CZ4042 Tutorial 1 NN basics

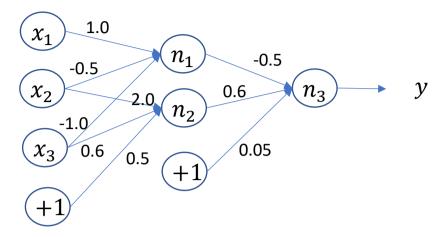


Figure 1.

- 1. Figure 1 shows a three-layer feedforward neural network receiving 3-dimensional inputs  $(x_1, x_2, x_3) \in \mathbb{R}^3$ . The connection weights and biases of the neurons  $n_1, n_1$ , and  $n_3$  are indicated in the figure. The hidden-layer neurons have activation functions given by  $g(u) = \frac{1.0}{1 + e^{-0.5u}}$  where u indicates the synaptic input to the neuron. The activation function f(u) of the output neuron is a ReLU function:  $f(u) = \max\{0, u\}$ .
  - a. Write weight vectors and biases connected to individual neurons, and the weight matrix and bias vector connected to the hidden layer.
  - b. Find the synaptic inputs and activations of the neurons for the following input signals:
    - (i) (1.0, -0.5, 1.0) (ii) (-1.0, 0.0, -2.0) (iii) (2.0, 0.5, -1.0).

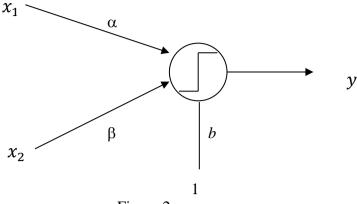


Figure 2

- 2. Two input binary neuron shown in figure 2 has a unit step activation function with bias b = 0.5 and receives two-dimensional input  $(x_1, x_2) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ .
  - (a) Find the space of possible values of weights  $(\alpha, \beta)$  if the neuron is
    - (i) ON for input (1.0, 1.0)
    - (ii) ON for input (0.5, -1.0)
    - (iii) OFF for input (2.0, -0.5).
  - (b) Indicate the weight space in 2-D  $\alpha$ - $\beta$  plot and show that (-0.2, 0.2) is in this space.
- 3. The network shown in figure 3 consists of neurons having threshold activation functions and receives three-bit binary patterns  $(x_1, x_2, x_3) \in \{0,1\}^3$ . By analyzing the outputs for all possible three-bit input patterns, determine the logic function that the network implements. All unlabeled weights shown in figure 3 are of unity weight.

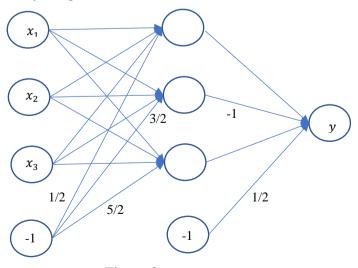


Figure 3