What's New in the JTS Topology Suite

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What is JTS?

- API for representing and processing 2D linear vector
 Geometry
- Implemented in Java; licensed under LGPL
- Provides the full OGC Simple Features for SQL geometry specification:
 - Points, Linestring, Polygons, collections
 - Metrics: Length, Area, Distance
 - Predicates: intersects, contains, etc.; relate for DE-9IM
 - o Overlay: intersection, union, difference, symDifference
 - o Algorithms: Convex Hull, Buffer
- Other features:
 - Validation, Polygonization, Simplification, Linear Referencing, etc.

Project History

• Version 1.0 - May 2001

. . .

- **Version 1.9** January 2008
- **Version 1.10** December 2008
- Version 1.11 March 2010
- Version 1.12 June 2011
- Version 1.13 Coming Soon!

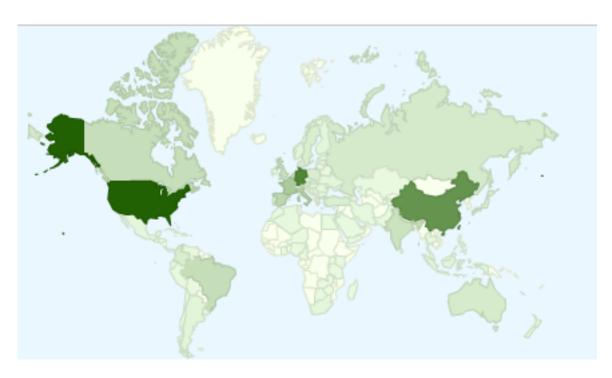
Where is it used? (1)





GEOS

Where is it used? (2)

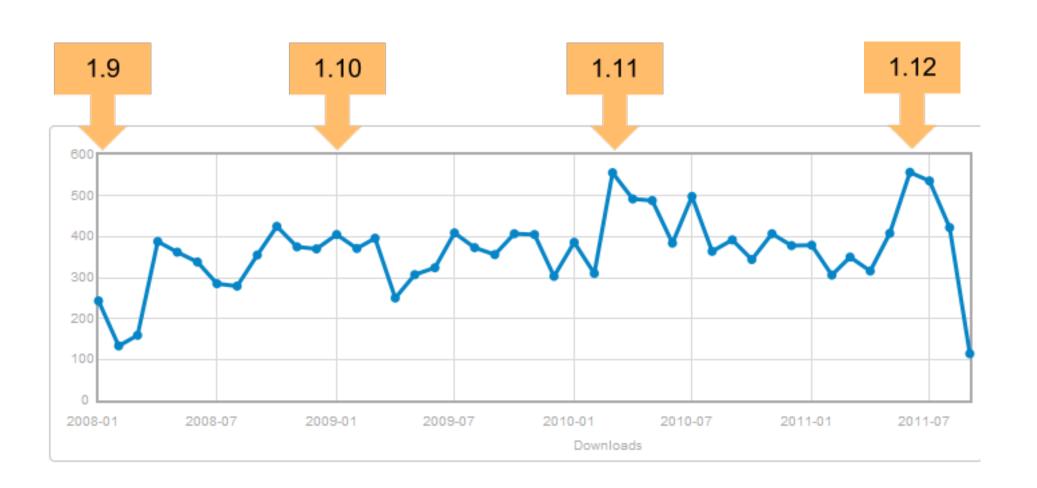


Downloads [Jan. 1, 2008 - Sept. 8 2011]

- 1. United States -- 1,384
- 2. Germany -- 1,051
- 3. China -- 915
- 4. France -- 424
- 5. Italy -- 375

Project Statistics

Total downloads [Jan 2008 - Sept 2011]: 16,405



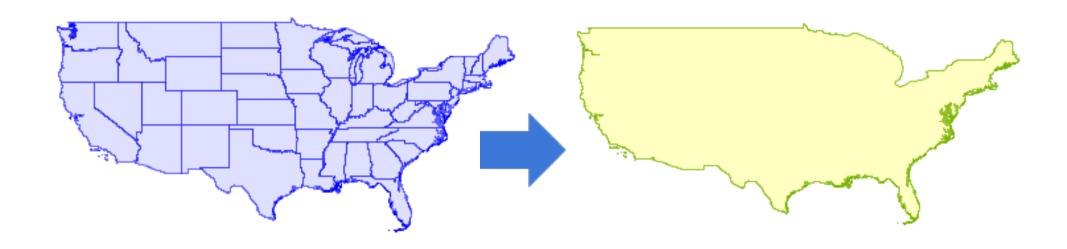
JTS in other languages

- Ports
 - ∘ *GEOS* ---> C++
 - Net Topology Suite ---> C#
 - JSTS ---> JavaScript
- Bindings (on JVM)
 - Groovy, Scala, Jython, JRuby, Clojure, etc.
- Bindings (to GEOS)
 - Shapely (Python)
 - ∘ RGeo (Ruby)
 - ∘ R-GEOS (R)

