WebRTC란?

MashUp Node팀 15기 세미나

최재영

0. 🏓 실시간 스트리밍의 종류

1. RTMP : Flash 기반, 낮은 지연

2. HLS: HTTP 기반, 안정적이지만 5~10초 지연 발생

3. WebRTC : P2P, 가장 낮은 지연, 설치 필요없음

1. WebRTC의 역사

2011년, 구글이 오픈소스로 공개

브라우저끼리 "플러그인 없이" 실시간으로 데이터를 주고받자!

"실시간 양방향 통신"을 위한 기술

그럼 Youtube는?



Mesh

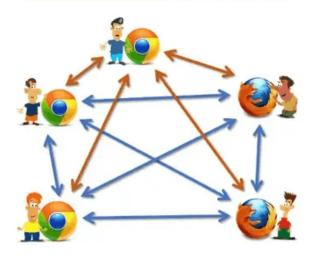
Connections:	4 10	
Uplink:	4 mbps	
Downlink:	4 mbps	
Total:	20 mbps	

MCU

Connections:	1 5	
Uplink:	1 mbps	
Downlink:	1 mbps	
Total:	10 mbps	

SFU

Connections:	5 25	
Uplink:	1 mbps	
Downlink:	4 mbps	
Total:	25 mbps	

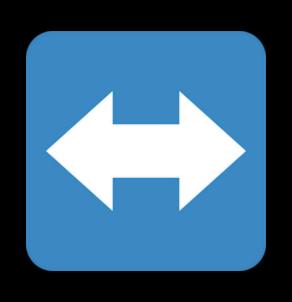






