

Release Notes

Intel® QuickAssist Technology

Hardware Version 2.0

Production Validation Release

November 2022

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CHAPTER

ONE

RELEASE NOTES

1.1 Description of Release

Important: The Intel[®] QAT Software Package (Hardware Version 2.0) release is a production validation release. The rest of the platform is not yet in production.

This document describes extensions and deviations from the release functionality described in the Programmer's Guide.

For instructions on loading and running the release software, refer to the Getting Started Guide (refer to the *Related Documentation* section).

1.1.1 Revision History

Table 1: Revision History

Version	Description	Date
1.01	Updates for PV Release	November 2022
1.00	Updates for PC 4S/8S Release	November 2022
0.99	Updates for PC 2 Release	September 2022
0.98	Updates for PC 1 Release	August 2022
0.97	Updates for Beta 8S Release	May 2022
0.96	Updates for Alpha 8S Release	February 2022
0.95	Updates for Beta Release	October 2021
0.9	Updated package and checksum details	June 2021
0.8	Updated with known issues	May 2021
0.7	Updates for Alpha Release	April 2021
0.6	Updated with known issues	February 2021
0.5	Initial Release	October 2020

1.1.2 Features

- Sym/Asym Crypto.
- TLS1.3 elliptical curves Montgomery encryption (curve 25519 and curve 448).
- Data Compression with CnV for Deflate and LZ4/LZ4s algorithms and CnVnR for Deflate and LZ4s.
- · Telemetry.
- Power Management.
- SM3/SM4.
- Scalable IOV (sIOV).
- Asynchronous E2E support for compression.
- Extended RAS (uncorrectable and fatal error support).

1.1.3 Limitations

- Performance of this release is not indicative of the final performance.
- Symmetric Crypto Sample applications do not run out of box without configuration file update. Refer to the Getting Started Guide for additional information.
- Stateful decompression is not supported.
- Key Protection Technology (KPT) is not currently supported.
- Auto-select best (ASB) is not supported with rolling XXHash32.
- Dynamic Power Management (DPM) is not currently supported.
- Shared Virtual Memory (SVM) and Address Translation is not currently supported.

1.1.4 Supported Operating Systems, Platforms, and Models

The software in this release has been validated with the following configurations.

Table 2: Validated Configuration

OS	Kernel Version	Platform
CentOS 8 Stream	5.15.0-spr.bkc.pc.10.4.11.x86_64	Archer City E4->E5
RedHat 8.6	4.18.0-348.el8.x86_64	Archer City E4->E5

1.1.4.1 Version Numbering Scheme

The version numbering scheme is name.os.major.minor.maintenance-build, where:

- name is "QAT20".
- os is the Operating System: "L" for Linux*.
- *major* is the major version of the software.
- minor is the minor version of the software.
- maintenance-build is the maintenance release and build number.

1.1.4.2 Package Version

The following table shows the OS-specific package versions for each platform supported in this release.

Table 3: Package Version

Chipset or SoC	Package Version
Top-Level Package	QAT20.L.1.0.0-00010

1.1.4.3 Licensing for Linux* Acceleration Software

The acceleration software is provided under the licenses listed in the following table. When using or redistributing dual-licensed components, you may do so under either license.

Table 4: Licensing Details

Component	License	Directories
User Space only components	Berkeley Software Distribution	./quickassist/lookaside/
	(BSD)	access_layer/src/qat_direct
		./quickassist/lookaside/
		access_layer/src/common/crypto/
		asym
		./quickassist/utilities/osal/src/
		linux/user_space
Common User Space and Kernel	Berkeley Software Distribution	./quickassist/build_system
Space Library	(BSD)	./quickassist/include
		./quickassist/lookaside
		./quickassist/utilities/osal (ex-
		cept items in openssl)
adf_ctl	Dual BSD/GNU General Public	./quickassist/utilities/adf_ctl
	License (GPL) v2	
Kernel space driver	GPL v2	./quickassist/qat/drivers
Compatibility layer for older	GPL	./quickassist/qat/compat
kernel versions		
User Space DMAble Memory	Dual BSD/GPL v2	./quickassist/utilities/
Driver		libusdm_drv
Libcrypto*	OpenSSL	./quickassist/utilities/osal/src/
		linux/user_space/openssl
QAT Firmware	Redistribution	./quickassist/qat/fw
Calgary corpus and Canterbury	Public Domain	./quickassist/lookaside/
corpus test files		access_layer/src/sample_code/
		performance/compression

1.1.4.4 SHA256 Checksum Information

The following table provides SHA256 checksum information.