What's New in JTS

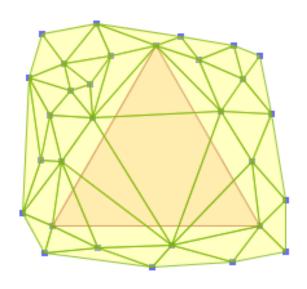
Unary Union

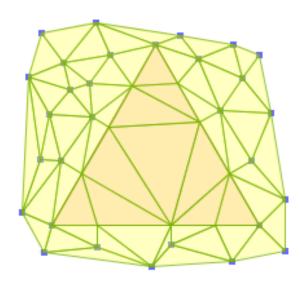
- Geometry.union()
 - High-performance union of geometry collections
 - Uses spatial index to optimize union
 - In most situations much more efficient than iterating Geometry.union(Geometry)
 - handles heterogeneous GeometryCollections



Delaunay Triangulation

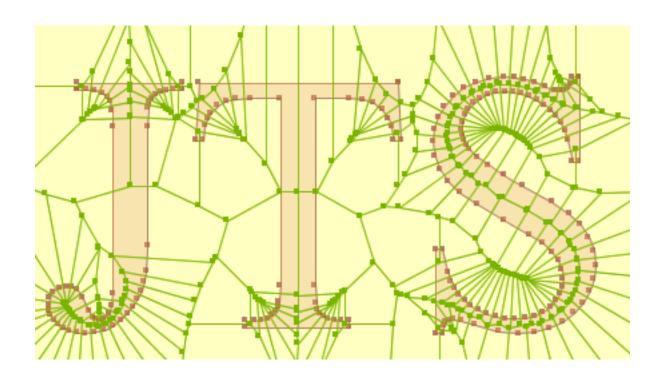
- DelaunayTriangulationBuilder
 - Optimal triangulation of point sets
 - o Efficient, robust algorithm
 - Uses QuadEdge data structure
- ConformingDelaunayTriangulationBuilder
 - Delaunay triangulation with linear constraints
 - approximates constraints by adding vertices along segments





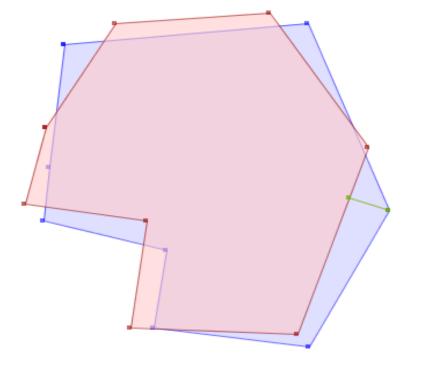
Voronoi Diagram

- Dual of Delaunay Triangulation
- Voronoi & Delaunay scale to millions of points



Hausdorff Distance

- DiscreteHausdorffDistance distance metric
 - "How far apart are two geometries"
 - useful for QA, geometry matching (conflation)
 - true Hausdorff distance is difficult/slow to compute, so uses faster discrete version



