Article Title

Article Subtitle

Toban Wiebe

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This is the abstract of the paper. Maybe there's some math in it: $\mathbb{E}[X] = \int x dF$. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, sed fabellas salutatus voluptatum ei, feugiat ornatus singulis pro ut. Rebum iuvaret concludaturque mei no, et putent propriae has. Eum ei dolorem voluptaria intellegebat, te mei mollis theophrastus, vim ne hinc magna appareat. Audiam accusam ad mei, nibh meis vim ne.

1 Introduction

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2 Literature

Citing some papers Axelrod and Hamilton (1981) and Rothschild and Stiglitz (1976).

3 Model

The **Standard Normal** ¹ distribution has density function $\phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}}e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}}$ (the kernel is highlighted) and distribution function

$$\Phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{-\infty}^{x} e^{-\frac{s^2}{2}} ds.$$

¹See Claim 1.

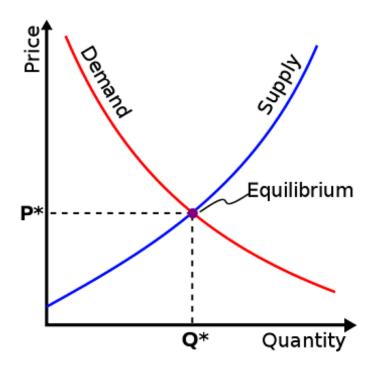


Figure 1: The results

4 Results

Figure 1 shows the equilibrium.

References

Axelrod, Robert and William Donald Hamilton (1981). "The evolution of cooperation". In: *Science* 211.4489, pp. 1390–1396.

Rothschild, Michael and Joseph Stiglitz (1976). "Equilibrium in Competitive Insurance Markets: An Essay on the Economics of Imperfect Information". In: *The Quarterly Journal of Economics* 90.4, pp. 629–649.

5 Appendix

Claim 1. Stuff goes here.

Proof. Because I said so.