for(i = logg; ~i; i --)
           if(lv[u] - (1 << i) >= lv[v])
                 u = par[u][i];
     if(u == v) return v;
     for(i = logg; ~i; i --)
           if(par[u][i] != -1 && par[u][i] != par[v][i])
                 u = par[u][i], v = par[v][i];
      return par[u][0];
int main() {
     int m, i, j, u, v, k;
      scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
```

```
for(i = 0; i < n; i ++) {
           scanf("%d", &w[i].FR);
           w[i].SC = i + 1;
     }
     sort(w, w + n);
     for(i = 0; i < n; i ++) en[w[i].SC] = i, de[i] = w[i].FR;
     for(i = 1; ; i ++) {
           for(j = 0; (1 << j) < n; j ++) par[i][j] = -1;
           if(i == n) break;
           scanf("%d %d", &u, &v);
           edge[u].PB(v);
           edge[v].PB(u);
     }
     root -> 1 = root -> r = root;
     lev = 0;
     dfs(1, -1);
     lca();
     while(m --) {
           scanf("%d %d %d", &u, &v, &k);
           int lc = query_lca(u, v);
           printf("%d\n", de[query(head[u], head[v], head[lc], (par[lc][0]
== -1 ? root : head[par[lc][0]]), 0, n - 1, k)]);
     return 0;
int en[MX], de[MX];
pair<int, int> w[MX];
struct node {
     node *1, *r;
     int cnt;
     node() : l(NULL), r(NULL), cnt(0) {}
     node(node * 1, node *r, int cnt) : 1(1), r(r), cnt(cnt) {}
     node* update(int tl, int tr, int add) {
           if(tl == tr) return new node(NULL, NULL, this -> cnt + 1);
           int tm = (tl + tr) \gg 1;
           if(add <= tm) return new node(this -> 1 -> update(tl, tm, add),
this \rightarrow r, this \rightarrow cnt + 1);
           return new node(this \rightarrow 1, this \rightarrow r \rightarrow update(tm + 1, tr, add),
this \rightarrow cnt + 1);
} *head[MX];
```

```
int query(node *a, node *b, int tl, int tr, int k) {
     if(tl == tr) return tl;
     int tm = (tl + tr) \gg 1;
     int cnt = a -> 1 -> cnt - b -> 1 -> cnt;
     if(cnt \geq= k) return query(a \rightarrow 1, b \rightarrow 1, t1, tm, k);
     return query(a -> r, b -> r, tm + 1, tr, k - cnt);
int main() {
     int n, m, i, j, k;
     scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
     for(i = 0; i < n; i ++) {
           scanf("%d", &w[i].FR);
           w[i].SC = i;
     sort(w, w + n);
     for(i = 0; i < n; i ++) en[w[i].SC] = i, de[i] = w[i].FR;
     node *root = new node();
     root -> 1 = root -> r = root;
     for(i = 0; i < n; i ++) {
           head[i] = (i ? head[i-1] : root) -> update(0, n - 1, en[i]);
     while(m --) {
           scanf("%d %d %d", &i, &j, &k);
           i --; j --;
           printf("%d\n", de[query(head[j], (i ? head[i-1] : root), 0, n - 1, k)]);
        return 0;
Knight-Distance
long long dist(long long x1, long long y1, long long x2, long long y2) {
     long long dx = abs(x2-x1);
     long long dy = abs(y2-y1);
     long long lb=(dx+1)/2;
     1b = \max(1b, (dy+1)/2);
     1b = \max(1b, (dx+dy+2)/3);
     while ((lb&1) != ((dx+dy)&1)) lb++;
     if (dx==1 && dy==0) return 3;
     if (dy==1 \&\& dx==0) return 3;
     if (dx==2 \&\& dv==2) return 4;
     return 1b;
}
int n:
long long dp[(1 << 15)+2], d[20][20];
pair <long long, long long> a[20], b[20];
```

long long f(int idx, int mask) {

