

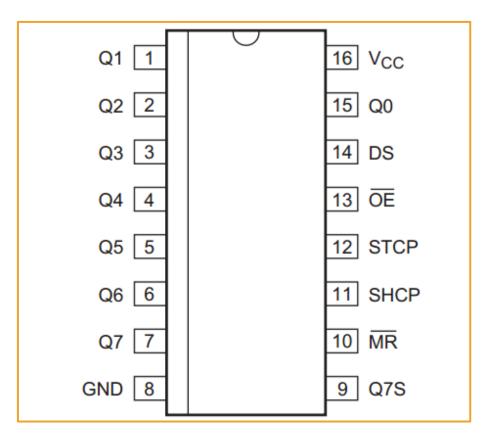
SN74HC595 drives 4-digit digital tube Experiment

74HC595 Introduction

The 74HC595 is a CMOS shift register containing 8-bit serial input and parallel open-drain output that provides data to a register with three-state output. Shift register and storage register, respectively, have an independent clock respectively, the shift register 74 hc595 are needed with the highest priority (SRCLR) directly in the end, serial input (DS) used to cascade of serial output at the next higher level, when the output enable (OE) is a high end, 74 hc595 are needed in parallel in a high impedance state, output for the low level is enabled for parallel output.

Both the shift register clock SHCP and the storage register clock STCP are raised edge triggers.

Pinning information





Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
Q0	15	parallel data output 0
Q1	1	parallel data output 1
Q2	2	parallel data output 2
Q3	3	parallel data output 3
Q4	4	parallel data output 4
Q5	5	parallel data output 5
Q6	6	parallel data output 6
Q7	7	parallel data output 7
GND	8	ground(0V)
Q7S	9	serial data output
MR	10	master reset(active low)
SHCP	11	shift register clock input
STCP	12	storage register clock input
OE	13	output enable input(active low)
DS	14	serial data input
Vcc	16	supply voltage

Experiment Purpose

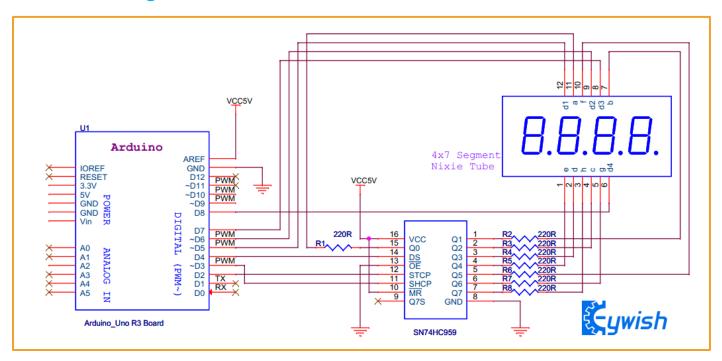
In this experiment, we used Arduino to drive the serial output to 74HC595, and then the parallel port of 74HC595 to drive a common cathode four-digit digital tube. Then driven directly by the Arduino digital tube of a foot, this experiment using eight 220 Ω resistance limit current role, let the dynamic display of digital tube digital has been reduced to 0 from 9.

Component List

- Keywish Arduino UNO R3 mainboard
- ◆ 4-7Segment cathode tube * 1
- ◆ SN74HC595 * 1
- 220 Ω resistor* 8
- Several jumper wires