Table 5: SHA256 Checksum Information

Package	SHA256 Checksum
QAT20.L.1.0.0-00010	dce0afdac7b8ea9398e77da52c88c49fa10a2e91f2614b2d3a023331fc6311b7

1.1.5 Intel® QAT API Updates

The Intel® QAT Application Program Interface (API) version number is different from the software package version number

For details on any changes to the Intel[®] QAT APIs, refer to the *Revision History* pages in the following API reference manuals:

- Intel QuickAssist Technology Cryptographic API Reference Manual
- Intel QuickAssist Technology Data Compression API Reference Manual

1.1.6 Technical Support

Intel[®] offers support for this software at the API level only, defined in the Programmer's Guide and API reference manuals listed in the *Related Documentation* section.

1.1.7 Environmental Assumptions

The following assumptions are made about the deployment environment:

- The driver object/executable file on disk should be protected using the normal file protection mechanisms, so it is writable by only trusted users, for example, a privileged user or an administrator.
- The public key firmware image on the disk should be protected using normal file protection mechanisms, so it is writable only by trusted users, for example, a privileged user or an administrator.
- The Intel[®] QAT device should not be exposed (through the *user space direct* deployment model) to untrusted users.
- The Dynamic Random-Access Memory (DRAM) is considered to be inside the trust boundary. The traditional memory-protection schemes provided by the Intel[®] architecture processor and memory controller, and by the OS, is to prevent unauthorized access to these memory regions.
- · Persistent keys were not considered, but the storage media are also considered inside the cryptographic boundary.
- The driver exposed device file should be protected using the normal file protection mechanisms so that it could be opened and read/written only by trusted users.

1.2 Where to Find Current Software

1.2.1 List of Files in Release

The Bill of Materials (BOM), sometimes referred to as the BOM, is included as a text file in the released software package. This text file is labeled a filelist and is located at the top directory level for each release.

1.2.2 Related Documentation

Table 6: Reference Documents and Resources

Title	Number
Intel® QuickAssist Technology for Linux* - Getting Started Guide (Hardware Version 2.0)	632506
Intel® QuickAssist Technology for Linux* - Release Notes (Hardware Version 2.0)	632507
Intel® QuickAssist Technology API Programmer's Guide	330684
Intel® QuickAssist Technology Cryptographic API Reference Manual	330685
Intel® QuickAssist Technology Data Compression API Reference Manual	330686

1.3 Known Issues

The following errata tables are known issues with QAT20.L.0.9.6-00024 release.

1.3.1 QATE20-8981 [Sample Code] sym_dp_update_sample Functional Sample Code application execution will fail

Title	[Sample Code] sym_dp_update_sample Functional Sample Code application execution will
	fail
Reference	QATE20-8981
Description	CPM2.0 hardware does not support the wireless Kasumi F8 algorithm and the associated
	sample code application will fail.
Implication	The sym_dp_update_sample functional applications will fail with the following output:
	main(): Starting Sym Dp Update Sample Code App
	symDpUpdateSample(): cpaCyStartInstance
	initSession(): cpaCySymDpSessionCtxGetSize
	initSession(): cpaCySymDpInitSession
	[error] LacSymSession_ParamCheck() - : Invalid API Param - cipherAlgorithm
Resolution	This will not be resolved as the CPM2.0 hardware does not support this algorithm.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Symmetric

1.3.2 QATE20-9131 [DC] - Incorrect XXHASH32 can be generated when using error injection and buffer overflow occurs when using accumulated XXHASH32

Title	[DC] - Incorrect XXHASH32 can be generated when using error injection and buffer over-
	flow occurs when using accumulated XXHASH32
Reference	QATE20-9131
Description	When using Data Compression service with LZ4 accumulated XXHASH32 sessions in con-
	junction with Error Injection the service will not trigger Recovery mode but shall return a
	CPA_DC_VERIFY_ERROR error instead.
Implication	Recovery mode will not trigger for LZ4 with Error Injection and instead return a Verify
	error: -18 CPA_DC_VERIFY_ERROR.
Resolution	Future Fix
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.3.3 QATE20-9671 [DC] - Accumulated XXHash32 is not supported for LZ4 decompress operations

