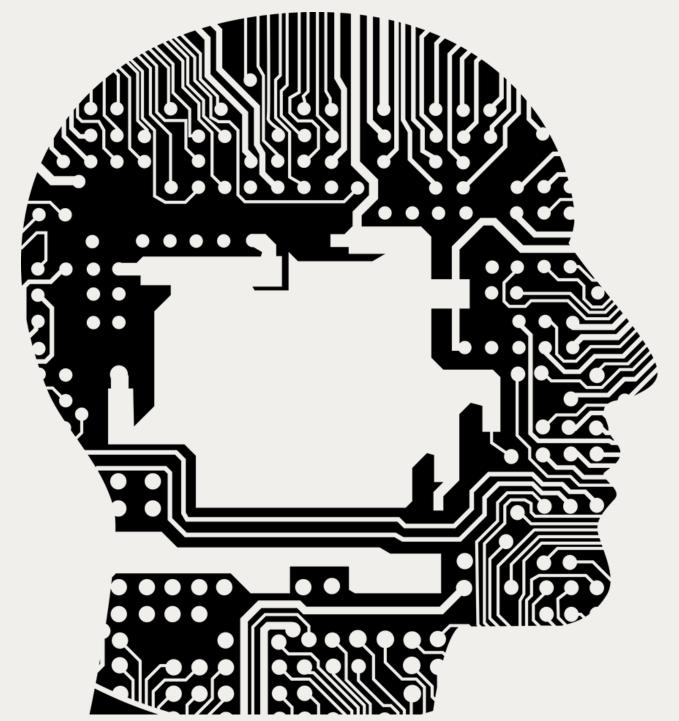
SIGN LANGUAGE RECOGNITION SYSTEM

MACHINE LEARNING PROJECT

MARYAM AHMED

TOOBA BIBI

MNABEEL KHAN







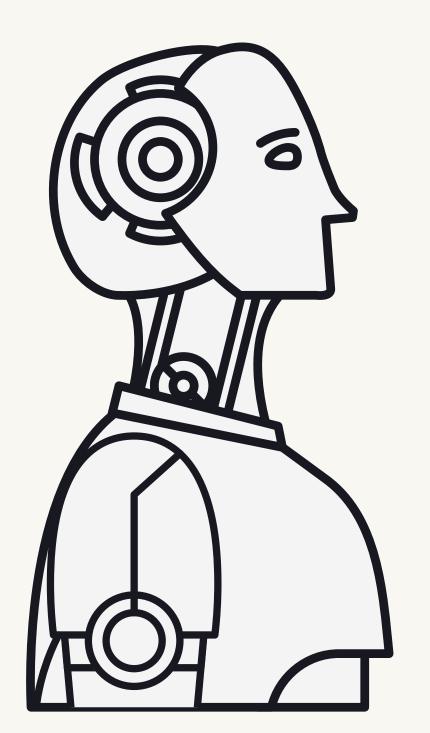


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2. METHODOLOGY

3. RESULTS





INTRODUCTION

PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Difficulty for the deaf community to communicate
- lack of understanding of sign language in the community
- difficulty in their every day life



INTRODUCTION

AIM

 To create and automated system for sign language recognition



INTRODUCTION

OBJECTIVES:

- To recognize alphabetic and numerical hand gestures images
- To accurately classify the alphabetic and numeric images to their meaning
- To recognize and classify alphabetic and numeric images on a live camera feed



METHODOLOGY

DATASET

- 37 hand gestures: numerical gestures of
 0-9 and alphabetical gestures for A-Z
- total of 1500 images for each gesture

