

Enumerated Types

PROBLEM SOLVING AND PROGRAM DESIGN In C
7th EDITION
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The **enum** Data Type

The **enum** (enumerated المعددة) type definition syntax:



Example

In a budget program you might distinguish among the following categories of expenses: entertainment, rent, utilities, food, clothing, automobile, insurance and miscellaneous. This can be done as follow:

```
typedef enum
```

```
{ entertainment, rent, utilities, food, clothing, automobile, insurance, miscellaneous }
```



expense_t;

Example cont.

Defining type expense_t as shown causes the enumeration constant entertainment to be represented as the integer 0, constant rent to be represented as integer 1, utilities as 2, and so on.



Example cont.

The new type name expense_t is used just as we would use a standard/simple data type. Here is a declaration of a variable exp with expense_t data type.

expense_t exp;

It is recommended that the enumerated type definition be placed after the preprocessor directives so it can be used all throughout the parts of the program (global)



Example 2

typedef enum

{ monday, tuesday, wednesday, thursday, friday, saturday, sunday }

day_t;

❖ Interpretation: A new data type named day_t is defined. The valid values of this type are the identifiers of identifier_list. The first identifier is represented by the integer 0, the second by the integer 1, and so on.

Example 2 cont.

```
sunday < monday
wednesday != friday
tuesday >= sunday
```

❖ If today and tomorrow are of type day_t variables, the following if statement assigns the value of tomorrow based on the value of today:

```
if ( today == sunday)
     tomorrow = monday;
else
```



tomorrow = (day_t) (today + 1);

Example 3

❖ For enumerated type variables, the enumerated type definition must be done first, refer to the illustration below:

```
typedef enum
{ red, green, blue }
color_type;
```

The variable can be then declared as follows:

```
color_type c;
```

