



# RECOMMENDATION SYSTEMS

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# Introduction

- Our hybrid recommendation system offers personalized movie suggestions, enhancing user experience on streaming platforms.
- It combines collaborative filtering and content-based filtering to deliver accurate recommendations.
- The system improves user engagement and satisfaction.
- It provides valuable insights into audience preferences.
- Benefits include enhanced experiences for end users, improved engagement for streaming platforms, and valuable data for studios.



# DATASET OVERVIEW

## Movies DataFrame:

- **Entries:** 9,742
- **Columns:** `movieId`, `title`, `genres`

## Ratings DataFrame:

- **Entries:** 100,836
- **Columns:** `userId`, `movieId`, `rating`

## Tags DataFrame:

- **Entries:** 3,683
- **Columns:** `userId`, `movieId`, `tag`

## Links DataFrame :


- **Entries:** 9,742
- **Columns:** `movieId`, `imdbId`, `tmdbId`



# DATA CLEANING AND PREPROCESSING

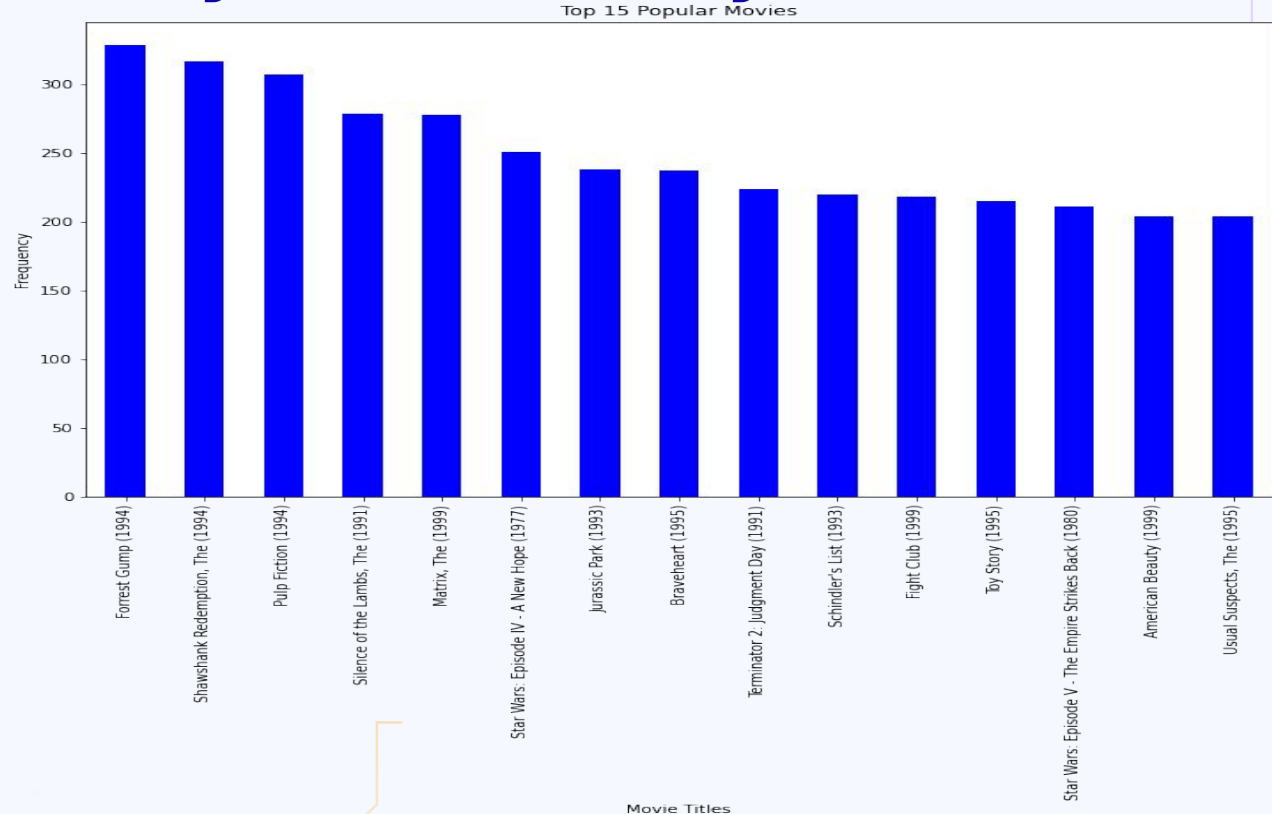
- The datasets had no missing values and duplicated rows

