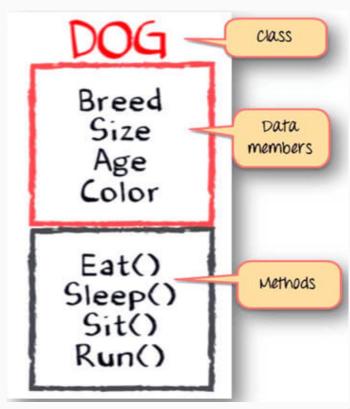
CYDEO

Custom Class: Class & Object

Class

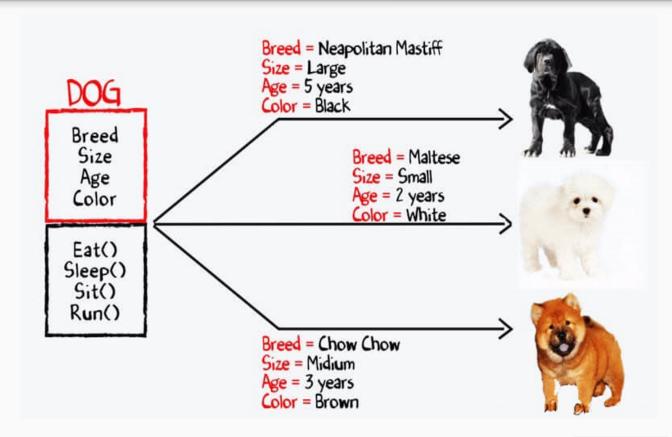
- Where Objects came from
- An entity that determines how an object will behave and what the object will contain
- A blueprint or set of instruction to build a specific type of Object





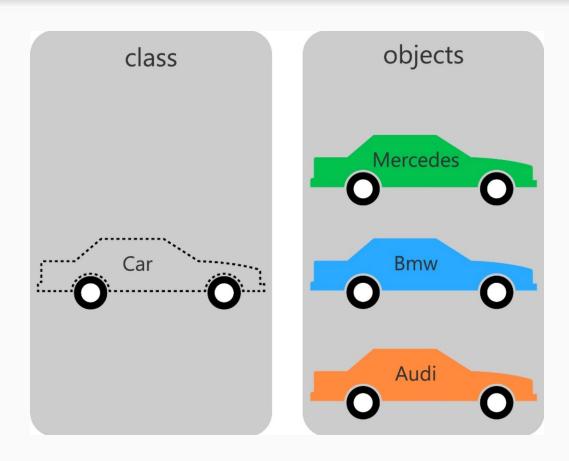
Object

- Instance of a class
- An object can store data
- The data stored in an object are called fields
- Multiple objects can be created from a class



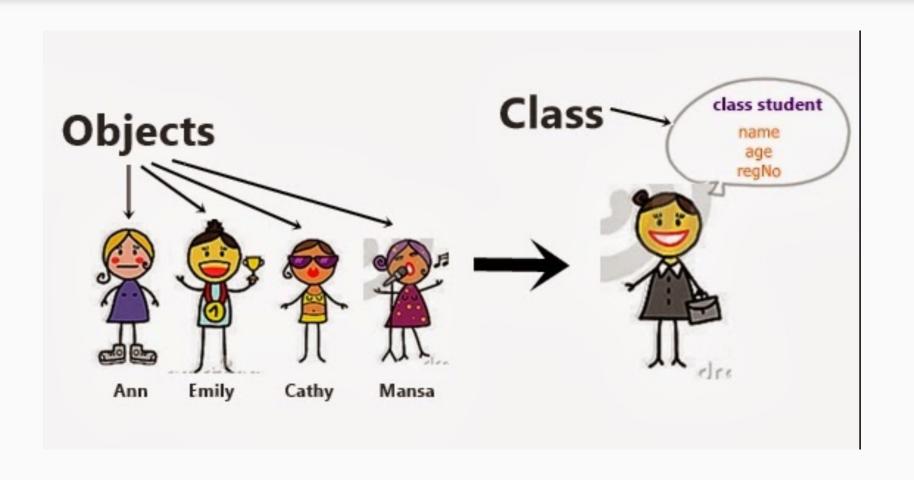


Class & Object Examples





Class & Object Examples





Writing a Custom Class

Class Name	Dog
Fields (Attributes)	name breed size age color
Methods (Actions)	eat() drink() play()

```
Class
Access
           keyword
Modifier
                     Name
   public class Dog{
        public String name;
        public String breed;
        public String size;
        public int age;
        public String color;
        public void eat(){
           System.out.println(name+" is eating dog food");
        public void drinking(){
           System.out.println(name+" is drinking water");
        public void play(){
           System.out.println(name+" is playing");
```

