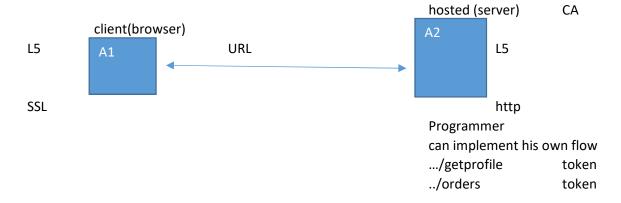
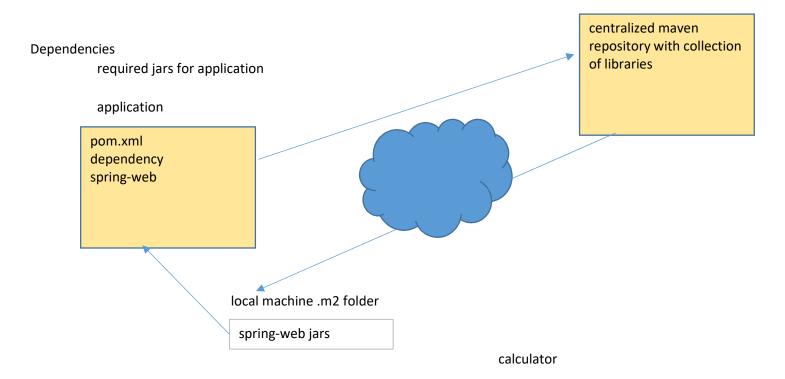


maven standalone quickstart web-application web

IDE



Secured sessions



Group ID

Defines package structure

Artifact ID

Defines project name

com.stackroute.app1.model com.stackroute.app1.service com.stackroute.app1.application

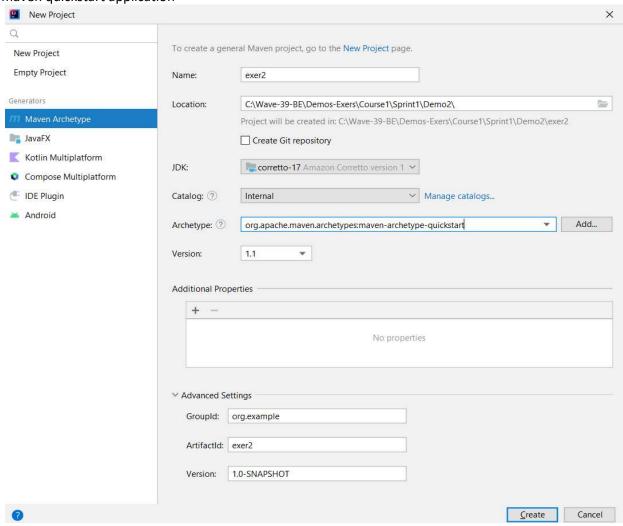
maven-quickstart

to create simple stangalone (console) application with main()

maven-webapp

to create spring mvc based web application

maven quickstart application



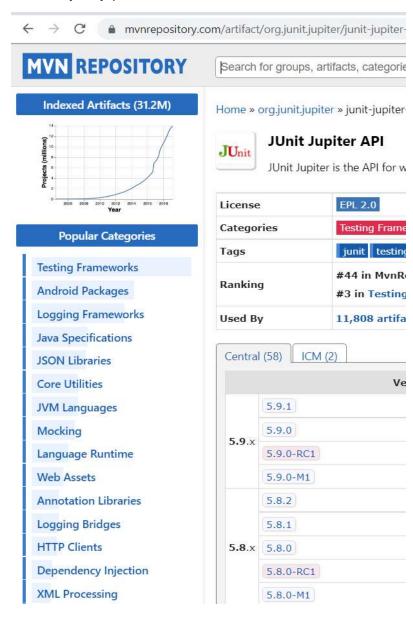
assertEquals(); square(int x)
expected actual ...
assertEquals(16,square(4));

```
class MainClass
                                                      class Operations{
                                                        public int add(int a, int b) {
          Operations o1 = new Operations();
                                                                     return a+b;
          sout(o1.add(4,5));
                               //9
class TestOperations
                                                     get addition of two passed numbers (passing as parameters)
          testcase1 add(2,3);
                                         5
          testcase2 add(5,10);
                                       15
                                                     return type
                                                                           int
                                                      method name
                                                                           add
                                                     arg list
                                                                           two int
                                                                int add(int a, int b) { }
```

Steps to create maven quick start application with test cases

Step 1 Create maven quick start project

Step 2 add required dependeny in pom.xml junit jupiter



search for junit open the recent version copy the dependency

Home » org.junit.jupiter » junit-jupiter-api » 5.9.1



JUnit Jupiter API » 5.9.1

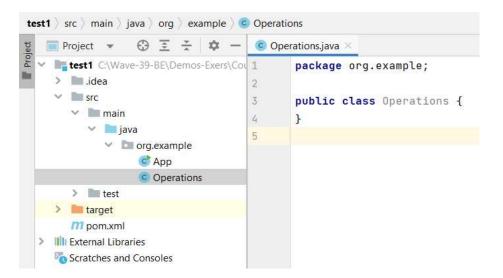
JUnit Jupiter is the API for writing tests using JUnit 5.