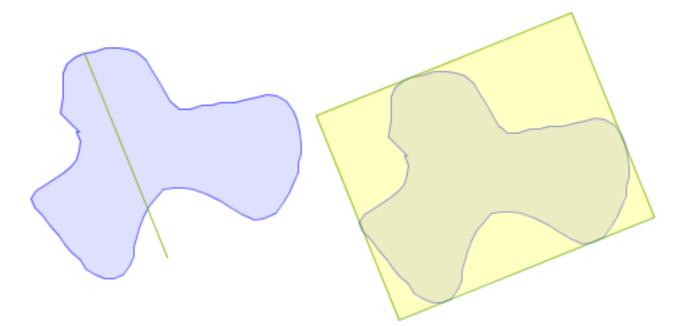
Euclidean distance = 0

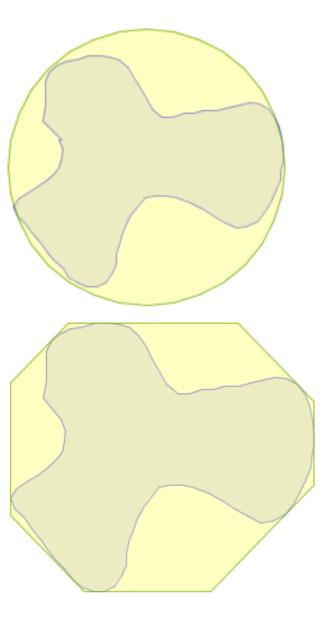
Hausdorff distance = 18.23

Bounding Containers

- MinimumBoundingCircle
- OctagonalEnvelope

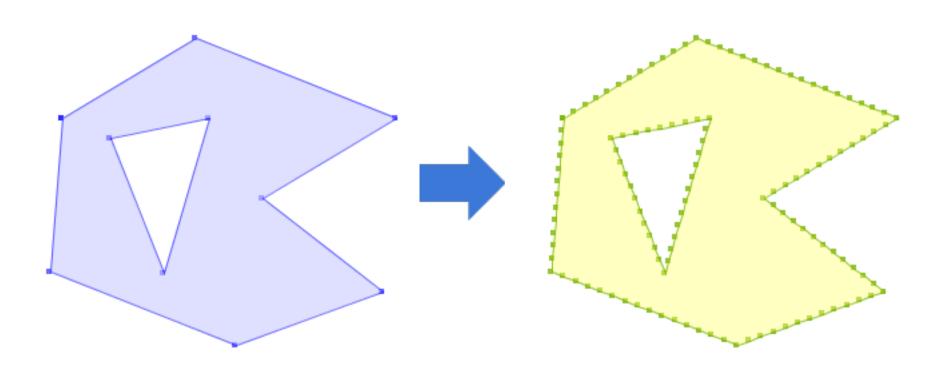
- MinimumDiameter
 - o also Minimum Rectangle





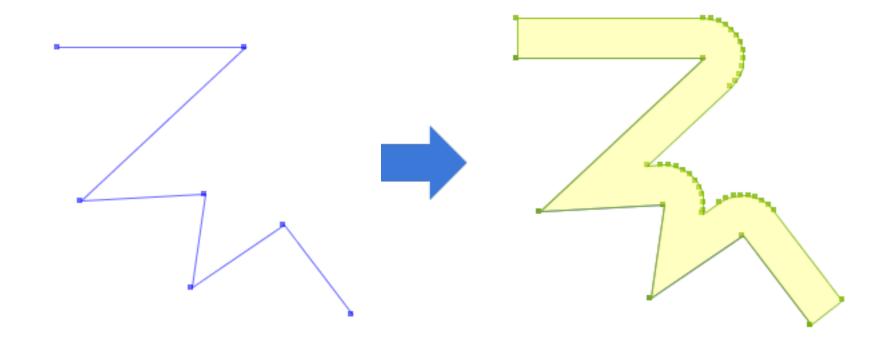
Densification

- Densifier
 - specify maximum length of segments
 - o ensures result has valid topology



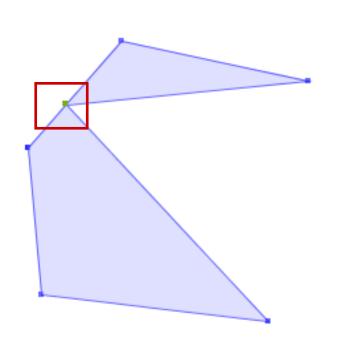
Single-Sided Buffers

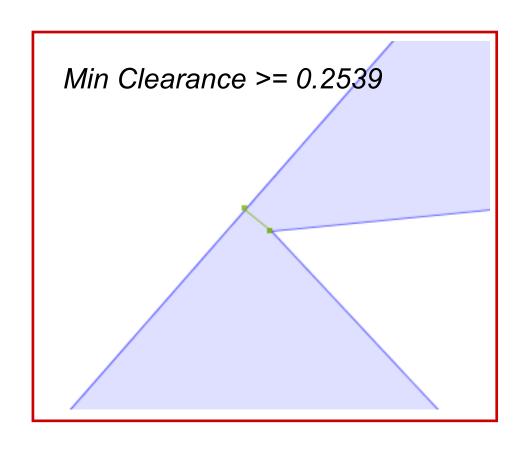
- Invoke by BufferParameters.setSingleSided()
 - Sign of distance determines side
- Some warnings apply!