Schematic Diagram



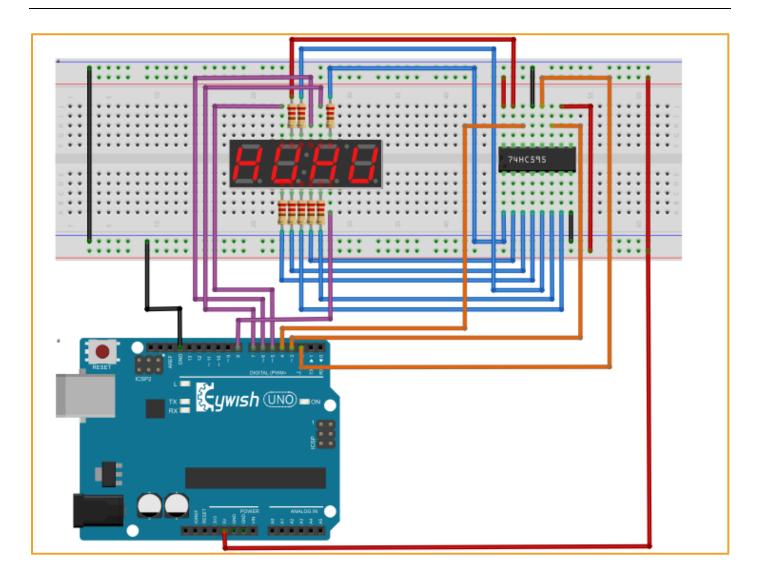
Wiring of Circuit

arduino Uno	SN74HC595
2	12(STCP)
3	11(SHCP)
4	14(DS)

arduino Uno	7 Segment nixie tube
5	12
6	9
7	8
8	6

SN74HC595	7 Segment nixie tube
15	11
1	7
2	5
3	2
4	1
5	10
6	5
7	3







Code

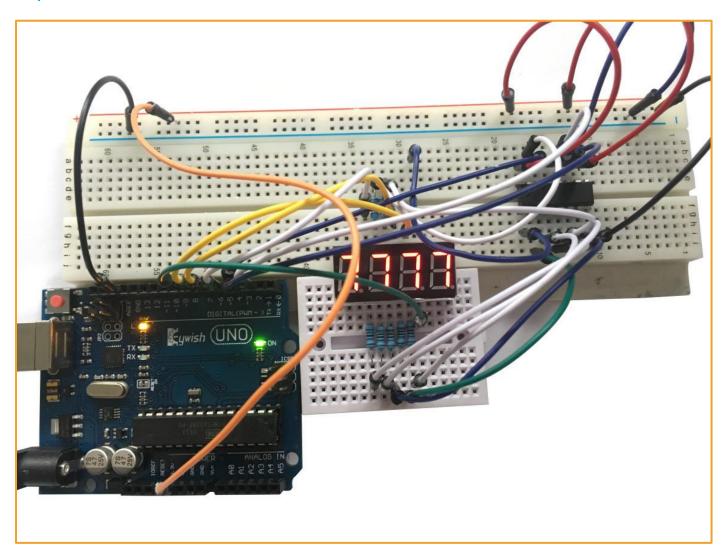
```
#define BIT CHOICE 1
#define BIT CHOICE 2 6
#define BIT_CHOICE_3 7
#define BIT CHOICE 4 8
#define STCP PIN 2
#define SHCP PIN 3
#define DATA PIN 4 //define stcp shcp ds pin
int BIT CHOICE[4]= {BIT CHOICE 1 ,
BIT CHOICE 2 ,BIT CHOICE 3,BIT CHOICE 4};// 4x8bit
unsigned char
DisplayNumble [10] = \{0x00, 0x6F, 0x7F, 0x07, 0x7D, 0x6D, 0x66, 0x4F, 0x5B, 0x06\};
void setup()
{
   pinMode(STCP PIN,OUTPUT);
   pinMode(SHCP PIN,OUTPUT);
   pinMode(DATA PIN,OUTPUT); //set stcp shcp ds pin putput mode
    for(int i=0;i<4;i++)</pre>
         pinMode(BIT CHOICE[i],OUTPUT);
         digitalWrite(BIT CHOICE[i], HIGH);
    }
}
void nixie_pin_chioce_set(int value)
    for (int i=0; i<4; i++)</pre>
         digitalWrite(BIT_CHOICE[i],value);
    }
}
```



```
void loop()
{
   int i=0;
   for(i = 9; i>=0 ;i-- ) // numble 9 - > 0 down
   {
       nixie_pin_chioce_set(HIGH);
       digitalWrite(STCP_PIN,LOW);
       shiftOut(DATA_PIN,SHCP_PIN,MSBFIRST,DisplayNumble[i]); //serial
       shift out put display numble
       digitalWrite(STCP_PIN,HIGH);
       nixie_pin_chioce_set(LOW);
       delay(1000);
   }
}
```



Experiment Result



Mixly programming program