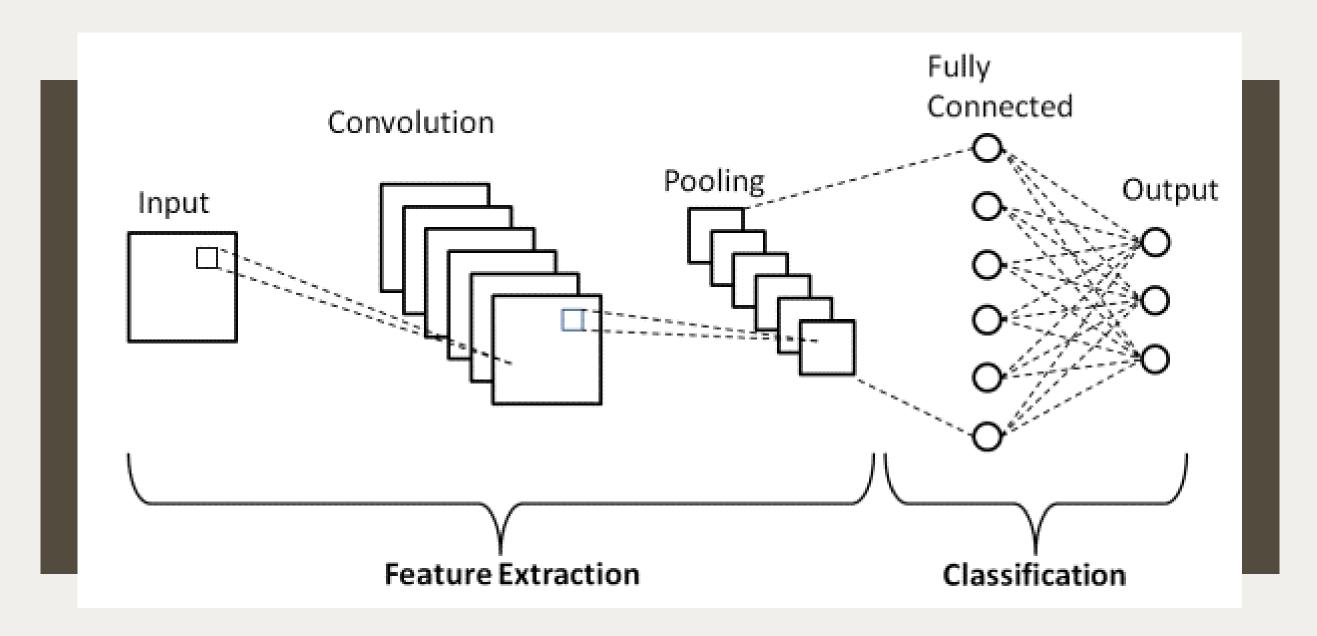


Data distributed into 3 sets:

- Training set:1050 images
- Validation set:150 images
- Testing set:300 images

CLASSIFIER USED:

CNN



MODEL VGG16:

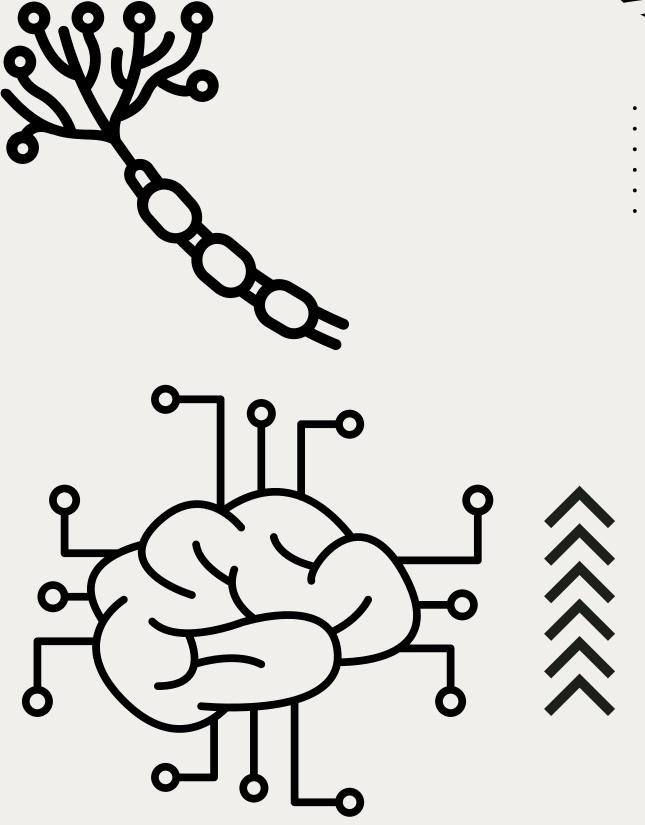
3 LAYER

ARCHITECTURE



Why CNN

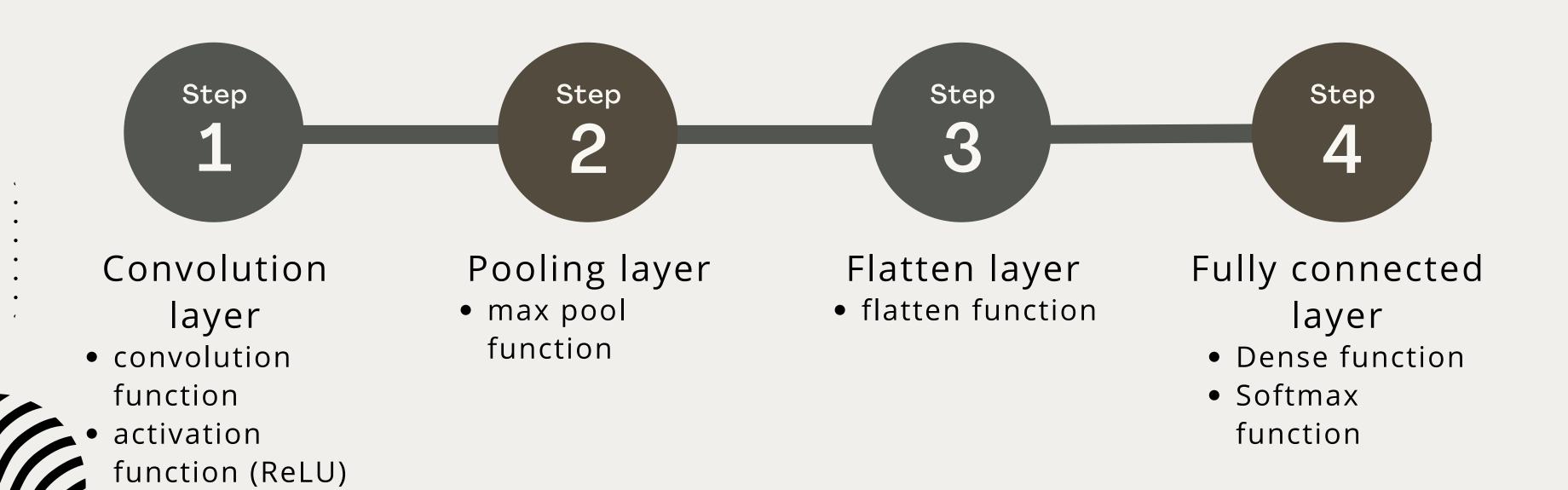
- 1. Detects features without human supervision
- 2. Has parameter sharing which reduces the number of computations
- 3. Has dimensionality reducing features
- 4. CNN is feed forward while RNN is feed backwards
- 5. It is easy to understand and fast to implement
- 6. It has the highest accuracy among all the algorithms
- 7. CNN can handle images while RNN can only handle text