Title	[DC] - Accumulated XXHash32 is not supported for LZ4 decompress operations
Reference	QATE20-9671
Description	Accumulated XXHash32 enables the calculation of a final XXHash32 that is accumulated
	across all previous requests in a stream. This feature is available for the Compress direction
	only. The decompression flow is not finalized and not currently functional.
Implication	Accumulated XXHash32 is functional for the Compression direction only.
Resolution	Future Fix
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.3.4 QATE20-19310 [DC] Additional configuration required to enable 8K data decompression performance

Title	[DC] - Additional configuration required to enable 8K data decompression performance		
Reference	QATE20-19310		
Description	To utilize compression HW slices to full potential while symmetric service enabled a mod-		
	ified policy needs to be applied for this mode of operation.		
Implication	Decompression performance is not fully realized and limited to ~83% for 8K compressed		
	payloads.		
Resolution	This issue can be resolved by modifying ./quickassist/		
	qat/drivers/crypto/qat/qat_4xxx/adf_4xxx_hw_data.c:50 and changing		
	$dc_me_active_thd_mask = 0x03$; to $dc_me_active_thd_mask = 0x01$; and then re-		
	compile. This modification is for the singular use case where decompression performance		
	at 8K is payloads is required. This will be addressed in a future release.		
Affected OS	Linux		
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression		

1.3.5 QAT20-21905 SVM/AT cannot be enabled when PRS is disabled

Title	SVM/AT cannot be enabled when PRS is disabled.
Reference	QATE20-21905
Description	Shared Virtual Memory(SVM) with Address translation (AT) requires Page Request Support
	(PRS) to be enabled in BIOS. PRS is disabled by default.
Implication	The following error signatures maybe observed if application attempts to use SVM with AT
	when PRS is disabled:
	Following error code is returned an calls to the QAT APIs:
	Unable to get the physical address of the client buffer
	Following message displayed in dmesg when running applications using the QAT APIs:
	DMAR: [DMA Read] Request device [75:00.1] PASID ffffffff fault addr 7fb0c81c0000 [fault
	reason 113] SM: Present bit in first-level paging entry is clear
	Some Telemetry data is not updated in this configuration.
Resolution	PRS should be enabled. For this release, user can enable PRS in BIOS by updating the
	following setting to <i>Enabled</i> :
	Socket Configuration->IIO Configuration->Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)->Opt-Out Il-
	legal MSI Mitigation
	This will be addressed in a future release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - General

1.3.6 QATE20-21751 [VIRT] - Missing VFs on host when attaching to VMs

Title	[VIRT] - Missing VFs on host when attaching to VMs
Reference	QATE20-21751
Description	When listing VFs on the host with any amount of VFs attached to a virtual machine, you
	may see missing VFs reported on the host.
Implication	For every virtual machine with an attached VF you may observe two less VFs reported on
	the host.
Resolution	When assigning a VF to a virtual machine always start with the ones with the highest BDF
	and work back. This workaround ensures no missing VFs on the host.
	This will be addressed in a future release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	4xxx Kernel module

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1.3.7 QATE20-22999 [Sample Code] Functional sample applications will fail if service is not enabled on first QAT Endpoint

Title	[Sample Code] Functional sample applications will fail if service is not enabled on first QAT
	Endpoint
Reference	QATE20-22999
Description	When sample application is executed which requests service that is not enabled on the first
	endpoint, the application will fail.
Implication	If first endpoint is configured with asym, running application that uses symmetric such as
	ccm_sample will fail with following error signatures even if other endpoints enable sym-
	metric crypto.
	# ./ccm_sample
	main(): Starting CCM Sample Code App
	algChainSample(): cpaCyStartInstance
	algChainSample(): Generation-Encryption Process
	algChainSample(): cpaCySymSessionCtxGetSize CCM encrypt
	[error] cpaCySymSessionCtxGetSize() - : The instance handle is the wrong type
	algChainSample(): cpaCyStopInstance
	algChainSample(): Sample code failed with status of -1
Resolution	Workaround is to enable neccessary service on the first endpoint.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Symmetric

1.3.8 QAT20-23616 [Firmware] Shared Virtual Memory (SVM) with Address Translation (AT) disabled

Title	[Firmware] Shared Virtual Memory (SVM) with Address Translation (AT) disabled
Reference	QAT20-23616
Description	When running QAT workloads with AT enabled under loaded traffic conditions, memory
	page corruption may occur.
	Intel is looking at a possible workaround for the problem, and until then the QAT
	firmware/Driver will not make use of or enable SVM with AT.
Implication	It is not currently possible to run with SVM and AT.
Resolution	Current workaround is disabling SVM with AT.
Affected OS	All
Driver/Module	CPM Firmware