```
if(idx == n) return OLL;
     long long &ret = dp[mask];
     if(ret != -1) return ret;
     ret = 1000000000000000LL;
     for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) if(checkBit(mask, i) == 0) ret = min(ret,
d[idx][i] + f(idx+1, setBit(mask, i)));
     return ret;
int main () {
     int cs = 0;
     while(scanf("%d", &n) && n) {
           if(n == 0) break;
           for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) scanf("%lld %lld", &a[i].first,
&a[i].second);
           for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) scanf("%lld %lld", &b[i].first,
&b[i].second);
           for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) for(int j = 0; j < n; ++j) d[i][j] =
dist(a[i].first, a[i].second, b[j].first, b[j].second);
           for(int i = 0, j = 1 << n; i < j; ++i) dp[i] = -1;
           printf("%d. %lld\n", ++cs, f(0, 0));
     }
     return 0;
SCC
void dfs1(int u) {
     vis[u] = 1;
     rep(i, (int) e[u].size()) if(vis[e[u][i]] == 0) dfs1(e[u][i]);
     order.PB(u);
void dfs2(int u) {
     vis[u] = 1;
     comp[u] = cnt;
     rep(i, (int) r[u].size()) if(vis[r[u][i]] == 0) dfs2(r[u][i]);
}
void scc() {
     rep(i, m*2) vis[i] = 0;
     rep(i, 2*m) if(vis[i] == 0) dfs1(i);
     rep(i, m*2) vis[i] = 0;
     cnt = 0;
```

```
reverse(order.begin(), order.end());
     rep(i, 2*m) if(vis[order[i]] == 0) {
           ++cnt;
           dfs2(order[i]);
     }
2-SAT
int main () {
#ifdef tahsin
     freopen("in", "r", stdin);
#endif
     int t, n, u, v, nu, nv;
     si(t);
     REP(cs, t) {
           sii(n, m);
           order.clear();
           rep(i, m*2) e[i].clear(), r[i].clear();
           rep(i, n) {
                sii(u, v);
                int p = (u>0);
                int q = (v>0);
                u = abs(u)-1;
                v = abs(v)-1;
                if(p) u = u^2, nu = u+1;
                else u = u^{2+1}, nu = u^{1};
                if(q) v = v*2, nv = v+1;
                else v = v^{2+1}, nv = v^{1};
                e[u].PB(nv);
                r[nv].PB(u);
                e[v].PB(nu);
                r[nu].PB(v);
           }
           scc();
           int flag = 0;
           for(int i = 0; i < m << 1; i += 2) flag |= comp[i] == comp[i+1];
           printf("Case %d: ", cs);
           if(flag) printf("No\n");
```

```
else {
                                                                                 #endif
                vi ans;
                                                                                      int t, m, u, v;
                for(int i = 0, k = 1; i < m << 1; i += 2, ++k) if(comp[i] <
comp[i+1]) ans.PB(k);
                                                                                      si(t);
                printf("Yes\n%d", (int) ans.size());
                                                                                      REP(cs, t) {
                                                                                           si(n);
                rep(i, (int) ans.size()) printf(" %d", ans[i]);
                                                                                           rep(i, n) {
                                                                                                 scanf("%d (%d)", &u, &m);
     }
                                                                                                 while(m--) {
                                                                                                      si(v);
     return 0;
                                                                                                      e[u].PB(v);
                                                                                                      e[v].PB(u);
Bridge/Articulation Point
#define MX 100000
                                                                                           printf("Case %d:\n", cs);
int timer, n, vis[MX], fup[MX], tin[MX];
                                                                                           find_bridge();
vi e[MX];
vector <pii> bridge;
                                                                                           rep(i, n) e[i].clear();
                                                                                      }
void dfs(int u, int p) {
     vis[u] = 1;
                                                                                      return 0;
     fup[u] = tin[u] = timer++;
     rep(i, (int) e[u].size()) if(e[u][i] != p) {
                                                                                Maximum Bipartite Matching
           int v = e[u][i];
           if(vis[v]) fup[u] = min(fup[u], tin[v]);
           else {
                                                                                 bool kuhn(int u) {
                dfs(v, u);
                                                                                      if(vis[u]) return 0;
                fup[u] = min(fup[u], fup[v]);
                                                                                      vis[u] = 1;
                if(fup[v] > tin[u]) bridge.PB(MP(min(u, v), max(u, v)));
                                                                                      rep(i, (int) e[u].size()) {
     }
                                                                                           int v = e[u][i]-n;
}
                                                                                           if(pairs_of_right[v] == -1 || kuhn(pairs_of_right[v])) {
void find_bridge() {
                                                                                                 pairs_of_right[v] = u;
     timer = 0;
                                                                                                 pairs_of_left[u] = v;
     rep(i, n) vis[i] = 0;
                                                                                                 return 1;
                                                                                           }
     rep(i, n) if(vis[i] == 0) dfs(i, -1);
     printf("%d critical links\n", (int) bridge.size());
                                                                                      return 0;
     sort(bridge.begin(), bridge.end());
     rep(i, (int) bridge.size()) printf("%d - %d\n", bridge[i].F,
                                                                                 int max_matching() {
bridge[i].S);
                                                                                      rep(i, n) pairs_of_left[i] = -1;
                                                                                      rep(i, m) pairs_of_right[i] = -1;
     bridge.clear();
                                                                                      int path_found = -1;
int main () {
                                                                                           path_found = 0;
#ifdef tahsin
                                                                                           rep(i, n) vis[i] = 0;
```

freopen("in", "r", stdin);

