Mason CC Advanced Track

Weird Forensics featuring CSAW



Upcoming CTFs



- Capital One
 - Chat me, it's a Tuesday in early October, probably not too late
- CSAW
 - Totally fun
 - Online
 - Part of Cybersecurity Awareness Week
 - No membership limit

Club Updates



- Site updated dramatically
- New logo
- Rooms confirmed
 - See competitivecyber.club
- Most of talks confirmed
 - See competitivecyber.club
 - Paul runs basic track, I run advanced track
 - We get guests
- Booz Allen CTF
- First sponsor approach
 - Ask is \$1,000, mainly to cover shirts and CCDC

New Logo





Using Our VM



• If you have our VM, just run **meeting next**

If you don't, **at your own risk (best in Kali)**, do: curl -s https://competitivecyber.club/commands/next|bash

as root

We aren't responsible if your VM breaks

What are we calling "Forensics"



- "Insert Dictionary.com reference here"
- Looking at files very carefully
 - In unexpected fashion
- Looking at systems very carefully
 - Thoroughly
- Specifically in a CTF context

Theory



- Different ways to read data
 - Strings, hex editor, conventional plaintext
 - Encrypted data pulling, e.x. steghide
 - Metadata parsing, more organized
- Often lumped in with steg
- Expect levels of obfuscation

Obscure Problem Examples



- evidence.zip
 - CSAW 2016
- watchword
 - CSAW 2016
 - High Point Value

evidence.zip



evidence.zip

"I found this zip file that should have evidence about someone cheating. But for some reason, everything is broken!!"

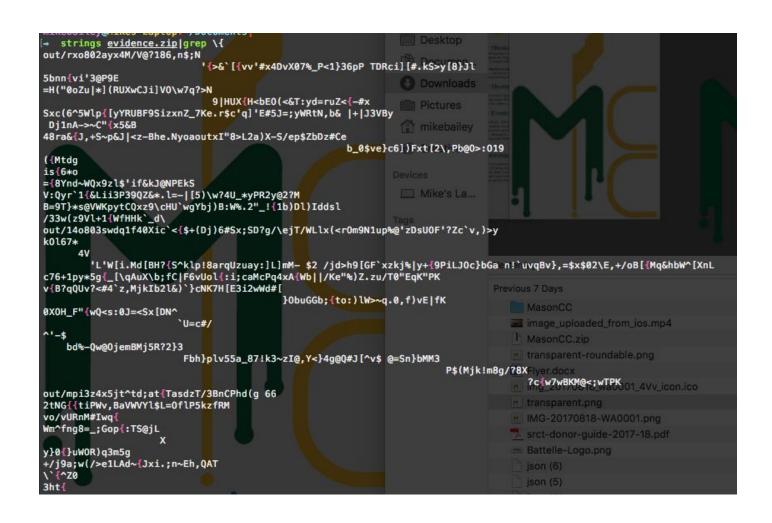
Next steps?

```
zip evidence.zip
zip error: Nothing to do! (evidence.zip)
```

Strings



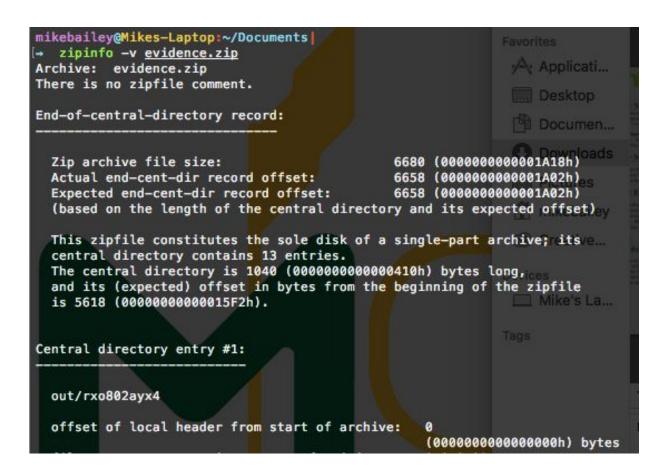
No dice, just noise



Metadata



Seems normal...



Hm....