1.3.9 QAT20-18924 [MCC] MCC SKUs may consume more power than expected

Title	[MCC] MCC SKUs may consume more power than expected
Reference	QAT20-18924
Description	Due to Power Management changes in MCC platforms one QAT device in every socket is permanently clock gated when not processing requests which leads to inevitable heartbeat failures and device resets. Current FW workaround increases power consumption by keeping QAT in active state. Intel is working on workaround that does not have impact on power consumption.
Implication	Higher power consumption is possible
Resolution	This is no workaround currently available.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM Firmware

1.3.10 QAT20-20272 [XCC/MCC] Spurious heartbeat failures may be observed on some SKUs

Title	[XCC/MCC] Spurious heartbeat failures may be observed on some SKUs
Reference	QAT20-20272
Description	Time tracking in FW is inaccurate due to power management causing that frequency of HW
	counter that is used as reference for time measurements appears lower lower than expected.
	This may lead to delayed heartbeat and telemetry updates when devices become idle. Intel
	is working on workaround that removes dependency on the HW counter.
Implication	No functional impact, these messages can be ignored.
Resolution	This is no workaround currently available.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM Firmware

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1.4 Resolved Issues

1.4.1 QATE20-3331 [Sample Code] Functional Sample Code Compression applications execution will fail

Title	[Sample Code] Functional Sample Code Compression applications execution will fail
Reference	QATE20-3331
Description	Due to internal implementation details of QAT2.0 Data Compression, there are additional
	constraints on the expected output buffer sizes for compression operation.
	The current output buffer sizes are not sufficiently large enough to accommodate the com-
	pression operations involved. This will be addressed in later software releases where an API
	will be made available to determine at runtime the correct output buffer size to be allocated.
Implication	These functional applications will fail with the following output:
	./dc_dp_sample: [error] dcCompression_ProcessCallback() - : Unrecoverable error: state-
	less overflow. You may need to increase the size of your destination buffer
	./dc_stateless_multi_op_sample: [error] dcCheckDestinationData() - : Invalid API Param -
	Destination buffer size should be greater or equal to 512 bytes
	./dc_stateless_sample: compPerformOp(): Results status not as expected (status = -11)
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.5.5 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Compression

1.4.2 QATE20-9755 [SRIOV] RLT_ERRLOG may be reported under high concurrent loads

Title	[SRIOV] RLT_ERRLOG may be reported under high concurrent loads
Reference	QATE20-9755
Description	The following error may be reported when running high concurrency loads on Virtual Ma-
	chines:
	4xxx 0000:6b:00.0: AT_GLOBA L0_PAR_STS[0], 00000000,
	AT_GLOBAL1_PAR_STS[0],
	00000000, AT_PAR_STS[0], 00000000
	4xxx 0000:6b:00.0: RLT_ERRLOG[0],00000001, UERRSSMSHAD[0],00000000,xxxvf
	0000:6b:00.7: Fatal error received from PF 0x1
	This relates a counter flow and does not have a functional impact to the operation of SR-IOV
	Virtual Functions.
Implication	Additional debug prints in dmesg may be observed.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.5.5 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Virtualization

1.4.3 QATE20-9669 [DC] - Deflate Dynamic Decompression not optimized for payloads of source length < 4K, destination length <= 16K

Title	[DC] - Deflate Dynamic Decompression not optimized for payloads of source length < 4K,
	destination length <= 16K
Reference	QATE20-9669
Description	Current data path operations are not optimized for all traffic profiles.
Implication	Expected performance profile for this release does not meet expectations. This can be ob-
	served with performance sample code when using 8K payloads that are compressed in HW
	and where throughput metrics are then reported for the decompress direction.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.5.5 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.4.4 QATE20-9394 [SRIOV] Virtual Functions (VFs) are not automatically detached by hypervisor after Physical Function (PF) restart

Title	[SRIOV] Virtual Functions (VFs) are not automatically detached by hypervisor after Phys-
	ical Function (PF) restart
Reference	QATE20-9394
Description	The following error may be encountered when attempting to detach SR-IOV VFs:
	error: Failed to detach device pci_0000_6b_00_1
	error: Requested operation is not valid: PCI device 0000:6b:00.1 is in use by driver QEMU,
	domain <name></name>
Implication	VFs are not automatically detached by hypervisor after PF restart, requiring a VM shutdown.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.5.5 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Virtualization