```
rep(i, n) if(pairs_of_left[i] < 0 && vis[i] == 0) path_found |=
kuhn(i);
     } while(path_found);
     int ret = 0;
     rep(i, n) if(pairs_of_left[i] != -1) ++ret;
     return ret;
}
MST Kruscal
int root[MAX], rank[MAX];
struct data {
    int u, v, w;
    bool operator<(const data& p)const {</pre>
        return w>p.w;
};
int find(int i) {
    if(root[i]==i)return i;
    return root[i]=find(root[i]);
void merge(int x, int y) {
    int rx=find(x);
    int ry=find(y);
    if(rx!=ry) {
        if(rank[rx]<rank[ry]) root[rx]=ry;</pre>
        else root[ry]=rx;
        if(rank[rx]==rank[ry])rank[rx]++;
int main() {
    pq<data> q;
    data get;
    int n, e, i, count=0, mst=0;
    scanf("%d %d", &n, &e);//n=nodes e=edges
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++) {
        root[i]=i;
        rank[i]=0;
    for(i=1; i<=e; i++) {
        scanf("%d %d %d", &get.u, &get.v, &get.w);
        q.push(get);
    for(i=1; i<=q.size(); i++) {
        data now=q.top();
        q.pop();
        if(find(now.u)!=find(now.v)) {
            count++;
```

```
mst+=now.w;
            merge(now.u, now.v);
            if(count==n-1)break;
    cout<<mst<<endl;</pre>
    return 0;
Bellman Ford
struct edge
{ int u, v, w; };
edge data[MAX];
int key[MAX];
int main() {
    int n, m, i, j, cost;
    scanf("%d %d", &n, &m);
    for(i=1; i<=m; i++) scanf("%d %d %d", &data[i].u, &data[i].v, &data[i].w);</pre>
    for(i=1; i<=n; i++) key[i]=INF;</pre>
    kev[1]=0;
    for(i=1; i<n; i++)
        for(j=1; j<=m; j++) {
            cost=key[data[j].u]+data[j].w;
            if(key[data[j].v]>cost) key[data[j].v]=cost;
    for(j=1; j<=m; j++) {
        cost=key[data[j].u]+data[j].w;
        if(key[data[j].v]>cost) break;
    if(j>m)printf("no negative cycle\n");
    else printf("negative cycle\n");
    return 0;
Maximum Subarray Sum (kadane)
int main() {
    int n, cum, cursi, curei, mx, mxsi, mxei, num, mxnum, in;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    mx=mxnum=-INF;//mx=max sum, mxnum=max element
    cum=0;//cumulative sum=ekhon porjonto shob element er sum
    cursi=1;//current start index
    for(curei=1; curei<=n; curei++)//curei=current end index</pre>
        scanf("%d", &num);
        if(num>mxnum) {
            mxnum=num;
```

