1-Write sql query that returns the model and production year of all red cars

select model,prodution_year from car where color = 'red';

	L
model	prodution_year
IMPALA GOLF	2010 1980

2 rows in set (0.000 sec)

B-Write a relational algebra expression that does part?

 π model,production Year σ color=red (CAR)

2-Write sql query that returns the AVAERAGE weight of car models per brand?

select brand, avg(weight) as avg_weight from model group by brand;

	L
brand	 avg_weight
gm porsche US volkswagen	3000.0000 1350.0000 10000.0000 2500.0000
T	

4 rows in set (0.001 sec)

b-Relational algebra expression

 π brand, AVG(weight) γ brand, avg(weight) (BRAND* AVG(WEIGHT)

3- write sql query that returns name person who own green cars produced by folkswagen

Write algebra?

```
select owner from owns where car=(select license from car where
color='green' and model=(select distinct mid from model where
brand='porche'));
Empty set (0.001 sec)
```

π name, O car=car.license, car.color='green ^ model=model.mId^ model.brand='proche'(OWNS* CAR* MODEL)

4-— write an sql queries that create a new relation driverlicense that records information about drivers license of persons this relation should have attributes Person, license Nr, state, issueDate, status. A driver license is uniquely identified by the combination of license Nr and state. Attribute Person is a foreign key to the relation Person. Note that the license Nr is a alphanumeric value that is precisely 11 character long. Attribute status is a single character attribute that either takes the following two values.: A (active) or S (supended). Attribute state is a 2 character state code(e.g IL> Illinois)

```
create table driver_license2 (Person varchar(20) REFERENCES
person_car,license_Nr varchar(11),state varchar(20), issueDate
varchar(20), status varchar(2));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.245 sec)

MariaDB [npudb1]> select * from driver_license2;
Empty set (0.001 sec)
```

5- write sql query that returns the license plate number (attribute license) and color of car owned by persons who are less than 18 years old.

```
elect license, color from car where license in (select car from owns where owner in (select name from person_lab where age<18)); 
Empty set (0.001 sec)
```

6—write sql query that returns the se per state (persons state)

select p.state, count(p.state) from person_lab p inner join owns o on p.name=o.owner group by p.state;

state	count(p.state)
CA	1
IL	2

7—write an sql query that returns states without any porsche cars. That is a state should be returned if no person in that state own s car without brand porsche.

select state from person_lab where name not in (select owner from owns
where car not in (select license from car where model='PORSCHE 510'));

```
+----+
| state |
+----+
| NY |
```

8- write an sql query that insert a new car model into the database with mId(model ID),brand US, and wright 10000.

insert into model values('US 101','US',10000);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.046 sec)

MariaDB [npudb1]> select * from model;

+	+	
mid	brand	weight
porsche 510 porsche 310 impala golf US 101	porsche porsche gm volkswagen US	1300 1400 3000 2500 10000

9-write an sql statement that updates brand of all car models to GM if their current brand is Volkswagan and their weight is less than 2000

update model set brand='GM' where brand='volkswagen' and weight <
2000;</pre>

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.000 sec) Rows matched: 0 Changed: 0 Warnings: 0

MariaDB [npudb1]> select * from model;

-	 mid	+ brand	+ weight	+
	porsche 510 porsche 310 impala golf	porsche porsche gm volkswagen	1300 1400 3000 2500	 in
		F		т

4 rows in set (0.000 sec)