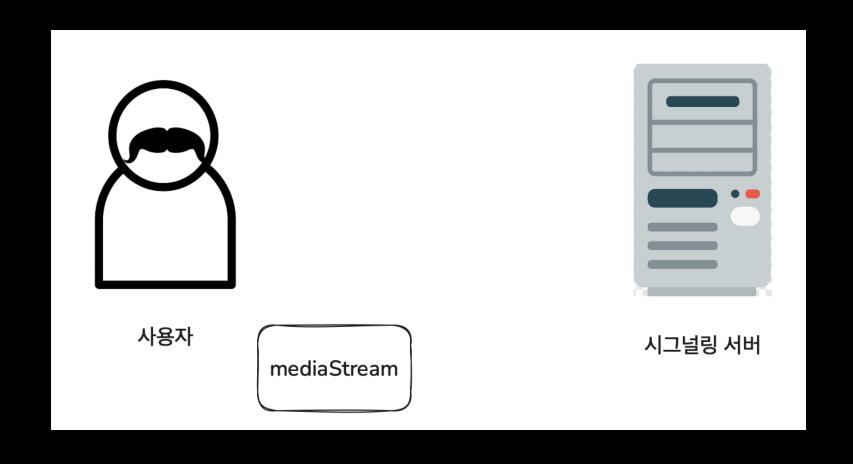


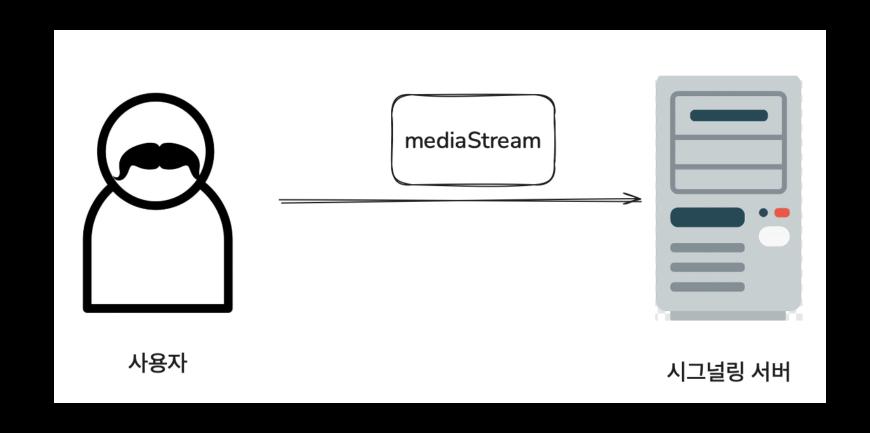




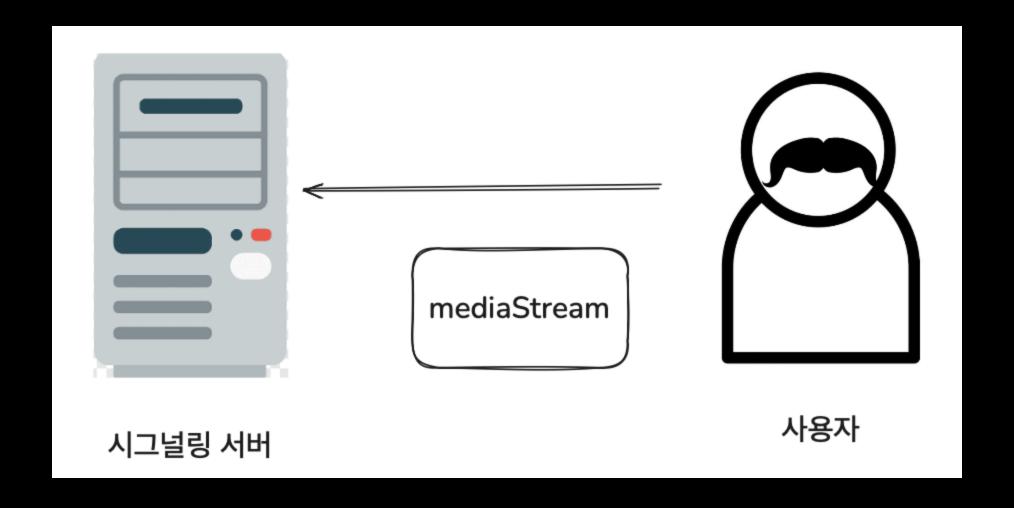


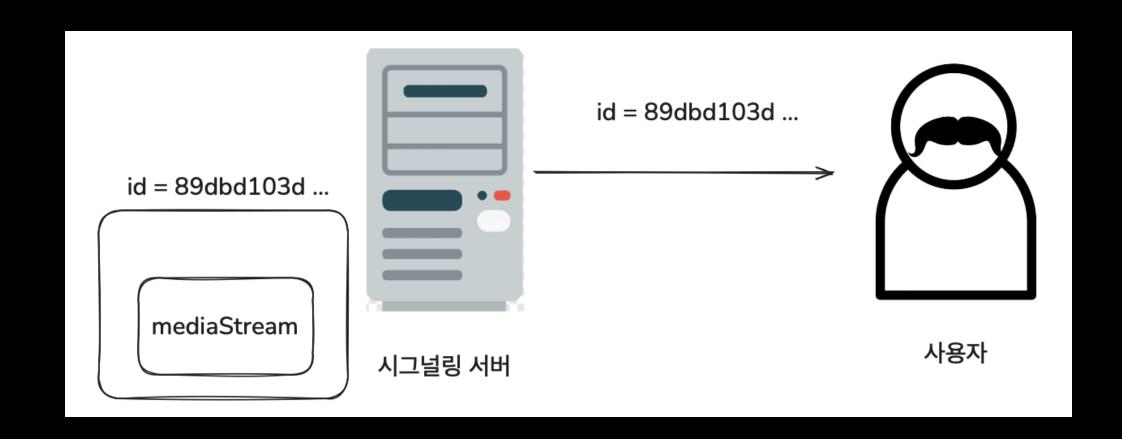
실시간 양방향 스트리밍

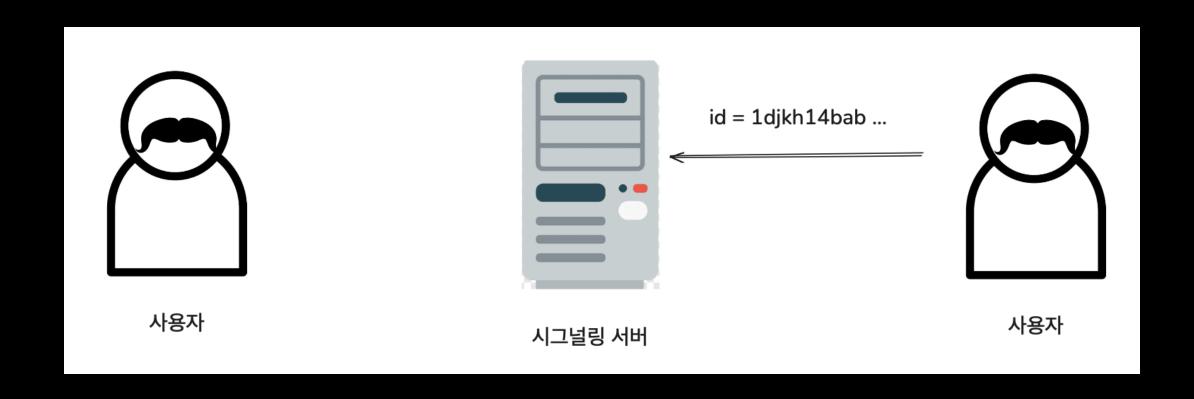


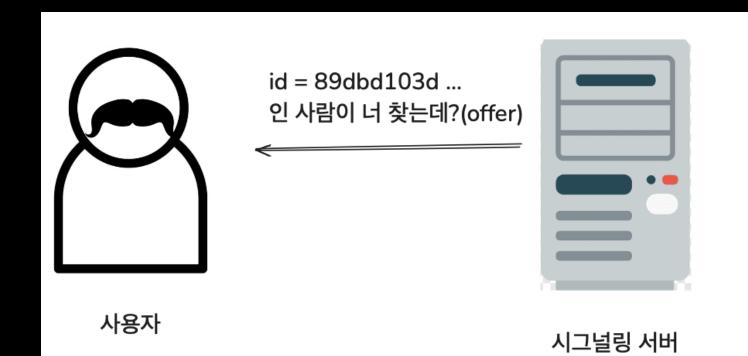