1.4.5 QATE20-3860 [SR-IOV] Virtual Functions (VFs) require restart after changing Physical Function (PF) Service configuration

Title	[SR-IOV] Virtual Functions(VFs) require restart after changing Physical Function(PF) Ser-
	vice configuration
Reference	QATE20-3860
Description	Each CPM PF is configurated with at most 2 services (Symmetric Crypto, PKE, Data Com-
	pression), this is shared with all VFs on the same PCIe endpoint whereby default each PF is
	configurated to use Symmetric + Data Compression services.
	If a change in enabled services is required then the normal operating procedure is to recon-
	figure PF and re-create the VFs.
Implication	Following PF and associated VF reconfiguration ./adf_ctl status may report all VFs being
	operational, however applications can report:
	ADF_UIO_PROXY err: icp_adf_userProcessToStart: Error reading
	/dev/qat_dev_processes file.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.5.5 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - SRIOV - PF/VF comms

1.4. Resolved Issues

1.4.6 QATE20-10981 [DC] EOLB incorrectly set during stateful decompression

Title	[DC] EOLB incorrectly set during stateful decompression
Reference	QATE20-10981
Description	The application that performs the decompression may stop decompressing the remaing de-
	flate blocks if it is testing the endOfLastBlock field in CpaDcRqResults structure.
Implication	The application that performs the decompression may stop decompressing the remaing de-
	flate blocks if it is testing the endOfLastBlock field in CpaDcRqResults structure.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.8.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM FW - Compression

1.4.7 QAT20-10966 DC - Invalid checksum value returned with multi-Gzip payload

Title	DC - Invalid checksum value returned with multi-Gzip payload
Reference	QAT20-10966
Description	The issue happens with stateless decompression when submitting a payload with multiple
	GZip frames. During the decompression of the second GZip frame, the checksum returned
	by QAT device is incorrect. It does not match the CRC32 checksum reported in the Gzip
	footer.
Implication	The application will fail to validate the checksum of the decompressed data against the check-
	sum in the GZip footer.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.8.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Compression

1.4.8 QATE20-9756 [DC] - autoSelectBestHuffmanTree flag parameter is not honored by acceleration library

Title	[DC] - autoSelectBestHuffmanTree flag parameter is not honored by acceleration library
Reference	QATE20-9756
Description	The autoSelectBestHuffmanTree parameter in CpaDcSessionSetupData is treated as FALSE
	by acceleration library.
Implication	Applications cannot currently set autoSelectBestHuffmanTree. This could result in lower
	compressibility.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.8.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.4.9 QATE20-11081 [DC] - API cpaDcResetSession() does not reset E2E internal structure

Title	[DC] - API cpaDcResetSession() does not reset E2E internal structure
Reference	QATE20-11081
Description	The issue happens with stateless decompression when submitting a payload with multiple
	GZip frames. If the application calls cpaDcResetSession() API after the first Gzip frame has
	been processed. It will not reset the various checksums defined in dc_integrity_crc_fw_t.
Implication	Application will see unexpected checksums after calling cpaDcResetSession() API.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.8.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.4.10 QATE20-9501 [DC] - Overflow can occur when using output buffer sizes defined by the cpaDcCompressBound API with Dynamic Deflate compression operations under concurrent execution

Title	[DC] - Overflow can occur when using output buffer sizes defined by the cpaDcCompress-
	Bound API with Dynamic Deflate compression operations under concurrent execution
Reference	QATE20-9501
Description	The internal calculation for optimal output buffer size for a given input and session config-
	uration when using the cpaDcCompressBound API can yield overflow conditions. This has
	been observed under concurrent SW thread execution in particular with LZ4s and Dynamic
	Deflate requests being concurrently processed.
Implication	An application using the cpaDcCompressBound API may require overflow handling until
	the refinement of the algorithm completes.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.9.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.4.11 QATE20-9764 [DC] - XXHash32 Checksum is not correct on Overflow when Flush Final is set

Title	[DC] - XXHash32 Checksum is not correct on Overflow when Flush Final is set
Reference	QATE20-9764
Description	When the Accumulated XXHash is used, for the last request if the CPA_DC_OVERFLOW
	(-11) occurs, this ceases checksum accumulation.
Implication	The user application will observe a CPA_DC_OVERFLOW (-11).
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.9.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.4. Resolved Issues

