

Two Function Examples

Web Technologies



Lecture by
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```
<!doctype html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>
      Web Technologies
    </title>
    <style>
      p {
        color: blue;
      }
    </style>
    <script>
      console.log("client-side");
    </script>
  </head>
  <body>
    <p>
      Welcome!
    </p>
  </body>
</html>
```


What we will cover

- **Student Grade Web Application**
- **MPG Web Application**

Student Grade Application

Student Grades

Enter student marks (comma-separated):

Average Grade:

Student Grades

Enter student marks (comma-separated):

Average Grade: 61.25

The HTML Code for the Application

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Student Grades</title>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Student Grades</h1>
  <label for="marks">Enter student marks (comma-separated):</label>
  <input type="text" id="marks" placeholder="e.g., 75, 80, 90, 85, 95">
  <button onclick="calculateAndDisplayAverage()">Calculate Average</button>
  <p>Average Grade: <span id="averageGrade"></span></p>
  <script>...
</script>
</body>
</html>
```

The JavaScript Code for the Application

```
<script>
  function calculateAndDisplayAverage() {
    const marksInput = document.getElementById("marks");
    const marksArray = marksInput.value.split(",").map(Number);
    const averageGrade = calculateAverageGrade(marksArray);
    const averageGradeElement = document.getElementById("averageGrade");
    averageGradeElement.textContent = averageGrade.toFixed(2);
  }
  const calculateAverageGrade = function(marks) {
    let total = 0;
    for (let i = 0; i < marks.length; i++) {
      total += marks[i];
    }
    const average = total / marks.length;
    return average;
  };
</script>
```

MPG Application

The Miles Per Gallon Calculator

Miles Driven:

Gallons of Gas Used:

Miles Per Gallon:

HTML

```
<main>
  <h1>The Miles Per Gallon Calculator</h1>
  <div>
    <label for="miles">Miles Driven:</label>
    <input type="text" id="miles">
  </div>
  <div>
    <label for="gallons">Gallons of Gas Used:</label>
    <input type="text" id="gallons">
  </div>
  <div>
    <label for="mpg">Miles Per Gallon:</label>
    <input type="text" id="mpg" disabled>
  </div>
  <div>
    <label>&nbsp;</label>
    <input type="button" id="calculate" value="Calculate MPG">
  </div>
</main>
<script src="mpg.js"></script>
```


JavaScript 1

```
"use strict";
const $ = selector => document.querySelector(selector);
const getErrorMsg = lbl => `${lbl} must be a valid number greater than zero.`;
const focusAndSelect = selector => { ...
};
const processEntries = () => { ...
};
document.addEventListener("DOMContentLoaded", () => {
    $("#calculate").addEventListener("click", processEntries);
    $("#miles").focus();
});
```

JavaScript 2

```
const focusAndSelect = selector => {
  const elem = $(selector);
  elem.focus();
  elem.select();
};

const processEntries = () => {
  const miles = parseFloat($("#miles").value);
  const gallons = parseFloat($("#gallons").value);

  if (isNaN(miles) || miles <= 0) {
    alert(getErrorMsg("Miles driven"));
    focusAndSelect("#miles");
  } else if (isNaN(gallons) || gallons <= 0) {
    alert(getErrorMsg("Gallons of gas used"));
    focusAndSelect("#gallons");
  } else {
    $("#mpg").value = (miles / gallons).toFixed(2);
  }
};
```

Try It Yourself

In this activity you can practice creating a web application that uses a function delectation. So,

1. In your editor create the a html file using the code provided in slides 5 and 6.