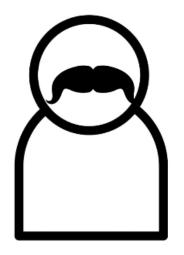




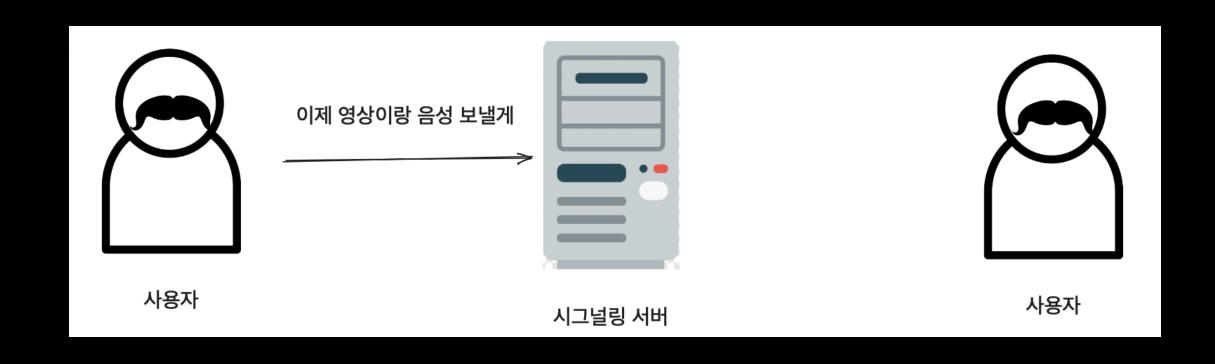


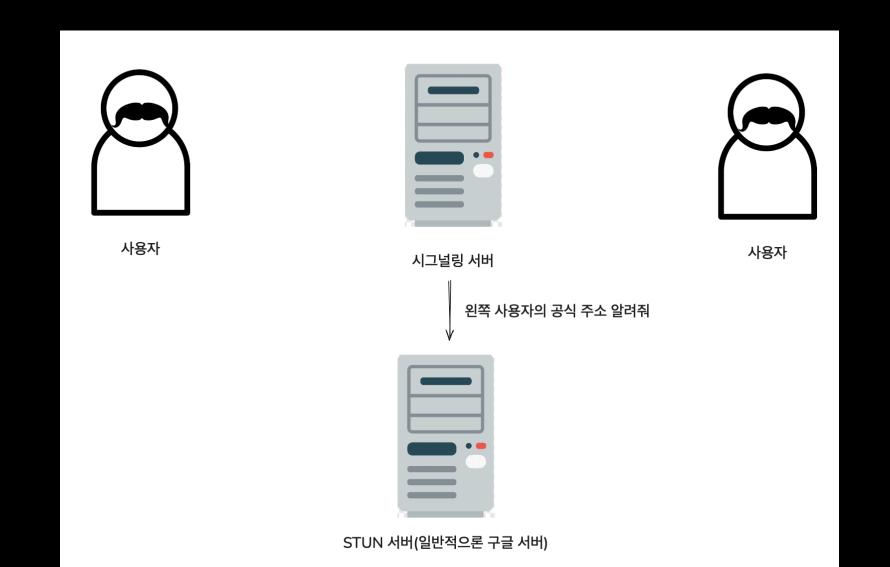


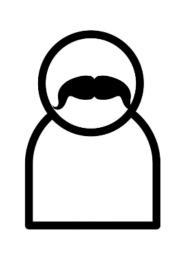




사용자



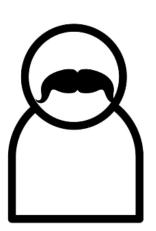




사용자



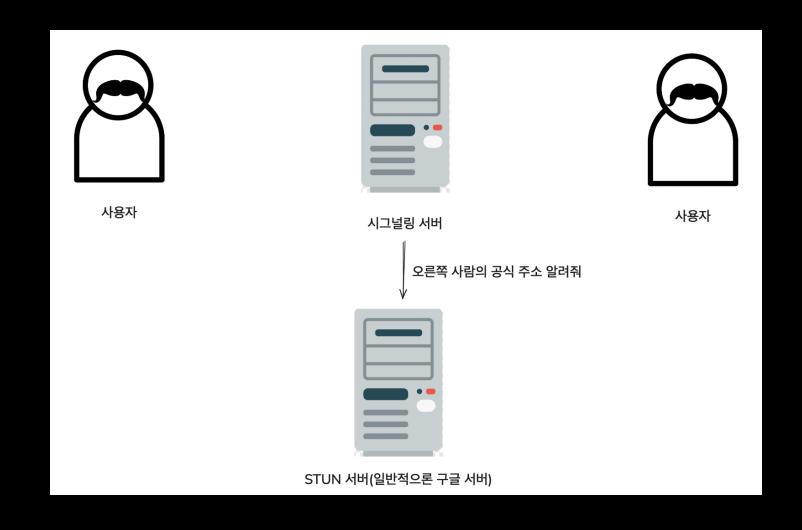
왼쪽 사용자의 정보 알려줄게 (공식 주소, 음성, 영상)