```
in=curei;//in=position of max element
                                                                                                 int v = to[i];
                                                                                                 if(flow[i] < cap[i] && dist[v] == -1) {
        cum+=num;
                                                                                                       dist[v] = dist[u] + 1;
        if(cum<0) {
            cum=0;//cumulative sum jodi 0 er cheye kom hoy then cum=0
                                                                                                       Q[en ++] = v;
                                                                                                 }
            cursi=curei+1;//and then current start index er pore chole jabe
                                                                                            }
       if(cum>mx) {
                                                                                      }
            mx=cum;
            mxsi=cursi;//mxsi=max sum array er start index
                                                                                       return dist[sink] != -1;
            mxei=curei;//mxei=max sum array er end index
        }
                                                                                 int dfs(int u, int fl) {
    if(!mx) {//jodi max sum still 0 hoy then? that means if shob elelment
                                                                                      if(u == sink) return fl;
negative number hoy
                                                                                      for(int &i = pro[u]; i \ge 0; i = nex[i]) {
        mx=mxnum;
        mxsi=mxei=in;
                                                                                            int v = to[i];
    printf("%d %d %d\n", mx, mxsi, mxei);
                                                                                            if(flow[i] < cap[i] && dist[v] == dist[u] + 1) {
    return 0;
                                                                                                 int df = dfs(v, min(cap[ i ] - flow[ i ], fl) );
Dinitz
                                                                                                 if(df > 0) {
int source, sink, NN, n, m;
                                                                                                       flow[i] += df;
int Q[MXN], fin[MXN], pro[MXN], dist[MXN], nEdge;
                                                                                                       flow[i \wedge 1] -= df;
int flow[MXE], cap[MXE], nex[MXE], to[MXE];
                                                                                                       return df;
void init() {
     for(int i = 0; i \le NN; i ++) fin[i] = -1;
                                                                                            }
     nEdge = 0;
                                                                                       return 0;
void add(int u, int v, int c) {
     to [ nEdge ] = v; cap [ nEdge ] = c; flow [ nEdge ] = 0; nex [ nEdge ] =
                                                                                 int dinic() {
fin[u]; fin[u] = nEdge ++;
                                                                                      int ret = 0;
     to [ nEdge ] = u; cap[ nEdge ] = 0; flow[ nEdge ] = 0; nex[ nEdge ] =
fin[v]; fin[v] = nEdge ++;
                                                                                      for(int i = 0; i < nEdge; i ++) flow[i] = 0;
                                                                                      while( bfs() ) {
bool bfs() {
                                                                                            for(int i = 0; i <= NN; i ++) pro[i] = fin[i];
     int st, en;
                                                                                            while(true) {
     for(int i = 0; i \le NN; i ++) dist[i] = -1;
                                                                                                 int df = dfs(source, INF);
     dist[source] = st = en = 0;
                                                                                                 if(df) ret += df;
                                                                                                 else break;
     Q[en ++] = source;
                                                                                            }
     while(st < en) {</pre>
                                                                                       return ret;
           int u = Q[st ++];
```

for(int $i = fin[u]; i \ge 0; i = nex[i]) {$

Edmond-Karp

```
vi e[MX];
int source, sink, n, vis[MX], parent[MX], cap[MX][MX];
int find_path() {
     mem(vis, 0);
     mem(parent, -1);
     queue <int> q;
     q.push(source);
     vis[source] = 1;
     while(!q.empty()) {
           int where = q.front(); q.pop();
          if(where == sink) break;
           rep(next, tot) {
                if(vis[next] == 0 \&\& cap[where][next] > 0) {
                     q.push(next);
                     vis[next] = 1;
                     parent[next] = where;
     }
     int where = sink, path_cap = inf;
     while(parent[where] > -1) {
           int prev = parent[where];
           path_cap = min(path_cap, cap[prev][where]);
          where = prev;
     }
     where = sink;
     while(parent[where] > -1) {
           int prev = parent[where];
           cap[prev][where] -= path_cap;
           cap[where][prev] += path_cap;
          where = prev;
     }
     if(path_cap == inf) return 0;
     return path_cap;
}
int max_flow() {
     int ret = 0;
     while(1) {
           int path_cap = find_path();
          if(path_cap == 0) break;
          ret += path_cap;
     return ret;
```

Edit-Distance

}

```
int main() {
     dp[0][0] = 0;
     for(int i = 1; i \le 100 ++i) dp[i][0] = dp[0][i] = i;
     scanf("%s%s", a, b);
     int n = strlen(a);
     int m = strlen(b);
     for(int i = 1; i \le n; ++i)
          for(int j = 1; j \le m; ++j)
                dp[i][j] = min(min(dp[i-1][j], dp[i][j-1])+1, dp[i-1][j-1] + (a[i-1]!
=b[j-1]));
     printf("%d\n", dp[n][m]);
LIS nlogn
int n;
int a[10010], b[10010];
int bs(int h, int n) {
     int l = 1, ans = 0;
     while(1 \le h) {
          int m = (1+h) >> 1;
          if(n > a[b[m]]) { ans = m; l = m+1; }
          else h = m-1;
     return ans+1;
}
int lis() {
     int len = 0;
     int p[n];
     for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
          int tmp = bs(len, a[i]);
          b[tmp] = i;
          p[i] = b[tmp-1];
          len = max(tmp, len);
     int k = b[len];
     int s[len];
     for(int i = len-1; i >= 0; --i) {
          s[i] = a[k];
          k = p[k];
```

