## 1. LCS + DP

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#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int max(int x, int y);
// Function to find length of LCS for S1[0..m-1], S2[0..n-1]
int lcs(const char *S1, const char *S2) {
  int m = strlen(S1);
  int n = strlen(S2);
  // Initializing a matrix of size (m+1)*(n+1)
  int dp[m + 1][n + 1];
  // Building dp[m+1][n+1] in bottom-up fashion
  for (int i = 0; i \le m; i++) {
     for (int j = 0; j <= n; j++) {
        if (i == 0 || i == 0)
           dp[i][j] = 0;
        else if (S1[i - 1] == S2[j - 1])
           dp[i][j] = dp[i - 1][j - 1] + 1;
        else
           dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]);
     }
  }
  return dp[m][n];
}
int max(int x, int y) {
  return (x > y)? x: y;
```

```
}
   int main() {
      const char *S1 = "AGGTAB";
      const char *S2 = "GXTXAYB";
      printf("Length of LCS is %d\n", lcs(S1, S2));
      return 0;
   }
2. 0/1 knapsack
   #include <stdio.h>
   // Online C compiler to run C program online
   #include <stdio.h>
   int max(int a, int b) { return (a > b) ? a : b; }
   int knapSack(int C, int n, int weight[], int value[])
   {
      int i, k;
      int dp[n + 1][C + 1];
     // Build table dp[][] in bottom up manner
     for (i = 0; i \le n; i++) {
        for (k = 0; k \le C; k++) {
           if (i == 0 || k == 0)
             dp[i][k] = 0;
           else if (weight[i-1] <= k){
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dp[i][k] = max(value[i-1]

+ dp[i - 1][k - weight[i-1]],

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dp[i - 1][k]);
        }
        else
           dp[i][k] = dp[i - 1][k];
     }
  }
   return dp[n][C];
}
int main()
{
   int value[] = { 15,10, 9, 5};
   int weight[] = \{ 1, 5, 3, 4 \};
   int C = 8;
   int n = sizeof(value) / sizeof(value[0]);
   printf("%d", knapSack(C, n, weight, value));
   return 0;
}
```