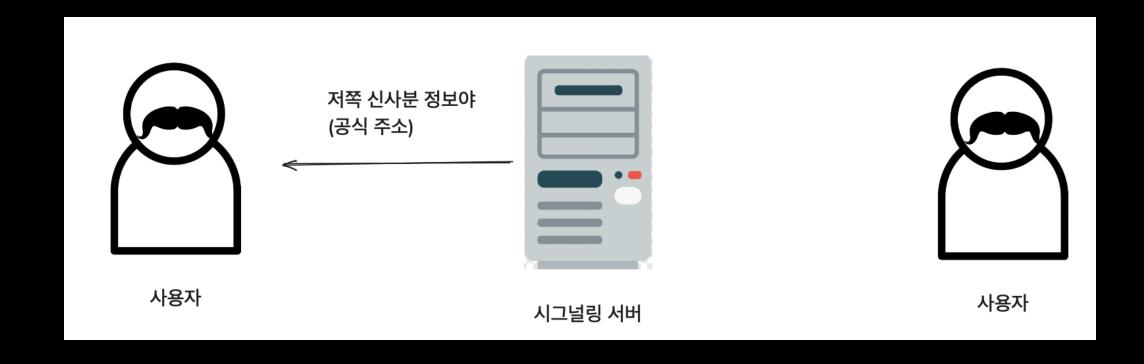


사용자

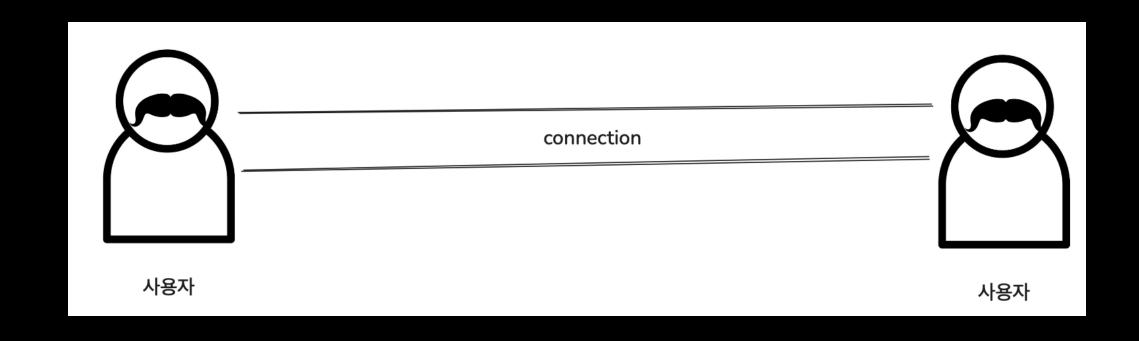
시그널링 서버







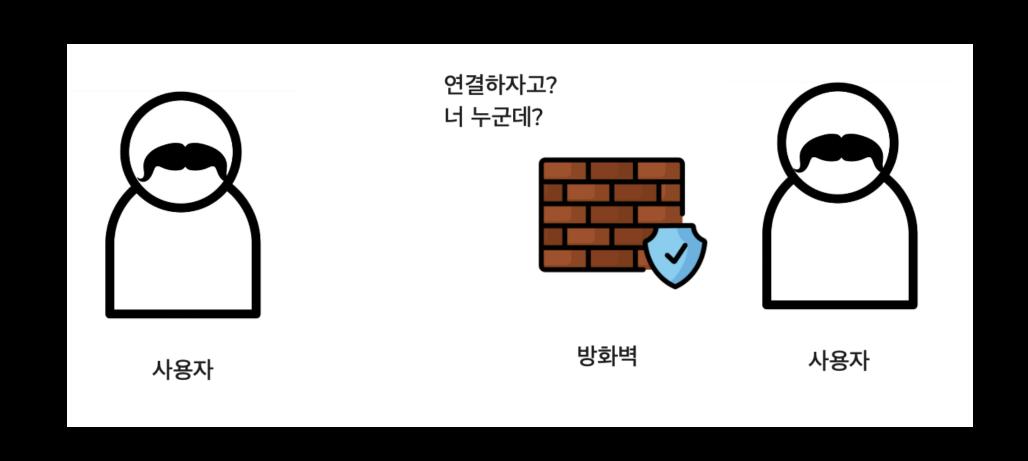




