

Mason Competitive Cyber

[Intro to Game Hacking]



Why?



- Builds and practices skills that a security researcher needs
- Like a CTF, but with no flags
- Makes for a nice project to add to a resume
- Get to work in a group on something fun on anyone's schedule
- Teaches you to create/analyze malware

Resume



Really bad example:

I epically pwned fortnight with my 1337 skillz

More reasonable (but still bad) example:

Hacked into online multiplayer game and gave myself infinite ammo

Good example:

Reverse engineered a game binary and utilized DLL injection to force a win condition using Ghidra, x64dbg, and C.

- Focus more on the techniques and tools than the exploit or game

- Be sure to mention if you worked in a group.

Tips/Advice



- Work in groups (You can't divide knowledge)
- Keep it legal (I'm serious on this one)
- Gather evidence of your process and write a report about your project
- Don't be frustrated if you fail at first or don't understand things, this takes months/years to learn and longer to master
- Don't touch anti cheat (especially kernel-level)
- This isn't a job, it's just used to refine and build skills

The Basics



- Learning the Hexadecimal system, assembly, and how memory works is important
- You will learn most of these as you go, no need to study beforehand
- Assembly follows the 80-20 rule
- Hex/file editing is a good starting point for those with no experience
- Cons to file editing:
 - Incredibly easy to detect
 - Doesn't work on most games
 - Mostly guesswork and chance

External Hacks



- Utilizing the windows API to latch onto a game
- Allows access to pre-allocated memory
- Demands prior analysis of addresses
- Must learn how pointers (multi and single-level) work
- Normally requires a script (C, C++, C#)
- This technique is used by some malware
- Cons to external hacks:
 - Also easy to detect (though not nearly as much as file editing)
 - Not much room to grow

Internal / DLL Injection



- The big one
- More advanced technique, but is used by all kinds of malware (not always on disk, but still)
- Need to create both a loader to add the path and the malicious DLL
- Far more control and power than external
- If you learn game hacking for one reason it should be to learn DLL Injection
- Cons to DLL Injection:
 - Decently high learning curve
 - Can be overkill

What does it do?

- File Integrity Checks
- String Detection for cheat tools
- AntiDebug
- Obfuscation detection
- Signature Based Detection
- Memory Integrity Checks
- Virtualization Detection
- Kernel Drivers which block process access token creation & more

If you couldn't make it



Summary for those who couldn't make it:

- Work in groups
- Build up to DLL injection, then make/analyze malware
- Used to refine and build skills, not an actual profession

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