"Learn how to github"

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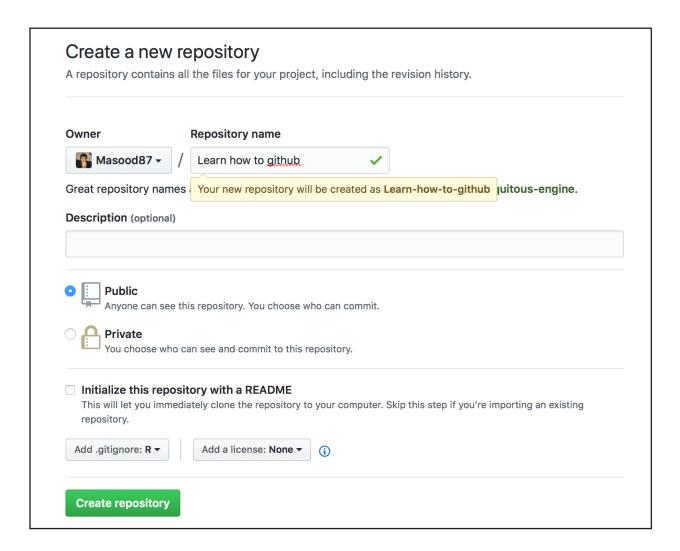
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1 Create account and repository on github.com

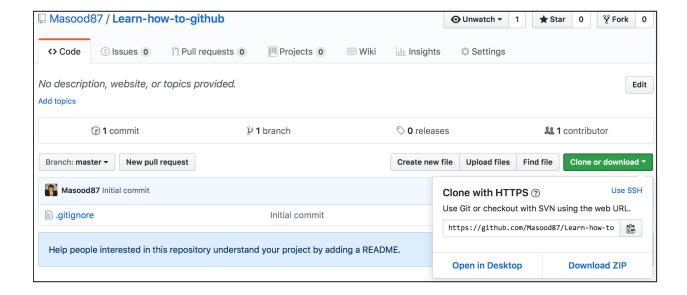
Go to github.com and create an account. Once, account is created, create a repository in Repositories tab and click on the green button New. The following page opens.

NOTE: A repository is something like a project folder.



2 Copy repository URL

After a new repository is created, copy the clone url link. This link is used to clone the repository from server to the computer.



3 Set working directory

On Mac computers, open Terminal (the dreaded command line). I am not an expert on terminal and it is like a black box to me at this point. But for purpose of using git, it is not difficult and we need to know only a few commands.

NOTE: To find terminal, search spotlight OR go to Applications > Utilities > Terminal.

The following are important commands for working with directory:

- Check working directory: pwd
- Use cd to change working directory.
 - Go up one folder: cd ...
 - Go into a folder: cd ~/documents/github
- Check content of workding directory: ls (or dir for windows)
- Make a new folder: mkdir [foldername]

For our project, we go to our desired directory and create a new folder if necessary.

So, first thing in the terminal, we check the working directory

```
pwd
```

Then, we change the working directory to where we want. I have already a folder called GitHub in Documents, so I set the working directory there

```
cd ~/documents/github
```

We check the content of our working directory.

ls

Here is a screen shot of the process. As you can see, there are already three folders in the working directory.

```
GitHub—-bash—109×24

Last login: Sat May 19 15:25:53 on ttys000

Masoods—Macbook:~ macbookair$ pwd

//Users/macbooksir

Masoods—Macbook:qithub macbookair$ ls

CERGE—Introduction—to—Machine—Learning idlg2
idlg

Masoods—Macbook:github macbookair$

Masoods—Macbook:github macbookair$
```

4 Clone the repository to computer

In the terminal, clone the repository in the working directory (i.e. from step 3: ~/Documents/GitHub/). To do that, we use git clone with the url in the terminal command line.

```
git clone https://github.com/Masood87/Learn-how-to-github.git
```

NOTE: git clone is the first of five git commands we learn here. git clone essentially clones the repository into your working directory (in our case it is ~/Documents/GitHub/).

Type 1s in the terminal after git clone to see the cloned files.

