Foundations of Software Fall 2017

Week 7

Plan

PREVIOUSLY: unit, sequencing, let, pairs, tuples

TODAY:

- 1. options, variants
- 2. recursion
- 3. state

NEXT: exceptions?

NEXT: polymorphic (not so simple) typing

Records

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \mathbf{t} & ::= & \dots \\ & & \{1_i = \mathbf{t}_i \ ^{i \in 1 \dots n}\} \\ & & \mathbf{t} \cdot \mathbf{1} \end{array}$$

$$\mathbf{v} ::= \dots \\ \{\mathbf{l}_i = \mathbf{v}_i \mid i \in 1...n \}$$

$$\mathsf{T} \ ::= \ \dots \\ \{ \mathsf{l}_i \!:\! \mathsf{T}_i^{\ i \in 1 \dots n} \}$$

Evaluation rules for records

$$\{1_i = v_i \stackrel{i \in 1...n}{}\} . 1_j \longrightarrow v_j$$
 (E-ProjRcd)

$$\frac{\mathtt{t}_1 \longrightarrow \mathtt{t}_1'}{\mathtt{t}_1.1 \longrightarrow \mathtt{t}_1'.1} \tag{E-Proj)}$$

$$\frac{\mathtt{t}_{j} \longrightarrow \mathtt{t}_{j}'}{\{\mathtt{1}_{i} = \mathtt{v}_{i} \stackrel{i \in 1...j-1}{,} \mathtt{1}_{j} = \mathtt{t}_{j}, \mathtt{1}_{k} = \mathtt{t}_{k} \stackrel{k \in j+1..n}{,} \\ \longrightarrow \{\mathtt{1}_{i} = \mathtt{v}_{i} \stackrel{i \in 1...j-1}{,} \mathtt{1}_{j} = \mathtt{t}_{j}', \mathtt{1}_{k} = \mathtt{t}_{k} \stackrel{k \in j+1..n}{,} \}}$$
 (E-RCD)

Typing rules for records

$$\frac{\text{for each } i \quad \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t}_i : \mathsf{T}_i}{\Gamma \vdash \{\mathsf{1}_i = \mathsf{t}_i \mid i \in 1..n\} : \{\mathsf{1}_i : \mathsf{T}_i \mid i \in 1..n\}}$$
 (T-RcD)

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t}_1 : \{1_i : \mathsf{T}_i^{i \in I..n}\}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t}_1 . 1_j : \mathsf{T}_j} \tag{T-Proj}$$

Sums and variants

Sums – motivating example

```
PhysicalAddr = {firstlast:String, addr:String}

VirtualAddr = {name:String, email:String}

Addr = PhysicalAddr + VirtualAddr

inl : "PhysicalAddr \rightarrow PhysicalAddr+VirtualAddr"

inr : "VirtualAddr \rightarrow PhysicalAddr+VirtualAddr"

getName = \lambdaa:Addr.

case a of

inl x \Rightarrow x.firstlast

| inr y \Rightarrow y.name;
```

New syntactic forms

```
t ::= ...
                                               terms
        inl t
                                                 tagging (left)
                                                 tagging (right)
        inr t
        case t of inl x\Rightarrow t \mid inr x\Rightarrow t case
                                               values
v ::= ...
                                                 tagged value (left)
        inl v
                                                 tagged value (right)
        inr v
T ::= \dots
                                               types
        T+T
                                                 sum type
```

 T_1+T_2 is a disjoint union of T_1 and T_2 (the tags inl and inr ensure disjointness)

New evaluation rules

$$\mathtt{t} \longrightarrow \mathtt{t}'$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{case (inl } v_0) & \longrightarrow [x_1 \mapsto v_0] t_1 \\ \text{of inl } x_1 \!\! \Rightarrow \!\! t_1 \mid \text{inr } x_2 \!\! \Rightarrow \!\! t_2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{case (inr } v_0) & \longrightarrow [x_2 \mapsto v_0] t_2 \\ \text{of inl } x_1 \!\!\!\! \Rightarrow \!\!\! t_1 \text{ | inr } x_2 \!\!\! \Rightarrow \!\!\! t_2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} t_0 \longrightarrow t_0' \\ \hline \text{case } t_0 \text{ of inl } x_1 {\Rightarrow} t_1 \text{ | inr } x_2 {\Rightarrow} t_2 \\ \longrightarrow \text{case } t_0' \text{ of inl } x_1 {\Rightarrow} t_1 \text{ | inr } x_2 {\Rightarrow} t_2 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{\mathtt{t}_1 \longrightarrow \mathtt{t}_1'}{\mathtt{inl} \ \mathtt{t}_1 \longrightarrow \mathtt{inl} \ \mathtt{t}_1'} \tag{E-Inl}$$

$$rac{ t_1 \longrightarrow t_1'}{ ext{inr } t_1 \longrightarrow ext{inr } t_1'}$$
 (E-Inr)

New typing rules



$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1}{\Gamma \vdash \text{inl } t_1 : T_1 + T_2} \tag{T-Inl}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash inr \ t_1 : T_1 + T_2}$$
 (T-INR)

$$\begin{array}{c} \Gamma \vdash t_0 : T_1 + T_2 \\ \hline \Gamma, x_1 : T_1 \vdash t_1 : T & \Gamma, x_2 : T_2 \vdash t_2 : T \\ \hline \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{case} \ t_0 \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{inl} \ x_1 \! \Rightarrow \! t_1 \ | \ \mathsf{inr} \ x_2 \! \Rightarrow \! t_2 : T \end{array} (T\text{-CASE})$$

Sums and Uniqueness of Types

Problem:

If t has type T, then inl t has type T+U for every U.

