

TDD Lab: Test-Driven Development and Coverage

Maryam , Nahid

Task 1: Rövarspråket

Screenshot of Test Coverage HTML Report

File ▲	statements	missing	excluded	branches	partial	coverage
Task1_Rover.py	25	0	0	14	0	100%
Total	25	0	0	14	0	100%

Figure 1: Task 1 Coverage Report

What Types of Coverage Are Measured?

The coverage report measures:

- **Statement Coverage:** Measures whether each executable line of code was executed by the tests.
- **Branch Coverage:** Measures whether all decision paths (true and false outcomes of conditional statements) were executed.

What Was the Code Coverage Percentage Achieved?

The implementation file `Task1_Rover.py` achieved:

- **100% Statement Coverage**
- **100% Branch Coverage**

This means all executable lines and all logical paths in the implementation were exercised by the unit tests.

Describe the Bug(s) Found in the Code

The following bugs were identified:

- The lowercase consonant list was missing the letter g, so "g" was not encoded correctly.
- The uppercase consonant list was missing the letter D, so "D" was not encoded correctly.
- In the decode function, uppercase decoding used "0" instead of lowercase "o", which caused incorrect pattern matching for encoded uppercase consonants (e.g., "BoB" was not decoded).

Which Test Case(s) Revealed the Bug(s)?

The following unit tests revealed the defects (they initially failed):

```
def test_enrove_g_should_encode(self):
    self.assertEqual(self.rv.enrove("g"), "gog")

def test_enrove_uppercase_D(self):
    self.assertEqual(self.rv.enrove("D"), "DoD")

def test_derove_uppercase_consonant_B(self):
    self.assertEqual(self.rv.derove("BoB"), "B")
```

How Did You Fix the Bug(s)?

- Added the missing letters g and D to the lowercase and uppercase consonant lists in `Task1_Rover.py`.
- Corrected the decoding pattern by replacing uppercase "O" with lowercase "o" in the decode logic.
- After these changes, all tests passed and the coverage reached 100% for the implementation file.

Task 2: Pattern Cipher

Equivalence Class Table

The following table maps each test case to its corresponding equivalence class:

Test Case	Equivalence Class
None	Null Input
""	Empty String
"123"	Non-alphabetic Input
"!@"	Special Characters
"level"	Palindrome (Lowercase)
"Noon"	Palindrome (Case-Insensitive)
"hello"	Repeated Letters
"cat"	Unique Letters
"Python"	Unique Letters with Case Preservation
"a"	Single Letter Boundary Case
"ab"	Two Unique Letters
"aa"	Two Same Letters (Palindrome + Repeated Conflict)

Screenshot of Test Coverage HTML Report

File ▲	statements	missing	excluded	branches	partial	coverage
cipher.py	11	0	0	8	0	100%
Total	11	0	0	8	0	100%

Figure 2: Task 2 Coverage Report

Types of Test Coverage Measured

The following coverage metrics were measured:

- **Statement Coverage:** Ensures every executable line in the code was executed.
- **Branch Coverage:** Ensures all decision paths (true and false outcomes of conditional statements) were executed.

Code Coverage Percentage Achieved

The file `cipher.py` achieved:

- 100% Statement Coverage
- 100% Branch Coverage

This indicates that all logical paths and all executable lines were fully tested.