## **Merging Movies and Ratings Datasets**

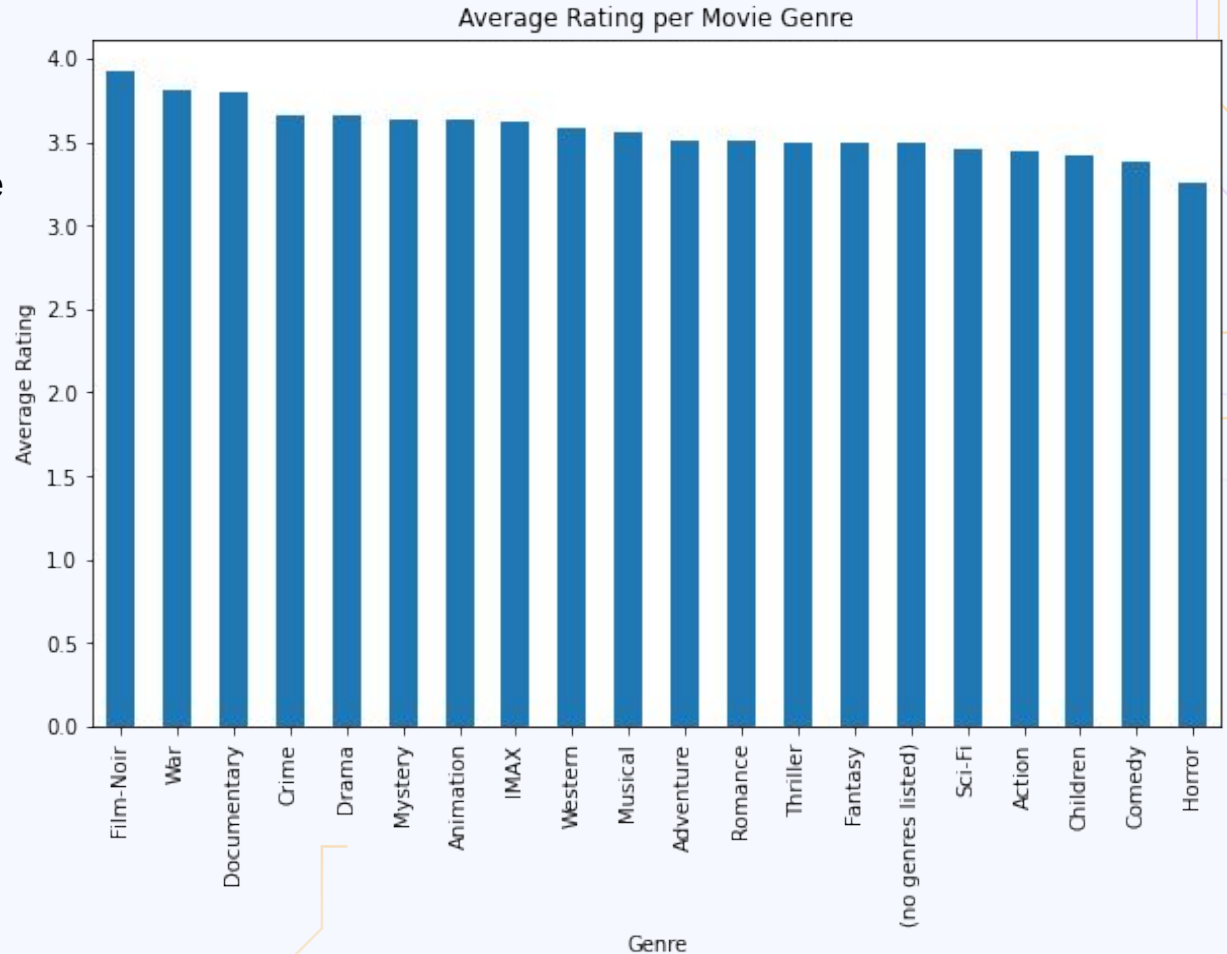
- The movies\_df and ratings\_df Data Frames are merged using the movieId column as the key.
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# Exploratory Data Analysis