Minimum Clearance

- Determines if Precision Reduction might product invalid result
- Uses STRtree Nearest Neighbour for efficient computation



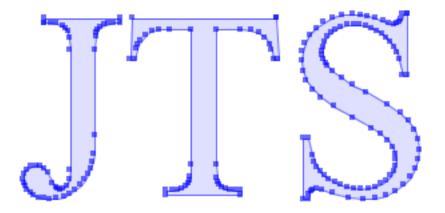


Nearest Neighbour

- Nearest Neighbour
 - o between an object and a set
 - o within a set
 - between two sets
- implemented via STRtree index
 - o efficient search
 - user-definable distance metric
- Uses
 - MinimumClearance
 - Fast distance calculation

Java2D utilities

- ShapeReader
 - o converts java.awt.Shape to Geometry
- ShapeWriter
 - o converts Geometry to java.awt.Shape
 - o provides PointTransformation to map coordinates
 - supports decimation for faster rendering
- FontGlyphReader
 - o converts Font text to a Polygon geometry

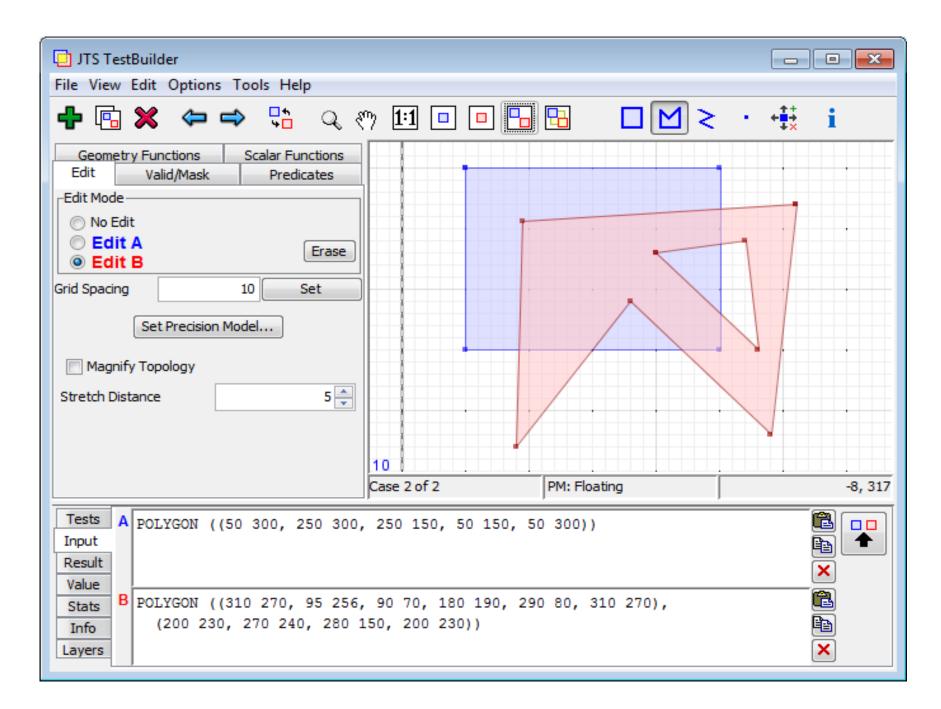


Mathematics utilities

- Vector2D
 - vector structure & operations
- DD DoubleDouble
 - higher-precision floating-point arithmetic
 - 106 bits of precision
 - provides robust computation of:
 - inCircle test for Delaunay triangulation
 - triangle area & orientation