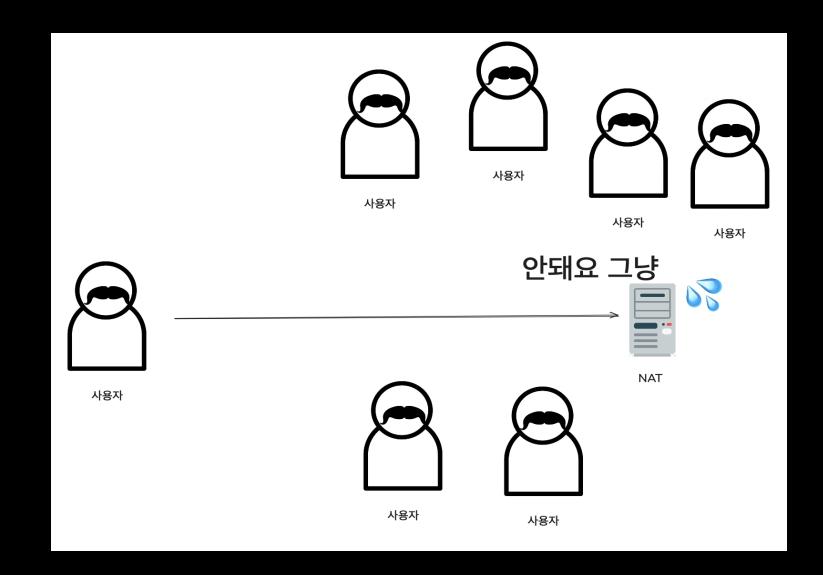
3. WebRTC 실습

- 1. git clone ~
- 2. cd 10min-seminar/15th-최재영-webrtc/code/
- 3. npm install
- 4. node server.js
- 5. 127.0.0.1:3011/client.js