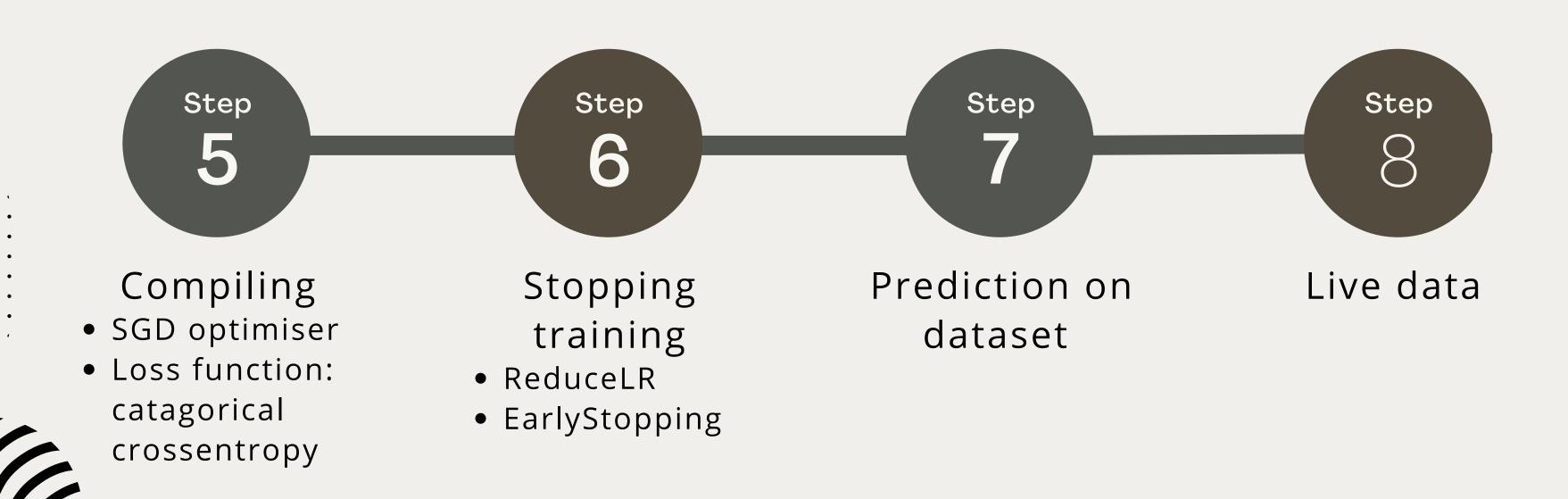
Timeline





Timeline





Results

Accuracy of each epoch

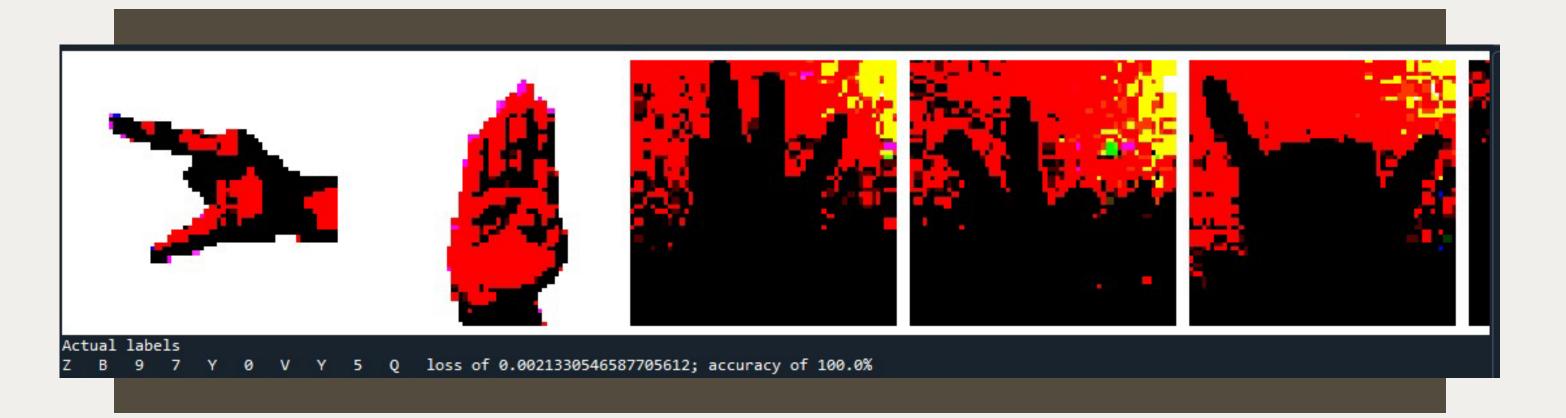
```
Epoch 1/10
Epoch 3/10
Epoch 5/10
Epoch 6/10
Epoch 8/10
Epoch 10/10
loss of 0.001920111128129065; accuracy of 100.0%
```





Results

Gesture images with correct predictions











Meet our awesome team