paste in local pom.xml under <dependencies> element

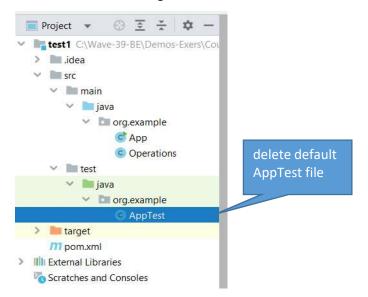
```
19
         <dependencies>
20
21
       <!--
              <dependency>-->
       <!--
                <groupId>junit</groupId>-->
23
       <!--
                <artifactId>junit</artifactId>-->
24
       <!--
                <version>3.8.1
25
       <!--
                <scope>test</scope>-->
26
       <!--
              </dependency>-->
27
28
          <!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.junit.jupiter/junit-jupiter-api -->
29
           <dependency>
30
            <groupId>org.junit.jupiter
31
            <artifactId>junit-jupiter-api</artifactId>
32
            <version>5.9.1
33
            <scope>test</scope>
          </dependency>
```

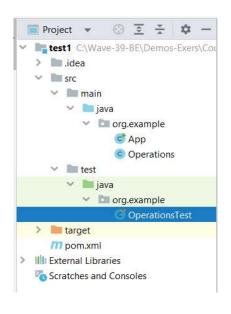
Step 3 Define methods in some class



```
Operations.java ×
       package org.example;
1
2
       public class Operations {
3
4
           public int add(int a, int b){
5
                return a+b;
6
7
           public int sub(int x, int y){
8
                return x-y;
9
10
```

Step 4 Write testcase in testing file





```
import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertEquals;
8
9 6
       public class OperationsTest {
10
           Operations op;
           // before each test: allocate memory for object
           @BeforeEach
13
           public void setup(){
14
               op = new Operations();
15
16
           // after each test: de-allocate memory for object
17
           @AfterEach
18
           public void clean(){
19
               op = null;
20
           // testcase method(s)
           @Test
23 🗬
           public void testAdd1(){
24
               // expecting 7 when add(3,4) is called
25
               assertEquals( expected: 7, op.add( a: 3, b: 4));
26
27 }
```

```
      ✓ Ø ↓²² ↓≒ ☐ 至 ☆ ↑ ↓ Q № ₺ ₺

      ✓ OperationsTest (org.example)

      105 ms

      ✓ testAdd1()
```

```
public class Operations {
           1 usage
5
           public int add(int a, int b) { return a+b; }
           public int sub(int x, int y) { return x-y; }
8
11
           // get list of leap years between passed range of years
           1 usage
12
           public List<Integer> getLeaps(int from, int to){
13
                List<Integer> leaps = new ArrayList<Integer>();
                for(int y=from;y<=to;y++){</pre>
14
15
                    if( y%400==0 || (y%100!=0 && y%4==0)) {
16
                        leaps.add(y);
17
                    }
18
19
                System.out.println(leaps);
20
                return leaps;
21
           // get result as PASS/FAIL as per parameter marks
22
23
           // each marks must be >=50 to PASS
           3 usages
24 @
           public String getResult(int... marks){
25
                String result="PASS";
                for(int m:marks){
26
27
                    if(m<50){
                        result="FAIL";
28
29
                        break;
30
                    }-
31
32
                return result;
33
34
```

```
2 usages
 35
               public int div(int a, int b){ // a/b
 36
                    if(b==0) {
 37
                         throw new ArithmeticException();
 38
                    }
 39
                    else{
                       return a/b;
 40
 41
 42
 43
         0//
                  public --- getFib(int count){ 5
          11
 44
          11
 45
 46
                      return { 0 1
 47
                      return { 0 1 1 2 3 5 }
          11
 48
 49
         1/
                }
 50
          }
 51
         0// 1990 2010
 52
        0// 1992 1996 2000 2004 2008
        import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertEquals;
10
        import static org.junit.jupiter.api.Assertions.assertThrows;
11
12 6
        public class OperationsTest {
           9 usages
13
           Operations op;
14
           // before each test: allocate memory for object
15
           @BeforeEach
           public void setup() { op = new Operations(); }
16
19
           // after each test: de-allocate memory for object
20
           @AfterEach
21
           public void clean() { op = null; }
24
           // testcase method(s)
25
           @Test
           public void testAdd1(){
26 0
27
               // expecting 7 when add(3,4) is called
               assertEquals( expected: 7, op.add( a: 3, b: 4));
28
```

```
@Test
30
31 6
             public void testGetLeaps1(){
32
                   assertEquals(1992,1996,2000,2004,2008, op.getLeaps(1990,2010);
33
                  assertEquals(Arrays.asList(1992,1996,2000,2004,2008), op.getLeaps(1990,2010));
34
35
              @Test
36 4
              public void testResult(){
37
                  assertEquals( expected: "PASS", op.getResult( ...marks: 67,87,98,90));
38
                  assertEquals( expected: "FAIL", op.getResult( ...marks: 47,87,98,90));
39
              }
40
              @Test
41 G
              public void testResult2(){
42
                  assertEquals( expected: "FAIL", op.getResult( ...marks: 67,87,98,90,56,77,56,59,49));
43
44
45
              @Test
46 6
              public void testDivSuccess(){
47
                  assertEquals( expected: 3, op.div( a: 12, b: 4));
48
49
              aTest
             public void testDivFailure(){
50 0
                  assertThrows(ArithmeticException.class, ()->op.div( a: 12, b: 0) );
51
52
               public void testFib(){
53
         1//
                   // assertEquals(0 1 1 2 3 5, getFib(6));
54
         11
55
         11
                   // assertEquals(0 1 1 , getFib(3));
         1/
56
57
```