I.e., we've lost uniqueness of types.

Possible solutions:

- "Infer" U as needed during typechecking
- ► Give constructors different names and only allow each name to appear in one sum type (requires generalization to "variants," which we'll see next) OCaml's solution
- ► Annotate each inl and inr with the intended sum type.

For simplicity, let's choose the third.

New syntactic forms

```
t ::= ...
        inl t as T
        inr t as T
        tagging (left)
        tagging (right)

v ::= ...
        values
        inl v as T
        tagged value (left)
        tagged value (right)
```

Note that as T here is not the ascription operator that we saw before — i.e., not a separate syntactic form: in essence, there is an ascription "built into" every use of inl or inr.

New typing rules

$$\Gamma \vdash t : T$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_1}{\Gamma \vdash \text{inl } t_1 \text{ as } T_1 + T_2 : T_1 + T_2} \tag{T-InL}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash t_1 : T_2}{\Gamma \vdash inr \ t_1 \ as \ T_1 + T_2 : T_1 + T_2} \tag{T-Inr}$$

Evaluation rules ignore annotations:

$$extsf{t}\longrightarrow extsf{t}'$$

case (inl
$$v_0$$
 as T_0)
of inl $x_1 \Rightarrow t_1 \mid \text{inr } x_2 \Rightarrow t_2$ (E-CASEINL)
$$\longrightarrow [x_1 \mapsto v_0]t_1$$

case (inr
$$v_0$$
 as T_0)
of inl $x_1 \Rightarrow t_1 \mid \text{inr } x_2 \Rightarrow t_2$ (E-CASEINR)
$$\longrightarrow [x_2 \mapsto v_0]t_2$$

$$\frac{\texttt{t}_1 \longrightarrow \texttt{t}_1'}{\texttt{inl t}_1 \texttt{ as } \texttt{T}_2 \longrightarrow \texttt{inl t}_1' \texttt{ as } \texttt{T}_2} \tag{E-InL}$$

$$\frac{\texttt{t}_1 \longrightarrow \texttt{t}_1'}{\texttt{inr t}_1 \texttt{ as } \texttt{T}_2 \longrightarrow \texttt{inr t}_1' \texttt{ as } \texttt{T}_2} \tag{E-Inr}$$



Just as we generalized binary products to labeled records, we can generalize binary sums to labeled *variants*.

New syntactic forms

New evaluation rules

$$\mathtt{t} \longrightarrow \mathtt{t}'$$

case (
$$<1_j=v_j>$$
 as T) of $<1_i=x_i>\Rightarrow t_i$ $\stackrel{i\in 1...n}{\longrightarrow}$ (E-CASEVARIANT)

$$\frac{\mathtt{t}_i \longrightarrow \mathtt{t}_i'}{<\mathtt{l}_i = \mathtt{t}_i> \text{ as } \mathtt{T} \longrightarrow <\mathtt{l}_i = \mathtt{t}_i'> \text{ as } \mathtt{T}} \quad \text{(E-VARIANT)}$$

New typing rules

Γ⊢t:T

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t}_j \, : \, \mathsf{T}_j}{\Gamma \vdash <\! \mathsf{l}_j =\! \mathsf{t}_j > \text{ as } <\! \mathsf{l}_i :\! \mathsf{T}_i^{\ i \in 1..n} > : <\! \mathsf{l}_i :\! \mathsf{T}_i^{\ i \in 1..n} >} \left(\text{T-VARIANT} \right)}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t}_0 : \langle \mathsf{l}_i : \mathsf{T}_i \stackrel{i \in 1...n}{>}}{\text{for each } i \quad \Gamma, \, \mathsf{x}_i : \mathsf{T}_i \vdash \mathsf{t}_i : \mathsf{T}} \frac{\text{for each } i \quad \Gamma, \, \mathsf{x}_i : \mathsf{T}_i \vdash \mathsf{t}_i : \mathsf{T}}{\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{case} \ \mathsf{t}_0 \ \mathsf{of} \ \langle \mathsf{l}_i = \mathsf{x}_i \rangle \Rightarrow \mathsf{t}_i \stackrel{i \in 1...n}{:} : \mathsf{T}}$$
 (T-CASE)

Example

Options

```
Just like in OCaml...

OptionalNat = <none:Unit, some:Nat>;

Table = Nat→OptionalNat;

emptyTable = \( \lambda n: \text{Nat.} \) <none=unit> as OptionalNat;

extendTable = \( \lambda t: \text{Table.} \lambda m: \text{Nat.} \) \( \lambda n: \text{N
```

Enumerations