Instance Variables

- Declared inside the class and outside any methods/blocks
- Belongs to the object, and each object has its own memory
- Each Object has a separate copy of the instance variable

```
public class Dog{

public String name;
public String breed;
public String size;
public int age;
public String color;
}
```



Instance Methods

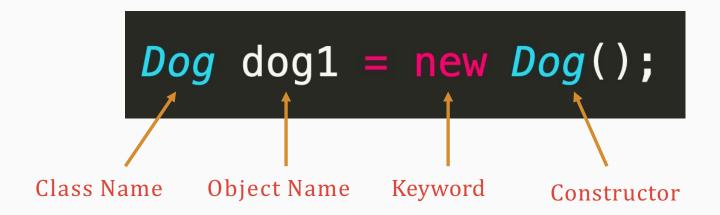
- Does not have static keyword
- Belongs to the object
- Each Object has a separate copy of the instance methods

```
public void eat(){
    System.out.println(name+" is eating dog food")
public void drink(){
    System.out.println(name+" is drinking water")
public void play(){
    System.out.println(name+" is playing")
```



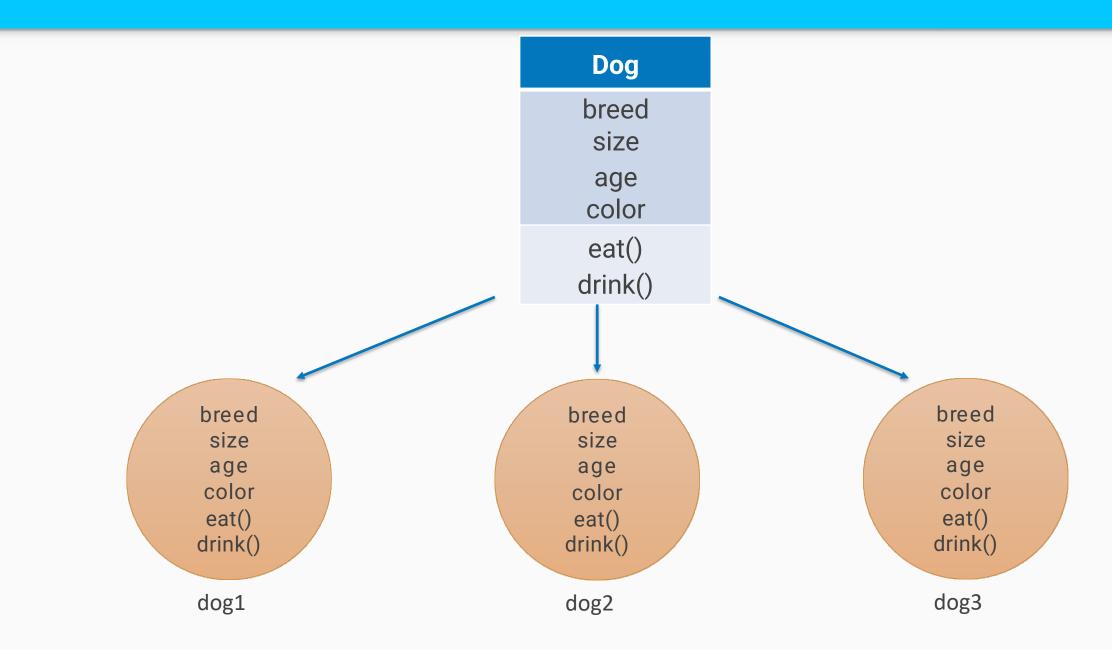
Creating an Object/Instance

The new keyword is used to create an instance of a class





Instances





Accessing an object's Data and Methods

• An Object's members refer to it's data fields and methods. After object is created its data can be accessed and its methods can be invoked using the dot operator (.)

```
dog1.breed = "Maltese";
dog1.size = "Small";
dog1.age = 2;
dog1.color = "white";

dog1.eat();
dog1.play();
```



Class vs Object

Class	Object
Class is a collection of similar objects	Object is an instance of a class
Class is conceptual (is a template)	Object is real
No memory is allocated for a class	Each object has its own memory
Class can exist without any objects	Objects can not exist without a class