Suspicious info starts coming up

```
Central directory entry #2:
-----
There are an extra -20 bytes preceding this file.
```

```
file last modified on (DOS date/time):4A 2A78237A 1980 Oct 1980
32-bit CRC value (hex): 38383373 77647131 66343858 aaaaaaaaa<sub>8242</sub>
```

```
zipinfo -vsevidence.zip grepsCRC187A478 9EB05EE6
32-bit4 CRC avalue (hex): B DEFENDER 47848D2C F188EA4
                                                      666c6167
32-bita CRG value (hex): a 10802549 CC4E300F 790.
                                                     7b746833
32-bitaCRCrvalue (hex):3 70003838 44383884 57423484
                                                     5f766931
32-bits CRC = value (hex): 4 7428500C 4034533C 3
                                                      3169346e
32-bith CRC4value (hex):4 292E0920 7375592E 0A6D3478
                                                     5f77335f
32-bits@RCovalue (hex):> 34572525 32225
                                                     6e333364
32-bito (Rervalue (hex):8 68605F64 50097175 60687A3
                                                      5f236672
32-bity CRC avalue (hex):3 68522764 35286584 38
                                                     65656c65
32-bit @RG value (hex): 8 3D492659 550B784A 2A70237
                                                      6666656e
32-bita CRC avalue (hex): 5 38383373 77647131 663
                                                      7daaaaaa
32-bith GRG rvalue (hex): 4473554F 46273554 6360762
                                                      aaaaaaaa
32-bith CRC value (hex):5 58226335 32354120
                                                      aaaaaaaa
32-bit- CRG value (hex):7 58692E4D 64584248 3F78535
                                                      aaaaaaaa
```

Now what?



- There were two valid solve strategies
 - One is cleaner, both fast
- Guess the answer

Pull CRCs, concat



zipinfo CRCs...

zipinfo -v evidence.zip|grep CRC|rev|cut -d\ -f1|rev|xargs -I% echo -n %

[<mark>→, zipinfo -v≥evidence.zip|grep</mark>BCRC|<mark>rev|cut</mark>c-d\≥y-f1|rev|xargs₈-I%echo,-n-%5051 722E2654 7A5D5428 5F697D68 666c61677b7468335f7669313169346e5f77335f6e3333645f23667265656c656666656e7daaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa

```
Cleaned input:

666C61677B7468335F7669313169346E5F77335F6E3333645F2366

Decoded data as ASCII text, bytes outside 32...126 range flag{th3 villi4n w3 n33d #freeleffen} [170] [
```

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```

Watchword - 250

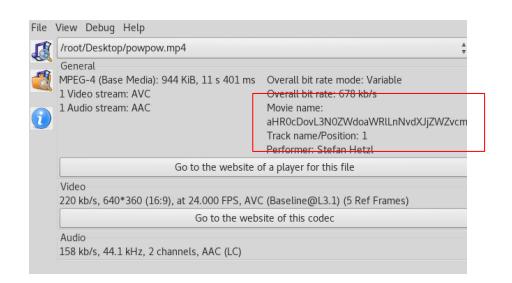


- Watchword synonym for password
- CSAW 2016 major problem
- provided **powpow.mp4**

Pretty Much Immediately



 Pretty much immediate metadata fun with either exiftool or mediainfo you find the title is base64



So that's a gimme...



- Steghide supports JPGs
- foremost powpow.mp4

```
root@ccvm:~/Desktop# foremost powpow.mp4
Processing: powpow.mp4
root@ccvm:~/Desktop# ls
output powpow.mp4
root@ccvm:~/Desktop# cd output/
root@ccvm:~/Desktop/output# ls
audit.txt mov png
root@ccvm:~/Desktop/output# cd png
root@ccvm:~/Desktop/output/png# ls
00001069.png
```

Ok... now what?



- I couldn't just use the convert command
- Was apparently stripping key data?
- Used **stepic**

```
root@ccvm:~/Desktop/output/png# stepic -d -i 00001069.png > f
orensic.png
```

Steghide with the password "password" revealed base 64.txt

Now...?



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```
root@ccvm:~/Desktop/output/png# stepic -d -i 00001069.png > f
orensic.png
```

Steghide with the password "password" revealed base64.txt

Too many chars...



Key bit here: the character set is too wide to be b64

Bigger base: base85?

Failed, strip, try again

```
ValueError: bad base85 character at position 82
>>> base64.b85decode(open('base64.txt').readlines()[0].strip())
b'flag{We are fsociety, we are finally free, we are finally awa
ke!}'
>>>
```

Bonus as needed:



ransomwhere

https://github.com/krx/CTF-Writeups/tree/master/CSAW%2 015%20Finals/for300%20-%20randsomewhere

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