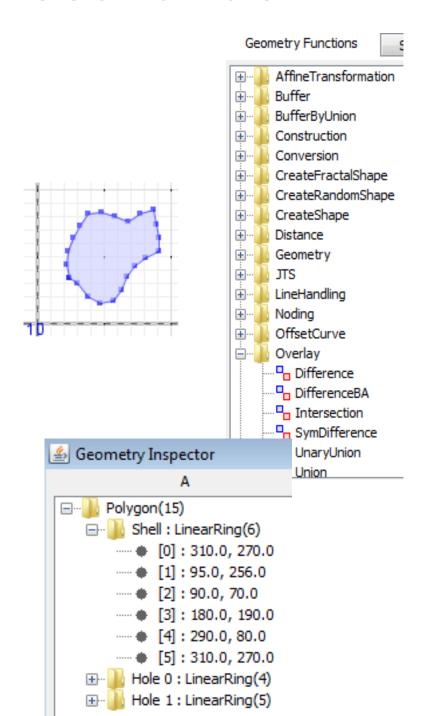
```
public static DD triAreaDDFast(
   Coordinate a, Coordinate b, Coordinate c) {
   DD t1 = DD.valueOf(b.x).selfSubtract(a.x)
        .selfMultiply(DD.valueOf(c.y).selfSubtract(a.y));
   DD t2 = DD.valueOf(b.y).selfSubtract(a.y)
        .selfMultiply(DD.valueOf(c.x).selfSubtract(a.x));
   return t1.selfSubtract(t2);
}
```

What's New in TestBuilder



What's New in TestBuilder

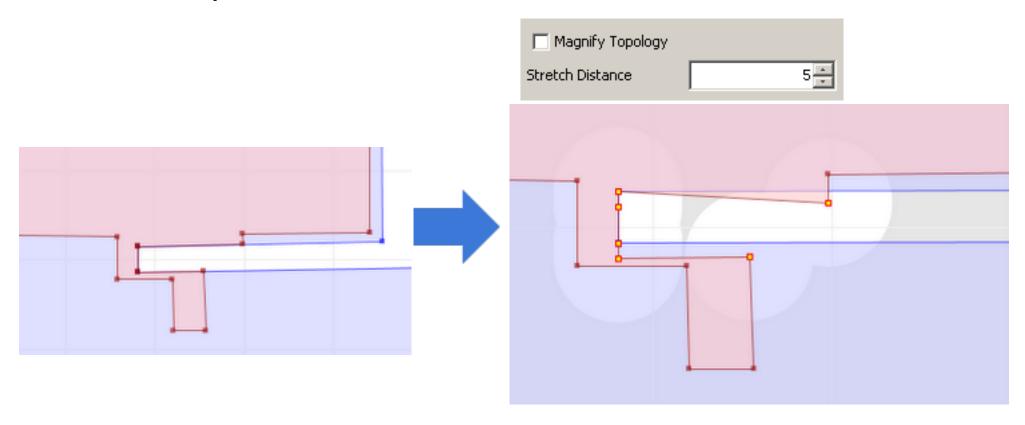
- User-Defined Functions
 - o via Java public static methods
- Many new functions
- Dynamic digitizing grid
- Stream digitizing
- Drag-and-drop data load
 - WKT, XML tests, Shapefile
- Threading
 - Function execution
 - Rendering
- Display function run time
- Geometry Inspector



What's New in the TestBuilder

Magnify Topology

 Visualize very small geometry & topology discrepancies



What's New in the TestRunner

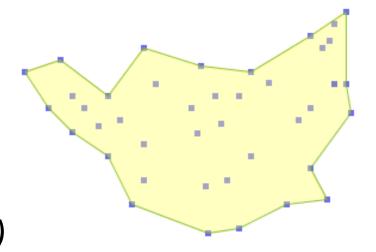
Custom operations

- Implement as Java code, configure in test file or cmd line
- Uses:
 - Experiment with different algorithms
 - Re-use test corpus with different operations
 - Compare JTS results with external code
- Custom Result Matching strategies
 - use for operations which produce approximate results
 - o e.g. buffer()
- Ability to run single Test Case out of a set

In the Lab

- Performance improvements
 - Buffer (again!)
 - Fast **Distance** computation
- New algorithms:
 - Concave Hull
 - o Point Clustering (e.g. K-means)
 - Polygon triangulation (Ear Clipping with Delaunay improvement)
 - Orthogonalization
 - Bezier Smoothing





Future Plans

- Computation in Geodetic coordinate systems
 - Area, Distance first
 - Other operations ...somehow
- Support measures on coordinates
- Improve performance, robustness
 - Constant quest...
- Split packaging into Core and Algorithms
- Refactor Geometry classes to use interfaces
 - allows alternate geometry representations
 - => JTS 2.0

Distribution & Support

JTS available from SourceForge

http://sourceforge.net/projects/jts-topo-suite/

Mailing List

https://lists.sourceforge.net/lists/listinfo/jts-topo-suite-user

Other JTS resources

- Javadoc
- References
- o FAQ
- o more to come...

http://tsusiatsoftware.net/jts/main.html