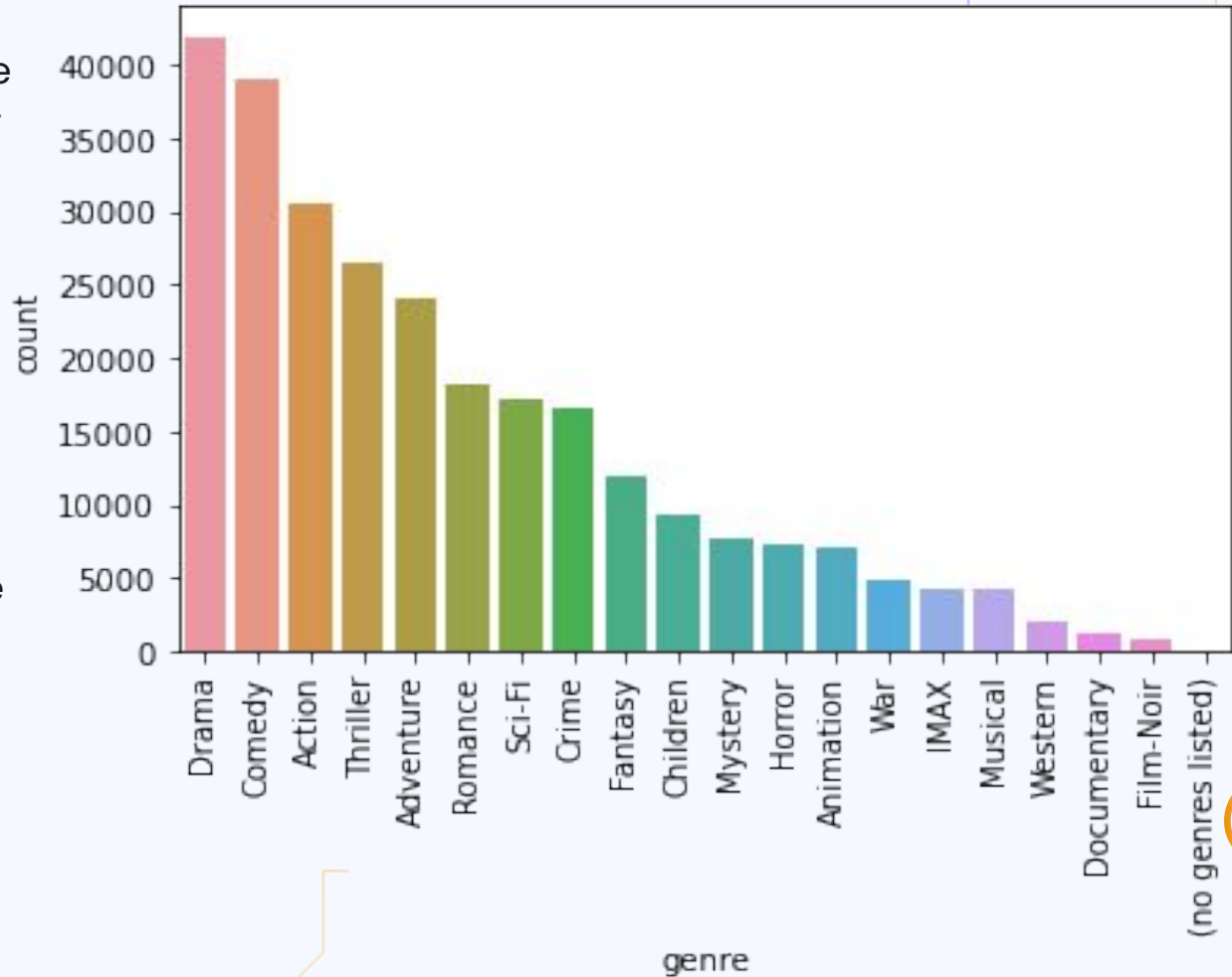
The bar chart titled "Top 15 Popular Movies" shows that **Forrest Gump (1994)** has the highest frequency of mentions, while **The Usual Suspects (1995)** has the lowest among the top 15. This highlights the most popular movies based on frequency, providing insights into audience preferences.



