

Insertion Sort

Programming and Algorithms

Lecture by
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```
n = 3
for i in range(1,n+1):
    print("Hello World!")
```

Hello World!
Hello World!
Hello World!

What will we Cover?

- Insertion sort algorithm
- Understanding the efficiency of the algorithm using big-O notation

Insertion Sort

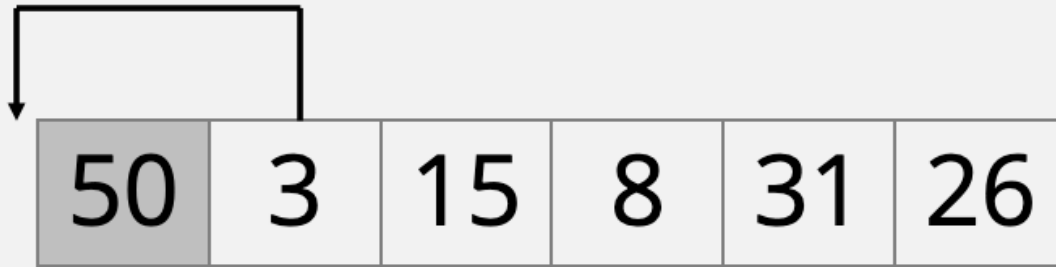
- Insertion sort algorithm splits the list into sorted part and unsorted part.
- Elements from the unsorted part are inserted into the correct positions in the sorted part.

Tracing the Behaviour of the Insertion Sort

Initially, the sorted sub-list
contains the first element in the
list.

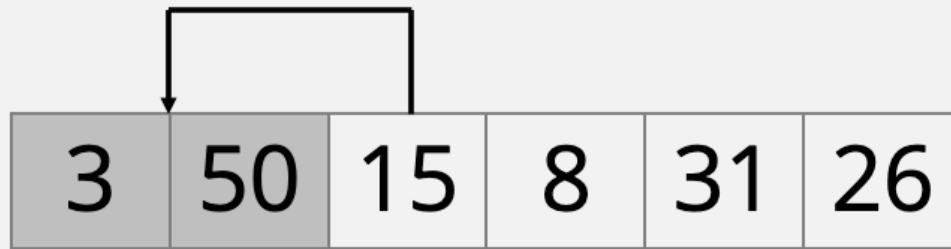
50	3	15	8	31	26
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Tracing the Behaviour of the Insertion Sort



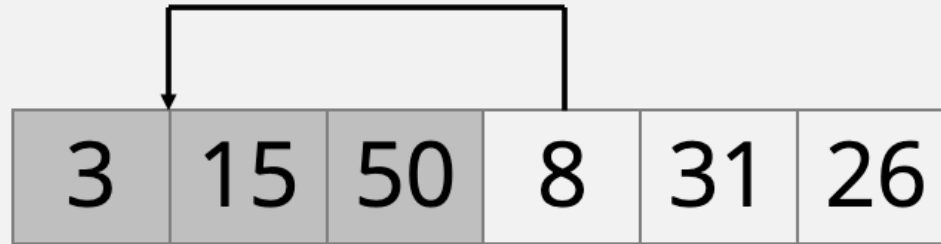
The sorted sub-list is
[50] Insert 3 into the list

Tracing the Behaviour of the Insertion Sort



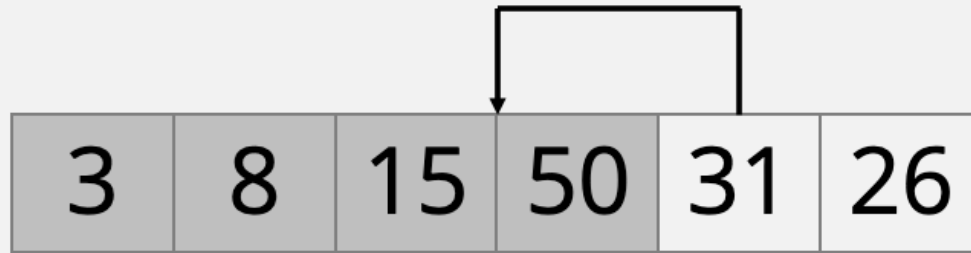
The sorted sub-list is [3, 50] Insert 15 into the list

Tracing the Behaviour of the Insertion Sort



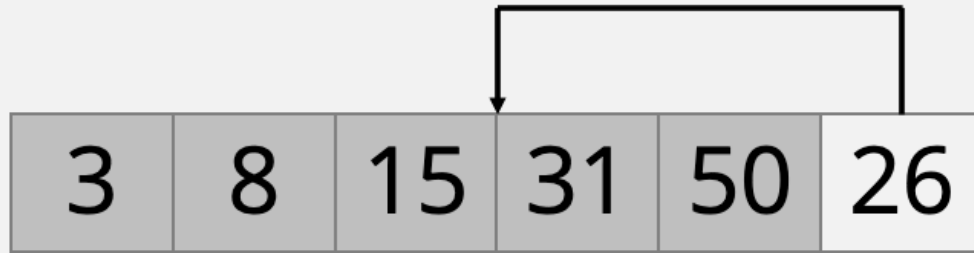
The sorted sub-list is [3, 15, 50] Insert 8 into the list

Tracing the Behaviour of the Insertion Sort



The sorted sub-list is [3, 8, 15, 50] Insert 31 into the list

Tracing the Behaviour of the Insertion Sort



The sorted sub-list is [3, 8, 15, 31, 50] Insert 26 into the list

Tracing the Behaviour of the Insertion Sort

The entire list is now sorted

3	8	15	26	31	50
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Insertion Sort Algorithm

1. `n = len(list)`
2. `for i in range(n-1)`
3. `j = i`
4. `while j > 0 and list[j-1] > list[j] do`
5. `temp = list[j]`
6. `list[j] = list[j-1]`
7. `list[j-1] = temp`
8. `j = j - 1`

Insertion Sort Example

```
def insertion_sort(list1):  
    # this function sorts the list using insertion sort algorithm  
    n = len(list1)  
    for i in range(n):  
        j = i  
        while j > 0 and list1[j-1] > list1[j]:  
            temp = list1[j]  
            list1[j] = list1[j-1]  
            list1[j-1] = temp  
            j = j-1  
  
input_string = input("Enter your numbers, then press enter: ")  
split_input = input_string.split()  
numbers = [int(n) for n in split_input]  
  
insertion_sort(numbers)  
print("sorted list:", numbers)
```

```
Enter your numbers, then press enter: 9 4 6 1 5 0 3 7 2 8  
sorted list: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

Analysis

- Sorts elements one by one
- Works best on a partially sorted list
- Easy to implement and works best for keeping a list sorted while inserting new elements
- Insertion sort uses a nested loop, so in the worst-case scenario, when we have to execute the inner loop n times, we perform $O(n^2)$ comparisons
- The big-O notation for insertion sort is $O(n^2)$

Try It Yourself

Write a program in python environment that takes a string as an input and sorts in alphabetical order using the insertion sort algorithm above