```
for(int i = 0; i < len; ++i) cout << s[i] << ' ';
     cout << endl;</pre>
     return len;
Segment Tree (Lazy propagation)
void update_node(int nd, int tl, int tr, long long add) {
    lz[nd]+=add;
    t[nd]+=add*(tr-tl+1);
void push(int nd, int tl, int tr){
    int tm=(tl+tr)/2;
    update_node(nd*2, tl, tm, lz[nd]);
    update_node(nd*2+1, tm+1, tr, lz[nd]);
    lz[nd]=0;
void build(int nd, int tl, int tr){
    t[nd]=lz[nd]=0;
    if(tl==tr)return ;
    int tm=(tl+tr)/2;
    build(nd*2, tl, tm);
    build(nd*2+1, tm+1, tr);
void update(int nd, int tl, int tr, long long add){
    if(tr<l || tl>r) return;
    if(tl>=1 && tr<=r) {
        update_node(nd, tl, tr, add);
        return ;
    if(lz[nd]) push(nd, tl, tr);
    int tm=(tl+tr)/2;
    update(nd*2, tl, tm, add);
    update(nd*2+1, tm+1, tr, add);
    t[nd]=t[nd*2]+t[nd*2+1];
long long query(int nd, int tl, int tr) {
    if(tr<l || tl>r)return 0;
    if(tl>=1 && tr<=r) return t[nd];</pre>
    if(lz[nd]) push(nd, tl, tr);
    int tm=(tl+tr)/2;
    return query(nd*2, tl, tm)+query(nd*2+1, tm+1, tr);
```

GEO

```
struct point_i {
     int x, y;
     point_i () { x = y = 0.0; }
     point_i (int _x, int _y) { x = _x, y = _y; }
     int normSq() {
           return sqr(x) + sqr(y);
};
struct point {
     double x, y;
     point () { x = y = 0.0; }
     point (double _x, double _y) { x = _x, y = _y; }
     double normSq() { //same as dot product A.A
           return x*x + y*y;
     bool operator < (point &a) const {</pre>
           if(fabs(x-a.x) > EPS) return x < a.x;
           return y < a.y;
     }
     bool operator == (point a) const {
           return EQ(x, a.x) && EQ(y, a.y);
     };
};
struct vec {
     double x, y;
     vec () { x = y = 0.0; }
     vec (double _x, double _y) { x = _x, y = _y; }
     vec (point a, point b) { x = b.x-a.x, y = b.y-a.y; }
     vec operator + (const point &rhs) {
           vec tmp;
           tmp.x = x+rhs.x;
           tmp.y = y+rhs.y;
           return tmp;
     }
     vec operator - (const point &rhs) {
           vec tmp;
```

```
tmp.x = x-rhs.x;
          tmp.y = y-rhs.y;
           return tmp;
     }
     vec operator * (const double &a) {
          vec tmp;
           tmp.x = x*a;
           tmp.y = y*a;
           return tmp;
     vec operator / (const double &a) {
          vec tmp;
          tmp.x = x/a;
           tmp.y = y/a;
           return tmp;
     double operator * (const vec &rhs) { return x*rhs.x + y*rhs.y; }//dot product
     double operator ^ (const vec &rhs) { return x*rhs.y - y*rhs.x; }//crs product
};
//distance between two points
double dist (point a, point b) { return hypot(a.x - b.x, a.y - b.y);}
//rotate the point CCW
point rotate (point p, double theta) {
     double rad = theta*PI/180;
                                  //degree to radian
     return point(p.x * cos(rad) - p.y * sin(rad), p.x * sin(rad) + p.y * cos(rad));
}
point rotate (point p, point c, double rad) {
     p.x -= c.x;
     p.y -= c.y;
     return point(p.x * cos(rad) - p.y * sin(rad) + c.x, p.x * sin(rad) + p.y *
cos(rad) + c.y);
struct line {
     double a, b, c;
     line () { a = b = c = 0.0; }
     line (point p1, point p2) {
           if(EQ(p1.x, p2.x)) \{ //\text{vertical line} \}
                a = 1.0, b = 0.0, c = -p1.x;
                return;
          a = -(double) (p1.y - p2.y) / (p1.x - p2.x);
          b = 1.0;
```