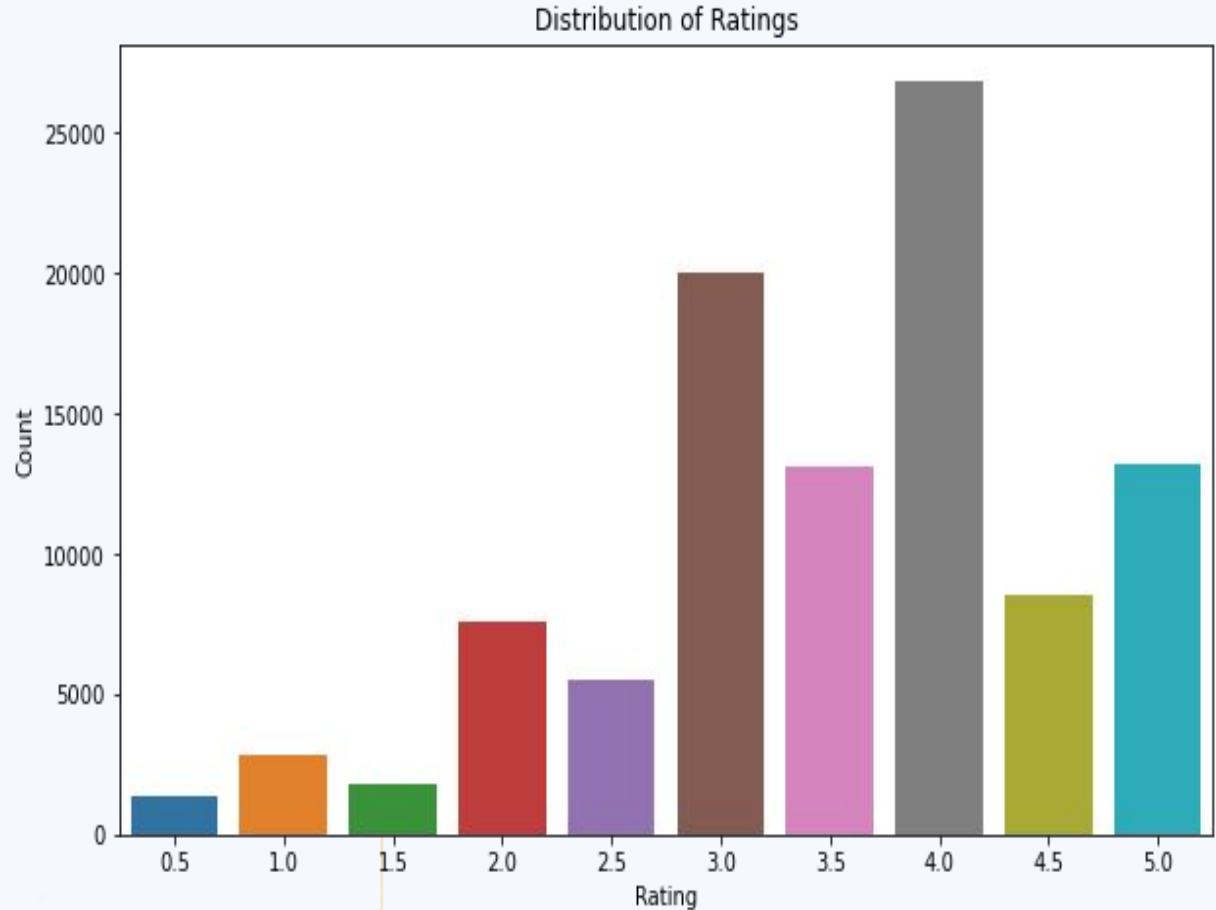
The bar chart titled "Average Rating per Movie Genre" shows that **Film-Noir** has the highest average rating, while **Horror** has the lowest. It highlights the varying average ratings across different movie genres, providing insights into audience preferences.



- Dominant genres like Drama and Comedy should be prioritized in recommendations, as they are most popular.
- Recognizing lesser-represented genres can enhance diversity and personalization in recommendations.



- The bar chart above shows the distribution of ratings in the dataset.
- This distribution suggests a positive skew, with higher ratings being more common.





# PREPARING DATA



Filter Relevant Columns



Define Rating Scale



Load Data into Surprise – we used ``Dataset.load_from_df`` to format the data for collaborative filtering.



Divide data into training (80%) and testing (20%) sets using ``train_test_split``.

# MODELLING

## COLLABORATIVE FILTERING USING SVD

- Employs Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) to predict user ratings based on historical data.
- Technique that relies on user-item interactions to predict user preferences.

### SVD Model:

- Matrix factorization technique that decomposes the user-item interaction matrix into latent factors.

### Performance Metrics:

- Evaluated using RMSE and MAE:
  - **RMSE:** 0.8688
  - **MAE:** 0.6681

## **CONTENT-BASED FILTERING USING COSINE SIMILARITY**

- Recommends movies based on similarities in content
- Computing the cosine similarity matrix based on the TF-IDF vectors.

## **HYBRID RECOMMENDATION SYSTEM**

- Combines collaborative filtering (SVD) and content-based filtering (cosine similarity) to provide more accurate and diverse recommendations.
- Generates recommendations by leveraging both user interaction data and content similarity.

# RESULTS AND PERFORMANCE

## **Collaborative Filtering (SVD):**

- RMSE: 0.8688, MAE: 0.6681

## **KNN Model:**

- RMSE: 0.9414, MAE: 0.7193

## **Hyperparameter Tuning:**

- Best RMSE score for SVD: 0.866918163661489
- Best RMSE score for KNNBasic: 0.9311428065101948

# CONCLUSIONS

- The hybrid system demonstrates exceptional accuracy (RMSE: 0.8688) in predicting user ratings, ensuring personalized recommendations.
- The hybrid approach addresses the cold-start issue by using content-based filtering for new users, ensuring everyone receives valuable recommendations.
- By offering personalized and timely recommendations, the system boosts user engagement and satisfaction, leading to higher retention.
- The system is designed for continuous improvement with additional features, real-time updates, and user feedback integration

# RECOMMENDATIONS

- Incorporate a wider range of movies, genres, and user interactions to improve accuracy and cater to diverse preferences.
- Regularly re-tune SVD and KNN model hyperparameters with GridSearchCV to ensure optimal performance.
- Allow users to rate and provide feedback on recommendations to continuously refine the algorithms.

# Thank You!

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