1.4.12 QATE20-9078 [CY] Concurrent sym;asym services not supported by Performance Sample Code (cpa_sample_code)

Title	[CY] Concurrent sym;asym services not supported by Performance Sample Code
	(cpa_sample_code)
Reference	QATE20-9078
Description	If symmetric and asymmetric crypto is enabled in QAT configuration files, the driver will
	report error when running performance sample code (cpa_sample_code).
Implication	It is not possible to currently test symmetric crypto and asymmetric crypto with performance
	sample code (cpa_sample_code) on one test run.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.9.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.4.13 QATE20-10480 [DC] - LZ4 compression request may result in a timeout event (-16 CPA_DC_WDOG_TIMER_ERR)

Title	[DC] - LZ4 compression request may result in a timeout event (-16
	CPA_DC_WDOG_TIMER_ERR)
Reference	QATE20-10480
Description	When executing LZ4 compression requests, a watchdog timer timeout error (error code -16)
	may be returned to the application.
Implication	No data will be produced by QAT HW and error code -16 will be reported to the application.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.9.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM FW - Data Compression

1.4.14 QAT20-10606 [Configuration] - Device configurations files are not copied to /etc/ for physical devices on systems with > 2 sockets

Title	[Configuration] - Device configurations files are not copied to /etc/ for physical devices on
	systems with > 2 sockets
Reference	QAT20-10606
Description	The installation scripts will not create configuration files in /etc/
Implication	Devices on sockets >2 will not be brought up and will be reported as being in the "down"
	state.
	The following status will be observed: qat_dev0 - type: 4xxx, inst_id: 0, node_id: 0, bsf:
	0000:6b:00.0, #accel: 1 #engines: 9 state: up qat_dev7 - type: 4xxx, inst_id: 7, node_id:
	1, bsf: 0000:f8:00.0, #accel: 1 #engines: 9 state: up qat_dev8 - type: 4xxx, inst_id: 8,
	node_id: 2, bsf: 0001:6b:00.0, #accel: 1 #engines: 9 state: down qat_dev9 - type: 4xxx,
	inst_id: 9, node_id: 2, bsf: 0001:70:00.0, #accel: 1 #engines: 9 state: down qat_dev15
	- type: 4xxx, inst_id: 15, node_id: 3, bsf: 0001:f8:00.0, #accel: 1 #engines: 9 state: down
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.9.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Configuration

1.4.15 QAT20-12942 [DC] - Overflow can occur when using output buffer sizes defined by the cpaDcCompressBound API with Dynamic Deflate compression operations under concurrent execution

Title	[DC] - Overflow can occur when using output buffer sizes defined by the cpaDcCompress-
	Bound API with Dynamic Deflate compression operations under concurrent execution
Reference	QAT20-12942
Description	The internal calculation for optimal output buffer size for a given input and session config-
	uration when using the cpaDcCompressBound API can yield overflow conditions. This has
	been observed under concurrent SW thread execution in particular with LZ4s and Dynamic
	Deflate requests being concurrently processed.
Implication	An application using the cpaDcCompressBound API may require overflow handling until
	the refinement of the algorithm completes.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.9.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.4.16 QAT20-11092 [SRIOV] Default number of VF devices is not available for 4S+ platform

Title	[SRIOV] Default number of VF devices is not available for 4S+ platform
Reference	QAT20-11092
Description	When installing VFs in default configuration on 4S+ platform, some of the VFs are not
	usable.
	e.g. Sample application execution fails with error message:
	[error] SalCtrl_AdfServicesStartedCheck() - : Sal Ctrl failed to start in given time
	[error] do_userStart() - : Failed to start services
Implication	Sample code application is not usable, some of the devices are down.
Resolution	This is resolved with the 0.9.0 release.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	N/A

1.4.17 QATE20-9754 [DC] - Deflate Decompression Overflow may result in a timeout event (-16 CPA DC WDOG TIMER ERR)

Title	[DC] - Deflate Decompression Overflow may result in a timeout event (-16
	CPA_DC_WDOG_TIMER_ERR)
Reference	QATE20-9754
Description	When utilizing either stateless/stateful Deflate Decompression sessions, under certain con-
	ditions an overflow event may cause watchdog timer timeout error and the driver will report
	a timeout event (-16 CPA_DC_WDOG_TIMER_ERR).
Implication	The user application will observe a CPA_DC_WDOG_TIMER_ER (-16) error rather than
	CPA_DC_OVERFLOW (-11).
Resolution	Issue is resolved with updated silicon.
Affected OS	Linux
Driver/Module	CPM IA - Data Compression

1.4. Resolved Issues 15