Rworksheet_Palabrica#1.Rmd

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- 1. Set up a vector named age, consisting of 34, 28, 22, 36, 27, 18, 52, 39, 42, 29, 35, 31, 27, 22, 37, 34, 19, 20, 57, 49, 50, 37, 46, 25, 17, 37, 42, 53, 41, 51, 35, 24, 33, 41.
- a. How many data points?

34

b. Write the R code and its output.

```
age <- c ( 34, 28, 22, 36, 27, 18, 52, 39, 42, 29, 35, 31, 27, 22, 37, 34, 19, 20, 57, 49, 50, 37, 46, 25, 17, 37, 42, 53, 41, 51, 35, 24, 33, 41)

length (age)
```

[1] 34

2. Find the reciprocal of the values for age.

Write the R code and its output.

```
library (MASS)
fractions(reciprocal_age <- age)</pre>
```

[1] 34 28 22 36 27 18 52 39 42 29 35 31 27 22 37 34 19 20 57 49 50 37 46 25 17 ## [26] 37 42 53 41 51 35 24 33 41

3. Assign also new_age <- c(age, 0, age). What happen to the new_age?

```
new_age <- c(age, 34, age)</pre>
```

4. Sort the values for age. Write the R code and its output.

```
sort (age)
```

```
## [1] 17 18 19 20 22 22 24 25 27 27 28 29 31 33 34 34 35 35 36 37 37 37 39 41 41 ## [26] 42 42 46 49 50 51 52 53 57
```

5. Find the minimum and maximum value for age. Write the R code and its output.

```
min (age)
```

[1] 17

```
max (age)
```

[1] 57

- 6. Set up a vector named data, consisting of 2.4, 2.8, 2.1, 2.5, 2.4, 2.2, 2.5, 2.3, 2.5, 2.3, 2.4, and 2.7.
- a. How many data points?

b. Write the R code and its output.

```
data <- c (2.4, 2.8, 2.1, 2.5, 2.4, 2.2, 2.5, 2.3, 2.5, 2.3, 2.4, 2.7)

length (data)
```

[1] 12

7. Generates a new vector for data where you double every value of the data. What happen to the data?

```
data <- data*2
```

[1] 4.8 5.6 4.2 5.0 4.8 4.4 5.0 4.6 5.0 4.6 4.8 5.4

- 8. Generate a sequence for the following scenario:
- 8.1 Integers from 1 to 100.
- 8.2 Numbers from 20 to 60
- *8.3 Mean of numbers from 20 to 60
- *8.4 Sum of numbers from 51 to 91
- *8.5 Integers from 1 to 1,000
 - a. How many data points from 8.1 to 8.4?_____
 - b. Write the R code and its output from 8.1 to 8.4.
 - c. For 8.5 find only maximum data points until 10.

```
integers_1_to_100 <- 1:100
length (integers_1_to_100)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 100
numbers_20_to_60 <- 20
```

```
numbers_20_to_60 <- 20:60
length (numbers_20_to_60)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 41
```

```
mean_20_to_60 <- mean(numbers_20_to_60)
print(mean_20_to_60)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 40
```

```
numbers_51_to_91 <- 51:91

sum_52_to_91 <- sum (numbers_51_to_91)

print (sum_52_to_91)
```

[1] 2911

9. *Print a vector with the integers between 1 and 100 that are not divisible by 3, 5 and 7 using filter option.

```
Filter(function(i) { all(i %% c(3,5,7) != 0) }, seq(100))
```

```
## [1] 1 2 4 8 11 13 16 17 19 22 23 26 29 31 32 34 37 38 41 43 44 46 47 52 53 ## [26] 58 59 61 62 64 67 68 71 73 74 76 79 82 83 86 88 89 92 94 97
```

10. Generate a sequence backwards of the integers from 1 to 100. Write the R code and its output.

rev(seq(1:100))

```
##
    [1] 100 99
              98 97
                      96
                         95 94 93 92 91 90
                                              89
                                                  88 87
                                                        86 85
                                                               84
                                                                   83
   [19] 82 81 80 79
                      78
                                75
                                       73
                                          72
                                              71
                                                  70 69
                                                         68 67
                                                                66
                                                                   65
##
                         77
                             76
                                   74
   [37] 64
                                                         50
                                                               48
                                                                   47
##
           63
               62
                  61
                      60
                         59
                             58
                                57
                                    56
                                       55
                                           54
                                              53
                                                  52 51
                                                            49
##
   [55] 46
           45
               44
                  43
                      42
                                39
                                       37
                                           36
                                              35
                                                  34
                                                     33
                                                         32
                                                            31
                                                               30
                                                                   29
                         41
                             40
                                    38
##
   [73] 28 27
               26
                  25
                      24
                         23 22
                                21
                                    20
                                       19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11
## [91] 10
            9
                8
                  7
                       6
                          5
                             4
                                 3
                                     2
                                        1
```