Cheatsheet — Haskell Workshop 1

Syntax

• Import the mapMaybe function from the Data. Maybe module:

```
import Data.Maybe (mapMaybe)
```

• Declare a new module called Main, implementation goes after the where keyword:

```
module Main where
```

• Pattern-matching with case:

Types

• :: is used to denote the type of a term, for example 3 is a value of type Int and also a value of type Double:

```
3 :: Int
3 :: Double
```

• id is a function (its type is ->) taking any value of type a and returning a value of type a. How many functions of this type are there?

```
id :: a -> a
```

• Bool is a sum type:

```
data Bool = False | True
```

• Maybe is a sum type, with a type parameter a, as is [] (List):

```
data Maybe a = Nothing | Just a
data [] a = [] | [] : [a]
```

• String is exactly a list of Char:

```
type String = [Char]
```

Useful Functions

```
• putStrLn :: String -> IO ()
B.putStr :: B.ByteString -> IO ()
```

• Encode a value to JSON:

```
JSON.encode :: ToJSON a => a -> B.ByteString
```

• Keep only the first element of a list:

```
head :: [a] -> a
```

• Remove the first element of a list:

```
tail :: [a] -> [a]
```

• Reverse the order of a list:

```
reverse :: [a] -> [a]
```

• Split a string on \n, split a String on Char:

```
lines :: String -> [String]
splitOn :: Char -> String -> [String]
```

• Read a String into a Haskell value:

```
readMaybe :: Read a => String -> Maybe a
```

• Apply a function to all elements of a list, returning a new list.

```
map :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b] mapMaybe :: (a -> Maybe b) -> [a] -> [b]
```

• Read/Write a full file into/from a String:

```
readFile :: FilePath -> IO String
writeFile :: FilePath -> String -> IO ()
```

• Reverse the order of a list:

```
show :: Show a => a -> String
```

REPL tricks

• Show the type of an expression:

```
:t Just True
```

• Reload the currently loaded module:

:r