```
c = -(double) (a * p1.x) - p1.y;
     }
};
bool areParallel (line 11, line 12) {
     return EQ(l1.a, l2.a) && EQ(l1.b, l2.b);
bool areSame (line 11, line 12) {
     return areParallel(l1, l2) && EQ(l1.c, l2.c);
bool lineIntersect (line 11, line 12, point &p) { //not segments
     if(areParallel(l1, l2)) return 0;
     p.x = (12.b * 11.c - 11.b * 12.c) / (12.a * 11.b - 11.a * 12.b);
     if(fabs(11.b) > EPS) p.y = -(11.a * p.x + 11.c);
     else p.y = -(12.a * p.x + 12.c);
     return 1;
}
vec scale(vec v, double s) {
     return vec(v.x * s, v.y * s);
point translate(point p, vec v) {
     return point(p.x + v.x, p.y + v.y);
vec perpendicular (vec v) {
     return vec(-(v.y), v.x);
double distToLine (point p, point a, point b, point &c) {
     //formula c = a + u*ab;
     vec ap(a, p), ab(a, b);
     double u = (ap*ab) / (ab*ab);
     c = translate(a, scale(ab, u));
     return dist(p, c);
}
double distToLineSegment (point p, point a, point b, point &c) {
     vec ap(a, p), ab(a, b);
     double u = (ap*ab) / (ab*ab);
     if(u < 0.0) {
           c = a;
           return dist(p, a);
     if(u > 1.0) {
          c = b;
           return dist(p, b);
```

```
return distToLine(p, a, b, c);
}
double angle (point a, point o, point b) { //return angle AOB in rad
     vec oa(o, a), ob(o, b);
     return acos((oa*ob)/ sqrt((oa*oa)*(ob*ob)));
//r is on which side of line pg //returns 0 if co-linear, > 0 if CCW, < 0 if CW
int direction( point p, point q, point r) {
     vec pq(p, q), pr(p, r);
     return (pq^pr);
bool onSegment(point a, point b, point p)
     return min(a.x, b.x) <= p.x && p.x <= max(a.x, b.x) && min(a.y, b.y) <= p.y && p.y
<= max(a.y, b.y);
bool segmentIntersect(point a, point b, point c, point d) //return true if two segments
intersect
     //two lines are AB and CD
     int d1 = direction(c, d, a); //direction of A, with respect to line CD;
     int d2 = direction(c, d, b);
     int d3 = direction(a, b, c);
     int d4 = direction(a, b, d);
     if(d1*d2 < 0 && d3*d4 < 0) return 1; //if they intersect;
     if(d1 == 0 && onSegment(c, d, a)) return 1;
     if(d2 == 0 \&\& onSegment(c, d, b)) return 1;
     if(d3 == 0 && onSegment(a, b, c)) return 1;
     if(d4 == 0 \&\& onSegment(a, b, d)) return 1;
     return 0;
}
double area2Dpolygon(int n, point a[]) {
     double area = 0;
     for(int i = 0; i+1 < n; ++i) {
          area += a[i].x*a[i+1].y;
          area -= a[i].y*a[i+1].x;
     area += a[2].x*a[0].y;
     area -= a[2].y*a[0].x;
     return fabs(area)/2.0;
}
//circle
double perimeterTriangle(double a, double b, double c) { //perimeter of a triangle
```

```
return a+b+c;
}
double areaTriangle(double a, double b, double c) { //area of a triangle
     double s = 0.5*perimeterTriangle(a, b, c);
     return sqrt ( s * (s-a) * (s-b) * (s-c) );
double rInCircle(double ab, double bc, double ca) { //radious of inscribed
circle in a triangle
     return areaTriangle(ab, bc, ca)/(0.5*perimeterTriangle(ab, bc, ca));
double rCircumCircle(double ab, double bc, double ca) {
     return ab * bc * ca / (4.0 * areaTriangle(ab, bc, ca));
double rCircumCircle(point a, point b, point c) {
     return rCircumCircle(dist(a, b), dist(b, c), dist(c, a));
point cCircumCircle(point a, point b, point c) {
     b.x -= a.x;
     b.y -= a.y;
     c.x -= a.x;
     c.y -= a.y;
     double d = 2.0*(b.x*c.y - b.y*c.x);
     double p = (c.y*(b.x*b.x + b.y*b.y) - b.y*(c.x*c.x + c.y*c.y))/d;
     double q = (b.x*(c.x*c.x + c.y*c.y) - c.x*(b.x*b.x + b.y*b.y))/d;
     return point(p+a.x, q+a.y);
```