4. WebRTC 한계 - 방화벽

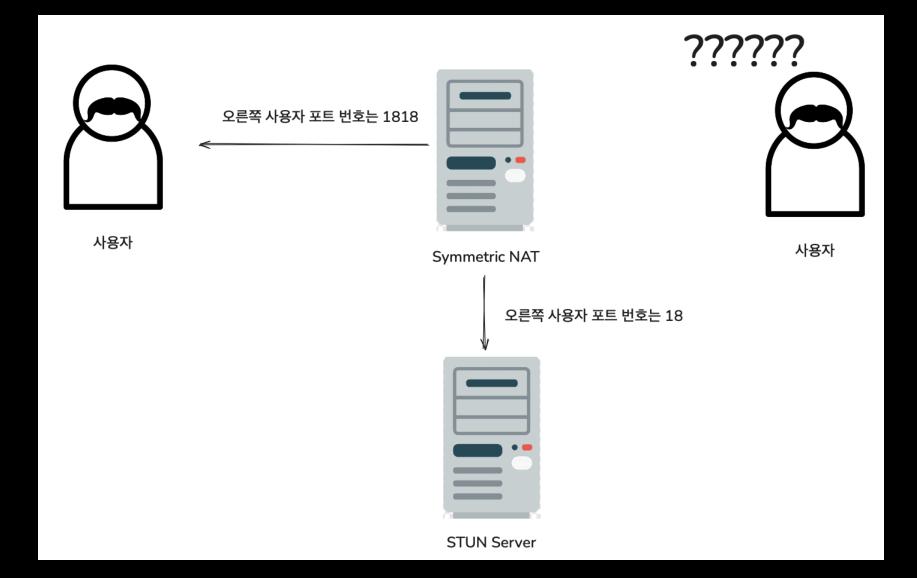


4. WebRTC 한계 - 환경

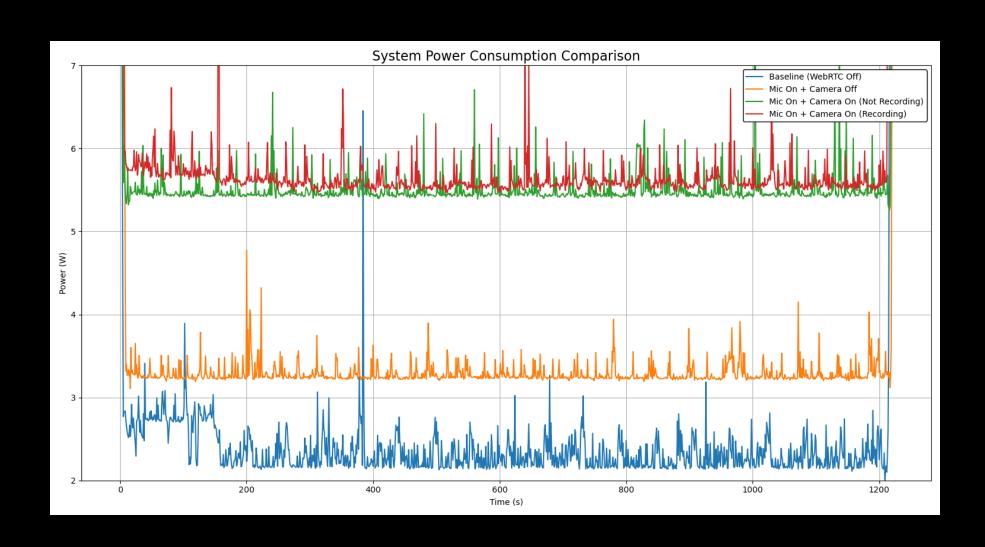


4.

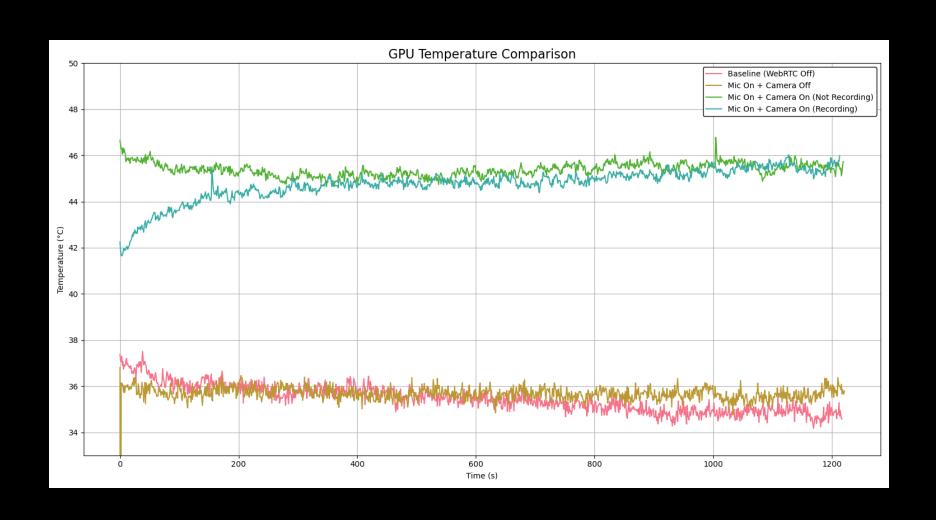
WebRTC 한계 - NAT



4. WebRTC 한계 - 부하



4. WebRTC 한계 - 부히



5. WebRTC 개선 방향

SFU 개선 결과

Mesh vs. SFU

	Mesh 5명	SFU 5명
시스템 소비 전력	13.42W	11.58W
CPU 온도	65.89°C →	55.10°C
P-CPU 점유율	17.64%	9.11%
네트워크 트래픽	14.4Mbps	9Mbps

5. VebRTC 개선 방향