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Next, change your working directory to the cloned folder Learn-how-to-github

```
cd Learn-how-to-github
```

You can check again the content of Learn-how-to-github

ls

Here is a screen shot of the process. As you can see, Learn-how-to-github is added and there is nothing inside it yet.

```
Learn-how-to-github — -bash — 109×24
Last login: Sat May 19 15:25:53 on ttys000
Masoods-Macbook:~ macbookair$ pwd
/Users/macbookair
Masoods-Macbook:~ macbookair$ cd ~/documents/github
Masoods-Macbook: github macbookair$ ls
CERGE-Introduction-to-Machine-Learning idlg2
                                                                                                  Starts from here
idla
Masoods-Macbook:github macbookair$ git clone https://github.com/Masood87/Learn-how-to-github.git
Cloning into 'Learn-how-to-github'...
remote: Counting objects: 3, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
remote: Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Masoods-Macbook:github macbookair$ ls
CERGE-Introduction-to-Machine-Learning idlg
Learn-how-to-github
                                         idlg2
Masoods-Macbook:github macbookair$ cd Learn-how-to-github
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$ ls
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$
```

5 Make a change to repository and git add

After repository is cloned, we either add new files or modify an existing file. In this case, we add add a new folder with four files. In the finder, I add a folder called screenshots with four .jpg files in them.

In the terminal, we check the status of the cloned folder using git status.

NOTE: git status is used to check any changes including modification of codes inside a file (if any).

```
git status
```

The changes will be noted in red font. We either *accept* to update the changes in the repository or *ignore* it. To *accept* and upload the changes, there are **three** steps:

```
git add to ....git commit to ....and git push to ....
```

git status

To git add, there are three ways in this case. The first one add screenshots/ only, and the other two add all.

```
git add screenshots/
git add -A
git add .
Check the status again
```

Here is a screen shot of the process. After git add, the status shows four files in green font. These files are changes to be *committed*.

```
Learn-how-to-github — -bash — 109×22
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
Untracked files:
  (use "git add <file>..." to include in what will be committed)
        screenshots/
nothing added to commit but untracked files present (use "git add" to track)
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$ git add screenshots/
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
Changes to be committed:
  (use "git reset HEAD <file>..." to unstage)
        new file:
                    screenshots/copy clone url.png
                    screenshots/create repository.png
        new file:
                    screenshots/git clone.png
        new file:
        new file:
                    screenshots/set working directory.png
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$
```

6 Commit changes in repository with git commit

The next step after git add that adds the changes is to *lock* the changes. This *locking* does not mean applying the changes, which is done using git push.

To commit changes, type git commit and -m with a message inside quotes.

```
git commit -m "Screen shots used in the final product are added"
```

At this stage, the change is committed but it is still on the computer and not synchronized with github.com repository. To sync, type git push

```
git push
```

Here is a screen shot of the process. After git add, there is git commit and finally git push. Now the files are synchronized with github.com

```
Learn-how-to-github — -bash — 113×26
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
Changes to be committed:
(use "git reset HEAD <file>..." to unstage)
        new file:
                     screenshots/copy clone url.png
                     screenshots/create repository.png
        new file:
                     screenshots/git clone.png
        new file:
                     screenshots/set working directory.png
        new file:
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$ git commit -m "Screen shots used in the final product are added"
[master 1909fc1] Screen shots used in the final product are added
 4 files changed, 0 insertions(+), 0 deletions(-)
 create mode 100644 screenshots/copy clone url.png
 create mode 100644 screenshots/create repository.png
 create mode 100644 screenshots/git clone.png
 create mode 100644 screenshots/set working directory.png
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$ git push
Counting objects: 7, done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (7/7), done.
Writing objects: 100% (7/7), 743.74 KiB | 0 bytes/s, done.
Total 7 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
To https://github.com/Masood87/Learn-how-to-github.git
   dde7873..1909fc1 master -> master
Masoods-Macbook:Learn-how-to-github macbookair$
```

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To see all commands we can use and what they do, just type git.

7.1 Workflow

Let's talk about work flow. First thing we git pull to get updates from everybody (if others work).